श्री ग्रॉकर लाल बेरवा : में जानना चाहता हूं कि सीमेंट की कमी को पूरा करने के लिए कितने नए लाइसेंस दिए हैं।

श्री क।नूनगो : कहा न कि २-७ मिलिन टन के लिए ।

श्री ग्रोंकार लाल बेरवा : नए लाइसेंस कितने दिए हैं ?

Shri Kanungo: Licence for a capacity of 2.7 million tons has been granted and further steps are being taken to expedite the setting up of that capacity.

Shri U. M. Trivedi: Will Government consider the proposal to set up a cement factory in Madhya Pradesh in the public sector, in view of the fact that foreign exchange could not be supplied to the private sector?

Shri Kanungo: Shortage of foreign exchange will apply to everyone. But there are better prospects of cement production in Madhya Pradesh than elsewhere.

Shri Brij Raj Singh-Kotah: In view of the large amount of cement to be spent in the construction of the Rajasthan Canal, does the Government propose to set up a new cement factory in Rajasthan?

Shri Kanungo: There is no proposal at present like that.

Dr. M. S. Aney: Does the Government propose to open a cement factory at Rajura in Maharashtra? Sometime ago it was announced that some company in Bombay was given a licence to open it.

Shri Kanungo: I have no proposal like that at the moment. But I will certainly have the proposal from the hon. Member.

Copper Deposits in U.P.

*688. Shri Subodh Hansda:
Shri P. C. Borooah:

Will the Minister of Steel, Mines and Heavy Engineering be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that a Copper belt has been found in Garhwal in Uttar Pradesh;
- (b) if so, whether the ore has been analysed to find out its contents; and
 - (c) the result of the analysis?

The Minister of Steel, Mines and Heavy Engineering (Shri C. Subramaniam): (a) No, Sir. No recent discovery has been made. However, a belt with low grade copper minerall-sation is known to extend over a length of over 100 kilometres in that area. No economically workable deposit of copper has hitherto been located.

(b) and (c). Samples analysed by the Geological Survey of India have mostly shown mere traces of copper.

Nahan Foundry

| Shri D. D. Puri: | Shri Ram Harkh Yadav: | Shri S. B. Patil: | Shri P. C. Borooah: | Dr. L. M. Singhvi: | Shri Tan Singh: | Shri Vishwa Nath Pandey: | Shri S. N. Chaturvedl: | Shri Subodh Hansda: | Shri David Munzni: | Shri R. S. Pandey:

*689.

Shri P. R. Chakraverti:

Will the Minister of Industry be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Nahan Foundry, a public sector undertaking in Himachal Pradesh, has run into heavy losses;
- (b) if so, whether the figure of losses has been worked out; and

(c) the steps taken by the Union Government to set matters right?

The Minister of Industry (Shri Kanungo): (a) to (c). The Financial Results for the current year have not yet been worked out. However, the loss is expected to be in the range of Rs. 6 to 7 lakhs. The Company have been advised to diversify their production and they have as a beginning undertaken the manufacture of C.I. specials and chaff cutter blades.

Shri P. R. Chakraverti: May I know for how many years this loss has continued?

Shri Kanungo: There has been loss in the last year. The reason is simple. The factory was meant exclusively for the manufacture of sugarcane crushers and with the control and other restrictions on the manufacture of gur, the demand for crushers has been low.

Shri P. R. Chakraverti: Are they going to switch on to some other items?

Shri Kanungo: That is exactly what I have suggested in the reply.

श्री प्रताप सिंह : नाहन फाउण्डरी लगा-तार घाटे में जा रही है । क्या इससे यह जाहिर नहीं होता कि सरकार इसका पूरा बन्दोबस्त नहीं कर सकती क्योंकि यह पहाड़ी इलाके में है ? यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार चाहेगी कि वह हिमाचल सरकार को यह फाउण्डरी दे दे ?

श्री कानूनगो : ऐसा प्रस्ताव है, उस पर विचार किया आ रहा है।

Shri Sham Lal Saraf: May I know whether the loss is because the location of this factory has not been correctly laid down and secondly is it because of this foundry not being in the vicinity of sugar factories that the sale is not being effected?

Shri Kanungo: The factory has been a very old one and it was working

very well when there were no sugar factories in North India. The demand for gur manufacture was being restricted and so this factory had come into trouble.

12.00 hrs.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS

भी फिलिप्स टैलबट से वार्ता

डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया:
श्री रामसेवक यादव:
श्री किशन पटनायक:
*S.N.Q. १३- र्रे श्री त्रिदिव कुमार चौघरी:
श्री हरि विष्णु कामत:
श्री नाय पाई:
श्री हरिश्चन्द्र मायुर:

क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या धमरीका के सहायक पर-राष्ट्र सचिव श्री टेलबट के साथ हाल में जो बार्ता हुई थी उसमें हमारी विदेश नीति के सभी पहलूओं पर चर्चा की गई थी या केवल काश्मीर श्रीर चीन के बारे में ही ;
- (ख) यदि हां, तो क्या ग्रमरीका के सहायक परराष्ट्र सचिव ने काश्मीर ग्रीर चीन के सम्बन्ध में कोई नए सुझाव दिए थे;
 - (ग) यदि हां, तो वे क्या हैं;
- (घ) क्या इस वार्ता के दौरान पाकि-स्तान में श्रल्पसंख्यकों की स्थिति ग्रौर सुरक्षा के प्रक्षन पर भी चर्चा हुई थी ; ग्रौर
- (ङ) यदि हां, तो उसका व्यौरा क्या है ?

वैदेशिक-कार्य मंत्रालय में उपमत्री (श्री विनेश सिंह): (क) भारत सरकार के कुछ मान्त्रयों ग्रीर वरिष्ठ ग्रधिकारियों के साथ श्रीटैबलट ने जिन विषयों पर ग्रनौपचारिक बातचीत की, वे थे: भारत के खिलाफ चीन