

which is very much experienced in the the line.

**Shri Warior:** What are the recommendations in the report of the firm and what are the recommendations which Government are ready to accept, and which are not acceptable?

**Shri A. M. Thomas:** The recommendations are that there should be two units, one in Cochin and another in Vizag, mainly with the idea of prawn fishing. The target of production in Vizag would be 1.25 million lbs. of shrimps and that in the Cochin area would be 5 million lbs. of shrimps.

### Cooperative Farming

+

- \*4. { **Shri B. P. Yadava:**  
 { **Shri Bishanchander Seth:**  
 { **Shri Dhaon:**  
 { **Shri Vishwa Nath Pandey:**

Will the Minister of **Community Development and Cooperation** be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the executive of the National Co-operative Farming Advisory Board has suggested that pooling of land holdings and joint cultivation was essential for the success of co-operative farming movement;

(b) if so, how far its suggestion has been agreed to and implemented by Government;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the Board pointed out at its meeting that the progress of co-operative movement in the eastern region had been poor; and

(d) if so, the measure taken to make it progressive in those regions?

**The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Community Development and Cooperation (Shri Shyam Dhar Misra):** (a) Although no such specific suggestion has been made by the

Executive Committee of the National Cooperative Farming Advisory Board, it is the accepted policy of Government of India that pooling of land holdings and joint cultivation are essential features of cooperative farming. Therefore, only such cooperative farming societies as fulfil this test are encouraged and assisted.

(b) This policy has been accepted and is being implemented by all state governments.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) A statement indicating the measures adopted to accelerate the programme throughout the country is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-2245/64]. These measures apply to states in the eastern region as well.

**श्री श्री० प्र० यादव :** मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि नेशनल को-ऑपरेटिव फार्मिंग एडवाइजरी बोर्ड ने पूलिंग ऑफ लैंड होल्डिंग्स एंड ज्वाइंट कल्टीवेशन के लिए जो सुझाव रखा है, क्या उसके साथ ही उसने यह भी सुझाव दिया है कि उसको किस तरह से इम्प्लीमेंट किया जाये ।

**श्री श्यामधर मिश्र :** जो सुझाव रखा गया है, उसमें साफ बतलाया गया है कि इस कल्टीवेशन में किसानों के द्वारा लैंड पूल की जायेगी, यानी इकट्ठी की जायेगी और किसान इकट्ठे मिल कर उसको जोतें बोवें । उस सुझाव में यह साफ़ ज़ाहिर कर दिया गया है ।

**Shri P. Venkatasubbaiah:** Is it a fact that due to lack of enthusiasm in the State Governments and also too much interference by officers of the co-operative department, co-operative farming has not gained ground in various parts of the country?

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** In some States, six or seven, co-operative farming is catching up very well, but in certain others due to poor response of State Governments and many other

difficulties, it is not catching up. We are taking all steps to accelerate the programme.

**श्री विभूति मिश्र :** मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि को-ऑपरेटिव फार्मिंग को स्टार्ट करने से पहले क्या सरकार ने कोई ऐसा इन्तजाम कर रखा है कि जो को-ऑपरेटर हैं, उनको इस सम्बन्ध में पूरी और अच्छी ट्रेनिंग दी जाये, ताकि को-ऑपरेटिव फार्मिंग का काम ठीक तरह से चल सके ।

**श्री श्यामधर मिश्र :** इस सम्बन्ध में एक योजना है । फार्मिंग सोसाइटी के प्रास्पेक्टिव मेम्बरों की एड्युकेशन के लिए उस डिस्ट्रिक्ट में एक यूनिट होने की बात है, जहाँ फार्मिंग का कन्सेंट्रेशन होता है । फार्मिंग सोसाइटी के बनाए जाने के पहले भी और बनाए जाने के बाद भी ट्रेनिंग की व्यवस्था की जाने को है ।

**Shri Shree Narayan Das:** To what extent have the various State Governments falling in the eastern region been able to utilise the incentives and encouragement given by the Centre to improve the position re: co-operative farming there?

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** I had replied to this question once earlier on the floor of the House, and I had stated that the response of the eastern region was poor. I can only give facts, that in Assam there are 8 pilot societies.

**Mr. Speaker:** If the answer has already been given, only the reference might be given.

**Shri Bhagwat Jha Azad:** May I know whether the assessment of co-operative farming in the 180 pilot projects is encouraging; if so, by what time do Government propose to spread this to all the districts as stated in the statement?

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** Assessment is going on. The Dr. Gadgil Committee has been appointed, and they are making the assessment. The report of that committee is still await-

ed. I think in the course of a few months it will be available. But there are various study teams including those of Members of Parliament. 30 Members went last year, and 7 Members this year, in study teams. The reports from them and the State Governments show that in six or seven States co-operative farming has caught up very well; in four or five States it has not caught up.

**Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath:** Since the time when, about five years ago, a resolution on the subject was passed with some fanfare at Nagpur by the ruling party, in which State has such co-operative farm run by the kisans themselves, as distinct from a State farm, been a success?

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** I did not mention at all about State farms. What I mentioned was regarding the farms organised by kisans. I can mention the names of the States—Punjab, Maharashtra, Mysore, Madhya Pradesh, part of Andhra and U.P.

**Shri Bade:** Madhya Pradesh? Question.

**Shri A. S. Saigal:** No question.

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** I will straightway give the name of the society in Madhya Pradesh, and I particularly invite the hon. Member to go there. The Tirga Farming Society in Durg District of Madhya Pradesh is the best society that I have seen.

**Shri Kapur Singh:** I want to know whether this Board has suggested any steps for freeing co-operative farming activities from restrictive State regulation and control; if none, whether Government regard co-operative farming as a preliminary step towards collective farming.

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** I would like this question to be repeated.

**अध्यक्ष महोदय :** वह सवाल समझे नहीं है ।

श्री कपूर सिंह : हिन्दी में सवाल पूछें ?

श्री श्यामवर मिश्र : अंग्रेजी में ही पूछिये लेकिन साफ साफ बोलिये ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : हिन्दी में आप पूछिये, मुझे एतराज नहीं है । लेकिन शायद वह इससे भी ज्यादा मुश्किल हो जाएगा ।

**Shri Kapur Singh:** I want to know whether this Board has also made any suggestions for freeing co-operative farming activities from restrictive interference by State regulation and control; if none, whether Government regard co-operative farming as merely a preliminary stage of collective farming.

**Mr. Speaker:** The second part has been answered here many a time. The first part may be answered.

**Shri Kapur Singh:** I want to know whether they regard it....

**Mr. Speaker:** As I said, it has been answered so many times.

**Shri Kapur Singh:** I want to know not the policy, but their view.

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** I do not agree there are restrictive controls by Government on farming. Therefore, that question does not arise. Therefore, all that is done is to assist the societies. These societies are voluntary societies, not created by any coercion, intimidation or any other features which may appear restrictive to the Members.

श्री कपूर पाण्डेय : मंत्री महोदय न बताया है कि जहाँ लोग कोऑपरेटिव फार्मिंग करना चाहते हैं उनके लिए आदेश दे दिया गया है कि उनकी जमीनें मिलाई जायें । पूर्वी उत्तर प्रदेश में किसानों को यह शिकायत है कि बार बार दरखास्तें देने के बाद भी कोऑपरेटिव फार्मिंग की इजाजत नहीं दी जाती है । क्या यह बात आपके नोटिस में आई है ?

श्री श्यामवर मिश्र : कोऑपरेटिव फार्मिंग के लिए इजाजत देने का कोई सवाल नहीं है । एक्समेंट कर लिया जाता है कि जहाँ एक मिनिमम यूनिट है जो अलग अलग है स्टेट्स में, ५० एकड़ या १०० एकड़ और जहाँ पंद्रह बीस किसान मिल जाते हैं और यह मालूम हो जाता है कि वह सफल हो सकती है तो उसको रजिस्टर कर लिया जाता है । बोगस सोसाइटीज को रजिस्टर करने से कोई फायदा नहीं होगा । यह निश्चय करना होता है कि जैनुइन किसान हैं, कल्टीवेटर्स हैं या बड़े बड़े लोग हैं । उत्तर प्रदेश के पूर्वी जिलों की और बिहार के कुछ पूर्वी जिलों की यही समस्या है । कुछ बड़े लोग शामिल होना चाहते हैं । उनके लिए रेस्ट्रिक्शंस लगानी पड़ती हैं ।

**Shrimati Savitri Nigam:** May I know whether the hon. Minister is aware that in a number of States co-operators are finding it difficult to start these co-operative societies, as Government has not been able to make allotment of waste land?

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** In the last meeting of the advisory committee on farming, they decided that wherever waste lands were available in the States, priority should be given to cooperative farming. Suggestions have been formulated and sent to State Governments such as Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, etc. where a lot of waste land is available and Rajasthan Government had actually agreed to give part of the waste lands to co-operative farming. I hope other States will follow suit.

**Many Hon. Members rose—**

**Mr. Speaker:** Hon. Members who would participate in the President's Address need not show much anxiety in asking supplementaries; they will have many opportunities.

**Shri S. N. Chaturvedi:** May I know whether the Board has come to

the conclusion that the success of co-operative farming depends more upon co-operation of the Government departments put together than on the co-operators themselves.

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** That is true not only of co-operative farming but of all types of co-operation in the country.

**श्री श्रींकार लाल बेरवा :** कोओ-प्रेटिव फार्मर्स ज्यादातर फेल हो जाते हैं। क्या बोर्ड ने उसके कारणों पर भी विचार किया है और पता लगाया है कि वे फेल क्यों होते हैं ?

**श्री श्याम मिश्र :** कारणों पर बड़े विस्तारपूर्वक विचार हुआ है। एक कारण यह है कि कुछ पोलिटिकल पार्टीज अननिसेरेबली उसको पोलिटिकल इशू बनाये रखती हैं। दूसरे कुछ आगनाइजेशनल मैटर्ज होते हैं। इन पर भी विचार हुआ है और बोर्ड बराबर इस पर विचार करता रहता है।

**Shri Ramanathan Chettiar:** May I know whether a team of foreign experts from the Ford Foundation recently came to India to study co-operative farming? Have they submitted a report to the Government?

**Shri Dhyam Dhar Misra:** On this particular issue? There was no team of foreign experts. It may be on some other issues.

**Shri Gauri Shankar Kakkar:** May I know if there has been any survey or assessment with regard to the quantum of progress of production in the societies which have worked successfully?

**Shri Shyam Dhar Misra:** It has been done and production has generally increased by 25-50 per cent.

**श्री यशपाल सिंह :** उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार के सहकारिता मंत्री के बयान से

साफ हो गया है कि साढ़े सात करोड़ इंचाओं के प्रदेश में कोओप्रेटिव फार्मिंग कहीं भी बारह मन फी एकड़ से ज्यादा पैदावार नहीं दे सका है। ऐसी सूरत में इन लोगों लोगों को भूखों मरने से बचाने के लिए क्या सरकार गौर कर रही है कि उत्तर प्रदेश में कोओप्रेटिव फार्मिंग को रोका जाए ?

**श्री श्यामवर मिश्र :** मैं नहीं जानता हूँ कि किस बयान का मेम्बर साहब हवाला दे रहे हैं। लेकिन मैं यह जरूर जानता हूँ कि उत्तर प्रदेश में जहाँ सोसाइटीज हैं, वहाँ प्रोडक्शन बड़ा है। पश्चिमी जिले रामपुर में सोसाइटी है और इसका नाम मैं इसलिए ले रहा हूँ कि मेम्बर साहब चाहें तो उसको जाकर देख सकते हैं और हम उनको इसे दिखवा सकते हैं और उस सोसाइटी में घटने का तो सवाल ही नहीं प्रोडक्शन २० मन, २४ मन और २५ मन अधिक हुआ है और पर एकड़ इतना हो रहा है।

**श्री यशपाल सिंह :** उत्तर प्रदेश असम्बली में जो बयान दिया गया है उसकी और क्या सरकार का ध्यान गया है, यह मैंने जानना चाहा था। प्राइवेट फार्मर्स तीस एकड़ तक पैदा करते हैं ...

**Mr. Speaker:** Order, order. Next question.

**Sugar**

+

(**Shri Shree Narayan Das:**  
**Shri Bibhuti Mishra:**  
**Shri M. L. Dwivedi:**  
**Shri P. C. Borooah:**  
**Dr. L. M. Singhvi:**  
**Shri S. M. Banerjee:**

Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the latest position with regard to stocks of sugar in various States;