Fifth Series, No. 29

Thursday, March 20, 1975 Phalguna 29, 1896 (Saka)

LOK SABHA DEBATES

Thirteenth Session (Fifth Lok Sabha)



सत्यमेव जयते

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question was actually asked on the floor of the House by that Member. 10 LSS/75-1

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LOK SABHA

Thursday, March 20, 1975/Phalguna 29, 1896 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock [MR. SPFAKER in the chair]

[Mr. Speaker in the chair]

Welcome to the North Korean Partiamentary Delegation

MR. SPEAKFR : Hon'ble Members,— At the outset, I have to make an announcement.

On my own behalf and on behalf of the Hon'ble Members of the House, 1 have great pleasure in welcoming His Fxcellency Mr. Hang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Hon'ble Members of the Parliamentary Delegation from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea who are on a visit to India as our honoured guests. The other members of the delegation are :

- 1 Mr. Ryu Ho Jun
- 2. Mr. Son Ryong Sun
- 3 Mr. Chon Jae Hong
- 4, Mr. 1A Jong Su

The delegation arrived this morning and will be in India till 25th March. They are now seated in the Special Box. We wish them a happy and fruitful stay in our country. Through them we convey our greetings and best wishes to the Parliament, Government and the people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Memorandum Submitted by Ex-Servicemen of Punjab, Himschal Pradesh and Haryana to the Former President

*424. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARA-SHAH Will the Minister of DI FFNCE he pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware that a deputation of distinguished Exservicemen from the States of Punjab, Himachal Pradesh and Haryana called on the then President of India, Shri V V. Giri in 1974 and submitted a Memorandum against new recruitment Policy of the Government;

(b) if so, the main contents of the memorandum submitted by the deputation and the decision taken by the Crovernment on this memorandum; and

(c) the names of those Ex-servicemen who constituted the deputation?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHR) SWARAN SINGH) : (a) Yes, Sir

(b) and (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

1. The main points raised in the memorandum were as follows :---

(i) recruitment to the Armed Forces from the various States should not be made on the basis of recruitable male population, but only on merit;

(ii) the nature and the location of the border States is such that persons belonging to those States are better fitted to serve in the Defence Forces and they should be allotted a higher percentage of the total recruitment to the Armed Forces, than persons from the other States.

Armed Forces.

(iv) recruitment from various States in the ratio of recruitable male population is likely to lead to inefficiency in the Armed Forces.

2. The contents of the memorandum were considered carefully. No action way then considered necessary as there was no new recruitment policy or change in the recruitment policy. Recruitment for only those Regiments of the Army which are known as 'all class regiments', is done in proportion to the recruitable male population belonging to the age group of 17-25 years in various States. Recruitment to be made for units or Regiments having class composition as 'one class', 'fixed class' or 'mixed class' Regiments, is reserved for members of the respective castes or classes only.

Members constituting the deputation

- 1. Lt. Col. P. S. Gil
- 2. Brig. Gurpartap Singh
- 3 Ris. Maj. Ram Singh Bahadur
- 4. Sub. Maj. Shamsher Chand Dogra
- 5. Shri Rameshwar Sharma
- 6 Col. Qadam Singh
- 7. Maj. Tirlok Singh
- 8. Admiral Mohindioo
- 9. Brig. C. S Bhullar
- 10. Brig. Harmondar Singh
- 11. Shri I. S. Balhara

PROF NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR From the statement it appears that the memorandum submitted by the 11 distinguished soldiers of the Indian Army, who are ex-servicemen now, reflects the greatest concern of the ex-servicemen of this No. (iii) of this Memorandum, the decountry who are concerned about the mand is made that promotions and ap-

(iii) promotions and appointments in sacrificed their blooming youth and some the Armed Forces, to the higher ranks, of them their sons and other relatives, should also be made only on the basis for the sake of the country. They feel of merit and this policy of recruitment that the new recruitment policy of the on the basis of population ratio should Government requires reconsideration, on not be extended to higher ranks in the the following four points which have been submitted to the highest person in this country, i.e. the Head of the State. the Rashtrapati. These four points contain the gist of what they feel. May I request the hon. Minister to take the House into confidence whether the Government thinks there is any merit in what they have said in approaching the President and submitting their memorandum, and, if there is any merit, whether that Memorandum has been considered or not.

> SHRI SWARAN SINGH : We do comsider. The deputationists had given 'n great deal of thought and they had put forward their views With some of their views, we agree and there may be some with which we, for the time being, may not be able to agree.

> PROF. NARIAN CHAND PARASHAR: In view of the fundamental issues raised by the Ex-servicemen in their Memorandum read with article 16 of the Constitution which requires, no discrimination on ground of birth and the recruitment to the services. like P&T. etc. is done on merit, not region-wise, will the Defence Minister in his wisdom consider this point that unless It is extended to all services of the Indian Union, irrespective of caste, creed and birth, this new recruitment policy will not be given effect to?

> SHRI SWARAN SINGH : As has been mentioned on the floor of the House more than once, there was no fundamental change in the recruitment policy. Efforts is to recruit on the basis of merit. Still, it is the desire of Government that all regions should also have opportunity of serving in the Armed Forces so that they may also participate in the defence of the country.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : In point defence of the Motherland and who have pointments in the Armed Forces, to the

higher ranks, should also be made only officers class from rankers should be inon the basis of merit and this policy of creased. What is the reaction of the recruitment on the basis of population Government thereto? ratio should not be extended to higher ranks in the Armed Forces.

know, as stated in the statement of the graph 2 of the statement which I have hon. Minister, although the recruit for laid on the Table of the House. 'one class', 'fixed class' and 'mixed class' will answer his first question. Regiments is reserved for members of respective caste or class only, whether in these Regiments in respect of promotions and from other castes, classes or regions to appointments to the higher ranks, the entry have regiments after those classes. castes is also kept reserved only for the personnel or regions, but. whereas we are contiof these castes or classes or whether in the nuing with the ones that already exist, no higher ranks, it is done on the basis of new regiment on that basis has been merit also.

SHRI SWARAN SINGH ' In higher ranks, in officers ranks, the recruitment is of Other Ranks, we do realise that the based on merit. For these higher ranks, Other Ranks also should have an oppor-

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Is it confined to particular castes or classes from which these Regiments are recruited?

SHRI SWARAN SINGH : No. Sir. not in the Officer ranks.

SHRI BIRFNDER SINGH RAO: The hon. Minister has stated that recruitment question has not been answered. I wanted to 'one clas' or fixed class' Regimenty is to know the percentage reserved for promade from particular classes composing motion to officers' ranks which the hon. that particular Regiment. Will the hon. Minister has not stated and whether there is Minister be pleased to state whether the demand that this percentage should be in-Government of India wants to continue creased and if so, what is the reaction of with this policy of retaining 'fixed class' the Government. Regiments or they want to change it and whether there are demands from certain other castes and classes also to have 'hy- notice to answer that question because on ed class' Regiments in the name of those the figures I do not have the information castes?

Secondly. I would like to know whether promotions to officers ranks are reserved postpone this question to some other day as to a certain extent for rankers. What is it is a very important question. This may or the percentage reserved for other ranks may not come in the ballot. So, kindly for promotion to commission ranks and postpone it to some other day. Fortunately whether the Government of India has re- for the servicemen as also for the exceived demands from time to time from servicemen this is the first question which Ex-Servicemen that, in view of the expe- has come up. Knowing the importance of rienced that these rankers gain while in defence to the country. I think, sufficient service, the percentage of promotions to time should be devoted to this question.

SHRI SWARAN SINGH : With regard to the first question, I would draw In this connection, I would like to the attention of the hon. Member to para-This

> It is a fact that there were suggestions agreed to be constituted.

With regard to the promotion prospects the class consideration is not kept in view. tunity of going up to the officers' level. Therefore, they are considered not only for promotion as J. C. Os. which is their normal line of promotion but suitable members of Other Ranks are also recruited directly to the Commissioned Officers' level. This is proving quite successful.

SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO : My

SHRI SWARAN SINGH : I will poquire here.

SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO: Please

6

SHRI DARBARA SINGH : You can discuss it during the discussion on De- there any reservation for certain classes mands for Grants.

SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO. The hon. Minister is not prepared to tell us what is the percentage reserved for promotion from the Other Ranks.

SHRI SAMAR GUH \ · I want to know from the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that the new policy that has been enunclated in regard to recruitment of Other Ranks to the Armed Forces is contrary to the statement that was made on the floor of the House by the former Defence Minister. Shri Jaguvan Ram, in which he has categorically assured the House that m future there would be no recruitment on the basis of classes, castes or regions But the process seems to be continuing, I want to know whether it is debarring the other classes which during the British days were known as non-martial classes The eastern region was rather known as of non-martial classes. I want to known whether in view of the fact that the whole recruitment policy should be changed and there should be at least a uniform scope to all citizens, all classes and all regions, recruitment will be only on considerations of classes or castes or regions

has been clearly stated in the statement a Service which covers the medical and public copy of which I have laid on the Table health posts under different Ministries/ of the House and I am sure the hon. Member need not have put this question if he except those of the Ministries of Railways had studied that statement. What I have and Defence and some organisations of the said is that the units for special classes, for fixed classes, are continuing and that no new unit is being constituted on that and service conditions of all CH.S Offibasis. This is the reply I gave to Shri cers working under the different Ministries Indrajit Gupta,

is no restriction based on castes or regions made since 1965. Before that all medior any other consideration. It is on merits,

show otherwise that the consideration is on certain regions and certain classes.

SHRT BHAGWAT JHA AZAD: 1. or regions? Is there any such thing in the Defence Forces to-day?

SHRI SWARAN SINGH : There are. for instance, regiments like Bihar Regiment. Madras Regiment etc. I have already said that for these regiments which have got a class nomenclature like Madras Regiment, Bihar Regiment, etc. obviously people are recruited from that region or that State. Of course, there is no restriction regarding cast, etc while recruitment takes place

Co-ordinating of Health Services

425 SHRI RAIDEO SINGH : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PI ANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are prepared to coordinate the health services under different Ministries under one Health Ministry.

(b) whether by coordinating under one Ministry the terms of services and emoluments will be unified and so much unrest and bickerings will be evaporated; and

(c) if so, the facts thereof and time scheduled for it ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (DR. KARAN SHRI SWARAN SINGH : The policy SIN(rH) : (a) to (c) The Central Health Departments of the Government of India, Home Ministry has been in operation since the 1st January, 1965 The emoluments of the Central Government are uniform.

SHRI RAJDEO SINGH : From the reply Thirdly, with regard to the rest, there given it is seen that exception has been cal services working under different ministries were under one ministry. That are the SHRI SAMAR GUHA : But the figures reasons for making exception as regards the modical services of Railway Ministry and the Defence Ministry?

Oral Annuers 10

trary is true, before 1965 there was no own problems. It is not possible for us Central Health Service It was in 1965 to ask the Army doctors to come under us that C.H.S was set up to bring a certain likey are posted in various dreas Similar uniformity in all health services in the Go- is the case in regard to CRP and BSF. Our vernment However Defence has certain CHS doctors are mainly metropolitan orienspecial problems of its own, as you know, ted and urban oriented. In regard to these and it cannot be brought under this civil other scivices, they have got to go up to service Railways have such large number I adakh and Mizoram and all that I do of medical personnel that they felt they not think the question of financial savings is are capable of looking after the service very much involved in this it is desirable themselves As I have said there are some to have as many as possible under the same organisations of the Home Ministry like organisation CRP, BSF etc. which have their special problems and could not come under CHS I may also say that it is not possible of uniformity and integration of the counfor us to force everybody to be brought toy as a whole there was a proposal to under CHS Those ministries which feel start an All India Medical Service and this they have special problems of their own question is hanging fire for some time past are free to do what they like

SHRI R \J DEO SINGH Conditions bring different from ministry to ministry I want to know whether to avoid difficulties and strains, Government is prepared to consider the question of bringing them all under one department. Is the Government prepared to bring them all under one de naitment?

DR KARAN SINGH All medical services of the Government are covered by Pay Commission and they look to the vatious problems. There is no proposal at present to bring all these services under one Defence has very large number ministry of medical personnel under them We cannot force them to came under CHS but we are very happy about those who choose to come

SHRID N TIWARY Is he afraid of these large number of health personnel in those departments like Railways, Defence etc.? Does he not consider that by bringing them all together under one banner there will be some simplification and if they are brought under one umbrella there will be some saving in expenditure ?

DR. KARAN SINGH . Sir, I do not think, really any saving is brought about There It is not a question of being afraid are historical reasons Defence forces, to

, DR KARAN SINGH . In fact the con- give one very glaring example, have their

DR N N KAILAS Sir for the sake I would like to know, at what stage the proposal is which will ensure uniformity and efficient functioning of the medical department ?

DR KARAN SINGH Sir, the All India Health Service was supposed to cover not only the Central Government doctors but the doctors in the States as well The proposal was mooted in 1969 and at that viall only a few of the States were willing Many of the States were not willing and subsequently even those States which have indicated their acceptance of this proposal backed out Therefore, the position today is that almost all the States are opposed to the formation of an All India Health Service Therefore, our policy is not to try and coerce them or force them into accepting it But if the proposal can be revived. my Ministry will react to it favourably and positively

भी हक्तम चन्द्र कछदाय मन्नी महोदव न वहा है कि कुछ राज्य सरकार मकर यह है। उन्हे जितनी मदद मिलनी चाहिये सेटर से नही वी जानी है क्या यह मही नहीं है? विन कारणो से राज्य सरकार ऐसी सेवा की स्थापना करने से क्रमकार कर रही हैं?

डा॰ कर्ण सिंह एक बात में स्पष्ट कर दू। सी जी एच गम जो है बह केवल गवनैमेट

माफ इंडिया की मर्विमेज के लिये है। डा० कैंलास ने जो सवाल पूछा था वह झाल इंडिया मेडिकल सॉबल के संबध में या जैसे चाई ए एस इत्यादि हैं। हमारे संविधान के अनुसार चिकित्सा राज्यो का विषय है। इस लिये राज्यों के अपने-अपने उस के बारे में विचार है। उन्होने कहा है कि हमे झाल इडिया सविम नही चाहिये, हम झपनी-अपनी सर्विमेज चलायेगे। उस के कई कारण हो मकते हैं, मैं उन में जाना नहीं चाहता। इस लिये हम ने भी फिलहाल विचार छोड दिया Βį.

SHRI H. K. L. BHAGAT : Sir. I would like to know this from the bon. Minister. Delhi is a Union Territory and it comes directly under the responsibility of the Central Government, I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that health services are diversified in Delhi? There are hospitals run by the Municipal Corporation, there are hospitals run by the Delhi Administration, there are hospitals run by the Government of India and various other Ministries. Now, is it a fact that the Government recently have received reports and serious complaints about the working of a number of hospitals and they have started some kind of a campaign for their improvement ? I would like to know whether the Government have any machinety and whether do they take any steps or will they take any steps for coordinating the functioning of these various health services and agencies in the capital ? What is being done in this connection and whether the Ministry have started a campaign for their improvement at all.

DR. KARAN SINGH : It is a very interesting and important question. The multiplicity of jurisdiction on the hospitals in FAMILY PLANNING Delhi reflects in fact the very peculiar and SINGH): (a) A Statement is placed on sad multiplicity of jurisdiction in Delhi the Table of the Sabha. itself. You have the Government of India, you have the DMC, you have the NDMC and the cantonment board and so on. There M.B.B.S. course annually are six or seven different authorities in Delhi. colleges is about 11,500.

[MARCH 20, 1975]

Oral Answers 12

Many of them run hospitals. The hospitals which are directly under the Ministry of Health are Safdarjang and Willingdon. Then, there is the All India Institute of Medical Sciences which is an independent body set up by Parliament. Then, there are hospitals run by the Delhi Administration and some run by the Corporation. This is somewhat an uncoordinated picture. Now, we are trying to do two things. Firstly, we are considering the possibility of setting up a hospital board for Delhi which would coordinate the activities of the various hospitals in the capitial. Secondly, under the improvement campaign, which was referred to by the hon. Member, we are trying to tone up the functioning of at least those hospitals that are directly under our control. This involves surprise visits and so on. We are doing a lot of things which I can point out later on. We are trying to improve. We are very much aware of the problems and the need for coordination and we are doing whatever we can in this direction.

Medical Colleges in India

427. SHRI ARVIND M PATEL :

SHRI VEKARIA :

Will the Minister of HFALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Medical Colleges, private and Government, functioning in India, State-wise; and

(b) the number of persons who pass the M.B.B.S. course annually from these colleges ?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND (DR. KARAN

(b) The number of persons who pass the from these

Statement

The number of Medical Colleges, private and Government functioning in India, Statewise.

-			-		
1.	Andhra Prades	h			8
2,	Assam .				3
3.	Bihar				9
4.	Gujarat .				5
5.	Haryana .				1
6.	Himachal Prac	icsh			1
7.	Jammu and K	ashm	ir		2
8.	Karnataka				9
9,	Kerala .				4
10.	Madhya Prade	sh			6
	Maharashtra				12
12.	Manipur			:	1
13.	Orissa ,				3
14.	Punjab ,				5
15.	Rajasthan				5
16.	Tamit Nadu				9
17.	Uttar Pradesh				9
18.	West Bengal		•	•	7
19.	Delhi .		•		4
20.	Goa, Daman a	ind D	Diu		1
21.	Pondicherry				1
	-	T		-	105
		Tot	NL	-	105

बी करविन्ध एम॰ पटेल : मैंने मरकारी प्रौर गैर-सरकारी मेडिकल कालेको की प्रलग-प्रलग मंध्या पूछी थी जो कि नहीं बनाई यई है। मठी महोदय ग्रलग-प्रलग सच्या बता दे तो उन की बडी क्रपा होगी।

प्राइबेट मेडिकल कालेज जो चल रहे हैं वे लाको रुपया मुनाफा करने हैं। जिक्षण के लेख में इम जुनाफ़ाखोरी को सरकार बन्द करना चाहती है या नहीं? जितने वे प्राइवेट मेडिकल कालेज है उन को सरकार बन्द करने का इगवा रखती है या नहीं?

डा॰ कर्म सिंह: 105 कालेजों का जो स्वीरा मैं ने दिया हूँ उन में से 17 कालेज प्राइवेट हैं और 88 घरकारी रें। जहां तक प्राइवेट वेडिकन कालेजों

का संबंध है इस ममय हमागी विवारवारा यह है कि उन को हन बन्द न कर दें क्योंकि इस ते लाम नहीं होगा। एक बान झीर है। कुछ प्राइवेट कालेज भण्छा भी कार्य कर रहे हैं। सारे कालेजो का हम सरकारीकरण इस ममय कर लें इस से णायद इस समय लाभ नही होगा। उन के बहन ज्यादा धनराशि लगी हई है। करोडों स्पया उस में खर्च होगा। इस के बजाय कि हम उन पर करोडो रुपया खर्च करें जो सरकारी कालेज चल रहे हैं उन को हम ग्रन्छा करे। जहां तक स्टैंडर्ड की बात है मेडिकल कॉमिल झाफ़ इंडिया के तहत हम स्टेडडे रखते हैं। मुझे कुछ दूख के माथ यह कहना पड़ता है कि कुछ प्राइवेट कालेजों का स्टेडर्ड वृछ गवनमेट कालेजों ने कभी-कभी धच्छा होता है। इस लिये स्टैडढं का जहा तक प्रक्र है प्राइवेट ग्रीर गवर्नमेट दोनों तग्ह से कालेको पर ये लाग होने हैं और हम बाहते है कि दोनों के स्टैडवं बढे ।

भी मरविस्ट एक० पटेल : पाचवी योजना मे राजकोट जहर में एक नए मेडिकल कालेज की स्थापना करने का प्रावधान किया गया है। मैं [जानना चाहना हू कि यहा मेडिकल कालेज स्था-पिन करने का कास कब ने जुरू होगा झौर कब पूरा होगा ?

डा० कर्ष सिंह : मेहिकम कालेको की स्था-पना करता राज्य सरकारो के दायित्व में झाता है हमारा कोई सीधा उससे सबंध नहीं होना। इस समय रावकोट में कोई मैडिकल कालेज नही है। इस बात में मैं कह दू कि हमारो विचारधारा इम समय यह है कि प्रधिक वैडिकल कालेजो की झावम्यकता मब हमारे देल मैं कुछ वर्षों के सिए नही है क्योंकि एक हचार के करीब एम॰वी॰वी॰एस॰ डाक्टर प्रति महीने हनारे यहा पान हो कर निकल रहे हैं। हम लमझते हैं कि अधिक वैडिकस कालेजों के प्रीलीकेवन की झावस्यकना नही है। लेकिन यह राज्य सरकारो का विचव है झीर राज्य सरकारें इन में जो करता चाहें इम उनको कालनी तौर पर रोक नहीं सकने है।

Sir, I would like to know from the hon. students particularly. We have reduced Minister whether the existence of the Go- their intake and we have asked the managevernment and private medical colleges in ment to bring the colleges up to the Our country is a legacy of the British times standard. My information is that there has and whether the Government have evolved been improvement in those colleges. The a policy in order to do away with these Medical Council will go again shortly to

DR KARAN SINGH Sir, I do not have the figures with me at the moment But, I can say that out of the seventeen private medical colleges in India, my impression is, only about five or six have come down from the British times. Many of them have been started after Independence This is one point Secondly, Sir, we are now considering the amendment of the Medical Council of India Act under which we are considering not only making the Council a more effective instrument for enforcing standards, we are also considering the regulation of the activities of the private colleges That legislation is under consideration and perhaps I may come before the hon House in the course of this year with an amendment.

SHRI K. MALLANNA : There are 105 colleges in the country as per the statement. the bias in our medical education system According to newspaper reports some has been very largely urban and it is in colleges were derecognised because they order to rectify this that we are considering were sub standard and did not comply with the setting up of a new cadre of paramedithe rules and conditions. What action has cal workers for that a committee had been been taken against those managements? How appointed and the report is excpected by many students are affected and how many 31st March. managements are involved ?

derecognition of medical colleges came up link between the MBBS and the field worker in a big way last year The Medical Coun- at the age lowest village level. cil is the competent authority to decide whether a college is maintaining the necessary standards From time to time the I should like to know from the hon. Medical Council inspects colleges, it happens that when it inspects the colleges, away with the system of capitation fee by the facilities are below standard. At that the private medical institutions since that time the Medical Council says : We will whole system leads to a lowering of not recognise your degree unless you bring standards of those who are being admitted it up. I think the hon. Member is refer- into the colleges. When he talks of mediring to Karnataka colleges. Last year six cal standards and educational standards becolleges were involved and we were able ing checked by the Medical Council to prevent their derecognition because I India. I should like to know what monitor-

SHRI JAGADISH BHATTACHARYYA: wanted to safeguard the interests of the private and Government medical colleges? inspect them and by then we hope the shortcomings will have been very largely made up.

> SHRI K. GOPAL : The hon. Mmister says that he is against proliferration of medical colleges m India. It is a fact that the MBBS doctors are reluctant to go to the rural areas. Sometime back the hon. Minister himself mooted the idea of doctors being trained for rural or semi-urban areas who would exclusively serve the rural areas. I should like to know whether a committee was set up to go into the question and if so what are the findings of that Committee?

> DR. KARAN SINGH . As for MBBS doctors going to rural areas, there are two aspects. The primary health centres in this country are our out-reach; there by and large MBBS doctors are in position now. It is not 'as if the MBBS doctors are not there However it is also true that

That will be a very important innova-DR. KARAN SINGH The question of tion The paramedical worker will be our

> SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN : Often Minister what steps had been taken to do of

ing agency is there to see that the medical standards are kept up all the time? You cannot pass the back to the State Government because the Central Government is equally involved in maintaining the standards throughout the country and in seeing that there are proper equipment in the hospital's so as to guarantee that the medical training given to the graduates is up to the standard. What is the monitoring ageacy?

DR KARAN SINGH : There are two points Capitation fee is certainly a cause for concern to us and the House has alteady expressed itself on this. We are conudering the whole matter in the context of the amendment of the Medical Council Act that we intend to bring before the House. The siews that have been expressed on a number of occasions will be kept in mind. We are seized of the problem.

The second and very important point is what is the monitoring agency? Under the present system the Medical Council of Indie which has been set up by this hon Parliment is the monitoring agency. But I must admit that as at present constituted the Medical Council is a very largely incohate body. (Interruptions) I mean to say that it is not really structured in such a way as to be an effective monitoring agency There are 100 or 120 elected representatives and what we want to do is to make it a more streamlined and effective body. I am in touch with the resident of the Medical Council; he is meeting me tomorrow and we are having detailed dicussions on this and I hope to be able to come up with a very progressive and useful piece of legislation perhaps in the course of this year

वी सनद सैलाली: प्राध्यक्ष जी, कुछ वयं पहले आनीनक मुल्लिम बूलिवर्मिटी मे जवाहरलाल नेडल मैडिकम कालेज की स्वापना हुई। घव देखने में यह झा रहा है कि जो रोगी मैडिकल कालेज मे इलाज के लिये जात हैं झौर जो पर्चिया उनको मिलती है, जो वहा का रिकार्ड है, उस पर सिर्फ इनना लिख दिया है-मैडिकन कालेज, मलीनढ़ मुल्लिम यूलिवर्गिटी, धलीगढ़। संजानना चाहता

हू कि क्या यह मजो जो की जानकारी में है प। नहीं। जनर है तो उस पर क्या प्रतिक्रिया है?

MR. SPEAKER : THE question is about the number of colleges in the country Yours is not a relevant question

भी मनद सैसानों 105 की जो सूची झापन दी है, उसमे यह कालेज शासिल है या नहीं? क्या सरकार ने इमका नाम बदल दिया है? मैं काई सीमा से बारह नहीं गया है। मैं जानना माहना ह कि इन का नाम बदला है या नहीं?

वा॰ कर्ष सिंह: जी तही, नहीं बदना। झझ्झ ती, जो इन्होंने कहा है कि स्लिप्म पर नास नहीं है, जहा नव मरी जानकारी है, नाम उडाने का कार्ट प्रग्न नहीं उठना है। लेकिन इन्होंने बनावा है कि हस्पनाल वाले जा स्लिप्म देने हैं उस वर नाम नहीं दिया गया है। यह मैं उपबुलपनि जी को झाज ही निख दूगा झौर इस बारे में जो विचार झाये है, उनसे उनको झबयत करा दगा।

मैने बां स्टेटमेट रखा है, उससे केवल स्टेट वाडव नस्वर है, नाम नही है। लेकिन ग्राप्टवक्ष महोदय, मैं यह कह दू कि जवाहरमाल नेहूब के नाम पर कोई कालंज हो ता उस नाम के बदलने या उडाने का कोई प्रज्ञ नही उठना चाहिये। मैं उपकूलपनि से इसके बारे मे जानकारी लया।

SHRI MOHANRAJ KALINGARAYAR: t should like to know the standard of the Christian Medical College, Vellore compared to some of the other medical institutions and secondly.

MR. SPEAKER : How is it relevant?

SHRI MOHANRAJ KALINGARAYAR What is the Ministry's policy about allocation of funds to private medical institutions and Government medical institutions?

DR. KARAN SINGH : The Vellore Medical College is one of the very good colleges

in India. There is no marking at all, but finest institutions in the country.

As far as the question of allotment of State; and funds is concerned, public funds are allotted only to the Government colleges. Private funds are raised by the promoters themselves either through fees or through trust and so on, and it is spent by them. As far as we are concerned, our policy is that money will be spent very Government largely on Government colleges.

Percentage between private and public.

DR KARAN SINGH 17 and 83.

SHRI P. R. SHENOY . May I know whether Government has any scheme to give grants to private medical colleges so that they may not collect any capitation fees, which is undesirable even according to the hon Minister ?

DR KARAN SINGH . This is the whole problem. If we start giving large grants to private colleges, then the funds that are available to us for the extension of our own health services becomes very much diminushed. Therefore, there is no proposal at present However, it is possible to make the Medical Council of India something of a parallel to the University Grants Commission, so that it not only lays down standards but perhaps can also give certain grants under certain circumstances. That to what we are considering in the amendment that is proposed.

Funds for Special Nutrition Programme in Origan

*428. SHRI ARJUN SETHI : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PI ANNING be pleased to state :

sumetioned some money for Special Nutri- period (1970-74 only) and in 1974-75. tion Programme in the State of Orissa;

(b) If so, the extent of money and the it is generally considered to be one of the outlines regarding its programme urban sium feeding and tribal feeding centres and blocks covered by this programme in the

> (c) whether some money has also been sanctioned in favour of Applied Nutrition Programme Blocks for implementation of special schemes during the current year; and if so, the facts thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND SHRI MOHANRAJ KALINGARAYAR: FAMILY PLANNING · (DR. KARAN SINGH) (a) to (c) Yes, Sir, A statement is laid on the table of the Sabha

Statement

The Special Nutrition Programme was started in 1970-71 to provide supplemental nutrition to all vulnerable groups belonging to weaker sections of the needy in urban slums and tribal areas In 1970-71 the supplemental feeding was limited to children of 0-3 years of age. In 1971-72, children up to 6 years of age and expectant and nursing mothers were also included in the programme The supplemental nutrition provided under this programme is 200 calories and 8 to 10 grams protein to children in the age group of 0-1 year, 300 calories and 10 to 12 group of protein to children in the age group of 1-6 years, and 500 calories and 20 to 25 grams of protein to expectant and nursing mothers.

In the Fourth Plan, the scheme operated in the Central Sector In the Fifth Plan. the expansion of the programme has been provided in the State Sector under the Minimum Needs Programme.

The Government of India released the following amounts to the Government of (a) whether the Union Government have Orissa year-wise during the Fourth Plan the first year of the Fifth Plan for supele1.68.013

78,41,000

1970-71

1971-72

1972-73

1973-74

1974-75

mental feeding in urban slums and tribal (iii) Post operation al blocks of

997 - 549 ,994		1969-70 series at		
Year	Financial assitance Rs.	the tate of Rs. 15,000	1	15,000 7,35,000

101.71.000 137,18,000 53.49.000 (This amount 18 m addition to a provision of Rs. 123,00,000 approved by the Planning Commission in the State's Annual Plan for 1974-75 under the Minimum Needs Programme).

The details of the beneficiaries at the end of the Fourth Plan period are as under.

		Urban Slums	Tribal areas
Number of benefi-			
ctaries .	•	40,410	3,30,600
Centres covered .		229	3,225
Number of blocks		Not applic	able 143

The Government of Orissa are eligible to receive Central assistance of Rs. 7,35,000 for the implementation of the Applied Nutrition Programme for all categories of blocks in accordance with the prescribed pattern of assistance as indicated below.

Category of blocks	No. of blocks	Assistance
		Rs.
(1) New blocks allotted during 1974-75 at the rate of Rs. 30,000 per block per)ear.	:	5 1 ,50,000
(ii) On going blocks from 1970-71 to 1973-74 series at the zate of Rs. 30,000	1	9 5,70,000

SHRI ARJUN SETHI : It is a matter of gratification to all of us that Government is taking care to provide supplemental nutrition to the vulnerable sections of the society. However, I would like to know from the hon. Minister, since 65 per cent of the total population of Orissa comes from the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other weaker sections of the society, the percentage of the population that is likely to be covered by this special nutrition programme. Since the responsibility of the Central Government is of serving the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes people, I would like to know what specific steps they have taken to see that these nutrition programmes are implemented so that they benefit the people for whom they are meant

DR. KARAN SINGH : The special nutrition programmes are to benefit the age group 1 to 6 years. 1 am not sure what the percentage of the total is, but it is a fairly large percentage. What we are trying to do is to cover the pregnant mothers, lactating mothers and the children from 0 to 6 years. In order to achieve this, there are a number of programmes which are at present in operation. There is the Mid-day Meals Programme under the Ministry of Irrigation. There is the Applied Nutrition Programme under the Ministry of Agriculture. There are various other such programmes run by the different Ministries. What we are trying to see is essentially to get to the children as carly as possible through the club centres and through the Balvadis, because it has now been proved medically that the first five or six years of a child's life are absolutely crucial. If the nutritional inputs are not given at that time, then this physical and mental development will be retarted or distorted. So, we are trying to get to those children.

SHRI ARJUN SETHI : It is reported time and again in the newspapers that espec- ment itself should come under the Health ially the children belonging to the weaker Ministry. sections of the society go blind between the ages of 5 and 10. So, may I know what specific steps Government have taken gestion for action. to see that this blindness is reduced through supply of Vitamin "A", the lack of which is causing this blindness 7

DR. KARAN SINGH : It is unfortunately and tragically true that 15 to 20 thousand children every year, it is estimated, go blind due to vitamin deficiency. This is a very terrible state of affairs. So, we have developed a highly concentrated Vitamin "A" syrup and tablets. When a single spoonful of that syrup, equal to two lakh international units of Vitamin "A", is given to a child twice a year, every six months, that is stored in the liver and it is gradually released over six months.

If any of the hon, members would like to have a sample of this, I will supply it with my compliments.

MR. SPEAKER : When you are elected, you must know in what vitamins you are deficient so that for five years they can be given to you !

DR. KAILAS : The minister has said that the programme of nutrition is run through the Education Ministry, the Agriculture Ministry and the Health Ministry Is there any proposal with the Health Ministry-if not, will he move in this matter-to see that all the programmes come under one ministry, i.e. Health Ministry? Either there is duplication of work or the monies given to different ministries are not fully utilised.

DR. KARAN SINGH : It is true there is a multiplicity of ministries dealing with it, partly for historical reasons. I am inclined to agree that if they come under the same ambit, it would be better. However, without going into the question of redistribution, we are trying to have a committee which would coordinate it. Education Ministry is involved because the the separate figures. But it is true that Department of Social Welfare is under it, because of the fact that scheduled castes

DR. KAILAS ; Social Welfare Depart-

DR. KARAN SINGH : That is a sug-

भी हक्तम चल्द कछमाय: मंत्री महोदम कहा है कि उडीसा में बच्चों के लिए बढी माला में पौछिक साहार दिया जाना है। क्या यह सही है कि बहुन बड़ी माला में बज्बों के लिए जो पौष्टिक झाहार दिसा जाता है, यह बज्जो को प्राप्त मही होता है, वह ठीक समय पर नहीं पहचता है झौर काले बाजार मे विकता है, जिम से इस का पूरा लाभ नहीं होना है? क्या मबी महोदय इस बारे में कोई जाय करवायेये?

डा॰ कर्ण सिंह : ऐसी कोई जानकारी हमारे मामने तो नहीं झाई है। झगर माननीय सदम्य के पास कोई जानकारी हो, तो वह हमें मेंग दे।

SHRI JAGDISH BHATTACHARYYA May I know in which regard this nutrition programme which is financed by the Union the Government is an improvement on similar programmes carried on in the states ?

DR. KARAN SINGH : It is really not a guestion of improvement but a question of supplementing the activities of the State Governments. The Government of India, through these various central programmes, supplements the activities of the Central Government. It is not one against the other, but both together.

SHRI D. BASUMATARI : May I know from the hon. minister the number oſ blind children among the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes, because when I go round the villages. I see a number of blind children among scheduled castes and scheduled tribes.

DR. KARAN SINGH : I do not have

under-privileged, the incidence of malast- is reversed ? In the absence of the Minisrition, vitamin deficiency and hence blind- ter, was the meeting held on the 13th and ness tends to be higher among them.

Foreign Minister's proposed visit to U.S.A. ŧ

*429. SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR : THAM :

FAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether he proposes to visit the United States soon for personal dialogue with U.S. political and official leaders on various matters regarding Indo-US relations:

(b) if so, when and the broad outlines of subjects likely to come up for discussion; and

(c) if not, the reasons for postponing or cancelling the US. visit ?

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THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) to (c) In the context of the situation arising out of the decision of the U.S. Government to lift the embargo on arms supply to Pakistan, it was announced on 26 February that in the present circumstances Foreign Minister would not be able to go to Washington for the Indo-US Joint Commission meeting that was scheduled to be held on 13-14 March. Since then, there have not been any new developments.

Minister says in his reply "in the present this matter. Secondly, we are not guided circumstances Foreign Minister would not by the press reports always. Thirdly, the be able to go to Washington". May I situation created by arms supply to Pakisknow why such mild language is used ? tan is not the same as the question of Was no effective protest lodged, saying Deigo Garcia. The press report is about that the Minister will not so for certain Deigo Garcia only. reasons ? Secondly, he said this dicision of the Minister not to go was "in the present circumstances". Does it mean that MI : From the recent activities of the Uni-

and scheduled tribes are economically policy of the United States in this matter 14th March at Washington ?

SHRI BIPINPAL DAS : Firstly, that meeting was not held on those dates. Secondly, we will certainly not take lessons from Shri Mavalankar regarding use SHRI S. A. MURGANAN- of language. Thirdly, the circumstances in which this decision was taken, those circumstances have not changed. Unless they Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF- are changed, that decision remains and the Foreign Minister would not go to that meeting

> SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR : The Minister in his original answer says. "Since then, there have not been any new developments." Is it not a fact that after this decision, the United States Ambassador, Mr. Saxbe, delayed his arrival in India by staying in Thailand for some time? On his arrival here, was he called at the External Affairs Ministry or was he told of the Government of India's strong views in the matter ? Then, there was a report in yesterday's Statesman on the front page that President Ford is likely to drop the Deigo Garcia project. Does it not mean that the President and the Congress in the United States are not on good terms, as the press reports tell us ? What is the Government of India's attitude with regard to these new developments ? Are they telling the Washington State Department of the exact mind of the Government of India and the people of India on this important matter?

SHRI BIPINPAL DAS : The arrival of Ambassdor Saxbe has not brought about any change in the situation. We have cer-SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR : The tainly conveyed our strong feeling about

SHRI DINESH CHANDRA GOSWAthe decisions will remain valid till the ted States it is apparent that though they are

talking of improving relationship between India and U.S.A., their main objective is to maintain a state of uncertainty in this region. In view of the fact that the Foreign Minister has decided not to go to Washington, what is the future scope of this Commission and how the Government propose to act in this Commission, even though the Foreign Minister may not take part in the Commission ?

SHRI BIPINPAL DAS : We shall watch the developments and decide accordingly.

NHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN : In view of the fact that the differences are growing and the distinguished Ambassador to the United States is being put to humiliation, may I know whether he would call it further deterioration in the Indo-US relations ?

SHRI BIPINPAL DAS When Dr Lissinger came to India to hold discussions with us, at that time it appeared that the relations between India and USA were going to improve. But the subsequent decision of the US Government to lift the embargo on arms supply to Pakistan has certainly created a new situation. I have aready said that that situation has not changed.

HRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : May I draw the Hon. Minister's attention to the reported interview published in today's Statesman given by the new U.S. Ambassdor, Mr. William Saxbe to the Washington post's New Delhi Correspondent, Mr. Lewis M. Simons, published yesterday in the Washintgton Post. This is with regard to the recent decision to lift the ban on selling U.S. arms to Pakistan. The Ambassador declared-I quote:

"It is not just the arms. Other things, tangible and intangible, get involved. good times to bad. So, I can understand if you do, and hell if you don't."

In another part of the interview he has and :

"With the crisis at home in the economy and energy, issues which affect these two areas get first attention. India doesn't affect either of these". He emphasised that U.S. interest in India now was limited to humanitarian and cultural matters and, even here "we will only do asmuch as the Indians will encourage us to do."

In view of the latest utterances by the Ambassador who, I presume, is speaking on behalf of the Government in which he says, it is not merely the question of arms and that there is no interest in India except in humanitarian and cultural matters, I would like to know from the Hon. Minister whether the Government has done rethinking as to what is the use of having the Indo-U.S Economic Commission when this is the attitude of the United States Government.

SHRI BIPINPAL DAS . This statement appeared only this morning We have taken note of it. We will study the implications of the statement and the remarks made by the Ambassador.

SHRI HARI KISHORE SINGH : Not only the United States is supplying arms to Pakistan directly but also through many other countries. What will be the attitude of the Government of India to that? It has taken a very correct attitude in relation to the United States. What about their attitude to other countries through which Pakistan is getting arms manufactured in the United States ?

SHRI BIPINPAL DAS : We are opposed to creating an arms race in the sub-continent and thereby disturbing the stability of the region. Whoever does it, we are containly opposed to it.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : It is quite well-India's attitude does not change from known to all of us that U.S.A. has developed a knack of doing wrong things at the right why Washington would say: 'It's hell moment. When the moment was right for developing good relations with India. they

did this thing. Knowing that political and diplomatic relations fluctuate like mercurythese are called mercurial fluctuations-I would like to know from the Government whether they will make a demarcation in regard to our political and diplomatic relations and start releasing offensive about this aggressive policy of U.S. in regard to supply of arms to Pakistan and, at the same time, not to jeopardise our economic interests particularly in regard to our exports to that country. May I know whether that kind of realistic attitude will also he adopted ?

SHRI BIPINPAL DAS : The decision of US.A to lift the ban of arms supply in the case of Pakistan has many aspects and implications. military, strategic, political, economic, cultural, etc. We will try to examine the whole question from all angles There is no doubt about it.

WRITTEN ANSWERS, TO QUESTIONS

Appointment of a Wage Board for Journalists and non-Journalists

*426. SHRI S N MISRA : SHRI JANESHWAR MISRA :

to state :

(a) whether Newspaper employees have been agitating for the appointment of a Wage Board for journalists and non-journalists; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government to the employees' demand ?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI RAGHUNATHA REDDY) ; (a) Yes Sir.

(b) A statement was made by me in the House on 18th March, 1975, regarding the constitution of the Wage Boards.

10 LSS/75-2

Recognition to P.R.G. of South Vietnam

*431. SHRI SHASHI BHUSHAN : SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA :

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether any decision has since been taken to extend recognition in some form to the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam; and

(b) if not, the reasons for delay in fulfilling this assurance?

THE DFPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) and (b) Government have decided to establish more direct relations and formal contacts with the Provisional Revolutionary Government are of South Vietnam Details being worked out and, as soon as these are finalised, the P.R.G. will establish an office in New Delhi

Indian Personnel yent abroad during 1974

*432 SHRI VARKIY GEORGE : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) how many Indian personnel including engineers and medical practitioners, have been sent to foreign countries on their re-Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased quest during 1974, with country-wise breakup: and

> (b) whether it is the policy of Government to export manpower on a large scale ?

> THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) ' (a) A total number of 1592 Indian experts were selected through official channels for assignment abroad during 1974. A statement giving the break-up according to countries and categories is placed on the table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-9250/75]

> (b) No, Sir. Wc, however, do respond sympathetically to specific requests from

friendly developing countries for the deputation of Indian technical personnel needed for their economic development programmes, subject to availability and provision of our own requirements.

2nd Labour Report on Agricultural Labourers

*433. SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISH-NAN :

DR. RANEN SEN :

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) whether 2nd Labour Report on Agricultural Labourers has been submitted;

(b) if so, the features thereof;

(c) whether the report has pointed out that an agricultural worker in Bankura District of West-Bengal earns 28 paisa; and

(d) if so, the steps taken to provide job and raise wages of these agricultural labourers?

THE MINISTR OF LABOUR (SHRI **RÁGHUNATHA REDDY)** : (a) and (b) Yes. Sir.

The Second Rural Labour Enquiry (1974-75) has been initiated by the Labour Burcau, Simla as an approved Fifth Plan Scheme. The field work has commenced on the 1st July 1974 and is expected to continue till the 30th June, 1975. The Report will be available only thereafter.

It is presumed that the Honourable Member has in mind the Second Report Condition of Agrion the Economic cultural Workers in the District of Bankura (1973), brought out by the Government pleased to state : of West Bengal.

The Report has revealed that :--

(i) Agricultural workers are predominantly landless.

(ii) The total period of employment of the 116 samples averages only be given for the year 1975-76 ?

150 days for the whole year juclusive of peak season and off season.

(iii) Their meagre income coupled with large number or dependents compels agricultural labourers to take loan every year in cash or kind or in cash and kind, carrying high rates of interest.

(iv) The agricultural workers huddle to live in sheds which may be termed as an apology for thatched hutments.

(c) According to the Report, the average daily earnings per member of the sampled tamilies per day in respect of seventeen mouzas covered by five police stations stands at 0.33 paise only.

(d) The Government of West Bengal have recently revised the rates of minimum wages for agricultural workers, as follows :----

		1968	1974
Males :	Rs.	3.00 to	Rs. 7,25 (Basic
	Rs.	3.88 per	Rs. 5 60 and
	day	according	DA 1.65) per
	10 Z	ones.	day and Rs.
			123,38 (Basic)
Females:	Rs.	2.77 to	Rs. 80.60 and
	Rs.	3.40 ' per	D.A. Rs. 42, 78
		according	
	to zo	mes.	both men and
			women

The State Government have also constituted a Committee on Agricultural Labour to indicate measures needed for amelioration of the conditions of the Agricultural Workers. A draft Bill on Agricultural Labour is being considered by the State Government.

VUAYANAGAR STEEL PLANT

*434. SHRI S. M. SIDDAYYA : will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be

(a) the provisional allotment made for the Vijayanagar Steel Plant in the Fifth Five Year Plan;

(b) the progress achieved so far; and

(c) whether any Central assistance will

THE MINISTER OF THE MINES (SHRI CHANDRAJIT YADAV) : ling need were sufficient numbers of long (a) The Fifth Five Year Plan is yet to range strike aircraft which would rebe finalized. The provision proposed in the place two-generation-old aircraft and that draft Fifth Five Year Plan for the Visakha- the I. A. F. was virtually 'deaf and touthpatnam and Vijayanagar Steel Projects put less, in the area of maritime reconnaisance together is Rs. 250 crores.

(b) An area of 2,641.4 hectares (6,604 acres) has been acquired so far for the and the action being taken; and steel plant and slag-dump, out of a total requirement of 3,608.4 hectares (9,021 acres). The Steel Authority of India Limited expect to commission shortly the Detailed Project Report for the plant. Meantime detailed studies are in hand for deve- (SHRI lopment of infrastructure facilities.

1975-76 for this Project, which in the in the Indian Express dated 21st October, Central Sector, is Rs. 1.25 crores.

Dual Purpose Aircraft

Minister of DFFENCE be pleased to sate : the Air Staff :---

(a) whether any action has been taken to make the civilian aircraft of Indian Air- were needed, that the I.A.F. is now a mathnes into dual purpose planes to become ure, strong and versatile force, fit to take convertible and usable to defence purposes its place along side other world air forces" immediately in case of emergency or war; and (ii) "...lacking access to official informaand

(b) if so, the main features thereof?

SWARAN SINGH) : (a) and (b) Different to enable it to fulfil its commitments, has types of aircrafts are needed for perform- been a continuing process, consistent with ing specific roles. The civilian aircrafts are the availability of resources and the types capable of being used only in the trans- of aircraft needed by us. This includes portation role. aircrafts are put to such use.

Air Craft for LA.F.

*436. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJ-PAYEE :

SHRI JAGANNATH RAO JOSHI :

will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to a criticism published in the Indian to curb it?

STATE IN Express' dated the 21st October, 1974 that MINISTRY OF STEEL AND the Indian Air Force's urgent and compeland anti-submarine warfare:

(b) what are the facts in this regard

(c) how long it will take for the IAF to fulfil these needs?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE SINGH): SWARAN (a) to (c) Government have seen the book entitled 'Aircraft of the Indian Air Force, (c) The Budget provision proposed for (1933-73)' as also the report, based on it, 1974. The opinion expresed by the author is his own. Attention in this connection is invited to the following portions in the *435, SHRI B. V. NAIK : Will the foreward written by the previous Chief of

(i) "The 1971 war gave proof, if proof tion in some cases (the author) has ventured his own opinions as to why certain things have been done the way they have." THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI Modernisation of the Indian Air Force, In an emergency, these the induction of long range strike aircraft as well as maritime reconnaisance and antisubmarine warfare aircraft.

Spreading of Malaria in Orissa

*437. SHRI D. K. PANDA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Malaria is spreading in Orissa; and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose

MILY PLANNING (DR. SINGH): Orissa; and

(a) and (b) The following steps have been taken or are proposed to be taken to curb the spread of malaria in Orissa State :---

1. Adequate quantity of insecticides and drugs has been supplied to the State by the Central Government for sprays.

2. Surveillance workers, Inspectors and laboratory Technicians have been augmented.

3. Old vehicles are being replaced in a phased manner.

in the persistant transmission areas.

5. Officers of the Central National Malaria Eradication Programme Directorate have carried out intensive touring of the State to provide technical guidance on the spot to the State Health Authorities. Entomologi- B.B.C. Broadcast of Interview with Prime cal studies are also being carried out by the NMEP Directorate wherever considered necessary.

6. The State Government has been advised to improve supervision over sprays and surveillance operations, also to take speedy remedial measures like focal sprays and radical treatment of the positive cases detected to liquidate the foci of infection.

Compensation to Indians expelled from Uganda

*438. SHRI BHAGATRAM MANHAR: SHRI BHAGIRATH BHANWAR:

Minister of FXTERNAL Will the AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Indians expelled from Uganda during the last several years;

(b) the reasons for this expulsion and the protests lodged or the steps taken at the diniomatic lovel to persuade the Uganda Government to rescind the order of expulsion;

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FA- about the compensation to be paid to the KARAN expelled indians; and

(d) if so, the tacts thereof 7.

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) and (b) about 5,000 Indian nationals were expelled from Uganda in 1972 as a result of President Idi Amin's decision to indigenise the economy. The Government of India at the highest level impressed on the Government of Uganda the need for dealing with this matter in a humane and equitable manner.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. President Amin 4. Special investigations are carried out has restorated his Covernment's commitment to pay compensation to the expelled Indian nationals and has told our High Commissioner that he would invite discussions between the two Governments on this matter

Minister of India

*439. SHRI VIJAY PAL SINGH Will the Minister of LXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

of Govern-(a) whether the attention ment has been drawn to the fact that the B.B.C. had broadcast an interview with the Prime Minister on January 28, 1975 in its mid-week programme;

(b) if so, whether the B.B.C. had omitted certain portions of this interview; and

(c) if so, what are the portions omitted and whether the omission was done in consultation with the Government of India ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAI DAS): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes. Sir

(c) The portions omitted may be seen in the Statement laid on the Table of the [Placed in Library. See No./LT-House (c) whether the Ugandan President and 9251/75j. It had been agreed that the the Indian High Commissioner had a talk B.B.C. might abbreviate the interview to

conform to the time slot available on the TV Programme.

माजिल्लाच द्वारा स्वाची छावनियों तथा हवाई बहिूवों का विर्माव ग्रीर काजिलका सेक्टर में पाकि-स्तानी जानुसी को गतिविधियां

*440 जी राज प्रकाश : क्या रक्षा मंत्री यह बंदाने की कुरा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार को पश्चिमी भोर्चे के पास पार्कस्तान ढारा स्थायी छावनियों झीर वायुसेना के प्रधोन के लिये हवाई पट्रियों के निर्माण की योखनाओं तथा काजिल्का सेक्टर में पाविस्तानी जायुसों के पुनः मंत्रिय होने की निश्चिन सूचना सिलो है।

(ख) यदि हो, तो तत्मम्बन्धी ध्यौरो क्य। है; और

(ग) इस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है? रका मंत्री (श्री स्वर्ण सिंह) : (क) से (ग) मर-कार को जानकारी है कि पाकिस्तान ने पश्चिमी मोमा के पाम सैनिक छारनियों घोर हवाई पटियां स्थापन की हैं। तथापि, पाकिस्तान द्वारा ऐसी अति-रिक्न मविधायों के निर्माण की किसी तावी योजना की सूचना नहीं है। पंजाब राज्य के फिरोजपुर जिले में 1-1-1973 मौर 15-3-1975 को ग्रबधि के दौरान 9 भारतीय नागरिकों व 4 पाकिस्तानी तागरिकों को पाकिस्तान की झोर से मंदिग्ध जाससी गतिविधियों के आरोप में गिरण-नार किया गया है। हमारी सीमाओं के पार से जासुसी को रोकने के लिए संबंधिन विभाग सभी मम्भव उपाय कर रहे हैं। हमारी सुरक्षा पर प्रभाव डालने वाली पाकिस्तान में हई सभी नवं-धित गतिविधियों की लगानार ममीक्षा की जाती 書工

Wearing of Crash Helmets by Sikhs in U.K.

*441. SARDAR SWARAN SINGH SOKHI : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether wearing of 'Crash Helmets' "Smoking is a Health Hazard" on each over Pugrees is forced upon Sikhs by the packet and state whether it is proposed to British Governments in U.K.; get such markings on bidi burdles also "

(b) whether Sikhs there have protested against this illegal Order to the British Government;

(c) whether the Indian High Commissioner in U.K. has approached the U.K. Government to consider this problem; and

(d) whether the Government of India propose to protest to the British Government over this matter because wearing of a Cap or Helmet is against the Sikh religion; and if so, when ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) Under the British Traffic Regulations which came into effect from 1st June, 1973 it is compulsory for any one riding a motor cycle to wear crash helmets,

(b) Sikhs have protested to the British Government that exemption has not been granted to them from these regulations.

(c) and (d): The matter had been taken up on several occasions with the British Government. While the British Government has sympathised with the objections of the Sikhs. it has stated that, in its view, the savings in death and serious injury which the law is expected to achieve outweighs the objections, and that the British Government does not feel justified in granting an exemption to any particular group. The Government of India is, however, aware of the strong feelings of the Sikhs and will continue to convey them to the British Government on all appropriate occasions.

Markings on Bidi Bundles, "Smoking is a Health Hazard"

*442. SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SHARMA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 1493 on the 27th February, 1975 regarding Cigarette Manufacturers to print "Smoking is a Health Hazard" on each packet and state whether it is proposed to get such markings on bidi bundles also?

37 Written Answers

FAMILY PLANNING): (DR. KARAN try during this year 1974-75; and SINGH): No. Sir.

हिंदरसान जिन्द्र जिनिटेड ने जस्ता इकट्ठा हो जाना

*443 भी लालजी भाई: क्या इल्पात झौर खाल मंत्री यह बताने की क्रमा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या हिन्दुस्तान जिंक लिमिटेड, उदयपुर में पिछले कुछ महीनों से 7 करोड इपए का जस्ता इकट्रा हो गया है:

(ख) जस्ता न बिकने के क्या कारण है; झौर . (ग) क्या इसी लिये व्यापारी इसे नहीं खारीद रहे हैं, क्योंकि इस्की कीमत घट रही है?

इल्पाल झीर खान मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (भी चन्द्रभीत यावन) : (क) जी, हां।

(भा) झौर (ग) : अस्ता धातु हिन्दुस्तान जिंक सिमिटेड द्वारा केवल सरकारी विभागों को तथा तकनीकी विमास महानिवेशालय जै मे प्रस्तावक अधिकरणों के साथ पंजीकृत अन्य बास्तविक उपभोक्तायों को बेचा जाता है, व्यापा-रियों को नहीं। देश में जम्ता धातु का, मब्यतया खनिज व धात व्यापार किंगम के पास तथा अंग्रतः जस्ता के दो देशी उत्पादकों के पान भारी स्टाक जमा है क्योंकि विभिन्न कारणों वश कुछ महीनों से उसकी कुल खरीद पर धमर पड़ा है। ऋणां पर पाबंदी के कारण वास्तविक उपभोक्ताओं ने अपनी मांग कम कर दी है। उपभोक्ता उद्योगों पर विजली--कटौतियों का प्रभाव पडा है। सरकारी विभागों तथा सरकारी क्षेत्र की कम्पनियों के पंजीगत व्यय में भी कमी हुई है। बास्तविक उप-भोकता संदन मेटल एक्सचेंज के घटे हुए मुल्यों के संदर्भ में मान्तरिक बिकी मुल्य में मौर कटीनी की भी भागा लगाए बैठे हैं।

Loss for Public Transport in Metropolitan Cities

4108. SHRI GAJADHAR MAJHI: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND **FRANSPORT** be pleased to state:

(g) whether Government have sanctioned iome loans for improving public trans-

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND port in the metropolitan cities in the coun-

(b) if so, the break-up of figures citywise ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI); (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) The information required is given below :----

	I. Name of State/City to.				,	o	mount f loan ctioned
				(F	ts.	in	crores)
1.	Tamil City)	Nadu	(for	Madr	a s		3.00
2.	Mahar City)	ashtra	(for	Bomb	ıy		7.00
3.	Delhi Corpo	(for D ration)		franspo	rt		7.92
4.	tion 4	Bengal Transp and Ca () .	port licutta	Corpor	a- *-		4.00
	मधाय	দী আগ	 नों क	. पता	स्य		

4109. भी मार्तण्ड सिंह : नया इत्याल म्रौर बान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(स) क्या सरकार ने प्रभ्रक की स्वानों का पता सगाने के लिए कोई मबँधव किया है:

(ख) यदि हां, तां राज्यवार, उमका विवरण क्या है: ग्रीर

(ग) पांचकी पंचवर्धीय योजना के दौरान इन ন্ধানা ক বিকাশ ক লিए ক্যা যাসনায় বলাই गई है?

इत्पात ग्रीर साम मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (भी सुखवेब प्रसाद) : (म) प्रौर (स) भारतीय भविज्ञान सर्वेक्षण संस्था द्वारा अश्वक के लिए सारे देख में मर्बेक्षण किए गए हैं झौर इन्हें अभी जारी रखा जा रहा है। इन मर्वेक्सकों के परिणामस्वरुप भारतीय भ-बिज्ञान सबँक्षण संस्था ने विभिन्न राज्यों में बालाजनक सभ्रकधारी पट्टियाँ का गता लयाया है। भारतीय अविज्ञान सर्वेक्षण संस्था

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Written Answers 42

ने स्थापक सर्वेक्षण क्रिप् वय् सक्षक उत्पादक सान सेल विहार के हवारीवास, गया, संवास---पराना घीर सूंगेर जिलो में; घाल्ध्र प्रदेश के नेस्लार, तवा विजाखायसनम जिलो से, राजस्थान के प्रवलेर, सोलवाड़ा, जयपुर, सीकर, टोक तथा उदयपुर जिनों से, तमिलनाडु के नोलगिरि जिसे मे तथा पश्चिम बंगाल के पुलिया जिले मे पाये गए है। भारतीय धू-विज्ञान सर्वेक्षण संस्था के 1974-75 के बालू जेलगन-मन्न मे राजस्थान के भीलवाडा जिन में समेकिन परीक्षण जाने रखे गए है ताकि सम्बद्ध खेवो मे प्रश्नककारी पैगमेटाइट्स का पता सगाने की पदान विकमिन की जा सके। इसके घनिरवन, विहार तथा घान्ध्र प्रदेश के सहन्द-पूर्ण पैगमेटाइट्स के विस्तन मानचित्रण का भी प्रस्नाव है।

(ग) अभ्रक मम्बन्धी कार्यकारी दल ने, विसेष-नया पाचवी नथा छठी थचवर्षीय योजना बावधियो में प्रभ्रक उद्याग के विकास के लिए कई स्कीमे नैयार की है। सरकारी क्षेत्र के प्रतिष्ठान के क्य में प्रभ्रक व्यापार निगम की स्थापना से वडी सीमा नक ग्रभ्रक उद्योग का मुनिग्विन दिसा में विकास सम्भव हो सकेगा।

डालाबाट में तांचे के जंडारों के उत्सानन एवं नोधन के लिये संयंस

4110- भी यंगा भएल दौलितः : इल्पात ग्रीर चाल मन्त्री यह बनाने की कुपा करेंगे कि मध्य प्रदेश के बालाभाट जिले में नांवे के जो बुहम भडार प्राप्त हुए हैं उनके उतलानन ग्रीर सोधन के लिये सयज स्थापित करने की दिला से कितनी प्रर्गात हई है?

इस्वास झौर खान मंत्रालय में उप नेंडो (को मुख्खेब प्रसाव) जिला बालापाट (मध्य प्रदेव) के मालखट नावा धडारो पर प्राधारित खनन धौर नाद्रक उद्योग समुद्र के लिग व्यापाक परियोजना रिपोर्ट तैयार करने का काम एक सोवियस एवेसी को मौपा गया था। खनन के बारे में व्यापक परियोजना रिपोर्ट प्राप्त हो गई है धौर उसकी बांच की या रही है। साह्रक के लिए व्यापक परिवोजना रिपोर्ट के लिनम्बर, 1975 नक प्राप्त हो जाने की याता है।

Working of copper mines

4111. SHRI S. N. SINGH DEO: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the copper mines in the country are working properly;

(b) the amount of copper refined in the concentrates; and

(c) how much copper will be exported from the Khetri Project which was started recently?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEFL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Presumably the reference is to the production of refined copper. During 1973-74, the total production of Blister copper in the country was 12,899 tonnes. During 1974-75, the production is expected to increase to about 14,500 tonnes

(c) The demand for copper metal in the country far exceeds the indigenous production. Hence the question of export of copper to be produced at Khetri Copper Project does not arise.

Demands of D.T.C. Employees

4112. SHRI CHANDR & SHEKHAR SINGH. Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the employees of the Delhi Transport Corporation have been demanding the introduction of (i) two conductors on double-door buses. (ii) a bipartite committee to look into all cases of removal/ dismissal of workers, (iii) a selection grade for DTC conductore as per recommendations of Third Pay Commission and (iv) an incentive scheme or cash handling allowance of 5 paise per km. in the city services and 2 paise per km. in the Inter-State Services;

1 xchanges

as on 30-6-1974

(b) if so, the reasons for ignoring these specific demands of DTC workers uptill now; and

(c) what steps are being taken by the DTC management to implement these specific demands ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS PORT (SHRI H M TRIVEDI) . (a) to (c) No demand has been received from the employees of the Corporation pertaining to (11) and (111) The demand foi posting of two conductors on buses with two doors, was discussed by the management of the Corporation with the workers and examined there ifter I he management, however, found that there was no sustification for the demand keeping in view the present work load on a conductor. system of advance booking of tickets at a number of originating points ind the powers delegated to the checking staff to levy penalty on ticketless passengers

I he demand for payment of an allowance to conductors for handling cash was also not found to be justified. However, a proposal for introducing an incentive scheme, having a direct bearing on the output of conductors is being examined by the Corporation.

Educated Unemployed Women

4113 SHRI SHYAM SUNDER MOHA PATRA Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state the number of educated unemployed women in the country, State wise?

THE DIPUTY MINISTIR IN THE MINISTRY OF IABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA) The available information relates to the number of educated women job-seekers on the live Register of Employment Exchanges which is given in the statement attached

	(Fisu	res in the usands)
State/Union 1	Ferno ry	No of oducated* women job-seckers on the Live Register of Employment

STATE

1	Andhra Pradish	24 2
2	Assam	50
3	Bihar	84
4	Gujarat	22 9
5	Haryana	13 3
6	Himachal Pradesh	36
7	'ammu & Kashmir	12
8	Karnataka	29 2
9	Kerala	116 7
10	Madhya Pradch	15-4
11	Maharashtra	54 9
12	Manıpur	18
13	Meghalaya	1.5
14	Nagaland**	
15	Orissa	34
16	Punjab	20 6
17	Rajasthan	89
18	Tamilnadu	72 0
19	Tripura	6
20	Uttar Pradesh	19 2
21	West Bengal	89 7
UN	ION TERRITORIES	
1	Andaman & Nuobar Is-	

2 Arunachal Pradesh** 3 Chandigarh 3 6

lands**

Statessent

4	Dadra & Nag	1 ."	Haveli	## .	
5	Delhi .	•	,		30.8
6.	Goa, Daman	Ł	Diu		3.1
7.	Lakshadweep				0.1
8.	Mizoram	•	•		••
9.	Pondicherry				0.8
ALI	l India Total				560.0

*Matriculates and above.

- Norts.--- 1. All the job-scekets on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges are not necessarily unemployed.
 - **2. No Employment Exchange is functioning in these State/ Union Territories.
 - I xcludes figures in respect of University Employment Information and Guidance Bureaux except for two in Delhi.
 - 4. Information in respect of educated job-seekers (men and women) on the Live Register is heing collected at half-yearly intervals ending june and December each year. Data for December 1974 are not yet available.

Climate allowance for Dandakaranya Employees in Bastar District

4114. SHRI J.AGDISH BHATTA-CHARYYA: Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state whether sanctioning of bad climate allowance for the employees of Dandakaranya Project in entire Bastar District (Madhya Pradesh) is under consideration of Government?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE AND MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABIstate: LITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWAMY): \ representation was received in this behalf and has been referred to the Dandakaranya Development Authority for 14th examination.

Categorization of work-charged staff of Dandakaranya Project

4115. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the entire work-charged staff of Dandakaranya Project was categorised by Dandakaranya Development Authority as 'Non-Industrial';

(b) if not, the reasons as to why they have not been categorised during the last 14 years; and

(c) when this is going to be done and what steps Government have taken to extend benefits flowing from categorisation to such employees as have already retired or/and died ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABI-I ITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWAMY): (a) to (c) While the question of categorisation of the work-charged staff of the Dandakaranya Project into 'Industrial' and 'Non-Industrial' was under consideration of the Government, the question whether the activities of the Project attracted the character of industry as defined in section 2(1) of the Industrial Disputes Act became the subject matter of a writ petition in the High Court of Orissa. In their judgement, the Court directed that the Union Government should have the matter appropriately examined by a competent forum. The matter is now being processed further.

Pay scale of ploughmen in Dandakaranja Project

4116. SHRIMATI BIBHA GHOSH GO-SWAMI: Will the Minister of SUPPLY THE AND REHABILITATION be pleased to IABI. state:

> (a) whether five Ploughmen were appointed on regular basis by formal appointment order No. 8(6)/62-ME (4)/757 dated the 14th June, 1962 of Farm Superintendent, Dandakaranya : and

Written Auswers 48

taken to give them the scale of pay as It is only after the Detailed Project Reports similar employees have been given long are received and scrutinised that site work hack ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABI-LITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWAMY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Dandakaranya Development Authority have been asked for a report in the matter :

Allocation for Vijayanagar and Visakhapatnam Steel Plants

4117. SHRI M. M JOSEPH . SHRI VARKEY GFORGF

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether only a nominal allocation of Rs. 2.15 crores had been made for both the Vijavanagar Steel Plant in Karnataka and Visakhapatnam steel plant in Andhra Pradesh:

(b) whether the steel plant at Visakhapatnam has been shelved which is essimated to cost Rs. 1,200 crores at current prices;

(c) whether Union Government propose to resume the work on the three new steel plants of South in the near future ; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor "

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) to (d) The total budget provision proposed for the Vijayanagar and Visakhapatnam Steel Projects for 1975-76; 18 Rs. 2 15 crores.

Both these projects are still in the preliminary stages and the main programme of work in 1975-76 will be further land acquisition, and preparation of the Detailed Project Reports which are expected to be commissioned shortly. The allocation proposed is for covering the above mentioned Minister of LABOUR be programme.

For the preparation of the Detailed Pioject Reports for these projects, the Consult- labourers

(b) if so, what steps Government have ing Engineers would need about 21 months. can be taken up.

> The capital cost estimated in 1972-73 in respect of each of these projects was about Rs. 854 crores: More realistic cost estimates will be available only when the D. P. Rs. are received.

> The Visakhapatnam Steel Project has not been shelved.

Owing to the acute constraint on resources, it has not been possible to provide for higher allocation of funds in 1975-76. It is, however, proposed to review the position from time to time in the light of the available resources and explore possibilithes for expediting work on the three Southern Steel Plants.

Unearthing a racket of recruiting young men to army at Meerut

4118 SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU; Will the Minister of DFFFNCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether a recket of recruiting young men to the army in Meerut has recently been unearthed in Meerut, Uttai Pradesh; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof and the action taken thereon "

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SWARAN SINGH : (a) and (b) During recruitment at the Branch Recruiting Office. Meerut, it was discovered that some candidates were in possession of false educational certificates. The matter was, therefore, reported to the Police and is under investigation; one person has been arrested in this connection.

Daily wages in tex plantations

4119 SHRI ROBIN KAKOTI : Will the pleased to state :

(a) the rate of daily wages of the engaged in plantation-tes.

rubber, caffee and also in public sector THE DE coal and other public industries and jute MINISTRY and textile industries in India; REHABILIT

(b) the money value of the concession in Department of Rehabilitation is having foodgrains and other amenities enjoyed by schemes of rehabilitation/resettlement in each of the above categories of labourers; Little Andaman, Great Nicobar and and Katchal. The position about implementa-

(c) the minimum wages fixed for the above categories of labourers engaged in plantation and public and private industries?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA): (a) and (c) A statement giving the rates of daily wages of plantation and coal workers is laid on the Table of the House. (Placed in Library. Sce No. LT-9252/75]. Information on # minimum wage rates in certain industries was given in statement placed on the Table of the House in reply to Unstarred Ouestion No. 1430 answered on 27-2-1975 Information regarding Minimum Wages fixed/revised under the Minimum Wages Act has been published in the Indian Labour Statistics, 1974 copies of which have been sent to Parliament Library.

(b) A statement giving the available information is laid on the Table of the House. {Placed in Library: See No. LT---9252 (75).

Rehabilitation schemes in Andaman and Nicobar Islands

4120. PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE:

SHRI DHAMANKAR :

Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND RI HABILITATION be pleased to state :

(a) what are the schemes for the rehabilitation of persons coming from diffetent States and settling in Andaman and Nicobar Islands; and

(b) how far have these schemes been implemented?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION (SHRI G. VENKAT-SWAMY): (a) and (b) At present the Department of Rehabilitation is having schemes of rehabilitation/resettlement in Little Andaman, Great Nicobar and Katchal. The position about implementation of these schemes is as under:--

- (i) Little Andaman.—249 families of new migrants have been rehabilitated and 89 migrant families and 15 families of Sri Lanka repatriates are in the process of rehabilitation.
- (ii) Great Nicobar.—100 families of ex-servicemen have been resettled and 138 are in the process of resettlement.
- (iii) Katchal.—15 families of repatriates from Sri Lanka have been rehabilitated.

The pact of rehabilitation/resettlement in Andaman and Nicobar Islands is dependent on many important factors which have to be taken into consideration.

Allocation of iron and steel to Karaataka

4121. SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) the quantity with value of iron and steel allocated from Central sources to Karnataka during 1973-74 as compared to 1972-73;

(b) the quantity with value of iron and steel proposed to be allocated to Karnataka during the current year; and

(c) to what extent it will ensure easy supply of iron and steel to common consumers in Karnataka?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES

(SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) and (b) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

(c) The supply position of steel has improved considerably in the last one year. Production from integrated steel plants is higher in the ten months, April, 1974 to January. 1975 by 3.569 lakh tonnes as compared to the same period in the previous year, representing an increase of 10 per cent. With special efforts to activise inventories, supply of steel to the economy from the main steel plants in the above 10 month-period is higher bv 6.34,000 which represents an increase of 18 per cent, as compared to the 10 monthperiod of the previous year. There is also adequate availability of pig iron at present. In this context, it is expected that consumers of uon and steel in Karnataka. as in other parts of the country, would be able to obtain their requirements of most categories of iron and steel materials

Overpayment made by Punjab Government to Centre

4122. SHRI B. S. BHAURA: Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND RFHABILI-TATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Punjab Government has made an over-payment of more than Rs. 3 crores to the Centre for the surplus evacuee land allotted to it in 1961; and

(b) if so, whether this over-payment given in the rehabilitation would be adjusted with Punjab Government ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE OF MINISTRY SUPPLY AND **REHABILITATION (SHRI G. VENKAT-**SWAMY): (a) and (b) The amounts paid by the Punjab Government for the surplus evacuee lands, etc., and the overpayment, if any, require to be ascertained. Necessary adjustments would be carried out is soon as the amounts due/paid in this res- FAMILY PLANNING be pleased pect are reconciled.

Scale of amintance to migrants for resettlement in agriculture

4123. SHRI NATHU RAM AHIK-WAR:

SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH , CHAU-DHARY:

Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND **REHABILITATION** be pleased to state:

(a) the scale of assistance being given to migrants for resettlement in agriculture and small trades.

(b) whether the scales for assistance have been prescribed long ago and have now become out dated due to rise in cost ; and

(c) whether there is any proposal under consideration for revision of the scale, if so, when is the suggested revision likely to materialise ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI G VENKAT-SWAMY); (a) The details of assistance being given to migrants from toimer Fast Pakistan for resettlement in Agricultute and small trade are available in Appendices IV, V. VII and VIII of the Annual Report of the Ministry of Supply and Rehabilitation (Department of Rehabili tation) for the year 1973-74.

(b) Yes, Sir

(c) The rates of maintenance assistance phase have since been increased. The rehabilitation schemes that are being sanctioned also provide appropriate rates higher than the existing cellings as required.

Distribution of vital drugs through Post Offices

4124. SHRI C. JANARDHANAN : SHRI M. KATHAMUTHU:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND 10 state :

(a) whether Government have decided to distribute vital drugs through Post Offices; and

(b) if so, which are the drugs proposed to be included under this scheme and other man features thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRLA, K. M. ISHAQUE) (a) and (b) The Committee on Drugs and Pharmaceutical Industry (known as Hathi Committee) set up by the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals, have in their report on measures for providing essential drugs and common household remedies to the general public, especially in rural areas inter alia suggested that assistance in this regard should be sought from the postal department. Indian Oil Company depots ctc The drugs proposed to be distributed by the Postal Departments would be household temedies and commonly used medicines which do not require the prescription of a Registered Medical Practitioner. This report is under examination.

Aluminium Prices

4126 SHRI ANADI CHARAN DAS: SHRI P. GANGADEB:

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have taken any decision to raise aluminium prices; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STFEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government of India by Notification No. S.() 133(E) dated the 11th March 1975 issued under the Aluminium (Control) Order, 1970, have increased the ex-factory controlled price of aluminium and its products (except aluminium extrusions and foils), by Rs. 404 per tonne (excluding excise dut) with immediate effect.

(a) whether Government have decided to Call on Armed Forces to disobey orders

4127. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have noticed the statements of some important persons calling upon the Armed Forces to disobey the orders of Government; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof and Government's reaction thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SWARAN SINGH) : (a) and (b) Such statements are regrettable. However, such statements are not likely to have any effect on the sense of duty of the Armed Forces personnel.

विदेशों में स्थित भारतीय इतावालों के कर्मचारिकों हारा भारतीय जीवन-पहति का प्रपनाया जाना

4128. भो विभूति विभाः स्था विवेश मन्नी यह बनाने की इत्या करेंगे कि

(क) क्या भारत सरकार विदेशों में स्थित प्रपते राजदूतों को पाश्चात्य जीवन पद्धति भ्रपतांते के लिए भ्राल्माहित करती हैं ग्रीर

(ख) उन्हें भारतीय जीवन-पढनि झौर भारतीय भाजन घपनाने को प्रेरिन करने के लिए क्या कदम उठाने ना विचार है ?

बिरेश मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (भी विषिन पास बाल) (क) जी नहीं।

(ख) इस बारे में हमारे विदेज सेवा घछि-कारियों को झल्देश हैं जिन्हें यथावस्यकना दुहरा दिया जाना है।

वयनपुर डिस्डीलरी उदयपुर हारा विलडिरी केन्द्रोम को खराब किल्म की शराब की सण्लाई

4129. भी लालनी भाई नय। रका वक्री यह बताने की इत्या करेंगे कि .

(क) क्या उदबपुर डिस्टीलरों, उदयपुर (राज-म्यान) विलीटरो केन्टीन को खराब किस्म की बराब की सप्साई कर रही है,

(ब) पदि हा, तो मरकार ने उसकी विकटा क्या कार्यवाही की है, और

(ग) मिलीटरी केन्टीन ने बर्च 1974 के दौरान इन कम्पनी से कितने मुल्ब की झराब खरीदी ŧ?

रका मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (भी बे० बी० पटनायक) . (क) से (ग) केम्टीन स्टोर डिपार्ट-मेट (इडिया) ने कोई गराब नही खरीदी है, परन्तु सोनफिल रम की 18,900 दर्जन बोललें ग्रीर पाच वर्ष पूरानी तैयार रम की 40,950 दर्जन बोतले उदयपुर डिस्टीलरी, मे लगभग 25 7 लाख रुपए के मल्म पर, पान व्यक्तियो को बेचने के लिए, खरीदी थी। इस सप्लाई के बारे में कोई जिकायन प्राप्त नहीं हई है।

Fire in Rourkeia Steel Plant

4130. SHRI P. GANGADEB : SHRI D. D. DESAI : SHRI RAGHUNANDAN LAL BHATIA :

SHRI SHRIKISHAN MODI :

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether huge stocks of naphthalene worth several crores of rupees were lost when a fire broke out in the Rourkela pose to take to make the Conference in Steel Plant in December, 1974,

(b) if so, whether there have been ten instances of fire in the past one year;

(c) if so, the facts thereof;

(d) whether any enquiry has been ordered into this mishap; and

(e) if so, the outcome of the enquiry?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASED : (a) and (c) A fire broke out around 4.05 PM. on December 2, 1974 in the area between the Dephenolised Oil Tank and Redistilled Oil tently been emphasising the need for pre-Tank in the yard adjacent to the Naphtha- serving and consolidating the unity of the lene Plan of the Rourkela State plant. The non-aligned countries as a sine-qua-non of fire was brought under control by 6.15 their success and effectiveness.

P.M. and was completely extinguished by 6.30 P.M. Before it was put out, the fire had extended into the building where naphthalene bags were kept, some ot which caught fire. As a result of the fire, the conveyor for napthalene, the chutes and pipe lines from the presses to the bottom floor and a few motors, cables and accessories, were damaged. The total value of the damage was about Rs. 2.5 lakbs.

(b) No. Sir :

(d) and (e) An Enquiry Committee of the Plant went into the causes of the fire. It has opined that the fire was due to an accident and that no particular individual or agency could be held responsible for it.

Next conference of pon-alligned Nations

4131 SHRI BANAMALI BABU . Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is proposed to hold the next Non-Aligned Nations' Conference in Colombo during September this year; and

(b) if so, what steps Government prosuccess ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) The next Summit Conference of Non-Aligned countries is scheduled to be held in Colombo around September, 1976.

(b) As a member of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned countries. Government of India are in close and continuing touch with the preparatory work for the next Summit. They have consis-

The Government of India are also in touch with the Government of Sri Lanka in the matter.

Dismissal of Employees by Brazilian Embasy in India

4132. SHRI N. SREEKANTAN NAIR : MINES be pleased to state: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to state :

Brazilian Embassy have been arbitrarily delaying the implementation of Vishakhaand summarily dismissed;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) the action taken by Government to edress the employees ?

MINISTER IN THE THE DEPUTY FXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI OF BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) to (c) The services of 13 local Indian employees working with Brazil Embassy were terminated recently The Ministry of External Affair used its good offices for a settlement of the dispute and, as a result, these persons are being paid reasonable compensation by the Brazilian Embassy.

INTUC on unemployment

4133. SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN:

SHRI GAJADHAR MAJHI:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state.

(a) whether the Indian National Trade Union Congress (INTUC) has suggested on unemployment-utilisation of existing installed capacity in all public and private sector units, seven day week and avoidance of over-time work to create more job up portunities; and

thereon?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI GOVIND VERMA): (a) Yes, Sir.

been noted by Government.

External Assistance for Vishakhapatnam

4134. SHRI M. KATHAMUTHU:

SHRI S. A. MURUGANAN-THAM:

Will the Minister of STEEL AND

(a) whether there is a proposal under consideration to seek external assistance to (a) whether 13 employees attached to get over the financial constraints which are patnam Steel Plant; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE grievances of the dismissed MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) No such proposal is under consideration.

(b) Does not arise

বিল্লা দ ভাৱা মথনিমান ট নামল

4135. भी संकर बबाल सिंहः क्या स्वास्थ्य ग्रीर परिवार नियोजन मती यह बनाने की कपा करेंगे कि

(क) गम छ महीनों में दिल्ली में चाच आप-मिथण के विनने मामने सरकार की जानकारी मे लाये गये थे. ग्रीर

(ख) इम सबध में क्या कार्यवाही की गई।

स्वाल्य्य ग्रीर परिवार वियोजन उप-मंत्री (थी ए॰ के॰ एम॰ इसहाक) (क) सितम्बर, 1974 से फरदरी, 1975 नक खाख प्रपमिश्रण के 88 मानलं पकडे गये।

(ख) प्रपराधियां के विरुद्ध न्यायामयों में मकदमे दायर कर दिये गये हैं।

Inadequate berthing facilities at Bombay Port

4136. SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO: (b) if so, the reaction of Government Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state.

> (a) whether the berthing facilities for BAL- the ships are inadequate in Bombay port;

(b) whether the development of the (b) The suggestions of the INTUC have Bombay port has not matched with the increase in marine traffic; and

to take to provide sufficient berthing fact- far and which are proposed to be dredged? litics there?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI): (a) Berthing facilities are available m Bombay Dock for vessels up to 22 thousand tom dead weight, 95 feet in width and 34 feet in draught. For oil tankers, limitations are 53 thousand DWT and 36 feet draught.

(b) Bombay Dock were constructed during 1880 to 1914. Since then two ma-101 projects have been completed, viz (1) KAPPAN: Will the Minister of SHIPPING 3 oil jetties at Butcher Island, two of which AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state: can take tankers up to 53 thousand tous dead weight, and (2) 4 inside and 3 outside berths for dry cargo and a modern passenger terminal under Dock Expansion Scheme. These projects have provided facilitics for longer and deeper vessels Width lumitations of India Dock Lock Gate and Prince's and Victoria Docks' Entrance Gates and shortage of back-up space in and around whati shed are premeduable constraints.

(c) Bombay Port Trust have proposed a fourth oil berth capable to take tankers and 42 feet upto 80 thousand DWT draught and a Satellite Port at Nhava- MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-Shova to take bulk carriers and container PORT (SHRI vessels between 65 and 80 thousand DWT (a) and (b) Constitutionally drawing upto 42 feet draught with matching handling facilities on shore Both repairs of National Highways is the resthese proposals have been cleared in prin- ponsibility of the Central Government. The ciple. Further necessary action in matter is being taken.

Dredgers lent to Maharashtra

4137. SHRI SHANKER RAO SAVART : Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state,

(a) whether Government of India had lent any dredgers to Government of Maharashira during the last three years,

(b) if so, how many since when, at what rental and on what conditions: and

(c) what measures Government propose (c) which parts have been dredged so

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TIVRVEDI) :

(a) No. Sir.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Assistance to Kerala for up-keep of N.H. and construction of bridges

4138. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THAN-

(a) whether Government of Kerala have approached the Central Government for assistance to meet the requirement of that State for the maintenance of National Highways and construction and upkcep of bridge during 1975-76; and

(b) if so whether the assistance has been given by Government and if so, an account thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE H. M. TRIVEDI) : the construction, development, maintenance and the entire expenditure involved on this account is, therefore, met by the Government of India and the question of giving tinancial assistance as such does not arise. Proposals for allocation of funds for construction, development Maintenance and repairs of National Highways including bridges thereon during 1975-76 have been received from al. States including Kerala, Allotment of funds, keeping in view the resources, requirements of various States and admissibility of those requirements can, however, be considered only after the budget has been voted by Parliament.

Visit of Chief of Royal Air Force of Great Britain to India

4139. SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

(a) the purpose of the visit of Chief of been examined and to the extent feasible the Royal Air Force Great Britain in India incorporated in the draft Bill for amendthis year; ment of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act.

(b) whether there was any discussion between the Air Chief of India and Great Britain about modern technical method of aircraft maintenance and manufacture; and

(c) whether he was taken to Hindustan Aeronautics Factory?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHR1 SWARAN SINGH) : (a) It was a goodwill visit.

- (b) No. Sir.
- (c) No, Sir.

Implementation of Nathwani sub-committee on standard and quality control of drugs

4140. SHRI JHARKHANDE RAI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 45 on the 14th November, 1974 and state:

(a) whether Central Government have accepted the recommendation of Nathwani Sub-Committee on standard and quality control of drugs;

(b) if so, the facts thereof;

(c) whether the suggestions of the subcommittee to the amendments of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act have been accepted;

(d) if so, the outline thereof; and

(c) when this amendment is likely to come?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAQUE): (a) and (b) There is no change from the position stated in reply to parts (a) 10 LS\$/75--3

and (b) of the Starred Question No. 45 answered in the Lok Sabha on the 14th November, 1974.

(c) to (e). The suggestions of the Nathwani Sub-Committee in regard to amendment of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act have been examined and to the extent feasible incorporated in the draft Bill for amendment of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act. The draft Bill is under consideration and shall be introduced in the Parliament as soon as possible.

Modernisation of Kakinada Port

4141. SHRI Y. ESWARA REDDY : Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government has a proposal under consideration to modernise the Kakinada Port; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE. IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI): (a) and (b). Government of Andhia Pradesh have under their consideration a scheme for the development of Kakinada Port during the Fifth Plan period which *inter alia*, includes the stabilisation of sand spit by dredging a sand trap, provision of breakwater and berths for barges to handle the feed stock for fertilizer factory and provision of other shore facilities such as wharves, jettes, transit sheds, communications etc. to cater to the anticipated additional traffic.

Diplomatic Posts lying vacant in Indian Missions abroad

4142. DR. H. P. SHARMA : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) the particulars of the diplomatic posts in Indian Missions abroad, including those of Heads of the Missions, which have been lying vacant for the past over one year, six months and three months, separately;

(b) the reasons for the vacancies; and

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Missions manned by persons drawn from as an economy measure. For other posts, and other All-India Services and the per- selected or have since been selected. . centage of these posts manned by persons drawn from politics?

(c) the number of posts of Heads of (b) Some posts have been kept unfilled the politics and social services; Foreign suitable persons are in the process of being

(c) Of a total of 81 Heads of Missions, 60 are being manned by officers borne on the IFS cadre and 21 posts by persons THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE drawn from the political, social and educa-MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS tional life including retired officers on re-(SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) (a) The infor- employment The non-cadre appointments mation is given in the statement attached at present work out to 26 per cent

STATEMENT

Particulars of diplomatic posts, including those of Heads of Missions but excluding those under the budgetary/administrative control of other Ministries, lying vacant in Indi a r N 40 abroad

	one year	six months	three months
1 2	3		
1 Ambassador of India, Santiago	-		- 1
2 Ambassador of India Sanaa		1	1
3 Second Secretaries		4	1
4. Press Attaches		2	
5. Third Secretaries	2	1	•
6 Interpreter (Sr Scale)		·	
	-		
वास इंडिया कुन्टोनमेंट सिटोजन्स एसोमिएशन का सम्मेलन	(ग) यदि हां, तो उ मौर	नकी मुख्य का	ले का हैं ,
4143 भी रामावातार प्राप्तवी क्या प्रभार प्रमी			

4143 भारामाबातार शास्त्री वया रक्षा मली यह बताने की कुपा करेंग कि

(क) क्या 21 झौर 22 फरवरी को दिल्ली मे श्रास इन्हिया कैन्दोनमेन्ट सिटीजन एसोमिएसन के तत्वाचान में कोई सम्मेलन आयोजित किया गया MT .

(ब) यदि हा, तो क्या सम्मेलन मे कुछ भी पारित हए थे,

(घ) उनवें बारे में सरकार की क्या प्रसि-किया है ?

रका मतालय मे उप मंत्री (भी जे० बी० पटनायक) (क) जी हा, श्रीमन्।

(च) से (च) सम्मेलन में यदि कोई प्रस्ताव पारित किए गए हैं तो वे मरकार को झमी तक प्राप्त नही हए हैं।

Iron Ore Board

4144 SHRT RAM GOPAL M. **REDDY:**

SHRI PRABODH CHANDRA :

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is a proposal to put the Iron Ore Board on a statutory footing: and

(b) if so, the advantages therefrom 7

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI CHANDRAJIT YADAV) : (a) and (b) The pros and cons of couverting the Iron Ore Board into a statutory organization are being examined. No decision has as yet been taken.

Rotation of officers of Defence Inspection Organisation

4145. SHRI S. M. BANERJEE . Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether a decision was taken by the Defence Ministry that officers in Defence Inspection Organisation would be Ambassador to India was delayed; rotated after certain period; and

(b) if so, when the decision was taken therefor; and and what procedure was laid down for such rotations 7

THE MINISTER OF STATE (DE-**LENCE PRODUCTION) IN THE MINI-**STRY OF DEFFNCE (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A decision was taken in October 1971 to rotate officers of the General Stores Division of the Defence Inspection Urganisation. Subsequently this decision was extended to other division of the Defence Inspection Organisation connected with the Inspection of Stores supplied by the trade. The tenures vary from 3 to 6 years depending upon the functions of the establishments in which they are employed. Officers whose superannuation is due within a year, are, however, exempted.

New legislation for replacement of **Cantonnient Board Act**

4146. SHRI K. M. MADHUKAR : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether he has given an assurance to bring a new legislation to replace the Cantonment Board Act; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI J. B. PATNAIK] : (a) and (b) It is not correct to say that an assurance has been given to bring a 'new' legislation to 'replace' the existing Cantonments Act, 1924. The correct position is indicated in the Statement laid on the Table of the House is reply to Unstarred Question No. 2584 answered on 28-11-1974.

Delay in arrival of new U.S. Ambasindor to India

4147 SHRI ISHAOUE SAMBHALI : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the arrival of the new U.S.

(b) if so, the facts and the reasons

(c) whether this delay in the arrival has any link with the announcement of U.S. Government to lift the arms embargo to Pakistan ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The U.S. Ambassador designate was expected to arrive in New Delhi on 22nd February, 1975. The Charged' Affaires of the Embassy, however, informed us on 21st February that the Ambassador (designate) would be delayed by a week or so. No reason was given for the delay.

The Ambassador finally arrived on 2nd March, 1975.

Selection of site for the institute of Homosopathy in Calcutin

4148 SHRI KUMAR MAJHI : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether a piece of land at salt lake in Calcutta was selected for the proposed research centre for the proposed Institute of Homocopathy, and

(b) if so, what progress has been made in this regard ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE PORT be please MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI AKM ISHAQUE). (a) whether (a) and (b) The possibilities of taking over a piece of land at salt lake in Calcutta for setting up a research centre for the proposed Institute of Homoeopathy from the Government of West Bengal are being explored

नसौँ को समस्याए

4149 भी मूल पन्द डागा क्या स्वास्म्य भौर परिवार नियोजन मन्नी यह बताने की रूपा करेंगे कि

(क) सरकार का ध्यान 9 फरवरी, 1975 के 'हिन्दुस्तान टाइस्स' के रविवारीय सम्करण मे 'बेमन ऐज नसिज' झोर्षक से प्रकाशित लेख की झोर दिलाया गया है,

(ख) यदि हां तो उस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है, झौर

(ग) क्या नसों की महत्वपूर्ण सनस्याए झभी भी बनी हुई हैं भीर यदि हा, तो उनकी रूप-रेखा क्या है भीर उनको हल करन के सिए सरकार का क्या कार्यवाही करने का विचार है भीर इस बारे में भाव तक क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ?

स्वासम्प और परिवार नियोजन मंत्रासय मे उप मंत्री (भी ए० के० एम० इसहाक) (क) सरकार ने 9 फरवरी, 1975 के हिन्दुस्तान टाइम्स के रविवारीय सरकरण मे प्रकाशित "विमेन ऐय नर्सेज' लेख देवा है। (ख) कुल विषयकर इस लेख में नरिंग व्यवसाय को प्रच्छा बतलाया गया है।

(ग) इस समय नसी की कोई महत्त्वपूर्ण समस्पाए नही है। फिर की यह देखते हुए कि इस प्रयोजन के लिये कितना धन उपलब्ध है मरकार विवाहित नर्सी की रहने की समस्या को हल करने की कोशिज कर रही है।

Increase in Coastal Shipping Rates

4150. SHRI K MALLANNA : Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have evolved any formula for increasing coastal shipping rates, and

(b) if so the outlines thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI HM TRIVEDI) (a) and (b) In order to improve coasial shipping operations on the basis of viable and economic operation of vessels, Government are scized of the whole matter with a view to evolving a rational framework of arrangements providing for, inter alia, economic freight rates and adequacy of operating tonnage to meet our needs.

Action against M/s. Jalpur Udyog Ltd. Cement factory for non-deposit of E.P.F.

4151 SHRI SARJOO PANDEY : SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN :

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to refer to the replies given to Unstarred Question No. 3896 on the 29th August, 1974 and Unstarred Question No. 9733 on the 9th May, 1974 and state :

(a) whether M/a. Jaipur Udyog Limited cement factory owned by Aloke Udyog group has cleared off its provident fund dues;

(b) if not. the facts thereof;

(d) what are the additional steps taken against this firm ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-Authorities have reported as under ; ---

paying Provident Fund contributions regularly with effect from August, 1974. In regard to arrears of Provident Fund from February, 1974 to July, 1974 amounting sion thereon" to R. 6.91 lakhs, the establishment has been granted the facility to pay the said amount in six instalments, the first instalment of Rupees one lakh having been MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND RFHApaid on 20-12-1974.

Promotion of Civilian store-keepers in Air Force

4152. SHRI HARI SINGH : Will the Minister of DEFFNCE be pleased to state :

Force of civilian store-keepers in all grades pattern of allotment of holdings 18 as is effected on the basis of authorised follows : establishment as per Government orders vide Air HQ/20613/191/O&E/2913/D (Air III)/116, dated the 3rd April, 1968; and

(b) if so, what is the authorised establishment of civilian staff in the IAF ?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SWARAN SINGH) : (a) Yes, Sur.

(b) The authorised establishment of Civilian Store-keepers in the IAF is 1445.

Resettlement of Migrants in Shahpur Area of Betal District

DHARY : Will the Minister of SUPPLY ration in consultation with the concerned AND REHABILITATION be pleased to Ministries. The holdings will have to be state :

(a) whether some new/old migrants land in Shahpur area of Betul District;

(b) if so, whether they are to he provided with irrigated lands, five acres per family;

(c) whether Government have prepared GOVIND VERMA) : The Provident Fund any scheme to provide irrigation facilities; if so, the facts thereof ;

(d) whether Madhya Pradesh Govern-(a) to (d) The establishment has been ment suggested taking up of Bishua 1 atia Project for the above purpose; and

(e) if so, Central Government's deci-

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE BILITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWA-MY) : (a) New migrants from former Fast Pokistan are being permanently resettled on land in Shabpur area of the **Betul District.**

(b) The migrants have been allotted land at the rate of 5 acres per family (a) whether the promotion in the Air under rainfed conditions. The general

- 3 acres irrigated land or
- 4 acres of land with protective irrigation or
- 5 acres of dry land under rainfed conditions.

(c) to (e) Yes, Sir Two lift irrigation schemes and one tank irrigation scheme have already been sanctioned. A few more irrigation schemes including 4153. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAU- Bichua Latia Project are under considereallotted on provision of irrigation.

[MAKCH 20, 1975]

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Warning on whee bottles

4154. SHRI R. N. BARMAN : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY deployment facilities through the Central PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to consider "warning on liquor (wine) bottles injurious to health" on the pattern of recent decision of warning on cigarette packets; and

(b) if so, what time it will be started ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A.K.M. ISHAOUE): (a) No such proposal is under consideration at present.

(b) Does not arise.

Transfer of Dandakaranya Institutes to State Governments of Madhya Pradesh meantime ? and Orlina

4155. SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL: Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state .

(a) whether various institutes of Dandakaranya Project are being transferred to State Governments of Madhya Pradesh and Orissa as part of gradual winding-up or gradual completion process of the Project itself:

(b) if so, whether employees of such institutes being transferred are given the benefit of the option of re-employment in other Central Government Departments Implementation of recommendations of through Central (Surplus) Cell of Department of Personnel under normal rules: and

(c) if not, what steps are being taken to rectify it ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABI-LITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWAMY): (a) As a step towards normalisation, some institutes are being transferred to the respective State Governments. Such transfers cannot be termed as a part of winding-up process.

(b) and (c) In view of the position explained in reply to part (a), the staff of these institutes are not eligible for Te-(Surplus Staff) Cell of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms.

Construction of Port at Nhava Sheva

4156. SHRI MOHINDER SINGH GILL: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the construction of Nhava Sheva Port Project across Bombay harbour has been finally approved; and

(b) if so, the cost involved and the time by which it is likely to be taken in hand to avoid delay in launching of the project so that construction costs do not rise in the

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI H. M TRIVEDI) : (a) Taking up of the construction of a Satellite port at Nhava-Sheva has been agreed to in principle by the Planning Commission.

(b) The question of sanction of cost estimate and of taking up of the execution of work and time-limit thereof will depend on the detailed project report that will have to be prepared.

the Indian council of medical research review committee

4157. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether the main recommendations of the I.C.M.R. Review Committee (1968) regarding working conditions and career prospects of its scientific workers have not yet been implemented;

(b) if so, the reasons for the inordinate delay; and

(c) whether any action has been taken to safeguard ICMR workers against the "Democles Sword" of termination of service at the end of each financial year ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A.K.M. ISHAQUE): (a) and (b) The Governing Body of the ICMR constituted a Sub-Committee to examine the recommendations of the ICMR Review Committee about the working conditions and career prospects of the scientific workers. The sub-Committee met twice but no decisions were taken regarding these recommendations. It may, however, be mentioned that the case for revision of the pay scales of both the medical and nonmedical scientists in accordance with the recommendations of the Third Pay Commission is being processed.

(c) Till, 1973, all the posts under the Council were purely temporary. However, in 1973, the Government of India decided that 80 per cent of the temporary posts which were in existance for a period of 3 years from 1-3-1970 and which were likely to continue on a long term basis may be made permanent This decision has been implemented. The posts in the semi-permanent units and research schemes, however, continue to be temporary. In respect of research scheme, it has been decided that in future only senior and junior research fellows will be appointed and if any auxiliary non-scientific personnel are to be appointed they will be governed by the service conditions of the institution in which the scheme is located.

परिवार नियोजन कार्यकर्मी के कलावंत जापरेशन

4158. भी नुस्ती राख सैनी: श्वा स्वास्थ्य घोर परिवार नियोजन मंत्री यह बताने की इत्या करेंगे कि:

(क) वर्ष 1973-74 में परिवार नियोजन कार्यक्रम के अन्तर्गत भागरेजन का कितने लोगो के स्वास्थ्य पर प्रतिकृत प्रमाय पढ़ा है।

(ख) ऐसा भाषरेतन कराने वासे व्यक्तियों की धर्मवार संख्या क्या है; ग्रीर

(ग) तथी मतों, धर्मों तथा समुदायों के जोगों को परिवार नियोजन कार्थकम के धन्तर्गत माने के बारे में सरकार का क्या प्रस्ताव

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार विवोधन मंतालय में उप-मंत्री (धी ए० के०एन० इसहाक): यह सूचना एकत नही की जाती। किन्तु इस बात का कोई प्रमाण नही है कि झापरेजन करवाने वासे सोवों के स्वास्थ्य पर किमी प्रकार का कोई प्रतिकृत प्रमाव पड़ता है।

(क) 1973-74 के दौरान प्रापरेकन करवाने बाले लोगो के धर्मबार प्रलग-ग्रलग प्रांकडे उपलब्ध नही है। घभी 1972-73 के प्रांकडे ही उपलब्ध है, उनके ग्रनुमार नमबन्दी भागरेबन स्वीकार करने बालों की धर्मबार प्रतिक्षतना इन प्रकार है

हिन्दू	88.1 प्रतिज्ञत
मुमलमान	6 0 মরিমন
ईमाई	1.6 সলিখন
मिख	। 9 प्रतिवत
भ्रत्य	2.4 সবিলন

(य) सभी जातियों घौर धामिक सम्प्रदाय परिवार नियोजन को धापना रहे हैं। यह एक सैक्षिक घौर स्वैण्ठिक कार्यक्रम है। सभी वगों के सोनों के बीब इस कार्यक्रम को धापनाने की घावना उत्पन्न करने के लिए प्रेरणादायक कार्य बलाया जाना है।

General Manager, Bhilai Steel Plant

4159. SHRI PRABODH CHANDRA: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have received any complaint against the General Manager of Bhilai Steel Plant; and

(b) if so, the nature of complaint and the action taken by Government?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI CHANDRAJIT YADAV): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Bhilai Steel Plant is one of the four steel plants under the Company-Hindustan Steel Limited. Such matters are within the quate facilities and other matters reprepurview of this Company. Such action as sented. is appropriate will certainly be taken and that too as early as possible.

Rehabilitation of Refugees from Sri Lanka in Islands of Andaman and Nicobar

4160. SHRI DHAMANKAR : Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND REHABILITA-TION be pleased to state :

(a) the number of refugees rehabilitated in the Islands of Andaman and Nicobar from Sri Lanka and other places;

(b) what facilities in terms of land, loan, agricultural implements, housing and animals have been provided per family and the total expenditure incurred on rehabilitation programme in the islands for the past three years; and

(c) whether the refugees are agitating over inadequate facilities provided and if so, the steps taken in the matter ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND RFHABI-LITATION (SHRI G, VFNKATSWAMY) (a) 776 families of migrants from former East Pakistan and 26 families of reputintes from Sri Lanka and 37 families from Burma have been rehabilitated in the Andaman and Nichobar Islands under the programme of the Department of Rehabilitation. This does not include families of migrants from former East Pakistan settled under an old colonisation scheme of the Andaman Administration.

(b) The scale of assistance given to families settled in agriculture in the Islands under the programme of the Department of Rehabilitation is given in Appendix VIII of the Annual Report (1973-74) of the Department. The total expenditure incurred on rehabilitation of agriculturist -families during the years 1971-72 to 1973-74 Rs. 128.39 lakhs (departmental figures).

(c) There is no agitation. Representations received from time to time are dealt surdity of the allegation, which was too friwith and appropriate action taken as re- volous to warrant any Government clariquired with regard to the provision of ade- fication.

सैनिक, स्कूस विसोड़ के शिक्षकों के देवों का पुनरीकज

4161. भी भोंकार लाल बेरवा: क्या रजा मढी यह बनाने की क्लपा करेंगे कि

(क) सैनिक स्कूल, विसीड़ के विक्षको के ब्रेड पिछले 12 वर्षों में नहीं बढाये गये है, सौर

(व) यदि हा, तो इसके क्या कारण है?

रका मंती (भी स्वर्ण सिंह) (क) झौर (म्र) यह ठीक है कि ग्रेडो का संशोधन नही किया गया है यद्यपि, बढाया गया महगाई भन्ना भीर मतरिम राहत समय-समय पर मजर की गई है। तथापि. प्रेडो के संबोधन का प्रश्न झड़ राज्य सरकारों और सघ शासिन क्षेत्र प्रणासनों के माथ उठाया गया है।

Cancellation of visit of President of Israel to Nepal

4162. SHRI R. S PANDEY . Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS he pleased to state :

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the reports blaming India for the cancellation of President of Israel's visit to Nepal;

(b) if so, whether Government have taken up the matter with the respective Governments to clarify the position; and

(c) if so, with what results ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) to (c) Government have seen press reports emanating from Jerusalem alleging that the Nepalese authorities had advised against the visit of the Israeli President to Kathmandu in view of the possibility of demonstrations hν Indian and Chinese extremists. Subsequent press reports themselves pointed out the ab-

Installed capacity of Public Sector Steel Plants

4163. DR KARNI SINGH : Will the Manister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether the actual installed capacity of every public sector steel plant in the country is 0.2 to 0.4 million tons less than shown in the books, and

(b) if so, the reasons for this anomaly ?

THF DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINFS (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) (a) No Sir

(b) Do not arise

इचराइल को भारत में कार्यालय खोलने की झनु-सति

4164 भी कूल बन्द वर्णा क्या बिदेश मती यह बनान की इपा रारेंग कि इजरायत का भारत में कार्यालय खालने की ग्रनुपति न इन के क्या कारण है ?

विवेश मंत्रालय मे उप-मंत्री (भी विषिनपाल बास) एखगईल जा बम्बई म नामलावाम हे।

भारत स्थित विदेशी निशनो के भारतीय कर्म-बारियों के लिये सेवा सहिता

३१६५ भी धार॰ बी॰ बडे भी माध्यराच सिन्धिया :

क्या विदेश मनी यह बतान की कृपा करेने कि

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान इस माग को घोर दिलाया गया है कि भारत स्थित विदेशी हूनावामा भीर सिशनों में काम करने वाले भारतीय राष्ट्रिका की सेवा सुरक्षा भीर भन्य हितों का सरक्षण एक सामान्य सहिता के भन्तर्गत होना चाहिए,

(ख) यदि हो तो इस सबझ में सरकार की क्या प्रतिजिया है और क्या कार्यवाही की गई है, और

(ग) गल तीन वर्षों में इस प्रकार की मान कब-कब की गई ⁹ विवेश मंत्रालय में उभ-मंत्री (सी विचित्रपाल बाल) (क) मे (ग) दिल्ली ल्वित विदेशी मिशनो के कर्मवाण्यि। से इम तरह के विरोध-प्रदर्शन मरकार का ममय-ममय पर प्राप्त होते रहे हैं। विवेशी मिशनो में काम करने वाले भारतीय राष्ट्रिको के लिए हम एक प्रादर्श सविदा सैयार कर रहे है ग्रीर ६म सविदा की जनें जब यह सैयार हा जायेगी तब, भारत स्थिनि सभी विदेशी मिशना मे प्रचालिन वर दी जागगी।

श्रीराम रेपग्स, कोटा, राजस्थान के कर्मवारियों को केमिकल्स फेक्ट्री मंबंधी लाभ

4166 की हुकम कन्द कछवाय स्था आप मत्री 11 नवस्वर 1971 के घताराचित प्रश्न सम्पा 470 के उत्तर के सवध में यह बनाने की हुपा बन्ग कि कसिएल फैक्ट्री से सवधित कौन से लाभ है जा श्रीराम न्येयल कोटा राजस्थान के कसिक्षा का सिलन चाहिए थ झौर को उनका फैक्टरी क निमाण से लंकर खब नक नहीं दिए यह है?

धन में आसव में उद्य-मन्नी (भी बालगोविष्य वर्षा) राजम्थान ररकार न सूचिन विया है कि श्री राम रेवन्म, काटा राजस्थान रनायन कारखाना नहीं है। इसलिग, वा लोग 'थारी रनायन'' सूप के चलनगत माने वाल कारखाना को उपलब्ध है वे इस कारखान के श्रीसकाका उपलब्ध नहीं है।

बिटेन की रंगचेब नीति

4167 भी एन० ई० होरो क्या विवेश मन्नी यह बनाने की क्रुपा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान इम बात की झोर दिलाया गया है कि इंग्लैंड ये बसे भारती के साथ रगभेद की नीनि सपनाई जाती है,

(का) क्या इयलैंड में हर क्षेत्र में नौकरियो में गोरो को प्राथमिकना दी जाती है, झौर

(म) यदि हा, तो स्था भारत सरकार ने इस सम्बन्ध में कोई विगेध-पत्त भैजा है ?

विदेश में सामय में सम्मांकी (भी सिपिमपाम माल): (क) हमें यह जानकारी नहीं है कि क्रिटेन में जातीय पुक्रकासन हैं।

(क) और (ग) अगर किसी व्यक्ति या किसी मगठन विशेष द्वारा भेदभाव बरते जाने के कोई मामले हो तो सबद व्यक्ति के लिए 'रेम रिलेशन्त बोई' जैने विशेष निकाय उपलब्ध है जिनकी सुविधान्नो के माध्यम से झतिपति के लिए कह सकले ž |

Scheme for Rehabilitation of Former East Pakistan Refugees

4168. SHRI SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND RFHABILI- families will be done through the agencies TATION be pleased to refer to the reply of the various State Governments and given to Unstarred Question No. 460 on Union Territories, and the Dandakaranva the 20th February, 1975 regarding Reha- Development Authority. bilitation of Refugees from East Pakistan and state :

(a) Government's plan for Rehabilitation of 3.000 families of former East Pakistan refugees who will be left out of the scheme for then rehabilitation during the next Fifth Plan period;

(b) the nature of the concrete schemes formulated by the Government for rehabilitation of 21,300 families as proposed by Government:

(c) whether rehabilitation of these refugees will be made in Andaman and Nicobar Islands also:

(d) if so, the schemes formulated thereabout and if not, the reasons therefor; and

(e) the authority constituted for speedy - rehabilitation of 25,300 refugee families Directive to State Drug Control Agencies who are still rotting in different camps ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHA-BILITATION (SHRI G. VENKATA-SWAMY) : (a) The East Pakistan migrant families in camp who remain unsettled at the end of the Fifth Five Year Plan are guidelines to the States to streamline the proposed to be resettled during the Sixth working of the drug control agencies, so Five Year Plan Period.

(b) As already stated in part (f) of the Unstarred Oestion No. 460 answered on 20th February, 1975 the migrant families will be resettled on agricultural lands and in non-agricultural occupations, including provision of employment, subject to availability of suitable lands and adequate funds.

(c) Yes. Sir, but this is subject to a review of the effects of deforestation in the Islands.

(d) The migrants will be resettled mainly on agricultural lands in rehabilitation colonies as at present.

(e) The rehabilitation of the migrant

माम्य्येंविक कालेजों के छात्रों हारा हड़ताल

4169. भी महा दोपक सिंह शावय : क्या स्वास्थ्य भ्रीर परिवार नियोजन मली यह बनाने की कपा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या वर्ष 1973-74 में अनेक भायवेंदिक कालेजो के छात्रों ने हड़ताल की थी, भौर

(ख) वदि हा, तो इनकी राज्यवार सक्या कितनी है और उनकी जिकामतों को दूर करने के लिये सरकार द्वारा क्या कदम उठावे गये है ?

स्वात्म्य ग्रीर परिवार नियोजन उप-मंत्री (बी ए० के॰ एस॰ इसहाक) (क) घौर (ख) सूचना गकत की जा रही है और प्राप्त होते ही जेज दी जामेगी ।

4170, SHRI D.B. CHANDRA COWDA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have given as to be more effective in tracing down the culprits who are dealing in suprious drugs; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MI-NISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAQUE): (a) and (b) Yes, The Minister of Health and Family Planning has written in the matter to all the Health Ministers of States and Union Territories. A copy of his letter dated 28th January, 1974 together with a note which setsforth the measures that need to be taken to tighten the compaign against spurious drugs, is laid on the Table of the Sabha. [Placed in Library. See No. LT9253/75]

Improvement of Waterways Transport Facilities

4171. SHRI ANANTRAO PATIL. Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether any study of transport requirements in the country with a view to co-ordinate inland water transport with other modes has since been made and it so, the gist thereof;

(b) whether schemes for the improvement of existing waterways transport have been formulated; and

(c) whether in view of the energy crisis and high fuel cost the Transport Directorate has made a study of immediate requirements and long term planning of the waterways in the country ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRA-NSPORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) : (a) No study of transport requirement of the country as a whole has been made, but the following is the gist of some of the important studies which were undertaken to examine the needs of IWT in co-ordination with other modes of transport in the various areas of the country :---

> (i) In the report of the Directorate of Transport Research of Traffic

Potential of inland water transport on the Ganga-Bhagirathi after Farakka (1971), a traffic of 20.31 lakh tonnes per annum was assessed for 1975-76.

- (ii) In the report of the River Services Committee, 1972 the traffic from Assam and other Northeastern States to Calcutta was assessed at 3 lakh tonnes to start with. The traffic from Calcutta to Northeastern States was assessed at 3 lakh tonnes. The river borne traffic between India and Bangladesh was expected to be of the order of 5 lakh tonnes, out of which India's share may be 2.5 lakh tonnes. The total traffic was thus assessed at 8.5 lakh tonnes.
- (iii) In the report of the Study Group on development of Buckingham Canal (1974) the traffic on the North Buckingham Canal was assessed at 6.50 lakh tonnes per annum and on the South Buckingham Canal at 0.30 to 0.40 lakh tonnes per annum after improvement works as recommended in the report to make it suitable for plying of mechanised boats have been completed. It is feit that the total traffic may go upto 9.00 jakh tonnes if necessary measures like formation of boatmen's co-operatives and regular maintenance of the canal etc. are taken up.
- (iv) In the report of traffic and economic survey of Thana-Creek-Ulhas-river-Bassein Creek. Waterways undertaken by the National Council of Applied Economic Research (1974) the total traffic that could be diverted to waterways was estimated to be 28.5 lakh tonnes during 1971-72, 48.52 lakh tonnes during 1975-76 and 123.17 lakh tonnes during 1990-91.

- other investigations on the Gan- families in Bangalore? ga/Bhagirathi-Hooghly has been carned out by the Central Inment of West Bengal, but the QUF) (a) Yes, Sir. report is awaited
- potential of inland water trans- and the remaining in Madras port on the Ganga between Allahabad and Calcutta is being done by National Council of Applied Economic Rescuch

(b) During the Fourth Plan period 23 schemes for improvement of waterwily transport were sanctioned by the Contral Government as Centrally Sponsored Schemes it a cost of Rs 773 18 likhs Central assistince amounting to Rs 271 31 Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be lakhs was released during the Fourth pleased to state Plan period for these schemes during that Further central period assistance amounting to Rs 7887 lakhs his been released during 1974 75 (upto 28 2 1975) In the draft Fifth Plan 24 schemes it an estimated cost of Rs 17.82 crores have been included tentatively as Centrally Sponspored Schemes for development of waterways transport. Out of these the State Governments have framed project reports in respect of 15 schemes ind the made to Pakistan to pay off their debts remaining 9 schemes are still awaited

(c) No such study has so far been settled ? undertaken

Conducting T.B. Prevention I rial

4172 SHRI P R SHENOY Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state

(a) whether an office has been established in Bangalore for conducting tuberculous prevention trial in Chingleput distruct, and

(b) if so, the number of employees working in Bangalore, and

shift the office from Bangalore and if so, such time as the settlement is made

(v) A techno-economic survey and the fate of the employees having their

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE land Water Transport Corpora- MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMtion at the instance of Govern ILY PLANNING (SHRI AKM ISHA-

(b) Out of the total staff strength of 215. (vi) A detailed assessment of traffic about 40 persons are working at Bangalore

> (c) The office of the Tuberculosis prevention Trial has been shifted from Bangalore to Madras All the employees have been transferred to Madras

Reimbursement of Fxpenditure on Pak. P.O.Ws in India

4173 SHRI N K SANGHI Will the

(a) the total amount spent by India on the maintenance and repatriation of the Pak Prisoners of War during the last Indo Pak Conflict

(b) how much of this amount is payible by Pikistan under the International Law ind

(c) whether any formal request has been and if so, the reaction of the Pakistan Government and how this expected to be

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE Establishing an Office in Bangalore for MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAI DAS) (a) The total amount spent by India comes to Rs 35 07.97.000

> (b) Out of this, an amount of Rs. 3,69,55,000 is recoverable under International Law

(c) The matter has been taken up both in writing and orally with the Government of Pakistan The attitude of the Government of Pakistan has so far not been helpful The Government of India, (c) whether there is any proposal to however, intend to pursue the matter till

Women's Unemployment and Discrimination Against them

4174 SHRIMATI ROZA DESHPANDE Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased pleased to state the measures being adopted to state

(a) the percentage of women's unemploy ment to the total working force,

(b) whether there is discrimination against women and

(c) whether Government propose to rem edy it through labour legislation ?

MINISTRY OF I ABOUR (SHRI BAL ders in the private sector, MOIL already GOVIND VERMA) (a) According to has large stocks of manganese ore Speavailable information relating to the num cial measures had to be taken recently to ber of women work seekers on the live reduce the stock position of MOIL Pro-Registers of Employment Fxchanges 115 duction in the private sector is governed per cent of the total number of work- by general conditions of demand and supseekers at the end of December, 1974, were ply Applications from private parties for women

(b) There is no discrimination in law against women in the matter of emp- for exploitation in the public sector, are loyment

(c) A proposal is under Government's consideration for legislation, to provide equal pay for equal work for men and women.

Purchase of Foreign Vensels for Shipping Corporation of Kerala.

4175 SHRI VAYALAR RAVI Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS- Fund Act is applicable to tea plantation, PORT be pleased to state

has requested for the permission of the and Planning Commission to buy some foreign vessels for the Shipping Corporation of Kerala, and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Central Government thereon?

MINISTRY OF SHIPPING TRANSPORT Authorities have reported as under ----(SHRI H.M. TRIVEDI) : (a) No, Ser

(b) Does not arise.

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Production of Manganese Ore in M.P.

4176 SHRI G C DIXIT Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be to increase the production of manganese ore in the areas of Mhdaya Pradesh where the exploitation thereof has already been undertaken 9

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STFFL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) The mining of Manganese ore in Madhya Pradesh is being dong either by the Manganese THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE Ore (India) Itd or by mining lease-holgrant of mining leases for manganese ore in areas not contiguous to the lease-hold meas of MOIL or for areas not reserved considered sympathetically

Benefit to Plantation Workers under E.P.F. Act

4177 SHRIS N SINGH DEO Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state

(a) whether the Employees Provident

(b) if so whether plantation workers are (a) whether the Government of Kerula also getting benefit under the said Act:

> (c) the total amount from the workers deposited under the above Act in tea gardens from 1972-73 to date ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE GOVIND VERMA) The Provident Fund

> (a) and (b) Yes, other than to the tea plantations in the State of Assam

(c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of Sabha in due course.

Industrial Areas in Kerala covered under E.S.J.S.

4178, SHRI VAYALAR RAVI : Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) the number of industrial areas in the State of Kerala where facilities under been provided at the end of 1974;

(b) the number of dispensaries and units functioning under the scheme in that State; and

(c) the names of areas which are expected to be covered and the number of new dispensaries and units which are to be started under the scheme in that State during the Fifth Five Year Plan ?

MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA) : The Employees. 7137 on 18th April, 1974 regarding Bokaro State Insurance Corporation have furnished Hotel in Bokaro Steel Ltd. and state : the following information -----

(a) 54.

(b) The number of dispensaries/units functioning under the Scheme is as given below :---

Full-time ESI dispensaries	•
Part-time ESI dispensaries	••
Mobile dispensaries	••
Employers' utilisation dispen-	
sarics	••
E.S.I. Hospitals	••
E.S.I. Annexe	••
Specialist Centres	••

years 1974-75 and 1975-76 envisages ex- final disposal of the case.

tension of the Scheme to the following arcas :----

- 1. Pangappara (Chettivilakom)
- 2. Kidangoor & Changancherry
- 3. Mayvanad
- 4. Nettissery & Ollurkara
- 5. Wadakkancherry & Mullurkara
- 6. Pattambi.

The provision of medical care under the Employees State Insurance Scheme have Employees' State Insurance Act being the statutory responsibility of State Governments, the question of opening of new dispensaries and other units is a matter for the Government of Kerala to consider, keeping in view the proposed additional coverage under the Scheme.

Bokaro Hotel in Bokaro Steel Plant

4179 SARDAR SWARAN SINGH SOKHI : Will the Minister of STEEL THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE AND MINES be pleased to refet to the reply given to Unstarred Question No.

> (a) whether the Bokaro Hotel is still run by a private contractor; and

> (b) if so, the reasons therefor and the steps Government propose to take against the contractor firm ?

68 THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE 13 MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES 2 (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Bokaro Steel Limited had issued a 1 11 notice of termination of the lease held by the contractor. The contractor, however, ¹ obtained a stay order from the Court 28 against the notice. Bokaro Steel Limited have filed a revision petition in the Patna (c) The programme for implementation High Court challenging the Injunction of the Scheme is formulated in consulta- order of the lower court. A petition has tion with the State Governments on year also been filed by Bokaro Steel Limited to year basis. The programme for the for appointment of a Receiver pending

Approval of Asian Eligisway by Border **Road Division**

4180. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PA-**RASHAR** : Will the Minister of SHIP-PING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the likely route of the Asian decision taken by the Board ? Highway linking Iran, Afganistan, Pakistan, India, Bangladesh and Burma has since been approved by the Border Road Division:

(b) if so, whether any decision has been taken to put Tripura on this Highway; and

(c) the likely date by which the decision would be taken ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE FENCE be pleased to state : MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVFDI) . (a) to (c) The Asian Highway Scheme was formulated more than a decade ago by ECAFE (now called ESCAP) Secretariat for providing a network of international and the gist of the main decisions taken highways connecting various countries of by this Society ? the region and the routes for roads forming part of this system were determined by them in consultation with the repre- SWARAN SINGH) : (a) A statement is sentatives of the various countries con- laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in cerned. No individual country or organt- 1 ibrary. See No. LT-9255/75]. sation is, therefore, concerned with the determination of the route of the roads forming part of the Asian Highway System In view of this, the issues raised in parts (a) and (c) of the question do not arise. According to the map brought out by ECAFE (ESCAP) Secretariat recently, the route referred to in part (a) of the question does not pass through Tripura.

Composition and Meeting of Central Soldiers, Sailors and Airmen Board

4181 PROF. NARAIN CHAND PA-RASHAR : Will the Minister of DE-FENCE be pleased to state ;

diers, Sailors and Airmen's Board as on the pick-pocketing of this amount with the the 1st March, 1975.

(b) the number of meetings hed by the Board during the current financial year; and

(c) the names of Members who attended the meetings on each occasion and a brief outline of the main demands made by the members at these meetings as also the

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI J. B. PATNAIK) : (a) to (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library See No LT-9254/75]

Composition and meeting of Sainik **School Society**

4162 PROF NARAIN CHAND PA. RASHAR . Will the Minister of DE-

(a) the composition of the Sainik School Society as on 1st March, 1975; and

(b) the number of meetings held by this society during the current financial year

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI

(b) Meeting of the Board of Governors, Sainik Schools Society has not been held during the current financial year.

Enquiry by D.T.C. into loss of Rs. 500 by a conductor

4183. SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR SINGH : Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether any departmental enquiry was conducted by the Delhi Transport Corporation into alleged loss of Rs. 500/by a D.T.C. conductor on 30th June, 1973 who was posted on the Delhi-Bhiwani Route, and lodged a fictitious report at the (a) the composition of the Central Sol- Daryaganj Police Station on that day about connivance of some Depot Manager:

(b) if so, the result thereof:

(c) whether the same conductor just half an hour before lodging the report with the police on that day had checked in at the Inter-State Bus Terminal and entered Rs. 499.75 being in his possession in the register of the Time-Keeper there; and

(d) if so, how the money disappeared enroute to I.P. Depot, when no passengers were allowed inside the bus ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE AND MINISTRY OF SHIPPING TRANSPORT (SHRI H M TRIVEDI) : (a) and (b) A conductor of the Delhi TRANSPORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) : Transport Corporation, performing duty on (a) Yes, Sir. a bus operating on the Delhi-Bhiwani route, deposited less cash to the extent of Rs. 500/- on the 30th June, 1973 and gated by the Board of the Delhi Transreported to the concerned Depot Manager port Corporation under Section 12 of the that his pocket was picked and he has robbed of Rs. 500/-. Normally, if the shortage is over Rs 5/- on a particular day, the conductor is laid off duty and is given fresh duty only when the amount is made good by him In this case however, the services of the conductor were terminated after two days of the above incident, as a result of the proceedings instituted against him earlier on the basis of certain charges. There was, therefore, no occasion to start separate departmental proceedings against the conductor for depositing less cash

(c) and (d) Government has no information in regard to these matters.

Powers of Depot Managers of D.T.C.

SINGH : Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND REHABILITATION be pleased to AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state : state

(a) whether the Depot Managers of the Delhi Transport Corporation are em- of Dandakaranya Project were found sulpowered to issue charge-sheets to emp- table by DPC or otherwise for promotion loyees, conduct enquiries into those charges to Gazetted posts for three months or more themselves and even award and enforce and then within one month they were dethose punishment on their own:

(b) if so, under what regulations or rules these powers are delegated to them, when therefor ?

these are not to be found in the DT.C.'s Standing Orders;

(c) whether a copy of the same would be laid on the Table; and

(d) what steps are being taken by Government to remove this anomaly to bring it into line with the Supreme Court decisions that the same person cannot be the charge-sheeting authority, the enquiry officer and the punishing authority ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE AND MINISTRY OF SHIPPING

(b) and (c) The powers have been dele-Road Transport Corporaion's Act, 1950, as extended to Delhi, under the Delhi Transport Laws (Amendment) Act, 1971.

(d) The Corporation has reported that no anomaly has arisen out of the exercise of delegated powers by the Depot Managers of the Corporation to frame chargesheet, institute proceedings etc. against the employees. However, the Corporation has been advised to review the matter in the light of the judgement of the Supreme Court and modify the existing orders, if necessary.

Promotion to Gazetted Posts in **Dandakaranya** Project

4185. SHRI JAGDISH BHATTACHA-4184. SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR RYYA . Will the Minister of SUPPLY

> (a) whether certain Class III employees moted without assigning any reason; and

> (b) if so, how many and the reasons

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABI- justice to such affected employees ? LITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWA-MY): (a) and (b) It has been reported by the Dandakaranya Project Administra- MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABItion that one Class III employee promoted LITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWAto Class II Gazettee on ad hoc basis for MY) : (a) to (c) The information is three months was so reverted as he was being collected and will be laid on the debarred for promotion for one year as Table of the Sabha. penalty on finalisation of departmental proceedings.

Ad Hoc Appointments in Dandakaranya Project

4186. SHRI JAGDISH BHATTACHA-RYYA : Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased 10 state :

(a) whether many persons have been appointed to Class III and Class IV posts in Dandakaranya Project on Ad hoc terms after observing all recruitment formalities; and

(b) it so, their number during last three years, year-wise and category-wise and the reasons for ad hoc appointments ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABI-LITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWA-MY): (a) and (b) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Resignations forced on work-charged staff in Dandakaranya project

4187. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE : Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state :

(a) whether certain work-charged staff (including so called surplus categories) of Dandakaranya Project have been forced to resign and accept ad hoc appointments on regular temporary appointments since 1971;

(b) if so, why they had been and are being forced to resign their work-charged appointments and why they have been given ad hoc appointments instead of regular appointments; and

(c) what steps are being taken to do

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE

Agitation by Employees of Dandakaranya Project

4188. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE : Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state :

(a) whether the employees and workers of Dandakarnaya Project have been agitating since December 4. 1974 and went on indefinite hunger strike to press for redressal of their grievances, including grievances arising out of victimisation actions taken against their Association officials, workers/members;

(b) whether the agitating employees were grossly mistreated by the Chief Administrator of Dandakaranya Project and whereupon the employees have demanded removal of three specific officers including the present Chief Adrainistrator;

(c) if so, what are the specific complaints against the officers and what is the reaction of Government to that; and

(d) whether any negotiation has taken place between the agitating employees and the Minister and if so, the facts thereof and the extent to which their griev. ances have been redressed and if not. the reasons thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHA-BILITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWA-MY) : (a) Certain employees of the Dandakaranya Project started an agitation since the first week of December. 1974 and some of them reported that they were on an indefinite hunger strike. The Chief

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Administrator has stated that there has been no victimisation of any employee of the Project.

(b) and (c) According to the Chief Administrator it is entirely untrue that the agitating employees were mal-treated in any manner by the Chief Administrator or any other officer or employee of the Project. However, representations have been received from the office bearers of an unrecognised association alleging maltreatment and seeking removal of certain officers.

(d) No negotiations have taken place between the agitating employees and the Minister. However, a few office bearers of the unrecognised association called on the Minister last month to apprise him of their alleged grievances. The Minister advised them to call off all agitations.

Personnel Manager at Bhilai Steel Plant

4190. SHRI SHYAM SUNDER MOH-APATRA : Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state whether the post of Personnel Manager at Bhilai Steel Plant has been filled up by upgrading an officer at the plant and whether it deviated from the practice of inter plant consideration of such officers who are claimants for the post?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI CHANDRAJIT YADAV): The appointment to the post of Personnel Manager, Bhilai Steel Plant under Hindustan Steel Limited is a matter which falls within the sphere of day-to-day administration of a public enterprise and is to be decided entirely by the Company without reference to Government. The Company has informed Government that this post was filled by promotion by selection and that this was decided upon after taking into account the claims of all eligible employees and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Company.

Nationalisation of Indian Companies in Ethiopia

4191. DR. H. P. SHARMA : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Ethiopian Military Government have nationalised all the 101 foreign owed companies dealing in food, beverages, textile and leather goods, operating in that country;

(b) if so, the number of Indian companies operating in Ethiopia which have been nationalised as a result of the said step by the Military Government; and

(c) the value of the assets of these companies and the steps taken by Government to secure adequate compensation therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) to (c) According to latest information. the Provisional Military Government of Ethiopia have so far nationalised some 90 privately-owned industrial and commercial companies (many of them with foreign capital). No completely foreign-owned company dealing in food, beverages, textile and leather goods has been nationalised, although in the case of some of them the Provisional Military Government has announced its decision to take over controlling shares.

However, there are companies with Indian interests which have been nationalised. Detailed information on their number and the extent of assets involved is still being evaluated.

The Provisional Military Government of Ethiopia has announced its commitment to pay compensation, and has set up a committee to study the quesion of compensation.

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Mosting of Indo-US John Commission in (Washington

4192. SHRI SHASHI BHUSHAN : SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SHARMA :

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether a meeting of the Indo-U.S. Joint Commission was held in Washington in January, 1975;

(b) what were the main decisions or conclusion of the said meeting; and

(c) when is the next meeting of the Indo-U.S. Joint Commission schedulea' to be held?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Does not arise.

Self-Sufficiency in zinc Production

4193. SHRI NAWAI. KISHORE SHARMA : Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state the total indigenous zinc production and whether there are any prospects of our becoming self-sufficient in this important non-ferrous metal?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE the MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINFS (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : Infor-(d) mation regarding capacity for zinc-existing, under implementation and proposedis given in the table below :--

(i) Installed capacity of the	Tonnes
existing 2 smelters in opera-	33,000
(ii) Production-	
(a) actual during 1973-74 .	20,776*
(h) estimates for 1974-75 .	23,000*
(iii) Work in progress for addi- tional smelting capacities li- kely to be commissioned du-	
ring 1976-77	57,000
Total of (i) & (iii)	9,005

(iv)	A.	dition	li 🕸	apacitv.	COV	ered	
	by	'letter	of	intent'			20,000

*including zinc inget equivalent of zinc cathodes produced by Hindustan Zinc Limited.

The above will most 60-70 per cent of the country's requirements. Further addition to zinc smelting capacity would depend on proving of additional ore reserves of the metal in the country.

World Hindi Conference

9194. SHRI BHOGFNDRA JHA : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to state .

(a) how many countries had formally been invited through their Governments to send official representatives to the World Hindi Conference recently at Nagpur and how many of them responded to the invitation and in which capacities;

(b) whether the Government of Nepal was not formally invited despite intimation about the same and Nepal was represented through its Embassy staff in India;

(c) whether the latest special issue of Hindi Dharmyug and Daily Hindustan of 21st February, 1975 carried the news that Nepal did not send its representatives to the World Hindi Conference; and

(d) if so, Government's reaction there-

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) to (d) The Government has seen the reports which appeared in these newspapers Invitations for the Conference were issued directly by the Secretary-General of the Vishwa Hindi Sammelan, a non-official organisation. Official invitation was extended to the Prime Minister of Mauntuus, who had agreed to preside over the conference. A list of the countries from which delegates participated in the Conference is attached.

Invitations were extended through our Embassy in Kathmandu for two Nepalese dalegates to be chosen by the Tribhuwan University. The University in reply expressed their inability to send anyone due to the impending semester examinations. However, the Cultural Attache of the Nepalese Embassy in Delhi attended the Conference as a representative.

Statement

LIST OF THE COUNTRIES FROM WHICH DELEGATES PARTICIPATED IN THE CONFERENCE

- J. Bangladesh
- 2. Belgium
- 3. Burma
- 4. Canada
- 5. Czechoslovakia
- 6. Denmark
- 7. Fiji
- 8. France
- 9. German Democratic Republic
- 10. Federal Republic of Germany
- I1. Guyana
- 12. Hungary
- 13. Iran
- 14. Italy
- 15. Japan
- 16. Sri Lanka
- 17. Mauritius
- 18. Mongolia
- 19. Netherlands
- 20. Poland
- 21. Sweden
- 22. Thailand
- 23. Trinidad
- 24. United Kingdom
- 25. U.S.A.
- 26. U.S.S.R.
- 27. Yogoslavia
- 28. South Africa
- 29. Surinam
- 30. Nepai

Invitations were extended through our Implementation of Protocols And Agraements with U.S.S.R. ments With U.S.S.R.

4195. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to st.ite. (a) what are the followup steps taken by the Government of India in co-operation with its counterpart in U.S.S.R for the effective implementation of the various Protocols and Agreements signed by our Prime Minister and the First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Soviet Union, Shil Brezhney, when latter visited; and

(b) what are the results achieved so far?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAI DAS) (a) During the visit of H E Mr L. I Biezhnev, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the CPSU to India in November, 1973, various areas of co-operation in the field of industry, iron and steel production petroleum and chemicals, coal, trade production cooperation, planning etc., were indentified by the two countries

There has been regular review of progress in these fields through the exchange of visits of experts from both sides and also under the acgis of the Indo-Soviet Joint Commission for Economic, Scientific and Technical Cooperation.

(b) As a result of these discussions, both sides have been able to take a step forward in various fields as given in Statement attached.

Statement

PROGRESS IN VARIOUS SECTORS OF INDO-SOVIET CO-OPERATION

1. Agriculture.—Prima facle Rajesthan and Jammu and Kashmir have been considered suitable for Karakul Sheep Breeding. It also appears that some areas in Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh may be suitable for breeding Merino Sheep.

2. Trade.—Both sides have intensified negotiations for preparing a kong-term Trade Plan for the year 1976—1980. This

months. A senior trade delegation has addition to this, the Soviet side has already but held discussions in Moscow. The started shipments for supply of one drilling Trade Plan with U.S.S.R. for 1975, which rig. Various items of equipment and commay form the basis for the long-term pleting parts have also been supplied for Trade Plan envisages a total trade turnover our oil exploration and production proof Rs. 750 crores. In 1974 the trade gramme. turnover is expected to be around Rs. 618 erores.

3. Coal .--- Both sides have completed the joint preparation of feasibility reports for the development of coalfields in Singrauli and Ranigani. The detailed Project Report is being prepared by the two sides. The Soviet side have agreed to assist in the setting up of a coal washery at Raniganj.

4. Dum Dum.—Tollyganj-Undergound Project in Calcutta ..- Soviet Union have sent their response for the supply of some equipment for the above project. This is under examination of the Government.

setting up of an alumina plant based on discussions have also been held in the the bauxite deposits in Madhya Pradesh is expected sometime in May, 1975 from the two sides. the Soviet side. The detailed project report in respect of the Malanikhand Copper Project was received by us in January. 1975, and it is under examination. The first phase of the Korba Aluminium Smelter is scheduled to be commissioned in April, 1975. 30.000 tonnes of alumina have been supplied to Soviet Union from the Korba Aluminium Complex.

6. Steel.-An Indian delegation left for Moscow on March 16, 1975 to discuss the expansion programme of Bokaro Steel Plant up to 4 million tonnes capacity. The expansion of Bhilas Steel Plant up to 4 million tonnes capcity is under consideration by Government of India. The Soviet side have agreed to assist the Heavy Machme Building Plant, Ranchi, in the manufacture of continuous casting machines required for the expansion of Bhilai Steel Plant.

7. Petroleum and detailed project report in respect of the adequate;

is expected to be finalised in the next few Mathura Refinery is expected shortly. In

8. Industry .--- 10,800 tonnes of components and completing items for the Heavy Machine Building Plant in Ranchi were received from the Soviet Union in 1974. Another 6,000 tonnes of components and completing items would be supplied in 1975. The Soviet side has further agreed in principle to collaborate with the Heavy Engineering Corporation for setting up a Design Institute for metallurgical equipment in India.

9. Production Cooperation .--- During the recent visit of the Soviet Minister for Heavy, Power and Transport Industry, a number of items manufactured in Sovietaided project were identified for possible 5. Mines.--The feasibility report for the export to third countries. Preliminary area of Production Cooperation between

> 10, Planning.-Two meetings of the Indo-Soviet Joint Group on Planning have been held. The second session discussed items like methodology of annual, midterm and perspective planning and organisation of statistical work; planning of fuel-power 'balance structure; methodology and principle of estimation of prospects of production cooperation between the two countries.

> 11. Consular Convention .--- Ratification of the convention will take a few months more as it requires an enactment of legislation on our part.

Inadequate Facilities for Repairs and Dry **Docking at Ports**

4196. SHRI RAJDEO SINGH : Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the facilities for repairs and Chemicals .- The dry docking at Indian Ports are highly in(b) whether many a ship-owner, much against their wishes, find it expedient to dry dock his Vessels abroad, thereby **costing** the nation a good deal of foreign exchange;

(c) whether a few months back an American Tanker carrying grain for India ran a ground inside Bombay harbour and the tugs for refloating had to be requisitioned from Colombo; and

(d) if replies to (a), (b) & (c) be in allirmative what steps Government have taken to ward off such situation ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) : (a) and (b) The existing facilities for repairs and dry-docks at the Indian Ports are not adequate mainly for the reason that there has been an appreciable increase in the number of Indian ships, port crafts and naval ships during recent years. Besides, foreign ships have also been utilising these facilities for repairs and dry-docking. However, some of the ships acquired in recent years are too large to avail of the existing dry-docking facilities. As such some shipowners have necessarily to get their vessels drv-docked and repaired in foreign yards. They are, however, allowed to dry-dock their vessels abroad only under the following conditions:

- (i) when a vessel is not likely to come to India for a long time due to her employment in international cross trades or on long time charter with foreign parties;
- (ii) when a vessel cannot get a drydock in India for an indefinite period and owners have a number of vessels waiting to get a dry dock;
- (iii) in case of any collision, damage or emergency abroad;
- (b) when a vessel is of very large size and cannot be dry docked in India due to dry docks in India being not of required size.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) The question of augmenting repairs and dry docking facilities is under active consideration of Government. The Cochin Ship-yard which will also have ship repairs capacity is expected to be completed by the end of this year. It is proposed to establish two new shipyards during the Fifth Plan period and it has been contemplated that in addition to shin-building, there will be ship repair berths also in the new shipvards to be set up. A decision regarding the setting up of more dry docks in the country will be taken after decision regarding the location of new shivyards in the country is taken. The question of setting up in India a Salvage Organisation is also under active consideration

Growth or Fall in Employment in Organised Sector of Industry

4197. SHRI S. N. MISRA : Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) the growth or fall in employment in the organised sector of industry during the Third and Fourth Five Year Plans; and

(b) what has been its position during the period after the completion of the Fourth Plan?

THF. DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA): (a) and (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House [Placed in Library. See No. LT 9256/75]

Preparedness for long range anti-submarine Warfare

4198. SHRI ARJUN SETHI :

SHRI K. MALLANNA :

SHRI GAJDHAR MAJHI :

Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether our Defence line is quite competent for long range anti-submarine warfare and reconnaissance aircraft to meet the challenges from surface to surface missiles and submarines; and

(b) if not, the plan of Government in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SWARAN SINGH) : (a) and (b) The Government is fully alive to the need for providing better and more effective long range air reconnaissance capability at sea with particular emphasis on anti-submarine role. Our Defence Plans take into account Government and if so, the evidence therethe threats in this regard.

Increase in cost of Port Service

4199, SHRI ARJUN SETHI : Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state : (a) whether Government propose to increase the cost of port services ; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTR YOF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H, M. TRIVEDI) : (a) and (b) The authorities of Major Port Trusts propose to increase port charges for the following reasons :---

- (1) For meeting the additional burden thrown on the finances of the major Ports as a result of the recent settlement with labour for grant of interim relief to certain employees of the major Ports with effect from 1-1-1974, following the All India Port and Dock Workers' strike.
- (2) To meet the rise in the cost of stores and services.
- (3) To achieve a reasonable return on the capital investment with a view to covering, among other things, interest charges, replacement, rehabilitation and modernisation of the capital assets and reserve for development, repayment of loans all contingencies.

Confiscation of properties of persons living in cantonment area

4200 SHRLP G MAVALANKAR : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether lands and properties belonging to private individuals living in the can-

tonment areas of the country are fercibly taken away or confiscated by giving a very small amount of compensation ;

(b) if so, the facts thereof; and

(c) whether the said lands belong to 10 ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI J. B. PATNAIK) : (a) and (b) Lands held on resumable tenures in Cantonments are resumed in accordance with the terms of the tenures where the land is required for public purposes or where the terms of tenure are violated or where the terms of tenure are such as to entitle enforcement of resumption. Compensation is paid for authorised structures belonging to resumptees who can seek arbitration, under conditions prescribed, if they are not satisfied with the quantum of compensation.

(c) The lands in Cantonments, with a few exceptions, belong to the Government as per official records as well as judicial pronouncements.

Financial Assistance to Abmedabad Municipal Transport Service

4201. SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR SHIPPING AND Will the Minister of TRANSPORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Ahmedabad Municipal Transport Service is suffering from depleting fleet deficiency of funds and defects of proper facilities and provisions of depots in running and maintaining an efficient and serviceable transport system for the fast developing city of Ahmedabad;

(b) if so, full facts thereof;

(c) whether the Central Government propose to give financial assistance to the AMTS to improve the situation; and

(d) if so, how and when ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) : (a) and (b) The Government of India has received communications from the Government of Gujarat and the Administrator, Municipal

Corporation of Ahmedabad, pointing out that, in view of continuing financial diffi- MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY culties, it has not been possible for the PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAQUE): Ahmedabad Municipal Transport Under- (a) to (c) The requisite information is taking to expand its bus services and 100- being collected and will be furnished as prove the facilities for repairs and main- soon as it becomes available. tenance of the vehicles, so as to meet the growing requirements of the metropolis, it has been estimated that the Undertaking would have to purchase 635 buses and put up five additional depots at a cost of Ra. 9.525 crores and Rs. 1.25 crores respectively from 1975-76 to 1979-80 The Government of India have been approached for provision of immediate financial assistance to the extent of Rs. 2.05 crores to the Undertaking for the purchase of 121 buses and construction of one additional bus depot.

(c) and (d) : Requests have also been received by Government from other Metropolitan Transport Undertakings tor mancial assistance. It is proposed to make an assessment of the requirements of funds of these undertakings during the romaining four years of the Fifth Plan, besides, the resources which they may be able to generate internally. After this assessment is completed. Government will consider whether it will be possible for them to extend financial assistance to these UndertaLings and to what extent.

Payment of Honorarium to Doctors of Gujarat

4202. SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether honorary doctors and surgeons in the civil hospital, Ahmedabad and other Government hospitals in Gujarat have not received their honorarium amounts for meetings with the representatives of Fedethe last several months and on a regular ration of Indian Mineral Industries to exmonthly basis ;

(b) if so, the facts thereof; and

(c) the steps which the Government of Committee. Gujarat are taking to remedy the situation and put an end to such an humiliation of the honorary doctors ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE

Development of Private Iron ore Mines

4203 SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISH-NAN :

SHRI D. K. PANDA :

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 2479 on the 28th November, 1974 and state :

(a) whether the Iron Ore Board has come to an agreement with the private mine owners with a view to explore the possibilities of implementing the recommendation of the Barajamda Committee:

(b) if so, the salient features thereof :

(c) whether the Committee on Bellary, Hospet has submitted its report; and

(d) if so, the broad outlines thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) ; (a) and (b) The Barajamda Committee had estimated an investment of Rs. 12 crores on the development of identified mines to achieve a production of 8 million tonnes per annum in 1978-79 A further investment of Rs. 5 crores was estimated on the setting up of a Central Screening and Crushing Plant

The Iron Ore Board has held two plore various measures for adequate investments for the proper development of private mines identified by the Barajamda

The representatives of the mine owners have expressed their willingness to make the

gets, provided long-term off-take and movement of the entire increased production is assured. The Federation of Indian Mineral Industries have estimated a total investment of Rs. 7.5 crores to achieve the targets The matter is being further examined by the Iron Ore Board,

- (c) No. Sir.
- (d) Does not arise.

Pricing Policy in Steel

PARVATHI 4204 SHRIMATI **KRISHNAN** . SHRI H N. MUKHERJEE .

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to refer to the reply City given to Unstarred Question No. 480 on the 14th November, 1974 regarding Report of study group on differential pricing policy in steel and state

(a) whether a final decision has since been taken on the recommendations of the report of the study group on differential pricing policy in steel; and

(b) if so, the salient features thereof '

AND THE MINISTER OF STEEL MINES (SHRI CHANDRAJIT YADAV) : (a) and (b) Government have accepted in principle that supply of iron and steel materals channelled through the State Small Scale Industries Corporations should be available to the Small Scale Industrial units at about the same prices as the others getting supplies direct from the main steel plants. The manner in which this decision PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) : should be implemented is under conside- (a) According to the Memorandum of ration.

materials supplied through the stockyards ment and operation of shipping services by of the main producers with those relating purchase of ships and carrying on the to despatches from the main steel plants business of shippers and shipowners are direct, is not proposed.

necessary investments to achieve the tar- Karnsteka State for establishing Medical University in Bangalore

4205. SHRI S. M. SIDDAYYA : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is a proposal by the Karnataka State to establish a Medical University in Bangalore;

(b) whether the Government of Karnataka have requested the Centre to give financial assistance; and

(c) if so, the facts thereof ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K M ISHAQUE): (a) There is a proposal under consideration of the Government of Karnataka to establish a Medical University in Mysore

(b) No

(c) Does not anse.

Separate Shipping Corporation by Constant States

4206 Shri B. V Naik: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT be pleased to state :

(a) the reasons for the formation of a separate Kerala Shipping Corporation :

(b) what is the gross tonnage owned by this Corporation; and

(c) whether Government propose to sponsor or permit similar Corporations by other Coastal States in this country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-Association of the Kerala Shipping Corporation Limited, a company incorporated Equalisation of prices of iron and steel under the Companies Act, 1956, establishamong the main objects.

(b) The Corporation has not so far acuaired any ship.

(c) While the statuatory position is that any Company which fulfils the requirements of section 21 of Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 can enter the field of shipping, the Government of India does not prepare by sponsor the setting up such Shipping Companies by State Governments.

Vijayanagar, Vishakhapatnani and Salem Steel Plants

4207 SHRI B V NAIK -Will the Minister of STFFL AND MINLS be pleased to state.

(a) the amounts spent on the construction of the Steel Plants each at Vijayanagar, Vishakhapatnam and Salem; and

(b) the respective dates of completion of these plants ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STFEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) · (a) The expenditure authorised so for in respect of the steel plants at Vajayanagar. Viskhapatnam and Salem is as follows --

	(Rs 11	crores)
1. Vijayanagar	•	1.81
2. Visakhapatnam		1 65
3. Salem		8 24

stages and it is too early to indicate the 18th November, 1971. These related mainly dates of completion.

Opening of Medical College in Haryana

4208. SHRI RAM PRAKASH : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the States in which Government propose to set up new medical colleges; and

(b) Whether Government have proposed to open Medical College in the State of

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THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE TINESTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. X. M. ISHAQUE): (a) and (b) The Draft Fifth Five Year Plan does not envisage the settler up of new medical colleges. The State of Haryana does not also have any proposal to open a new medical college during the current financial year

Implementation of decisions of Indian Labour Conference

4209 SHRI DINEN BHATTACHAR-YYA Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state .

(a) whether Government will inform the House on what date the last meeting of the Indian Labour Conference a Tripartite Body, representing Trade Unions, employees and Central and State Covernments was held,

(b) what were the decisions taken m that meeting; and

(c) whether those decisions have been implemented and if not, the reasons therefor "

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VFRMA): (a) The last meeting (27th Session) of the Indian Labour Conference was held on the 22nd and 23rd October, 1971.

(b) The conclusions of the Conference (b) All these projects are the initial were laid on the table of the House on the DD.

- (1) Triparite Consultative Machinery.
- (ii) Central Enanctment for Payment of Gratuity:
- (iii) Closure of Industrial Undertakings .
- (iv) Review of the Payment of Bonus Act ; and
- (v) Recognition of Unions.

(c) Pursuant of the conclusions it -in Harvana during the current financial year ? proposed to give separate representation to public sector employers on Tripartite Bodies. The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 has since been enacted and brought into force. The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 has been amended to make it obligatory on an employer, who intends to close down an undertaking, to serve at least 60 days' notice before the intended closure is to become effective. The Bonus Review Commiteee has submitted its Final Report which is under study. Government are finalising the details of a comprehensive industriat relations law providing for recognition ot unions and other matters.

हिन्डाल्करें. रेणुकूट, मिर्जापुर (उत्तर प्रदेश) के निष्कास्मित कर्मचारियों को वेतन क्रथवा निर्वाह भत्ता

ः 2355 **श्री लालजी भाईः** क्या **श्रम मं**त्री रह इत्येने की क्या वरेगे कि

(क) स्पन्न हिल्डासको, रेणुकुट, मिर्जापुर (उत्तर प्रदेश) के 17 निष्कामित कर्मचारियों को प्रवन्धकों द्वारा कोई निर्वाह भन्ता बेतन नहीं दिया जा रहा है।

(स्त्र) यदि हो, तो उन्हें निर्वाह भक्ता ग्रथवा वेतन न देने के क्या कारण है :

(ग) कहा भत्ता अथवा वेतन न देकर प्रबन्धक श्रम कानन का उल्लंघन कर रहे हैं : ग्रीर

(घ) यदि हां, तो सरकार द्वारा प्रबन्धकों के विरुद्ध क्या कार्यवाही की जा रही है ?

श्रम मंतालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री बालगोतिन्द anti): (क) में (घ) घट मामला ग्रावञ्चक रूप में राज्य संस्कार के कार्यक्षेत में ग्राता है। संगत कातृंग के उपबंधीं का उल्लंघन करते हुए छटनी प्रतिका या विवीह भने ग्रादि के भुगतान न करने के बारे में यदि कोई जिकायते हो, तो उन्हें पीडित श्रमिकां या उनके संघ डारा राज्य सरकार को भेजा जा सकता है।

हिन्दुस्तान एल्यूमीनियम कारपोरेगन, रेणुकूट मिर्जा-पुर (उत्तर देश) के कर्मचारियों को बहाल करना

4211. श्री लालजो राम भाई : क्या श्रम मंत्री यह वताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या हिन्दुस्तान एत्यूमीनिधम कारगोरेशन रेणुकूट मिर्जापुर (उत्तर प्रदेश) के 17 कर्मवारियों को प्रबन्धकों ने मार्च, 1974 में सेवा से निकाला था के

(ख) क्या इन कर्मचारियों को वापस सेवामें लाने का मामला मध्यस्थता को सौथा गया था; ग्रौर

(ग) यदिहों, तो मध्यस्थ व्यपना निर्णय कव तक देगा ग्रीर निर्णय देने में विलम्ब के मुख्य क्या कारण है ?

श्रम मंतालय में उप-मंती (श्री बालगोविन्द बर्मा) (क) से (ग) यह माभला ग्रावण्यक रूप से राज्य सरकार के कायंक्षेत्र दूमें याता है, ग्रीर इनसे राज्य सरकार के ध्यान में लादिया गया है। संबंधित पक्षों द्वारा राज्य ग्रीद्योगिक सम्पर्क तंत्र के साथ इसकी ग्रोर ग्राने पैरवी की जा सकती है।

Building of anti-sub-air arms by Pakistan Navy

4213. SHRL P. GANGADEB:

SHRI SHRIKISHAN MODI:

Will the Ministers of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news item in the Hindustar Times of 24th February, 1975 regarding building of anti-sub-air arms by Pakistar navy; and

(b) if so, Government's reaction there to ?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHR SWARN SINGH) :(a) Yes. Su.

(b) Defence Plans are kept under corstant review and are geared to meet a possible threats that the country is filedy moders ones, and to improve the opera-to face. Apart from training and survive, thesi efficiency of all the production the indigenous manufacture and purchases lines of these factories with a view to abroad, where necessary, are resorted to, achieving both qualitative and quantitain order to make the Navy an effective tive improvements in the production of force.

Spreading of Contagious diseases in India

4214. SHRI P. GANGADEB: SHRI PURSHOTAM KAKODD-KAR:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government's attention was been drawn to a news item in the Hindustan Times dated 24th February, 1975 regarding new Contagious diseases spreading in India ; and

(b) if so, the measures taken by the Government in this regard ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING : (SHRI A. K. M. ISHA-QUE) : (a) Yes.

(b) The news item is not a correct report of the Director General of Health Services's speech. No new contagious disease is spreading in India as reported.

Modernization of Ammunition and high Explosive Factories

4215. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have drawa up a scheme to modernise ammunition and high explosive factories; and

(b) if so, the salient features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE (DE-FENCE PRODUCTION) IN MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI RAM pleased to state: NIWAS MIRDHA) : (a) Yes, Sir.

are to replace the existing equipment with stocks; and

these factories.

Cost of Introducing Hindi in UNO

4216. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 43 on the February, 1974 regarding World 20th Hindi Convention at Nagpur and state:

(a) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to the news which indicated that the U.N. would accent Hindi as one of its official languages provided India agreed to bear the cust of introducing Hindi as official language of U.N.:

(b) if so, the reaction of Government on it: and

(c) whether any country has so far extended official support to our proposal to make Hindi as official language of U.N.?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) : (a) Government are not aware of any such news item.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Except for the support extended by the Prime Minister of Mauritius at the World Hindi Convention at Nagpur, we are not aware of any other country having so far extended official support to making Hindi an official langauge of the U.N.

Wagon shortage at Bokaro Steel Plant

4217. SHRI M. KATHAMUTU ; Will THE the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be

(a) whether Bokaro Steel Plant has (b) The salient features of the schemes been facing shortage of wagons to lift its

(b) if so, the steps being taken in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : (a) Yes, (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) and Sir.

(b) About 43,000 tonnes of salcable pig iron and 37,000 tonnes of ingot steel were in stock at Bokaro at the end of February, 1975, Constant liaison is maintained by the plant with the Railways for allotment of adequate number of With the assistance of the Wagons. Railways, the despatches have lately shown some improvement

Shortage of drugs in Karnataka hospitals

4218 SHR1 K. LAKKAPPA Win the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether most of the Government Hospitals in Karnataka are running short of essential drugs.

(b) whether any request has been received from Government of Karnataka in the recent past for making available adequate quantities of essential drugs and it so, the reaction of Central Government thereon, and

(c) the action being taken by his Ministry to supply essential drugs to Government Hospitals in various States general and Kacnataka in particular.

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY 1972-73. PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHA-QUE) : (a) to (e) The information is being collected and will be furnished as soon as it becomes available.

Mini Steel Plant in Eastern Zone States

4219. SHRI S. N. SINGH DEO : Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal for setting up a mini steel plant in the Eastern revolving foreign exchange allocation of Zone States; and

(b) if so, the progress made in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE AND MINES MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (b) There is no proposal currently under consideration for the setting up of Electric Furnace units in these States for the production of Mild Steel ingots/billets. However, one unit in Assam, eight in Bihar, two in Orissa and eighteen in West Bengal have already been granted Letters of Intent/Carry-on-Business Licences/industrial Licences and most of these projects are in various stages of implementation

Steel raw material bank

4220 SHRI B. S BHAURA : SHRI ISHAQUE SAMBHALI :

Minister of STEEL Will the AND MINES be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have a proposal under consideration to set up a Steel Raw Material Bank; and

(b) if so, the salient features and objectives thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE in MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : (a) and (b) Steel Raw Materials Bank of Hindustan Steel Ltd has been functioning since

The Bank maintains requisite level of stock of specified critical categories of steel for meeting the requirements oŧ priority industry 'off the shelf' against valid import licences/release orders held by them or against specific foreign exchange allocation for steel materials from the Steel Bank for the project authorities.

The Bank arranges import against Rs. 5 crores.

Maritime boundary between India and Bangladeth

4221. SHRI SHANKERRAO SAVAN'I'. Will the Minister of EXTERNAL Af-FAIRS be pleased to state:

between India and Bangladesh has been private sector; fixed:

and

(c) what are the generally accepted duction of gold; and principles for such demarcation?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) (a) and (b) No, Sir. Negotiations are still continuing and both sides are making efforts to reach a mutually satisfactory agreement,

(c) There is general agreement that maritime boundary should be settled by mutual agreement between the States concerned in accordance with equitable principles. The general practice of States has been to follow the equidistant line unless there are any special circumstances which should be taken into consideration.

Gold-mining in multic sector and private anctor

4222. SHRI SHANKERRAO SAVANT: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES. be pleased to state:

(a) how much gold mining is done in (a) whether the maritime boundary the public sector and how much in the

(b) how much and from which mines (b) what are the points of contention; gold was produced during 1972-73, 1973-74 and 1974-75 (till 31st January, 1975),

(c) the reasons for decrease in pro-

(d) the efforts being made to increase production of gold in the country?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINFS (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : (a) Gold mining in the country is done exclusively in the Public Sector in the mines of Bharat Gold Mines Limited which is Government of India undertaking and Hutti Gold Mines Company I imited, which is a Karnataka State Government company and the State Government holds approximately 97 per cent of the shares.

(b) Minewise production of gold in lakh grammes is furnished below .----

							1972-73	1973-74	1974-75 (upto 31-1-75)
Bharat Gold Mines Lum	ited	:				• •			
(1) Mysore Mine .				•			4 47	3.76	3,95
(2) Champion Reef Mine			•				4.03	4.00	4.10
(3) Nundydroog Mine		•					11.50	10.26	6 89
TOTAL : .		•			•		20 00	18.02	14.94
Hutti Gold Mines Co. L	imit	ed :							
Hutto Gold Mines		•	•	•	•		13.23	14.17	10.85
Grand Total .							33.23	32.19	25.79

(c) In the Mines Limited, gold production has de- erning expenditure bursts, absence of high grade ore, suspen- paredness for starting the works sion of uneconomical stopes, etc.

(d) With a view to increase production, Bharat Gold Mines have taken up schemes for exploration in Kolar Gold Field and in Ramagiri Gold Field, opening of deeper legels, mechanisation of certain operations, improvement in sand stowing, increasing compressed air pressure and reopening Nine Reefs Mine.

Espenditure in Kerala on national highways

4223. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THAN-KAPPAN : Will the Minister of SHIP-PING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of expenditure incurred by the Central Government on various National Highways in Kerala State during the years 1971-72, 1972-73 and 1973-74 ;

(b) whether the expenditure incurred in Kerala State during the aforesaid years was much smaller as compared to other States: and

(c) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) : (a) The required information is given below:

Year					Exp	penditure
*					Rs.	in lakhs
1971-7 2			191	•		157.85
1972-73						438.94
1973-74				-		321.28

(b) and (c) The position differed from State to State and from year to year. While in several cases, the expenditure in Kerala was more than certain States, in other cases it was less in varying degrees as compared to some States. It is not possible to give any comparative

mines of Bharat Gold reasons for this variation as factors gov-(e.g. length of creased due to gradual depletion of ore National Highways in each State, cost of reserves in Mysore Mine, severe rock sanctioned schemes, their stage of prolike finalisation of tenders, progress of works etc.) differ from State to State and from time to time.

> Development of major and minor harbours on coastal lines of Kerala

4224. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THANKAPPAN : SHRI VAYLAR RAVI :

Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether his Ministry has taken any steps to develop major and minor harbours on coastal lines of Kerala; and

(b) if so, the salient features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) (a) and (b) The port of Cochin on the Kerala coast has already been developed as a major port by the Central Government. To meet the requirement of handling the anticipated traffic, requisite works have been/or proposed to be taken up viz. -

(i) 4 wharf-cranes ordered earlier are expected to be delivered shortly;

(ii) extension of the open berth upto 808 ft, has been completed:

(iii) Q-9 berth is proposed to be converted into a container berth firstly by providing a container marshalling vard, freight station, rail and road facilities, loading arrangements tractors and trailers and secondly by providing more sophisticated equipment required to handle container traffic when it builds up. Temporary facilities have been provided at Q-5 borth for handling container ships;

(iv) Preliminary work on a scheme for a fertilizer berth has been carried pose? out; interim arrangements are being made at Q-10 berth by constructing two barge-jetties.

(v) The proposal to construct a super tanker oil terminal in Bolaghatty is at an advanced stage of consideration for sanction in consultation with the authorities concerned

Ports other than major ports figure in the Concurrent List of the Constitution and the executive responsibility for their development vests in the State Govern- major mineral based project is proposed ments concerned. The Centre, however, to be taken up in Kerala in the Central renders technical assistance to the State Sector Geological Survey of India is Governments for the development of stepping up the pace of mineral investigaminor ports, wherever necessary. Be- tions in Kerala. Plan assistance is also sides, loan assistance was also rendered being provided to the State Government for the development of a specified minor of Kerala for a number of schemes aimport covered under the Centrally Sponsor- ed at more detailed collection of geologied Scheme in the Fourth Plan. The cal data, necessary for taking a view on Minor Port of Baypore in Kerala was the exploitation of the mineral deposits. selected for such assistance. The scheme Atomic Minerals Division of the Departfor Baypore as approved includes work ment of Atomic Fnergy is also carrying relating to dredging formation of recla- out systematic investigations for re-estimation bund, acquisition of harbour crafts, mation of reserves of atomic minerals, in provision of navigational aids, stream the areas held under lease by M/s. Kerala mooring buoys etc. Against the Plan Minerals & Metals Ltd., a Government of Provision of Rs. 111.96 lakhs, a loan Kerala Undertaking. Mineral Exploration assistance of Rs. 10 lakhs has been given Corporation, a Government of India upto 1973-74. An amount of Rs. 22 50 undertaking, is presently engaged, at the lakhs is being sanctioned for the year instance of the State Government, in de-1974-75

Development of minerals found in Kerala

4225. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THAN-KAPPAN : Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Ouestion No. 2451 on the 6th March, 1975 regarding untraced minerals in Kerala and state:

(a) the extent to which these minerals KAPPAN : Will the Minister were developed and utilised during the HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING Fourth Five Year Plan.

(b) whether Union Government have formulated any scheme for the Fifth Plan able in district headquarters and divisionbased on mineral deposits in that State; al/block headquarters level hospitals in and

(c) the funds allocated for the pur-

.

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : (a) The minerals which were being exploited during 4th Five Year Plan in Kerala are fireclay, Kaolin, limeshell villimanite, silica sand and other sands. Value of mineral production in Kerala during the Fourth Plan was of the order of Rs. 5.50 crores.

(b) While during the Fifth Plan, no tailed investigations for limestone in Walayar.

(c) Till now allocation for different projects in the 5th Plan have not been finally decided and the funds are being allocated on the basis of requirements.

Shortage of medicines in Kerala

4226. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THANđ be pleased to state:

(a) whether medicines are not avail-Kerala; and

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and the second second second

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING' (SHRI A. K. M. ISHA-QUE) : (a) The Government of Kerala have reported that there is shortage of certain items of medicines in Hospitals in Kerala due to incomplete supply by the firms with whom orders were placed. It has, therefore, not been possible to supply full quota of medicines according to the allotment for each institution. As and when supplies are received, the State Government will ensure that the medicines, as per the indents, are supplied within the ceiling.

consideration of the Central Government next Non-Aligned Conference will be held for mixing grants to Kerala for purchase of in Sri Lanka. medicine.

Ships under S.C.I. and Indian Steamship Company

4227. SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI: Will the Minister of SHIPPING Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state: be pleased to state:

(a) the number of ships under Shipping Corporation of India and India Steamship Company :

(b) whether there is any complaint about malpractices in purchase and under invoicing in the ships of India Steamship Co.: and

(c) the facts thereof ?

MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI): (a) As on 28-2-75, the position is as under :----No. of vessels Name of Company للمالي المسادر المسادر Shipping Corporation of India Ltd., Bombay . 117 . .

India Steamship Co. Ltd., Calcutta . 18 . . .

10 LSS/75---5

(b) No. Sir.

(c) Does not arise. 法行行法 法法律责任 机合金

Proposal to hold conference of non-aligned countries in India ...

4228 SHRI PRIYA RANJAN DAS MUNSI: Will the Minister of EXTER-NAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether India was approached by the Non-Aligned countries in the last Non-Aligned Summit to hold a Non-Aligned Countries Conference in India; and

(b) if so, the response of Government in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (h) There is no specific proposal under (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) No, Sir. The

(b) Does not arise.

Steel Billet Project by Andura Prailesia Industrial Development Corporation

4229. SHRI Y. ESWARA REDDY:

(a) whether Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation has a proposal to set up a steel billet project in the State; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) and THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE (b) Yes, Sir. The Andhra Pradesh INISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS- Industrial Development Corporation proposes to set up an industrial undertaking near Kothagudam for the manufacture of 50,000 tonnes per annum of Mild Steel and High Carbon Steel billets and 20,000 tonnes of Wire Rods per annum. An Industrial Licence has already been granted to the Corporation on 30-7-1974 and work on the project has commenced.

Refusal by non-diplomatic personnel in Indian Mission abroad to return home on expiry of tenure

4230. DR. H. P. SHARMA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a number of non-diplomatic personnel working in various Indian Missions abroad had refused to return home on expiry of their tenure and have even tendered resignations from their respective posts, and had preferred to stay abroad and seek new jobs in foreign countries;

(b) if so, the number of such personnel who refused to return back to India on expiry of their tenure and had tendered resignations during 1973-74 and 1974-75; and

(c) the steps taken and proposed to be taken m such cases?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRT BIPINPAL DAS): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The number of non-diplomatic personnel, under the administrative control of the Ministry of External Affairs, who refused to return to India on expiry of their tenure and had tendered their resugnations during 1973-74 and 1974-75 is 9 and 6 respectively.

(c) the officials concerned were directed to return to India and told that they would be liable to disciplinary proceedings for not complying with these orders. The terminal benefits and pensions have been withheld pending their return to India They will be debarred from employment in any Government office abroad. Orders have been issued for the impounding of their official passports

Discrimination against Indians in Guyana

4231. DR. H. P. SHARMA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a memorandum from the representatives of the Indians in Guyana

alleging discrimination meted out to them by the Government of Guyana has been received;

(b) if so, the nature of the allegations made therein; and

(c) what steps Government have taken in the matter?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) and (b) The Government of India have received from time to time communications from some persons in Guyana containing allegations of discrimination against Guyanese nationals of Indian origin mainly in matters of employment in public as well as military services.

(c) Government of India are of the view that no useful purpose will be served by discussing a matter which falls within the domestic jurisdiction of a sovereign friendly country

Requirement of copper ore for Khetri copper plant

4232. DR. H. P SHARMA: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state the annual requirement of copper ore to feed Khetri copper plant and the annual availability by exploitation of the ore-reserves of the area as at present "

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): The annual requirement of copper ore to feed the Khetri Copper Concentrator is 28,75,000 tonnes. The actual production of copper ore during 1974-75 at Khetri Copper Project is expected to be 6 lakh tonnes.

बानापुर छाबनी बोर्ड में तैनिक प्रतीं कार्यालय

4233. जी राजावतार शास्त्री : क्या रक्षा मन्नी यह बताने की क्रथा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या दानापुर छावनी कोई रेगुलर झार्मी में भर्ती का कार्यालय है ;

्र(वा) यदि हां, तो क्या भर्ती अधिकारी के विद्यह गम्भीर भ्रम्टाचार के सारोप लगाते हुए उनके पास विकायत पत्न मेजे गये हैं;

(ग) यदि हो, तो विकायत-पत्नो का मजिप्त व्यीराक्या है; ग्रीर

(च) सरकार ने इस जम्बन्ध में क्या कार्यवाही की है?

रका वैज्ञी (थी स्वर्णकिंह) : (क) ग्रीर (ख) जी हाश्रीमन ।

(ग) और (घ) बांच भर्ती प्रधिकारी और मर्ती कार्यालय के कमंचारियों के विरुद्ध कुछ मिष्या सिकायतें प्राप्त हुई यी जिनमें खर्दी में छनाचार के कार्य करने के घारोप थे। इन घारोपो की त्राच-पड़ताल की गई परन्तु उन्हें निराधार पाया गया। सिकायन करने बालो को भी उनके द्वारा दिर्ग्ये रनो पर नहो पारागर ।

तेन्द्रल कमांड के झम्लर्गत छावनी बोर्ड

4234 भी रामायतार शास्त्री : क्या रजा मती यह बनाने वा क्रुपा करेंगे कि

(क) सैन्द्रल कमांड के ग्रन्तगंत छावनी बोडों की कुल सख्या किननी है ,

(ख) क्या सरकार ने इन छावनी बोर्डों के ग्रान्तर्गन सेप्टिक शौचालय बनाने की कोई योजना बनाई है ;

(ग) यदि हा, तो उसका व्यौरा क्या है ;

(व) क्या ग्रन्थ छावनी कोडों से सेप्टिक शौचालय बनाने की कोई योजना नही है, ग्रीर

(४) यदि हा, तो विभिन्न छावनी बोर्डों के बीच भैदणाव के कारण तथा मौचित्य क्या है ?

रसा मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (थी जे० त्री० पटनायक):

- (क) सेन्ट्रन कमांड में 29 छावनी बोई हैं।
- (ब) जी नहीं श्रीमन्।
- (य) से (क) प्रमन नही उठते ।

बानापुर झावनी बोडें हारा नकाल मालिकों के विषद्व मुकबमें दावर करना

4235. वी रानावतार शास्त्री : क्या रजा मंत्री यह बताने की क्रुपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या दानापुर छावनी दोर्ड के मखिकारियों ने छावनी कोर्ड कानून के झन्तगॅन वर्ष 1973-74 में कुछ मकान यालिको के विरुद्ध इण्डियन पैनल कोड (भारतीय दंड संहिना), क्रिमिनल प्रोसीजर कोड (दंड प्रण्ठिया संहिता) के झन्नगॅंत मुकदये दायर किये थे ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उनका पृथक-पृथक म्यौरा क्या है ,

 (ग) उन मुकदमो पर छावनी बोड को कितनी धन-राशि व्यय करनी पड़ी, ग्रौर

(घ) बोर्ड ने कितने मुकदमे जीते धौर कितने मुकदमों मे हार हुई ?

रजा मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (भी चे॰ बो॰ पटनायक):

(क) 1975-74 के दौरान दानापुर में मकान मालिको के विरुद्ध छावनी बोईं द्वारा मुख्यत : छावनी घर्धिनियम 1924 की घाराघो के घ्रधीन 17 मामले वायर किये गए थे।

(ख) मकान मालिको के विरुद्ध दायर किए गये मामलो के व्यौर निम्नाकिन हैं :----

- (1) छावनी बोर्ड मधिनियम की धारा 268 के मधीन 4 मामले अप्राधिकृत निर्माण के लिये।
- (2) निर्माण करने के लिए विधिवत मजूरी प्राप्त किए विना निर्माण करने के बारे में छावनी बोई पश्चिनियम, 1924 की धारा 184 के प्रधीन 4 मामले।
- (3) कनिपय उपद्रव करने के लिए छावनी अधिनियम 1424 की धारा 118 के प्रधीस 8 मामले।
- (4) एक मकान मालिक ने सरकारी भूमि पर अतिक्रमण कर लिया था झत । सरकारी कब्जे का झधिकार वेने के लिए एक विविध मामया दायर किया गया है।

- (च) इन मामलो को दावर करने में 66 रुपए का म्यय हुचा।
- (भ) ये सभी माबले विषंत्र के लिए न्यायालयों में मभी यनिर्धील यहे हुए हैं।

विषणु शुगर जिल्ल लिमिटेड, गोपालयंज (विहार) के कर्मचारियों को जविष्य निधि का जुपतान

4236. भी राजायतार शासती : क्या भाग मती यह बनाने की इत्या करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या विष्णु जुगर मिल्म लिमिटेड, गोपाल-गज (बिहार) फैक्ट्री कोड सख्या 192 क्षेत्रीय प्रीबिडेच्ट फड कॉमस्नर, बिहार के झलगंत है,

(ख) क्या सजदर को सेवा निवृत्ति पर पूर्ण भविष्य निधि का भुगतान किए जाने या उसके घर से विवाहहोने पर घावेदन किए जाने के पक्ष्वात ग्रांग्रम रामि देने की व्यतस्था है

(ग) यदि हा, तो क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय को उक्त काग्खाने के किनने मजदूरों के ग्रावेदन पत्न सेवा निबुल्ति पर दावों के ग्रन्तिम भुगनान के लिए ग्रेज सादी के नाम पर ग्रग्निम भुगतान के लिए 1 जनवरी, 1973 में 31 दिसम्बर 1974 नक प्राप्न हुए . ग्रीर

(घ) उनमें से किनने सजदूरों को भविष्य विधि का भुगमान किया गया भौर भेष को भुगनान व किए जाने के क्या करण है?

धन मंडालय में उप मंडी (थी वालगोविष्य वन्धे) घविष्य निधि प्राधिकारियों ने निम्न प्रकार बुचिन किया है ---

- (क) जी हो।
- (ৰ) जी हा।

(ग) निम्ननिश्चित के लिये प्राप्त भ्रावेदन-पक्षो की संख्या :----

अलिम निवटारे के लिये विवाह सम्बन्धी प्राग्रम 63 68

' (क) इंगिम निवटारे के लिए 62 प्रावेदन-गती के ते, 11 सामले अल्लिम रूप ने तय किये गये, 14 फावेदन-गबीं की प्रायस्तियों के साथ धीर वृटियों की मुधारने के लिए वापस प्रेजा गया और 38 मानकों की जांच की जा रही है। विवाह सम्बन्धी प्रविम के संबंध में 68 पावेदन-पत्नों में ते, 36 मानजों में जुनतान किवा गया है, 8 माननों को प्रापत्तियों के साच वापस किया गया है 24 मामनों की जांच की जा रही है। धन्तिम वावों को सब करने के विलम्ब, नियोधको डारा प्रपन्न 12 मे भविष्य निधि से परिवार पेंजन धंगवानों की अजन न करने के कारण है। प्रपित्र नवंधी मामलों में स्वीकृति में विलम्ब, नवस्यो डारा प्रस्तुन किए यथे झावेदन सन्व-वन्धी प्रपन्नो के प्रपूर्ण धीर जुटिप्रणं होने के कारण है।

Expansion of Copper and Zinc Projects at Kheiri

4237. SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR SINGH: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have formulated some schemes for the expansion of Copper and Zinc Projects at Khetri, near Udaipur; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines of the scheme?

THE DFPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDFV PRASAD): (a) No expansion scheme has been tormulated in respect of Copper Project at Khetri, Jhunghunu, Rajasthan However, schemes have been formulated for expansion of existing Zinc smelter at Debari (near Udaipur) and Balaria mine (in Zawar area of Rajasthan).

(b) The capacity of the existing Zinc smelter at Debari (near Udaipur) is being expanded from 18,000 tonnes to 45,000 tonnes per annum. The expansion is expected to materialise by 1976-77.

A new mine with daily production of 2,000 tonnes ore (with matching beneficiation facility) is being opened at Balaria (Zawar area, Rajasthan). The mine is exnected to be commissioned in 1976-77 and attain the rated capacity by 1978-79.

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Committee to study problems of Central Act on bldt workers

4238. SHRI K. MALLANNA : Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) whether the President of All India Bidi Industry Federation has urged Government to appoint a high power tripartite Committee to go into the problems arising out of the Central Act on bidi workers and to find measures for placing the industry on a sound footing; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Central Government thereon?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA): (a) The All-India Bidi Industry Federation had submitted two memoranda dated the 16th April and 8th August, 1974. Their main suggestion was for appointment of a tripartite committee to consider various amendments proposed by them to the provisions of the Bidi and Cigar Workers (Conditions of Employment) Act, 1966 and Rules thereunder and to stay the implementation of the Act till such time as those amendments are carried out. They had also suggested that simultaneous enforcement of the Act in all the States should be ensured after the above amendments/modifications were finalised.

(b) It has not been found feasible to accept the suggestions relating to the appointment of a tripartite committee and to stay the implementation of the Act. The Act is to be administered by the State Governments and necessary action is to be taken by them.

Nepai to be a zone of peace

4239. SHRI BHAGIRATH BHAN-WAR:

SHRI KUSHOK BAKULA:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFPAIRS be pleased to state;

(a) whether during the Coronation celebrations, the King of Nepal had proposed that his country be declared as a Zone and class II posts in Army, Navy. Air of peace :

(b) if so, whether any elucidation had been sought from our diplomatic representatives in Nepal for any help which could be rendered by India in furthering this declaration ; and

(c) the reaction of Government thereto and further measures taken in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) Yes, Sir. H. M. the King of Nepal made this proposal in a speech delivered on the 25th February, 1975.

(b) and (c) There has been no substantive discussion with Nepal on this proposal.

Ratio of civilian store keepers and service personnel

4240, SHRI HARI SINGH : Will the of DEFENCE be pleased to Minister state :

(a) whether the ratio of civilian store keepers is maintained vis-a-vis service personnel in ratio of 20:80;

(b) if so, the strength/establishment of Airmen vis-a-vis civilian store keeping staff : and

(c) if not, the remedial measures taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SWARAN SINGH): (a) and (b) The ratio of 20:80 in respect of civilian store keepers vis-a-vis Service personnel has been laid down in respect of Static Units only. Subject to marginal variations, however, the prescribed ratio is being maintained.

(c) Does not arise.

Civilian Officers in Defence Services and Ordnance Facories

4241, SHRI HARI SINGH : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) the total number of civilian class 1 Force and Director General of Ordnance vis-a-vis service officers :

(b) what is the ratio between the civilian officers and service officers ; and

(c) whether a civilian officer is economical than service officer and if economical what remedial measures are taken by the Government to increase the civilian officers in view of economic crisis?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI J. B. PATNAIK): (a) to (c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Minerals Deposits in Kernla

4243. SHRI C. JANARDHANAN : Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) the quality and quantity of various mineral deposits found in Kerala by the Geological Survey of India;

(b) the steps taken by Union Government to help the Kerala State Government for implementation of the recommendations of their task force; and

(c) the results thercof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD): (a) The yarious minerals found by Geological Survey of India, in Kerala include 58.71 million tonnes of Iron ore with 31.46 to 41.24 per cent iron in Kozhikode district, 2.25 million tonnes of Limeshell in Vembanad lake of Alleppey and Koltayam districts, about 12 million tonnes of Bauxite with more than 40 per cent Alumina and less than 10 per oent Silica in Cannanore, Alleppey, Quiton and Trivandrum districts, 43 million tonnes of China Clay in Quilon and Trivandrum districts, 13 million tonnes of Glass sand in Alleppey district, 0.08 million tonnes of Graphite in Ernakulam, Quilon and Trivandrum districts besides extensive deposits of Limestone, Ilmenite, Monazite, Sillimanite sands in the beach limit for the purpose. The proposal is,

Factories in respect of storekeeping staff areas of the State. Besides, sporadic occurrences of Chrysoberyl have been recorded in different parts of Trivandrum district.

> (b) and (c) The State Government is separately taking follow up action on the report of the Task Force. Meanwhile, the Geological Survey of India will continue to augment the efforts of the State Government in its search for minerals. For this purpose, G.S.I. has drawn up a sizeable mineral exploration programme for the 5th Plan period, which inter-alia includes mapping and drilling besides geophysical and geochemical investigations.

Reclamation of Land in Morena District (Madhya Pradesh) for Baugladesh Migrants

4244. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAU-DHARY :

SHRI G. C. DIXIT :

SHRI NATHU RAM AHIRWAR :

Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND **REHABILITATION** be pleased to state :

(a) whether any scheme to rehabilitate migrants from Bangladesh in Morena District. (Madhya Pradesh) has been prepared;

(b) whether any survey has been undertaken to reclaim Chambal ravines in Morena District (Madhya Pradesh) to settle above migrants, and if so, the facts thereof ; and

(c) by what time the reclamation and rehabilitation are proposed to be completed ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABI-LITATION (SHRI G. VENKATSWAMY): (a) and (b) A detailed survey of ravine lands in Sheopur Tehsil of Morena District for resettlement of new migrants was undertaken by the Government of Madhya Pradesh. A Pilot Scheme for resettlement of 200 new migrant families from erstwhile East Pakistan has been formulated by the Government of Madhya Pradesh.

(c) It is difficult to lay down any time-

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with the concerned Ministries and the Plan- be continued are : (i) Culex fatigana, the ning Commission.

Water supply to Bhilal Steel Plant

4245. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAU-DHURY: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Bhilai Steel Plant gets its water requirement from Admabad Tank meant for irrigation :

(b) wether to conserve water for Bhilai, water for paddy-third irrigation was not supplied in 1974 which resulted in failure of Paddy crop and drought in Balod and Durg Tehsils of Durg District; and

(c) whether the cultivators who suffered this loss would be compensated; if not, the 1, isons therefor?

IN THE THE DEPUTY MINISTER MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD: (a) to (c) The information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House.

Setting up W.H.O. aided Mosquito Research to state . Unit in Pondicherry

4246 SHRI S A. MURUGANAN-THAM : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state

(a) whether it is finally decided to set up the W.H.O. aided Mosquito Research Unit in Pondicherry; and

(b) if so, the outlines of this project and the steps being taken in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAQUE): (a) It has been decided to shift the G.C.M.U project from New Delhi to Pondicherry.

study and evaluate the feasibility of control marises the available information about of mosquiloes by use of genetic techniques. the number of mandays lost by major

however, being examined in consultation The three species on which the work will ubiquitous nuisance mosquito of the subcontinent and the proven vector of filariasis in large parts of India, (ii) Anopheles stephensi, one of the vectors of malaria in India, particularly in urban areas, which has become resistant to DDT and other common insecticides and (iii) Aedes acgypti the prominently urban mosquito prevalent in most cities of India and the vector of drugs and shikungunya viruses.

> It is expected that this project would be a nucleus for the development of a Vector Control Research Centre This Centre would investigate the problems related to control and transmission of diseases by mosquitoes and other insects using genetic as well as other methods.

> The details of laboratory accommodation and other tacilities required at Pondicherry are being prepared.

Man-days lost Industry-wise

4247 SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased

(a) whether the man-days tost in the tirst eight months of 1974 has been much higher than of its preceding year;

(b) if so, the figures thereof, Industrywise; and

(c) the reason for such increase and the reaction of Government thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA): (a) to (c) According to available information, the number of man-days lost due to industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs) during January to August. 1974 was 28,532,417 (provisional) as against 11.974,532 during the corresponding period in 1973. The statement laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in (b) The objective of the project is to Libarary. See No. LT 9257/75] sum139 Written Answers

Industry Divisions during the 1st and 2nd halves of 1973 and 1974. The above industrial disputes were mainly over issues relating to wages and allowances, bonus, alleged indiscipline/violence, personnel matters etc. The industrial Relations Machiuery, both at the Centre and in the States, continues to make efforts to minimise workstoppages through informal mediation, conciliation, adjudication or arbitration as necessary under the existing statutory provisions and voluntary arrangements.

Relaxation in Qualifications by States for Ex-servicemen

4248. SHRI MOHINDER SINGH GILL: Will the Minister of DEFI NCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether instructions and guidelines have been given to States to relax requisite qualifications for filling vacancies in the case of ex-servicemen;

(b) if so, the reaction of various States thereto; and

(c) whether this is being followed by the Centre too for recruitment henceforth?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI J. B. PATNAIK): (a) The relevant Central Government Notification issued on 26-10-74 which provides for certain relaxations of the prescribed educational and age qualifications in favour of ex-servicemen, for uppointment to Class IV posts does not automatically apply to vacancies under the control of State Governments-nor can any instructions be issued to the State Governments in this regard, Nevertheless, State Governments have been requested, on 30-11-1974, to issue similar notifications in respect of Class IV posts under their control.

(b) Most of the State Governments are providing for relaxations in age/educational qualifications, in favour of ex-servicemen.

(c) Yes, Sir.

Industry Divisions during the 1st and 2nd Permanent and Temporary Sinf of Indian halves of 1973 and 1974. The above Council of Medical Research

4249. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the number of temporary posts for scientific and administrative personnel in the ICMR exceeds the number of permanent posts;

(b) whether, as a result, hundreds of scientists and trained research workers are retrenched every year, some of them even after completing their probationary periods; and

(c) the Government's reaction to the obscivations of the ICMR Review Committee (1968) about the adverse consequences of such insecurity of service conditions?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HFALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A K. M ISHAQUE) (a) As against 600 permanent posts there are 1863 temporary posts in ICMR.

(b) It is a fact that the services of a few scientists and a number of auxiliary non-scientific personnel employed on ad hav research schemes are terminated every year on closure of the research scheme. The names and other particulars of such retrenched staff are, however, circulated to all the Officers-in-charge of I.C.M.R. schemes and Directors of permanent centres, Medical Colleges and Research Institutes with the request that such retrenched staff may be absorbed against vacant posts under them

(c) The recommendation of the I.C.M R. Review Committee that as far as possible research fellows instead of Assti. Research Officers, Research Officers be appointed on research schemes and if any technical staff was required for such schemes the services of staff working in the institutes should be seconded instead of recruiting raw hands, has been accepted by the Government of India. From 1973-74, only senior or junior research fellows are sanctioned in research schemes. It has also been decided that with 141 Written Answers

effect from 1-4-1975, the para-medical some relief has additionally been sanctioned workers and class IV staff, if any required for those who retired before 1-1-1973 so for these schemes will be employed by the as to compensate them to some extent on institutions in which the scheme has been account of their lower rates of basic pensanctioned on the scales of pay and allow- sion. ances applicable to the staff in such institutions and they will be governed by the service rules of the institution concerned.

Liberalisation of Family Pension

4250. SHRI INDRAIIT GUPTA : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is a wide disparity between the service pensions of ex-servicemen who retired before 1st January, 1973 and those who retired thereafter:

(b) whether those who out-live the period of pension commutation, continue to receive only the reduced quantum of pension;

(c) whether the widows of jawans who died in service receive only Rs. 40 p.m. pension at varying rates but it is ensured as family pension plus Rs. 4 per child; that this is not less than Rs 40 per month. and

(d) if so, whether the above pension facilities are going to be liberalised in view of the steep rise in cost of living?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SWARAN SINGH): (a) The amounts drawn by ex-servicemen consist of two clements-

- (i) the basic pension ; and
- (ii) the ad hoc reliefs given from time Pay Commission. to time.

As far as the basic pension is concerned, it is based on the quantum of pay drawn at the time of retirement. As the pays have been increased w.e.f. 1-1-1973 as a result of the decisions on the pay Commission's recommendations, there is bound to old and new Mangalore Ports have been be a difference in the quatnum of basic pensioh between those retiring before and Board; after 1-1-1973. Over and above the basic pensions Government have also sanctioned ad hoc relief to the ex-servicemen pensioners and this ad hoc relief is the same for those retiring before or after 1-1-1973. Besides,

(b) A pensioner can, if he so desires, forego a part of his pension and get a lump sum amount in lieu thereof. Commutation is done on the basis of assessed age of the individual. This is in the nature of a contract which cannot be revoked subsequently by either party; if the individual dies earlier than the assessed age, he has already drawn the full commuted amount, but if he lives longer than the assessed age, he has to manage with the same reduced pension as he has already drawn the full commuted amount.

(c) Widows of the Jawans who died in service prior to 1-1-1973 irrespective of the fact as to whether the death was related to military service or not, are given family The children of those whose death is held as related to military service are also granted children allowance subject to a minimum of Rs. 5 per month per child. In the case of non-combatants (Enrolled) besides the same family pension, the rate of children allowance is Rs. 3 p.m. per child.

(d) Yes, Sir. Action is being taken to notify the revised rates of ordinary family pension and special family pension in the light of the recommendations of the Third

New Mangalore Port Trust

4251. SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Administration of the merged into one, with a common Trustee

(b) if not, the reasons for maintaining two separate administrations:

(c) whether new hands are being recruited for the new port, while neglecting the claims

of the existing employees of the old port; and

(d) if so, whether the old employees of the minor port will be absorbed in the new major port?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Since no decision has yet been taken for the constitution of a Port Trust for New Mangalore Port, the question of merger of the old Mangalore Port Trust with the New Mangalore Port Trust will be considered at an appropriate stage.

(c) and (d) Recruitment at present to the various ports is done according to the provisions of the recruitment rules. The question of absorption of the staff of minor port in the new major port will be considered when a decision is taken to merge the two ports.

विल्ली के भ्रास्पताल

4252. औ मुल्की राज सैनो क्या स्वास्थ्य झौर [वरिवार वियोजन मजी यह बनाने की कुपा करेंगे कि:

(क) दिल्ली में सरकारी ध्रम्पतालों के नाम क्या हैं:

(ख) उन अन्यतालों के नाम क्या हैं जहा सकत्राम तथा गभीर रोगों का इलाज किया जाना है,

(ग) उत्तर प्रवेश के जिला सहारनपुर में किनने रोगी दिल्ली के प्रम्पतालों में मनी हुए , और

(ष) कितने रोगी लोक सभा के सदस्यों की सिफारिश पर भर्ती किये गये ?

स्वसम्ब झौर परिपार नियोजन मंत्रालय से उप-मंत्री (श्री ए० के० एम॰ इसहाक) : (क) दिल्मी के सरकारी आस्पनालों के नाम इम प्रकार हैं ---केलीय सरकार

1. विलगडन मस्पताल, नई दिल्ली।

2 सफ्टरजंग अस्पताल, नई दिल्ली।

- केन्द्रीय सरकार स्वास्थ्य योजना घस्पताल, म्यू युलिस लाहन, विल्ली।
- केन्द्रीय सरकार स्वास्थ्य योजना अस्पत्तम, मोल्ड पुलिस लाइन, दिल्ली।
- 5. कस्तुरदा निकेतन सस्पताल, नई दिल्ली ।

बिल्ली प्रसासन

- दोन दयाल उपाध्याय भ्रस्पताल, हरि नगर, नई दिल्ली।
- 2 डा० एन० सी० जोणी मेमोरियल प्रस्पताल, करोस बाग, नई विल्ली ।
- 3 जीव बोव पन ग्रम्पताल, नई दिल्ली।
- 4 मानसिव रोग ग्रस्पनाल, शाहदगा।
- 5 इविन सम्पताल, नई दिल्ली।
- 6 जेल अस्पनाल, तिहाड, नई दिल्ली।
- 7 प्रधर हाउम ग्रस्पताल. किम्बवे कैम्प, दिल्ली ।
- 8 पुलिस अस्पताल, राजपुर रोड, दिल्ली।

रेलवे

। सेटम ग्रम्पनाल नई दिल्ली।

(ख) दिग्गी नगर निगम के झधीव सत्रामक रोगो का एक अस्पताल किंग्डवे कैम्प मे है परन्तु गम्भीर रागो के इलाज की सुविधाग दिल्ली के सभी मुख्य अस्पतालों में उपलब्ध हैं।

(ग) उन्नर प्रदेश के महारमपुर जिले से दिल्ली के ग्रम्पतालों में क्रिन्ने रोगियों का धरनी किया गया है इसके बारे में सूचना उपलब्ध नहीं है क्योंकि भर्ती हाने समय रोगी नामान्यतया दिल्ली में ही रहने वाले अपने नम्बन्धियों मिखों के स्थानीय पते देने हैं। 1

(घ) मुचना उपलव्ध गही है।

Critician of Indian Ambassador by U. S. Secretary of State

4253. SHRI DHAMANKAR: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether attention of Government has been drawn to the news report appearing in 'The Times of India' dated the 26th .45 Written Answers

February, 1975 under the caption "Kissinger Chides Kaul Publicly";

(b) if so, what is the reaction of Government to the observations made therein; and

(c) the action taken in the matter?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Indian Ambassador's comments on the decision of U.S. Government to lift the embargo on arms supply to Pakistan have been in line with the reactions conveyed by the Government of India.

Payment by Bokaro Steel Plant to H.E.C.

4254. SHRI M. S PURTY. Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Bureau of Public Enterprise has proposed to fix the price to be paid by the Bokaro Steel Plant to the Heavy Engineering Corporation for the equipment to be supplied for Bokaro's Second phase of expansion; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD); (a) and (b) implementing the report? The Bureau of Public Enterprises are assisting Bokaro Steel Limited and the Heavy Ingincering Corporation in arriving at a mutually acceptable price for the equipment being supplied by the H.E.C. for Bokaro's expansion to 4 million ingot tonnes.

Cancer Medicine

4255. SHRI M. S PURTY : Will be Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state:

been developed in Calcutta; and

(b) if so, whether the Government are Scientists in this regard ?

IN THE THE DEPUTY MINISTER MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAQUE): (a) A potential anti-cancer drug, after preliminary screening in laboratory animals at the Chittaranian National Cancer Research Centre, Calcutta, is undergoing clinical trials.

(b) The Government of West Bengal have opened a twenty bedded research ward in the Chittaranjan Cancer Hospital for the chnical trial.

A Committee of Experts has been set up to evaluate the results of the trial and assess the anti-cancer potential of the drug.

Implementation of Interim Report of High **Powered Committee on Sainik Schools**

4256. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA:

PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARA-SHAR :

Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have taken into consideration the interim report of the high powered committee set up to look into various aspects of the working of the Sainik Schools; and

(b) if so, the reasons for the delay in

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SWARAN SINGH): (a) High Power Committee on Sainik Schools have not so far submitted any interim report to the Government.

(b) Does not arise.

Revision of C.G.H.S. Subscription Rate

4257. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA: Will the Minister of HEALTH (a) whether a medicine for cancer has AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are considering taking any special steps to help the research to tevase the rate of subscription from the beneficiaries of the Central Government

Health Service Scheme taking into consi- Amount realised from Ticketless Travellers deration the rising prices of medicines and higher pay scales of doctors and other staff of the C.G.H.S.; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAQUE): (a) and (b) The Third Pay Commission who considered this aspect have recommended "that the contributory basis of the Scheme as also the existing rate should be maintained". The Government have accepted this recommendation. However, a proposal for mcreasing the rates of contribution from higher paid officers is under consideration

Reimhursement to Central Government Employees for purchasing Medicines from open market

4258 SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA · Will the Minister of HFALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) the total amount reimbursed to Contral Government Employees during the year 1974 against the medicines purchased from the open market which were not available in the hospitals of Delhi; and

(b) whether in spite of the presentation of receipts, the amount in full is not imbursed; and if so, the reasons for the same ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAOUE): (a) The total amount reimbursed to the Central Government Health Scheme employees during the year 1974 against the medicines purchased from the open market and through the Super Bazar is Rs. 19.459.44 P.

(b) The full amount is not reimbursed as it has to be restricted to the cost of actual quantity prescribed and indented by the Medical Officer Incharge Central Government Health Scheme dispensaries.

in D.T.C.

4259. SHR1 SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA. Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount realised by Delhi Transport Corporation from the ticketless travellers in D.T.C. buses during the months of December, 1974 and January, 1975; and

(b) the number of Inspectors engaged, for the operation during the period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) (a) and (b) The information required is given below ---

	December, 1974 Rs.	
1) Amount collected from tickatless travellers as com- position fee,	35,907/-	31,990 -
ii) Amount collec- ted from ticket- less travellers as a result of fine imposed and icalised by Mo- bile Magistrates	21,687,-	25,831/-
Total . R.	57,594/-	57,821/-
iii) Average number of Inspectorate staff deputed daily on check- ing duty .	76	81

रेवन फैक्टरियों के कर्मचारियों को केनिकस्स केस्टरियों तबंधी लाग

4260. भी हुकम चन्द्र कड़वान ; क्या श्रम मती यह बनाने की क्रुपा करेंगे कि.

(क) यया देश में लगभग 10 केविकल कैक्ट्रियां मपने कर्मचारियों को लाग दे रही है भीर यदि हा, तो इन मीफिटबो के नाम क्या है और इन सैक्टिकी के कर्मचारियों के कुल संख्या किननी है जिनकी

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केमिकेल फेविट्यो सम्बन्धी लाज मिल रहा है .

(ख) क्या देश में रेंगन फींक्ट्रयों के प्रबन्धकों ने अपनी फींक्ट्रयों को कपडा फींक्ट्रयां कोविन कर दिया है,

(म) यदि हा, तो इन फीवट्रमां के नाम क्या हैं, सीम

(४) उनकी रेयन कैन्द्रिया घोषित करनाने के लिये सरकार द्वारा क्या कार्यनाही की जा रही है ?

भाग मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (भी सामयोगिनय सर्मा) - (न) से (म): संदधित राज्यों ने अपे-शित सुचना एकव की जा रही है मौर यह यया समय सभा की सेज पर रसा दी जायेगी।

कोहनूर जिल्ल लिजिटेड, बस्वई के नौकरो से जिताले गए कर्मचारियो को चविज्य निधि ग्रौर ग्रीयम वेसन का अगतान

३३८। भी हुकम चन्द्र कछवाय ' ग्या भम मती यह बनाने की क्रपा करेर. वि'

(क) काजनग मिल्म लिमिटेड, बम्बई मे स्वायी ग्रीर अस्थायी कर्मचारी किन्ने-किलने है

(ख) क्या कुछ दमंबारिया का बिना कुछ भुगनान किये नोकगे से निकाल दिया गया है भीर यदि हा, ता किनने कर्भवारिया को भीर हन नमंबारियो का दो माम का अग्निम बेनन न देन व क्या कारण है भीर

(ग) क्या नौकरी में निकाले वये कमेकारियों वा संबिध्य निश्चि का जुगनान कर दिया गया है स्रोर सदि नहीं तो इसके क्या कारण है?

भग मंत्रालय में उप-मंती (थी वालपोविन्य वर्णा): (क) से (व) सूचना एकज की जा रही है। मह यथा नमय सथा की मेड पर रख दी बायेयी।

भी राम रक्षम कोटा, राजस्वान के क्रमेंवारियों हारा सावन

4262 वी हुआल जब कड़ियाद क्या भम मती 28 नवम्बर, 1974 के अतार्गकिन करन मच्या 2474 के उत्तर के सबध में यह बताने की हुपा बरेंगे कि (क) क्या श्रीरास रेकम्स कोटा, राज्यस्थाय के कर्मचारियों ने अपनी मांग के संबंध में कम्पनी के प्रवधकों की तथा केन्द्रीय सरकार को झापन विये वे जीर ववि हा, तो झापन में मुदय माने क्या थी, ग्रीर

(ख) क्या प्रवधकों ने ज्ञापन को देखने ही स्क-इस वय 1974 के मध्य से फैक्ट्री में नालावदी की घोषणा कर दी थी ग्रीर यदि हा, ती प्रवधकों ने किन्ती अवधि के लिये नालावन्दी की ग्रीर यह गैर-कालनी काय करने के लिये दोया पाये सये व्यक्तिया के विस्ट सरकार द्वारा क्या कार्य-वाही की गई है ?

भाग सकालय में उप-मती (भी कालमोविन्स कर्मा) (क) ग्रीर (ख) सूचना ग्वन्त की जारही हे ग्रीर प्राप्त हाने पर सदन की सेज पर रख दी जायेगी।

Rehabilitation of East Pak Refugees outside West Bengal

4263 SHRI SAMAR GUHA. Will the Minister of SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state

(a) the number of former East Pakistan refugees and the places where they have been permanently rehabilitated outside West Bengal,

(b) the number of refugees who have deserted these rehabilitation sites ;

(c) the State-wise break-up of the sites of rehabilitation, and

(d) the State-wise break-up of the funds allocated uptil 1974 for rehabilitation of these refugees ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY AND REHABI-LITATION (SHRI G VENKATSWAMY) (a) and (c) A statement indicating the number of refugees from former East Pakistan given rehabilitation assistance in various States/areas outside West Bengal is attached

(b) Information regarding desertion of refugees since inception for areas other than

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Bandakaranya is not available. However, after the liberation of Bangladesh, about 15,500 families of migrants who had come to India prior to 25th March, 1971 deserted from various camps and rehabilitation sites including Dandakaranya. In addition, 5071 families deserted from Dandakaranya since inception.

(d) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

SI. Name of State No	No of families given rehabilitation assis- tance	
	Old migrants	New migrants
	(Rounded to thou- sands)	(upto 31-12-74)
-		
1 Andhra Pradesh		9 9 6
2. Arunachil Pra- desh		2902
3 Assam	90	11928
4 Bihar	14	1 9 57
5 Karnataka		892
6 Maharashtia		5265
7 Madhya Pradesh	3	4180
8 Manipur		145
9 Meghalaya		2138
10 Orissa	3	253
11. Punjab		3
12 Tripura	69	5883
13 Uttar Pradesh	4	1241
14 Andamans	3	737
15 Dandakaranya	8	13057
16. Other areas	1	
TOTAL :	195	51607

*Excluding families who had left the rehabilitation sites on their own

वानुर्वेदिक और एनोनेकिक मयोधज्ञानाओं पर ज्ञाने

4264 जी अहादीयक सिंह प्रायंच : क्या स्वारच्य जीर परिवार निवोधन नती यह बताने की हर्गा करेगे वि

(क) क्या क्षरकार ने वर्ष 1973-74 के दौरान आयुर्वेदिक झौर एलोपेषिक प्रयोगकाला तथा आयुर्वेदिक तथा एलोपेथिक झौषध निर्मातामो के यहा छापे मारे थे, झौर

(ख) यदि हा, तो उनकी राज्य बार सक्या कितनी है, इन छापो के क्या परियाम निवल है तथा नवनी कौषधियो के निर्माण को रोवन के लिये क्या कार्यबाही की गई है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार विवोजन मजालय ने उप-मंत्री (की ए० के० एस० इसहाक): (क) ग्रीर (ख) गाज्या/मच जा।सित झेलो से सूचना एवल की जा रही है ग्रीर प्राप्त हाने पर मना पटल पर गख ही जायेगी।

Loss in extension of Bombay-Goa Steamer Service to Mangalore

4265 SHRI P. R. SHENOY . Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPOR Γ be pleased to state

(a) the total loss that will be incurred if the Bombay-Goa Steamer Service is extended to Mangalore during fair weather,

(b) whether there is any representation to run this service by payment of subsidy to meet the loss; and

(c) if so, the reaction of Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THF MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H M TRIVEDI): (a) and (b) There is no proposal to extend the existing coastal passenger service from Bombay to Goa upto Mangalore No representation for running such a service by paying a subsidy is under consideration. It will be difficult to quantify the subsidy involved in running such a steamer service. The operational expenses are bound to go up as such a service would take 48 hours for a round voyage and would, therefore, require more on-board arrangements. The utilisation factor is also not known.

(c) Does not arise.

Subsidy to Coastal Passenger Shipping Service

4266. SHRI P. R. SHENOY: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the coastal passenger shipping services are run on loss at present ;

(b) if so, the grounds on which some of the lines alone are stopped and not restored in spite of repeated demands and others are continued ; and

ning any of these lines and if so, the PORT be pleased to state : criteria on which subsidy is paid?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No coastal passenger shipping service has been closed in recent years.

(c) No subsidy is presently being paid to the shipping companies for running the coastal passenger shipping service.

Opening of primary health centres and sub-centres uder minimum need based programme

4267. SHRI P. R. SHENOY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) the total amount proposed to be allotted in the Fifth Plan for the starting of Primary Health Centres and sub-centres under the minimum needs programme; of corruption, favouritism and nepotism and

proposed to be spent in 1975-76 with de- the management of Bhilai Steel Plant, was tails ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A. K. M. ISHAOUE): (a) and (b) The requisite information is given below :

(Rs. in crores)

Tentative allocation for Five Year Plan for opening new Primary Health Centres and	
Sub-Centres	42.58
Anticipated Expenditure during 1974-75	2.04
Amount proposed for 1975-76 .	2.02

Representation for realignment of national highway 17 between Gujjadi and Navunda

4268. SHRI P. R. SHENOY : Will the (c) whether any subsidy is paid for run- Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS-

> (a) whether any representation has been made for the realignment of National Highway No. 17 between Guijadi and Navunda in Coondapoor Taluk of Karnataka State; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANS-PORT (SHRI H. M. TRIVEDI) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Comments of the Government of Karnataka and Chief Engineer, National Highways, Karnataka on the representation have been called for and are awaited,

Charges against management of Bhilai Steel Plant

4269. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU : Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state :

(a) whether a memorandum (dated the 9th October, 1974) containing allegations against Shri P. R. Ahuja, General Manager, Shri B. Mukherjee, Chief Engineer, Mines (b) the amount spent in 1974-75 and Department and some other personnel of submitted to the President of India:

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against each of the officers concerned, in the said memorandum,

those allegations and if so through which volved for the year 1972, 1973 and 1974 agency .

(d) Government's observations on each of the main allegations made against the officers concerned, and

(e) what tollow up action, if any, proposed to be taken in this connection '

1HF MINISTER OF STFFL AND MINFS (SHRI CHARANJIT YADAV) (a) Yes Sir

the four steel plants under the company- quired by the Defence Services Hindustan Steel Limited Speh matters are within the purview of this company Such action as is appropriate will certainly be taken and that too as early as possible

Contracts to private firms for defence production

4270 SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to told correspondents of the Japanes. Nu state

(a) whether a number of firms in the private sector have been given production contracts.

(b) if so, the facts thereof and

(c) the total value of contracts given item-wise during the period 1972 to 1974?

THE MINISTER OF STATE (DI PRODUCTION) FENCE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA) (a) and (b) Pre sumably the Honble Member is seeking information in regard to orders placed for tions in the context of Asia she expressed production by industry in the private sector for meeting Defence requirements 11 so the answer is in the affirmative

(c) Orders for meeting Defence requirements are placed by numerous authorities all over the country and the information have made various gestures but still awaits

(b) if so, the specific allegations mass all the orders placed by them from 1972 to 1974. However, the orders placed by the Department of Defence Supplies have been analysed and the value of orders (c) whether any probe was ordered into placed on private sector and the sterns inare given below ---

Year	No of items	Total value (In lakhs of Ra.)	ł
1972	1773	3319 82	
1973	2905	2104 67	
1974	3240	2959 96	

The orders placed by the Department of Defence Supplies cover the requirements of (b) to (c) Bhilai Steel Plant is one of equipment and parts of various types re

Dialogue between India and China

4771 SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Will the Minister of FXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether the Prime Minister of India tional Daily "Asahi Shimbun on Janu my 27 1975 that it is about time for India and China to establish a dialogue

(b) if so the facts thereof, and

(c) what positive steps if any arc being taken by Government in this direction?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI BIPINPAL DAS) (a) The Prime Minister gave an interview to the "Avahi Shimbun" on January 24, 1975

(b) While talking of Sino Indian relathe feeling that it was high time the countries of Asia got together to strengthen each nation individually and perhaps the continent as a whole

(c) Government of India for its part required can be collected only by analysing a positive response from the Chinese side,

Langching a "Sterile Mosquito" experiment at Somenal

4272. SHRI N. K. SANGHI : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government in collaboration with the World Health Organisation had launched a "Sterile Mosquito" experiment at Sonepat:

(b) if so, the objectives of the above Ministry of Energy. experiment ; and

held and whether it has helped to the dis- Authority of India Ltd. since its incorporacovery of any clue of combating the mos- tion-One seeks to vest power in the Board auto-borne diseases and if so, the facts thereof 7

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING (SHRI A K. M ISHAQUE): (a) The field experiment of Sterile Mosquitocs proposed to be launched at Sone pat from 17-2-1975 has been called off

(b) The objective of the experiment was to test the teasibility of controlling mosquito population by releasing chemosterilized sterile male mosquitoes

(c) Since the experiment has not been launched, the question of result of experiment does not arme

Change in 'SAIL'

4273 PROF MADHU DANDAVATE Will the Minister of STEF1 AND MINES be pleased to state

(a) whether the 'SAIL' holding company for non and steel and connected industry basis has recently undergone a change.

(b) if so, the changes that have been made in the Articles of Association and Memorandum of Association:

(c) whether SAIL has any autonomy from the Ministry of Steel and Mines; Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased and

(d) if so, the salient features thereof?

MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES developed a number of management infor-(SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : (a) Stee! mation systems :

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Authority of India Ltd. has not undergone any change as such. Presumably the reference is to the transfer of Bharat Coking Coal Ltd., a subsidiary of Steel Authority of India Ltd., to the Department of Coal under the Ministry of Energy. This was done in pursuence of certain changes in the Government of India (Allocation of Business) Rules by which the subject of coking coal was transferred from the Department of Steel to the Department of Coal in the

(b) Only two changes have been made (c) the results of the experiment so far in the Articles of Association of Steel of Directors to call an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever considered necessary and the other provides for the retirement of one third of the Parttime Directors (other than Directors representing the Ministry of Finance and the Planning Commission) at every annual general meeting instead of all such Directors.

> (c) and (d) The relationship between the Government and SAIL is governed by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, the Articles of Association of SAIL and instructions issued by Government from time to time Within these limitations and for the achievement of the objectives for which the Company has been set up, the delegation of financial and certain other powers to SAIL and its working relationship with Government have been so arranged as to give it a larger amount of decision-taking power and enable it to take decisions on a commercial and cost-effective

Developing of management information system by electronic data processing centre of army headquarters

4274. PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE . to state :

(a) whether the Electronic Data Proces-THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE sing Centre of Army Headquarters has

(b) if so, what are the salient features year 1975-76, at the rate of 7 per cent per of these systems; and

"(c) whether these are available to private sector ?

SWARAN SINGH). (a) to (c) A tailor- cessed in the matter. made Military Management and Operational Information System is being develosed by the Army Headquarters Electronic Data Processing Centre in phases to meet the specialised requirements of the Army. By their very nature these facilities will be of no relevance to the private sector.

Revision of Interest on Provident Fund of textile workers in Ahmedabad

4275. SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR Will the unster of LABOUR be pleased to state :

(a) the rate of interest allowed to Texin the country on their Provident Fund marriage of daughters, post-matriculate eduamount;

(b) whether the said rate is very low and whether Government are considering its 11.58 HRS upward revision, and if so, when,

(c) whether the workers will be permitted to withdraw any amount from their P.F. deposits after 20 years and if so, how soon and in what manner : and

(d) if not, why not?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA) : The Provident Fund Authorities have reported as under .---

(a) The Rate of interest being allowed to the subscribers in the case of Unexempted establishments, including Textile Workers in such establishments in Ahmedabad and eiswhere, is 65 per cent per annum for the year, 1974-75.

(b) The rate of interest is recommended by the Board of Trustees on a year to year basis taking into account the earnings MINISTRY OF STEEL AND from investments. The Board at its last (SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD) : I beg to meeting in February, 1975 has recommend- lay on the Table a copy of the Aluminium ed that interest may be credited, for the (Control) Amendment Order, 1975 (Hind)

annum provided the, execution limit for taxation of income from interest on Provident Fund accumulations under the Income Tax Act is raised from 6.5 per cent THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI to 7 per cent. Suitable action is being pro-

> (c) and (d) Members are permitted to withdraw their accumulations in accordance with the provision of the Scheme, on eventualities such as leaving service, in the event of superannuation on attaining the age of 55, permanent incapacity retrenchment, closure of the factory/establishment, migration for permanent settlement abroad. membership over 15 years and termination of service under a voluntary Scheme of retirement

Besides, non-refundable advances are also permitted under certain conditions for the purchase of a dwelling house or dwelling the workers in Ahmedabad and elsewhere site or for construction of a dwelling house, cation of children, serious illness, etc.

PAPERS I AID ON THE TABLE

Navy (Pension) Second Amendment Regulations, 1975

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THF MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI I B PATNAIK) · 1 beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Navy (Pension) Second Amendment Regulations, 1975 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification NG. S.R.O. 95 in Gazette of India, dated the 8th March. 1975, under section 185 of the Navy Act, 1957. [Placed in Library, Sec No 1.T-9247/75]

Aluminium (Control) Amendment Order, 1975

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINES 161 Pupers Lali PHALOUNA 29,1896 (SAKA)

and English versions) published in Notificailens No. S.O. 134 (E) in Gazette of India dated she lith March, 1975, under submetion (6) of section 3 of the Essential Comparabilities Act, 1955. [Placed in Library. Ser No. LT-9248/75]

Notification under Maternity Benefit Act

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI BAL-GOVIND VERMA) I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Maternity Benefit (Mimes) Amendment Rules, 1975 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. G.S.R. 59 (E) in Gazette of India dated the 27th February, 1975, under sub-section (3) of section 28 of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, [Placed in Library. See No. 1.T-9249/75].

MR. SPEAKER : The Calling Attention ; Shri Shyamnandan Mishra. Some Hon. Members rose —

जी संकर स्थाल सिंह (चलरा) : अध्यक्ष महोदय, कालिंग अटेंगन से पहिले में एक निवेदन करना काहता हूं कि इम सडन के माननीय मदम्य श्री पील् मोदी के ऊपर कल जग्पल से प्रहार हुआ, वह हमारे यहां अपोजीझन पार्टी के सदस्य है, उनके ऊपर जप्यल जले यह वड़े ही बुख की बात है, हम लोगों को मी दूस से कड़ी तक्षलीफ है और विद्यायियों ने जप्पल जलाई...(व्यवधाल)...

12 HRS.

MR. SPEAKER : No please; kindly su down.

1

बी ससिकूबन (दलिन दिस्सी): होन निनि-स्टर बयान हें कि बण्पल किसने बसाई दी ?

MR. SPEAKER : I must say that I was really very sad when I read about it. After all this is not a very healthy practice in our body politic, but, what to do?

नी संबद काम सिंह : माज नह दिवाई नहीं हे नहें हैं, नहीं हास्पितन में तो नहीं है, नह हम कोरों के सिंह बड़ी त्वलीक की बाग है। On the Table 162

MR. SPEAKER: I am very sorry. Please don't take it lightly. I take it very seriously. This is a very very bad thing-what has happened. After all they are Members of Parliament, whether they belong to the Opposition or to the ruling Party.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA (Serampose): Before you take up the next item, may I make a submission? We are not told by your office whether our notices under Rule 377 are accepted or not. If we cannot raise these urgent matters here, where are we to raise them? A mill has been closed in Kanpur and today I got an alarming news from Tripura that the Leader of the Opposition there has been arrested under MISA. All the Opposition Leaders in the Tripura Assembly have been arrested under MISA. How am I to know whether my notice has been admitted or not unless I am informed by your office ? You should allow me after the call attention.

MR. SPEAKER : Please do not interrupt. I try to accommodate many matters through call attention and whatever is left, can be taken up when the business for the next week is announced in the House during the week-end. It can come at that time. There is no question of its coming up now.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA (Alipore): Are we to take it that you have decided in your wisdom that when this question of business for next week comes up, members can come up under Rule 377?

MR. SPEAKER: Matters over which a statement should be made and if I think that that could be connected with the business for next week, I very often accommodate them.

भी मोनेन जा (स्वनगर) : अञ्चल पहोचेय, प्ररा जुले सुज लिया बाय-सोक लमा सेन्नेटेरिस्ट के बनुवादकों द्वारा मलती से यू० एस० एस० जार० का बनुवाद हिंदी में कल किया जाता है। आप अनने बनुवादकों को ऐसा बादेस में कि अंग्रेवी में यू० एस० एस० जार० के अनुवाद के रूप में रूस नाम के किंदी देवा से हम जीवों का रिश्ता [MARCH 20, 1975]

नहीं है, उसका नाम सोवियत संघ होना चाहिये। यहां बार-बार रूस कहा जा रहा है, यह गलत बात है।

12.03 HRS.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

Reported unilateral revolution of Rouble-Rupec exchange rate by the State Bank of USSR

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai): I call the attention of the Minister of Finance to the following matter of urgent public importance and I request that he may make a statement thereon :

rouble by the State Bank of USSR in relation to its rupee value and its adverse massive impact on repayment of credits to the Soviet Union."

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM): Mr. Speaker, Sir. the Hon'ble Members apparently are referring to some press reports that have appeared in the last few days regarding the discussions now in progress between the officials of the Government of India and the USSR with regard to the exchange rate between the Indian Rupee and the Rouble.

The facts of the matter are that for some time now, and especially since March 1974. the State Bank of the USSR has been announcing periodically what it calls the "official exchange rate" between the Rupee and the Rouble. This rate differs from the exchange rate that has prevailed between the two currencies and which is determined strictly in accordance with the official gold content of the respective currencies. According to the Soviet authorities, the revised rates of exchange are arrived at by calculating the value of the Rupee by averaging the cross rates of the major currencies in the International market with the Indian Rupee. devaluation in 1971, and the Smithsonian

the statutory gold content of the Indian Rupee remains unchanged. The rates now being quoted by the State Bank of USSR apply only to non-commercial transactions within the USSR. As some Hon'ble Members have referred to the impact of this action on credit repayments, I would like to clarify that credit repayments continue to be made at the official rate of exchange as determined by the respective gold content of the two currencies.

The Soviet authorities have, however, proposed that the two sides discuss further the question of the exchange rate between the Rupee and the Rouble. As the Hon'ble Members are aware, this is a difficult and delicate issue, and currently negotiations are in progress with an official team from the USSR on this subject Hon'ble Members will, I am sure, agree with me that it would 'Reported unilateral revaluation of the not be appropriate to discuss here at this stage the various isues involved in the matter.

> SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : The Finance Minister said that the State Bank of USSR has been announcing periodically what they choose to call the official rate of exchange.

> There is some confusion here, because of the use of the term 'official rate of exchange'. The Finance Minister has used this term later in relation to vepayment of credit. He says, repayment is being done on the basis of the "official rate" of exchange. There are two concepts of official rate of exchange. One concept is one that is held by the USSR; and another concept is what is held by our Government. If two concepts clash like this, what is the way out? Could we accept any official rate determined by USSR and call 'official rate of exchange'? We would like to know this.

"Then how many such changes have been made ? It appears that these changes have been occurring from month to month, particularly, after March 1974. If the frequency is so rapid, one would imagine that it may turn out to be weekly changes. After dollar-On the other hand, we have pointed out that agreement in 1971, these changes in the ex-

[PHALGUNA 29, 1896 (SAKA)] 165 Calling Attention

How many changes have taken place after the contention of the Soviet authorities that the devaluation in 1966 and particularly it should be on the same basis as it is in after 1971? It is done unilaterally or there regard to the convertible currencies. Then have been consultations between the two I think, our Government should have countries? Is it friendly relation only in res- pointed it out that the comparison is not nect of political and defence matters or is valid. The Soviet rouble is not a freely it also friendly relation in respect of econo- marketed currency in the world and the whic matters also ? There should be consul- value of the Soviet rouble is fixed almost tation even on economic matters; it must arbitrarily without any reference to not be a sort of unilateral adjustment of intrinsic value in trade. rates The House would like to know whethey the Government had to do invthing with these changes or whether they acquiesced in the changes. If they acquiesced they have not done something of which we could feel very happy. The hon ble Minister says that credit repayments continue to be made at the official rate as determined by respective gold content of the two currencies.

Since, the hon. Finance Minister has tried to re-assure us that the re-payment is being trouble arises from the fact that whereas made on the basis of the official rate of exchange, the question that would arise 19 of our super the gold content of the curwhether the revaluation of the debt accumu- rencies of the Fast European Countries lated so far would not be according to the change in the parity rates of the two countries I am not asking with regard to the pect ? renavment to be made now but I am asking about the revaluation of the debts that have accumulated and whether that would Indian rupee in terms of gold had apprenecessitate the mark up of the order of Rs clated some time back and yet we had stuck 400 crores as has been mentioned in many to the exchange rate that has been estanewspapers. That will mean the doubling of blished between the two currencies. This our credit to the USSR. May I know whe- should be an additional reason why the ther this mark-up has been demanded by Soviet Union should be asked to stick to USSR or it seems to be the inevitable re- the old exchange rate by way of reciprocasult of the change in the parity that has tion. been brought about

According to the Soviet authorities, the hon. Finance Minister has said, the revised rates of exchange are arrived at by calculating the value of the Rupee by averaging the cross rates of the major currencies in the International market with the Indian rupee. The comparison is apparently not valid because in the other case the cross rate would be arrived at by averaging the value of our currency in respect of the convertible currencies, and the two do not mix. The change rate the Soviet Union is insisting convertible currencies and the non-conver. on a new exchange rate ?

to a matter of turgent 166 public imporance

change rate seem to be particularly rapid, tible currencies cannot be on par. It is

Finance Minister has said The hon the statutory gold content of the ruppee remains unchanged. The important question to ask is why then this divergence from the rate occurred in the past. We should have stuck to the old parity rate and should not have permitted the divergence from this basis to which reference has been made by the Finance Minister.

Is it also not a fact that the present we have clearly defined the gold content including the Soviet Union, are not clearly defined ? What is being done in that res-

May I also know whether the value of

Recently there has been a long-term agreement with Poland but Poland has not insisted on any change in the rate of exchange between the two countries If that is true of Poland then one could have exnected that that should be true of Soviet Union as well. What has the Soviet Union to say in regard to this matter that whereas one country in COMECON thought it fit to stick to the existing ex167 Calling Attention

The Finance Minister probably seems to think that it would only relate to non-about the represent of coullis shranks commercial transactions. What has taken ? Secondly, how do we operate appeared in the newspapers gives an impression that the Soviet Union has been insisting on a contrary view. We would regard to the current transactions and the like to know the position in this regard future re-payments. These are the three also.

the visitors from India in the Soviet Union is that his rupee has to be converted into the currency there. My point is if they are able to operate rupee account in Moscow then why are we not able to operate the rouble account in India?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : The hon. Member has raised many points and has also made many suggestions with regard to the matters which are currently under acgotistion. Therefore, I am sure the bon. Member would not expect me to react to many of the points raised by him but I can assure him we will keep in mind some of the relevant points made by him while conducting negotiations.

Sir, I would like to put the problem in the proper perspective because an impression is being created that USSR is trying to create difficulties for us, and whereas on the political front they are professing friendship on the economic front they are creating difficulty. This is far from the truth.

Now, the question has arisen because of the International monetary situation in the world is in a fluid state. Therefore, how it gets reflected vis-a-vis socialist bloc is for consideration. This is currently under consideration.

As far as the present situation is concertied we are still operating on the basis of Rs. 8,33 per rouble and all our current transactions are going on that basis. Therefore, there is no question as far as commercial transactions are concerned which form the bulk of transactions. I am told 99.5 per cent of the transactions are commercial transactions and we are concerned with that only.

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Only three issues would arise. What with the current transactions between USSR and ourselves? Third point, is with issues under discussion and certainly in these things we have to take into account Finally, one problem that confronts the agreement which has already been in existence with regard to these transactions. It is on that basis that we have to negotiate and this negotiation is going on.

> The negotiation is going on. Therefore, there is no question of anything being imposed on us. It is a question of mutual discussion with regard to the current situation which is not only in India but which has afflicted the world as a whole, including the developed world. It is in that context that the negotiations are going on. I want to give this assurance to the House that no decision will be taken which is likely to create difficulties for us on the economic front. That is the assurance that I should like to give.

> SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: AIthough we want that the delicate negotiations should be allowed to go on uninterrupted and that we should not do anything in the House which might come in the way, certain factual information could be shared with the House which the Hon. Minister has not chosen to do. We should like to know whether the present change which had been announced by them or even the changes in the past had been done after mutual consultations or unilaterally. If they are unilateral, the surmise would be that all these things are done by them and we have absolutely nothing to do in that,

> SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : I thought # had made it clear in the Statement; it had been announced by them, not in consultation with us, taking into account what they call the value of the runce vis-a-vis buckage of the other currencies. This is applied not to any commercial transaction which is strictly on the basis of Rs. 5.33 per rouble,

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a rouble here or a few roubles there. As far as commercial transactions are concerned, we are strictly following Rs. 8.33.

M. RAM GOPAL REDDY SHRI (Nizamabad): The hon. Minister made a good and balanced statement and in the end he appealed to the House not to say anything that would embarrass the Government in their negotiations with the Soviet Union. It is a fact that we have pact, we have friendship with the Soviet Union, not from the day of Independence but even in the pre-independence days. The Soviet Union stood by us through thick and thin, it has used its veto in our favour in the United Nations. In that background we have to look at this exchange on superrouble parity and gold reserves. The hon. Minister has categorically stated that the gold reserves have not dwindled in our country. We are maintaining the same parity with the Soviet Union also.

In this connection. I want to say that in India not only is the Government having gold; people in all the five lakh villages are having gold and if all the gold is pooled into one place. India will be the richest country as far as gold is concerned. 1 want to know from the hon. Minister whether he is going to fix a ceiling for gold, just as there is a ceiling on land and other things. In some places we have quintals of gold. There was a proposal when Morarji Desai was the Deputy Prime Minister and Finance Minister. Now we have to go back to that proposal and collect all the gold so that we may have good parity with other countries. The rupee-rouble ratio was once 12 for 100 rupees; it came down to 11,39 and now it is likely to come down 8.66 ħ ts not a good thing. In view of our friendship with the Soviet Union, the hon. Minister should press the point that there should be no going back on friendship. Let there be no ill-feeling in this country towards the Soviet Union which has been our triend for the last several decades.

sive this assurance again, there is no ques- a team had come from Russia for negotia-

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but it is with reference to tourist changing tion of any unfriendly attnude either on the part of India or on the part of the USSR. This is being discussed in friendly atmosphere and I have no doubt in my mind that the conclusions would be for the benefit of both India and the USSR . . (Interruptions). I do not think there is likely to be any difficulty with regard to finding acceptable solutions to this matter. Some suggestion way made with regard to gold available in the country. Already pobody can hold primary gold; it is an offence to hold primary gold.

> SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA (Alipore) : Except the royal family of Jaipur.

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM : That is why we have taken it over now. There are no roval families now, there only ex-royal families But event there, as I said, we had not spared them. As for other things, when the holding is beyond a certain limit, they have to make a declaration. I do not think the time has come when we can mobilise all the gold and put it in one place. As a matter of fact in the international monetary system, we are trying to get away from gold standard to new standards on the basis SDR and that is being discussed now We may have gold for other purposes certainly but for monetary purposes, we are trying to get away from the gold standard.

SHRI R. S. PANDEY (Rajnandgaon): The news which appeared in the Press is quite different from the statement made by the hon Finance Minister. The headline was: USSR seeks revaluation in credit repayment-tough going on rouble rupee exchange talks. It is panicky and unfriendly beadline.

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : Which paper?

SHRI R. S. PANDEY: Hindustan Times and Finance Express which belong to big tycoons. The hon. Minister has made a categorical statement. That the exchange rate was determined strictly in accordance with the official gold content of the respec-SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: I want to five currencies. I read in the papers that

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ting with the Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India and I hope that changes colour according to the news and good will come out of these negotiations the sources of the news. Let us not go At this stage it is difficult for me to put into that But I want to say categorically a mestion which embarrasses the Govern- that these are all speculative reports, to ment position and hampers the interest put it mildly-not mischievous but specuof the country But suppose the negotiations lative reports Therefore, I am sure that fail are you going to take up this issue even if an agreement is arrived at the offi with the Russian Government at a high cial level ultimately it will be finalised only political level so that whatever differences at the highest political level there are with regard to revaluing of the whenever their are any difficulties I am rouble or the rupee will be ironed out? sure we will be able to reach a satis-What would be the fate of the targets set factory solution if not at the official level. for export and import agreements, if rouble at least at the political level is revalued and rupee is devalued How much will they take to non out the differences and remove the apprehensions with The statement of the Finance Minister, I regard to the question of the revaluation of the rouble and devaluation of the rupce ?

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM Current transactions already entered into are on the basis of 8.33 rupees per rouble, there is no question of any difficulty with regard to this I have already stated this With regard to newspaper reports I want to say that None of these questions is of such a nature they are not only alarming but mischievious also and I am sorry to say that when negotiations are going on our newspapers are indulging in this kind of speculative news

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHR 4 What is mischievous about it if the appreciation of the rouble has taken place by 39 per cent ? Devaluation of our rupee would be of that order What is the mischief in that ?

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM I do not sing know whether the hon Member wants to judge by these headlines which have been read out by him. That is why I wanted to tion was addressed to the Chair not to know which were these newspapers If you look into the character of the newspapers then you can understand the heidlines ilso Onlie apart from that I want to say that pointing out that I did not wish to put the negotiations are going on

our) The Allahabad episode that we all is in respect of a price of news which has condemned we read also from the same appeared in the newspapers, then I think papers

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SUBRAMANIAM · Pohcy SHRI C Therefore.

SHRI H M PATEL (Dhandhuka) must say, is extremely disappointing. Undeubtedly when negotiations are going on. it would be wrong to put him questions which would be of an embair using nature

SHRI INDRAHT GUPTA Why was it admitted then ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA Why was it admitted then when negotiations are going on ?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA Negotiations can be going on all the time

SHRIH M PATLI I am somewhat supprised at Shri Indrajit Gupta interven ing even before I have said anything 1 said it is understandable that we should avoid questions which might be embirias

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA The ques vou, Mr Patel

SHRIH M PATEL I started by any embariassing question Nevertheless when the Calling Attention Notice has PROF MADHU DANDAVATE (Raja- been accepted and the Calling Attention the least the Finance Musister could have

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done was to give us the maximum possible information without endangering the negotiations. One thing that can always dispel the spreading of a wrong impression and rumours is to supply correct information. Why does the Finance Minister not tell us what exact arrangement there was between this Government and the USSR Government in regard to our transactions? I think he should have given us information first of all as to the nature of our arrangement hither to with Soviet Russia. Why is it that it has now become necessary for these negotiations to be undertaken ? Was it at our instance or was it at the instance of Soviet Russia? If our previous arrangement with Russia was of a particular character and took care of the variations in the value of the rupee and the value of the rouble, then the matter would have been simple. ls there no such automatic arrangement for adjustment in our agreement? Evidently not. In 1966, when the rupee was devalued, a certain arrangement was made and it was agreed that the rupee would be valued in a particular manner. Again there has been a further devaluation because of the way in which the rupee is now linked to the sterling. As a result of that, Soviet Russia now claims that the rupee is being devalued further and a fresh arrangement should be arrived at. I would request the Finance Minister to tell us precisely at what point we stand today and what was the original arrangement. Since no automatic system exists for evaluating the fall or appreciation in the value of the rupee, what is the kind of arrangement that has been arrived at now? Is it by negotiations that such a change takes place or in some other way? If the discussions now taking place are what would ordinarily have taken place when there has been a fall in the value of one or the other of the currency; we take it that the value of the rouble never falls because it is never announced and sobody knows precisely what ite value is? Will the Finance Minister tell us precisely what he means by this? He says in his statement :

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at the official rate of exchange as determined by the respective gold content of the two currencies."

Is that the system that is in existence? It bas been said. there are commercial transactions and non-commercial transactions. In respect of which transactions will this official rate apply ? If the system of the official rate determined by the respective gold content of the two currencies is in evistence, it is something that is automatically done. Where is the necessity for discussion or negotiation so long as the respective gold content continues to be the same? There has been no variation in it. Therefore, there should have been no necessity for any negotiations at all. So, clearly there has been some other understanding of which no mention has been made. I would request the Finance Minister to clarify that position. Earlier in his statement he says :

> "The rates now being quoted by the State Bank of the USSR apply only to non-commercial transactions within the USSR."

How do you regulate the non-commercial transactions between this country and Russia and the commercial transactions between the two countries?

In the Financial Express it is said :

"For instance, due to an oversight by Indian authorities. carlier exports to USSR were not protected by the gold content clause. Similarly a dispute arose between India and Yogoslavia on the effect of the pound-sterling de_ valuation on certain contracts. but the two countries agreed. after protracted negotiations, to share the liability on a fifty-fifty besis."

This would seem to suggest that a simi-"I would like to clarify that credit lar arrangement is now under contemrepayments continue to be made plation in your negitiations with Russia.

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SHRI C. that are going on, that is treading delicate grounds. So, I would refrain from answering that question. But the hon. Member started by saving that mv disappointing; I do not slatement was know from what point of view. Perhaps, if I had said that we are in conflict with the USSR, that would have given hin: some satisfaction. But unfortunately, that is not a fact. I connot say something which does not exist.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : It is a very chean reply.

is the basis of our agreement today. I ment and we are functioning under the thought I had given that information here, same agreement. How the international According to our agreement, the exchange monetary situation, which affects the value rate between the rouble and the was determined strictly in accordance with the gold content of the two currencies, and that continue to be the same even with regard to the various transactions which we are entering into even now. Therefore, there is no doubt about that.

With regard to the future, they wanted to discuss what should be done in view of the fact that we are linked to the sterling, that sterling is floating and appreciating und depreciating. Our point has been that this is purly a bilateral transaction and, therefore, we are not affected by that and so the existing agreement should prevail. These are matters which are under negotiations and we hope to come to some satisfactory arrangement with regard to these things.

Then I come to the official exchange rate on the basis of the value of the rupee when compared to a basket of foreign currencies,

But they are convertible currencies mostly, change in the exchange rates between the

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(3) (1)

SUBRAMANIAM : I am SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : SHIL IMP ofraid on the last question which he put, have some relationship with the rouble namely, what is the sort of negotiations also. It is not as if they are completely on isolated economica,

> SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : But rouble is not a convertible currency.

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : The question is how this new exchange fate îs. being operated. For non-commercial purposes withm the USSR, for example, a tourist goes there and he wants to convert a rouble into a rupee or a rupee into rouble, for that the new official exchange rate which has been announced was being operated. But, as I have already pointed out, that forms only less than one per cent SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : Might be of the total transactions between USSR cheap, but I have to answer the question, and our country. As far as commercial transactions are concerned, even now we The hon. Member wanted to know what are continuing to have the same agreerupee of the rupee also, how it gets reflected is a matter which we are currently discussing with the USSR.

> PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE : Since you in your wisdom have admitted this Calling Attention Notice, Sir, I take it that it has been your assessment and Judgment that this notice does not cause any embarrassment to the USSR, nor does it mean any fissures being created between the USSR and India.

> SHRI N. K. P. SALVE (Betul) ; It depends on the question.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE. We accept your assessment and judgement and, respecting your judgment, we would like to ask some specific questions.

It is very clear that all the changes that have been introduced so far in the exchange rates have been unilateral. I can understand a situation that under the pressing and compulsive situation occa-SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : sionally, if there is an announcement of a

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rouble and the repose by USSR; one can SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : We understand it. But I would like to know not paying on that basis. We are paying from the Finance Minister whether it is only on 8.33 basis. not a fact that the USSR has been altering the exchange rates between the rouble and the rupee quite frequently ? Following the devaluation of the rupee in 1966, is it Again, a very interesting fact is this. This by USSR at 12 roubles for Rs 100 ? of the USSR, as you may like it As far Again, after the Smithsonian Agreement of as the USSR's interpretation is concerned, for 100 supers" Again, in March 1974, of the fact that iss-a-its the convertible further fluctuations and unilateral changes no intelligent logic behind this argument from month to month

We have been told on the floor of the Iol Sabha that the changes in the rate 1.1 exchange monthwise were follows ---

	Rs	Roubles
1-3-74	100	9 51
1-4-74	••	9 61
1-5-74	••	9 50
1-6-74	••	9 55
1-9-74	••	9 47
1-11-74		9 44
1-12-74	••	9 27

With this periodic depreciation since then, at present, the exchange rate is 8.66 Roubles per Rs 100 It means, if we compare to 1971, there has been 389 per cent or about 39 per cent rise in the case of Rouble in relation to Rupee

concerned, it has almost been doubled is it not a serious situation? It has gone additional price advantage by exchange upto Rs. 400 . . .

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PROF MADHU DANDAVATE not a fact that the exchange rate was fixed is the Russian version, that is, the version December 1971, is it not a fact that when their claim is that in the last 4 months, the dollar was devalued the USSR again these changes and variations in the exchanged the exchange rate to 1139 roubles change rate have been introduced because is it not a fact that there was a further currencies, the value of Indian Rupee has depreciation of the jupper to 9.5 roubles also undergone a change. I am fully confor 100 runces? A very interesting fact is fident-even you will feel-that there is I do not know, just as the USSR bas. abolished private property, whether they have also abolished intelligent logic also There is no intelligent logic behind it. The Russian claim is unwarranted because the changes in the exchange parity of the rupee m relation to convertible currencies. have nothing to do with the rouble. The rouble is not a freely convertible currency and its exchange rate is known to be pegged at an artifically high level. It has no relevance to its intrinsic value in foreign trade and currency transactions. It is on this basis, the interpretation given by the USSR that these changes have been introduced 115-4-115 convertible currencies and probably the value of the rupee has gone down

Then, I would like to point out one other thing and I seek the explanation from the Finance Minister about it. The exchange of goods and services between Indian and USSR on credit or on current account is governed by barter arrangements on runeepayment basis The prices are fixed separately for each transaction by negotiation The reference point in these transactions is the international prices of comparable commodities. There can be no As far as India's payment hability is question under these arrangements for the USSR to seek and for India to accept rate manipulations.

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At the time of 1966 devaluation of the Here, I would like to know concretely rupee, is it not a fact that the Soviet what exactly is the concept of 'non-com-Union and other Communist countries of mercial transactions within the USSR' Eastern Europe managed to boost the pri- because various ces of their deliveries and scaled up the newspapers rupee value of their outstanding credits towards the Socialist countries have also If the gold clause in the contracts at that expressed the feat as to what exactly is time provided some justification for adjust- meant by non commercial transactions' I ment of this kind there is nothing new would like to ask a specific in the prevailing conditions of floating whether the non commercial exchange rates stand in the current negotiations on this made by India from USSR and whether issue and should not permit distortion in they would be considered commercial or the price parities of the good and services non-commercial transactions which enter into exchanges between India and the USSR

SHRI BHOGLNDRA JHA (Jainagar) What is he reading from?

PROF MADHU DANDAVATH 1 am in the bad habit of writing notes when f table a Call Attention Therefore, I always read from my notes. If he has been listening to the debate, in order to save the time of the House, I always follow this procedure Of course 1 can understanding not assure him the nower

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER Instead of arguing with each other, you address the Chair

PROF MADHU DANDAVATE 1 address the Chair But. nnfoitunately somebody interrupts You may direct him to maintain silence. I had to quote figures and quotations

SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA It is netther quotation nor notes

PROF MADHU DANDAVATE instance, this is the statement made the Finance Mimstei It is said

> State Bank of the USSR tion with the USSR"

to a matter of wrgent 180 public importance

newspapers and even which have sympathics question transactions India must take a firm would also include the purchase of arms

Then Sir, I would like to ask a specific question regarding discrimination Unfor tunately, under the present arrangement. what is happening is that if any Indian visits USSR, in that case, as far is the discrimination is concerned he has to change his rupee currency into roubles at the exchange rate that has been ne wiv introduced that is at the reduced rate announced by USSR But at the same time, when any Russian visitor visits India. there is actually no reciprocal obligation at all and therefore, he can avail of the rupees lying at the disposal of the USSR in the trade account Then you will find that there is a discriminating attitude as far as Indians visiting Russia and Russians visiting India are concerned I think this discrimination must also be elimin ited In this case I find that the attitude taken by Soviet Russia has some resemblance with the attr tude that has been taken by the capit dist countries and the capitalist economics towards the developing economics like India Before I raise that guestion I would like to ask a specific question which ipatently may appear to be irrelevant but it has got all the relevance to the For ques issue before us Since the Russians by all making the plea that because of the fluctuations in the value of the rupee, they were forced to make the changes, I personally feel and I had expressed the view a "The rates now being quoted by the member of times whether it is not time apply for us that we should take a decision to only to non-commercial transac- change our attitude to our traditional link with the sterling and to insulate the ruppe

from the fluctuations in relation to other it comes to this. What are the areas in currencies. I would like to know this, which the accepted exchange rate of Since the USSR, a friendly country, is Rs. 8.33 per rouble is applicable and where also putting that interpretation in defence it is not applicable? There is the other of their changing the exchange rate, shall idea that they have inflated the price, etc. we not take a firm attitude that the time and, therefore, we are paying more tham has come when we should take the atti- what is justified. These are some of the tude that our traditional link with the points he has raised. As I have already sterling will go. I want to know whether stated, *e.g.* he put a specific question, that attitude will be adopted in times to whether the many equipments we are purchasing are within the commercial or

AN HON. MEMBER : Float the rupee.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE : Yes. It has been stated that "for commercial transactions the trade plans have specified the old gold parity rate of exchange.' However, in reality, what is happening? In reality the export prices of Soviet products are seldom quoted in roubles whereas India's exports are almost invariably quoted in rupees. The Indian Government does not very often know what rate of exchange the Soviet Union is using in quoting its prices which for internally traded commodities are international prices converted into rupees at the rupee-dollar rate of exchange. This dualism in exchange rate only resembles the dualism the capitalist economies and the capitalist countries are showing to the developing countries like India. I am very sorry that even a socialist country like the Soviet Russia is taking an attitude which really resembles the attitude taken by the capitalist countries and the capitalist economies.

Sir, 1 had asked specific questions. If there are some questions which are embarrassing to the negotiations that are/ taking place, I myself will suggest that I do not want to answer those question. But there are other questions which are not embarrassing to the present negotiations. Therefore, I earnestly request the Finance Minister to give us specific and categorical answers to those questions.

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: Of course, other points were sugg the hon. Member has made a long state- mind when negotiations ment and questions. But round and round, shall take notice of it.

it comes to this. What are the areas in which the accepted exchange rate of Rs. 8.33 per rouble is applicable and where it is not applicable? There is the other idea that they have inflated the price, etc. and. therefore, we are paying more than what is justified. These are some of the points he has raised. As I have already stated, *e.g.* he put a specific question, whether the many equipments we are purchasing are within the commercial or non-commercial transaction. It is a transaction covered by our agreement. Therefore, this Rs. 8.33 rate is applicable. When a tourist goes to USSR he can convert the rouble only at the exchange rate this is announced there as the official exchange rate. When a Russian comes here if he gives rouble for the purpose of exchange he will get Rs. 8.33. So, there is no question of our losing anything.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA :: How will you operate the rouble account here ?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : Experts have gone into it and this is what is being done but if the hon. Member feels that we should go back upon it. it is a matter to be gone into. I am prepared to look into it. But I may point out that this matters has been gone into and everybody has come to the conclusion that this is the best under the circumstances to operate. If there is a different view, it is a different thing. But so far as this matter is concerned, enough investigations have already been done. We are doing OR exports and purchases on this basis. Also, I may say, we try to find out what is the price in the international market for the corresponding commodity. When we find it advantageous, we purchase; otherwise not. When we find it advantagous to purchase in our dealings with Russia, we purchase and we have derived great deal of advantages from this agreement. Various other points were suggested to be kept in mind when negotiations are conducted. We we going to change our traditional attitude the Bill further to amend the Incomettax

the second second second

 $z \in \mathbb{R}$ SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM : This question has been some into fully and we have been advised that the present system is the best under the circumstances, namely, to have link with sterling. Of course, there could be different views with regard to this. The question is whether we can operate in an independent manner, with out having link with any other currency. with Sterling, or Dollar or German Mark, etc. We are continuously assessing the international monetary system and if at any particular juncture a different decision has got so be taken, we will not hesitate to do it. But we have been advised by the exports that under the present circumstances this is the best that we can do and this is going on all right.

12.58 his.

SOINT COMMITTEE ON OFFICES OF PROFIT

TWELFTH REPORT

SHRI PATTABHI RAMA RAO (Ralaanundry): I beg to present the Twelfth Report of the Joint Committee on Offices of Profit.

TAXATION LAWS (AMENDMENT) BILL

(i) Report of Select Committee

SHRI N. K. P. SALVE (Betul) : I beg to present the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill further to amend the income-tax Act, 1961, the Wealth-Tax Act. 1957, the Gift-tax Act, 1958 and the Comcanics (Profits) Surtax Act, 1964.

(ii) EVIDENCE

on the Table the record of the evidence sation to the claimants of their properties

PROP. MADHU DANDAVATE : Are losdened before the Select Committee on and linkage with sterling 7 That is what Act. 1963, the Wealth tax Act. 1957, I asked. (Profits) Surtax Act, 1964.

13 hrs.

183 Matter under rule 377 [MARCH 20, 1975] Matter under rule 377

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE (AMENDMENT) BILL

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER TO JOINT-COMMITTEE

SHRI LILADHAR KOTOKI (Nowgong) : I beg to move the following:

> "That this House do appoint Shri C. M. Stephen to the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the Limitation Act. 1963, in the vacancy caused by the death of Shri Debendra Nath Mahata."

MR. SPEAKER : The question is :

"That this House do appoint Shri C. M. Stephen to the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the Limitation Act, 1963. in the vacancy caused by the death of Shri Debandra Nath Mahata."

The motion was adopted.

MATTER UNDER RULE 377

PAYMENT OF EX-GRATIA COMPEN-SATION FOR PROPERTIES OF INDI-ANS IN PAKISTAN AND FORMER EAST PAKISTAN.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA (Contai.): Sir. you 1 want to draw through the attention of the Minister of Commerce to an urgent problem in regard to the ex-gratia compensation about the enemy properties of the Indians citizens in West Pakista nand former East Pakistan. If the issue is not cleared by 31st March rupees three crores will go to the Consolidated Fund, Since 1971-1974 about Rs. 12 crores were allocated in each year's SHRI N. K. P. SALVE : 1 bag to lay budget for payment of ex-gratic compen185 Matter weder gule 377

11.18

Pakistan. The Government of India announ-vernment, not only have refused to pay it. ced a policy in 1971 that those people who but, they are not giving the sanction even. had glaims of having left property in Sir, suddenly, the Internal Finance Depart-West Pakistan and former East Pakistan ment, although they have nothing to do they will be given 25 per cent ex-grana with it, say 'No'. They say that in regard payment in regard to the total value of to those people whose properties are worth their assets. After 1965 war the Indian more than Rs. 4 fakhs, they will be given citizens have claimed to have left proper- 60 per cent of their total assets and in ties worth Rs. 109 crores in Pakistan and regard to those people whose properties on the other hand Pakistan has property are worth less than Rs. 4 lakhs, they will worth about Rs. 29.6 crores in India. The be given 80 per cont of their total assets. Government of India got more than Rs. This is totally against the announcement 25 crores in cash and it was said by the that was made by the Government. So far, Government that these would be paid in only Rs. 3.11 crores have been paid. This the form of ex-gratia compensation to the 15 totally against announcement made extent of 25 per cent of the value of the by the Government. This Internal Finance property of the claimants.

The Custodian of the Enemy property in India is dillydallying with this amount. Since 1971-74 although Rs 12 crores were allocated yet they could spend only Rs 3.11 crores. This year the Government allocated Rs. 3 crores and only Rs. 64 lakhs have been spent. When I earlier raised the matter in the House and also wrote a letter to the Commerce Minister he informed me that he was hurnedly trying to do something for the claiments from former East Pakistan.

regard to the climants from West Pakistan have been allotted in this Budget for the Most of the claims of the Indian citizens payment of ex-gratia compensation will from West Pakistan have been cleared in be paid to the claimants from spite of the fact that there was a lot of diffi- East Pakistan? Sir, this is a matter which culty in regard to verifying their assets and is very urgent. Unless this is paid before properties. In the case of claimants from 31st March, this year also, this Rs. 3 of the cases are still pending. Thousands Fund of India. This is very urgent matter and Bombay but nothing has been done. Government immediately. 1 had raised this matter in the House and also wrote to the Minister and put several questions. As a result of that a panel was (Ausgram): Mr Speaker, Sir, I would like set-up in Calcutta with two retired judges. to make a small submission. Cotton and That panel and the Chairman of the Office Tobacco growers from many villages of of the Custodian of Enemy Properties in Guntur and Prakassam districts of Andhra India together decided and they sanctioned Pradesh are conducting satyagraha before the claims. They approved the claims of the State Government offices in various

in both West Bakistan and former, East Pakistan. But, strangely, the Central Go-Department is going to deprive the legitimate due of these people, who have left all their lands and construction in former East Pakistan. Sir, through you, I would like to draw the attention of the pon. Minister concerned that he should immediately make a statement on the floor of the House as to what is the position of the ex-grana compensation in regard to the claimants from former East Pakistan citizens and also, what about the recommendation that has been made unanimously by the panel that was set up by the Government in Calcutta? Why are they not agreeing to the recommendation which has been made by that panel? I would also like I also want to draw your attention with to know whether the Rs. 3 crores which former former East Pakistan about 90 per cent crores will go back to the Consolidated of people are roaming about in Calcutta and a statement should be made by the

SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA HALDER over a thousand claimants from former East taluks of these districts demanding of the 187 Matter u ider rule 377

Government to fix up fair rates for their produce and also purchase the cotton Sir, he will simply mention." stocks through the Cotton Corporation of India, Similarly, the virginia tobacco growers. . . .

MR. SPEAKER : How it is relevant here"

SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA HALDER: Sir, the interests of the cotton and tobacco growers should be safeguarded.

Sir, the virginia tobacco growers are also sustaining loss. The monopoly companies in tobacco trade actually are paying Rs. 300 to Rs. 400 per quintal instead of Rs. 850 per quintal which they agreed in the presence of Government representatives. in the Chamber.

While the costs of cultivation of these products are going up on the one hand, the prices of these products are falling down abnormally. The cultivators are forced to make distress sales and they are not in a position even to pay taxes to the Government. The Government is resorting to forceful collection of taxes by auctioning the properties of cultivators. Therefore, Sir, I raise this matter under Rule 377 and I would request you to ask the Minister concerned to make a statement in this regard.

SHRI BIREN DUTTA (Tripura West): Sir. I would like to make a submission.

MR SPEAKER You cannot force yourself on me like this. I am not going to allow it.

SHRI BIREN DUTTA: Su, five MLAs have been arrested under MISA.

SHRI DINEN (Scrampore): What is the rule that you are following?

MR. SPEAKER:: I am not permitting it. I have not called any one of you. Mr. Maider wanted to make a submission for one minute. I did not know what it was going to be. He brought in a State matter.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA:

MR. SPEAKER : This is basically very wrong.

SHRI SEZHIYAN (Kumbakonam): Sir, let him meet you in the Chamber and explain.

SHRI BIREN DUTTA: Five MLAs of the CPM in Tripura had been arrested: all the other opposition MLAs had been suspended.

MR SPEAKER . This is basically wrong.

SHRI SEZHIYAN: Let him meet you

MR SPEAKER It is already there; I examined it and I do not allow it. He suddenly gets up and says that some MLAs had been arrested? You have framed these rules and if you do not observe them, what is to be done?

GUJARAT BUDGET, 1975-76-GENE-RAL DISCUSSION, DEMANDS FOR GRANTS ON ACCOUNT (GUJARAT), 1975-76 AND SUPPLEMENTARY DE-MANDS FOR GRANTS (GUJARAT), 1974-75

MR SPEAKER. We shall take up items 10, 11 and 12 together Mr Chavda want ed to raise some objection Now, when he speaks he can mention all this. He will be called and he can mention all those matters Then the Minister will reply. I think it caunot come in a point of order. I will call him in due course.

SHRI K. S. CHAVDA (Patna): This is BHATTACHARYYA violation of article 199.

> MR. SPEAKER : Whatever it is, you can raise the matter. He will reply to it. If it is violation, anybody can go to court and get it rescinded; as Mr. Sezhiyan did.

> SHRI SEZHIYAN (Kumbakonam): We should be able to resolve these things; and

an individual cannot fight the Government every time.

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR (Ahmedabad): If Shri Chavda is raising a point of order on certain constitutional matters House of Parliament may direct any modifiand is not speaking on the contents of the budget, kindly allow him to have hu say.

that he wants to raise some objections. All through notification. right; let him say what he wants to say BOW.

SHRI K. S. CHAVDA: I want to raise a point of order under rule 376 (2).

The Guiarat Government has imposed "Backdoor taxation" of Rs. 22.9 crores on the people during the current year without the assent of Parliament. This "backdoor taxation" will bring in a total revenue of Rs. 34.50 crores during 1975-76.

Replying to a question at a press con ference regarding "Backdoor taxation" the Governor, Shri K. K. Vishwanathan clarified that it was not necessary to go before Parliament in case of changes or alterations in sales tax and hike in other duties. This could be done through notifications.

Constitutionally, any change or alteration or imposition of any tax or any matter incidental thereto falls within the purview of a Money Bill According to Clause 1(a) and (g) of Article 191 of the Constitution which reads as follows ----

> "A Bill shall be deemed to be a Money Bill if it contains

(a) the imposition, abolition, remission alteration, or regulation of any tax; or

(g) any matter incidential to any of the metters specified in sub-clause (a).

There is President's rule in Gujarat and according to sub-section (1) to (4) of Section 3 of the Gujarat State Legislature (Delegation of Powers) Act. 1974, any change in any tax can be done by exacting a Bill as a President's Act. 10 LSS/75-7.

the Bill must be But before enacting. considered in the consultative committee of Members of Parliament and the President's Act should be laid on the Table in both the Houses of Parliament so that either cations to be made in the President's Act.

Therefore, no change or imposition in MR. SPEAKER: He has written to me the sales tax, vehicle tax etc. can be done

> MR. SPEAKER : The hon. Member says about some taxation about which some decision had been taken; here it is not yet before the House. How can that be brought now? He can raise that matter independently not in this manner. How can it arise out of this. I am sorry; not at this stage. You can raise it some other time.

SHRI SEZHIYAN I have written to you a note I want to raise three points on the procedure adopted in the presentation of Supplementary Demands for Grants for 1974-75. Yesterday, the hon. Deputy-Speaker was pleased to observe as follows when I raised certain points of order.

MR SPEAKER . The hon. Deputy-Speaker is here, he knowns the full background I do not want to break that continuity

13 18 hrs.

[Mr Deputy-Speaker in the Chair]

SHRIP G. MAVALANKAR: Before you ask Mr. Sezhiyan to make his point, we want to know what happen to our cut motions"

MR DFPUTY-SPEAKER : We have not started the discussion."

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chiraympil) : Can 1 make a submission on another mater?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : We have already taken up items 10, 11 and 12,

He is on a point of order relating to these items.

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, SHRI SEZHIYAN: Yesterday you were pleased to observe on my point of order.

> "Let us close this point. There is no more new point. The statement has been laid. I would only put this for the second and consideration of the Government: where you thought it necessary to quote article 115(1) (b) in relation to excess which is quite regular and does not give rise to any controversy, would it not have been better if you had also quoted 115 (1) (a)?"

Just to put the record straight, here the Supplementary Demands for Grants for Gujarat 1974-75 also quote the wrong article 205 (2).

MR DFPUTY-SPEAKER Wa can leave that.

SHRI SEZHIYAN . I only want to point out that it should have been under article 205(1)(a).

You have been pleased to say that the matter should be taken to the Rules Committee. But what happens to statement already laid for which I do not get any chance? After it is laid, it is circulated. That is a point which we will take up in the Rules Committee.

Coming to the Supplementary Demands for Grants 1974-75 I have got three im- page 34 it is mentioned: Finance Departportant points of order. I will summarise ment Demand No. 24. Major Head 268. them, Though I have written a long letter Other Expenditure, Rs. 568.10 lakhs. It is to the Secretary-General which I am told stated there "total other revenue expendihas been forwarded to the Minister also, ture pertaining to the Finance Department" I hope the Minister will be able to give Therefore, Rs. 5.6 crores was meant for a reply.

details of any of these cases, I shall take dum given by the Government also, nothing up the basic principles that affect Parhament's authority in the grant of funds and in not following the Constitutional provision In the Supplementary Grants Appropria- inhibited here. The tion No. 1 it has been stated :

"The State Government sanctioned additional Dearness Allowance to its employees w.e.f. 1st January, 1974. 1st March. 1974 and 1st May, 1974. Pending computation . of the additional requirements under each Demand a lump sum provision of Rs. 5.6 crores was included under Grant No. 24 of the Budget Estimates of 1974-75 as likely expenditure resulting from these increases in the rates Allowance. of Dearness The provision of Rs. 56 crores under Demand No. 24 will now be surrendered and Supplementary Grants have now been sought under the relative Demands"

They had simply asked for a lump sum grant of Rs. 56 crores in the Budget Estimates of 1974-75. They have been paying whatever was due out of this amount, but they have not been debiting Demand No. 24. The Demand has been kept intact and they are surrendering it now. But they have been debiting it to other heads. That means they have been debiting the amount to heads for which it was not provided by the Budget Estimate of 1974-75. They have not debited the amount where Pailiament authorised it This is not only improper budgeting, it also goes against the principles of budgeting and the Convtitutional provisions

In the Budget Estimates of 1974-75 at some expenditure of the Finance Department, it was not meant for any other While I do not want to go into the Department. In the Explanatory Memoranhas been mentioned of this item.

> MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : I am being documents are not before me.

SHRI SFZHIYAN: I can lend mine.

MR DEPUTY-SPFAKFR : We should make it a practice to have all these here.

SHRI SEZHIYAN: In the Explanatory Memorandum on the Government of Guiarat 1974-75 Budget Estimates at page 15 it has been stated:

> "The estimates of expenditure take into account the increase in the rates and the of Dearnes Allowance interim relief so far sanctioned by the Government."

Budget I want to go into the question of specific authority of this House. If they this Rs. 5.6 crores. Now they are making had not paid any of these things till the it appear that it was meant for other De- time this House passes the Supplementary partments whereas it was not mentioned Demands and the Appropriation Bill. I will so originally.

The purpose for which it was given was for some expenses of the Finance Department. It is also stated "the estimates of expenditure take into account the increases in the rates of DA and interim relief so the Government of far sanctioned by Guiarat during the current financial year. No provision is, however, made for such increases which may be required to be sanctioned by the Government hereafter." This is what was stated in March last Afterwards, the State Government vcar sanctioned increased rates from 1st May in the Demand for Rs. 56 crores, alm they had not taken into account any of these things. That is what they themselves say. "they did not take into account the likely burden which the State Government may have to bear during 1974-75 as a result of the recomendations of the Second Pay Commission appointed by the State Government and the decision of the State Government thereon," Whatever they have allotted is not intended to cover any of the extra burdens likely to occur by way of additional DA, etc. to be sanctioned by the State Government. Now in the Supplementary Demands presented in March 1975 they come round and say:

"Pending computation of the additional under each Demand, a requirements lump sum provision of Rs. 5.60 crores was included under Grant No. 24 in the Budget Estimates, 1974-75 as likely expenditure resulting from this increase in the rates of DA."

They did not say it in the original budget given for 1974-75 nor in the explanatory memorandum. My point is basic. They ask for a Demand under a certain head --Demand No. 24. They did not utilise it. They are surrendering it and debiting so many other heads probably to the tune of Rs 56 ciores. An amount gianted for a particular demand and a particular Because provision was made in the last direction cannot be changed without the have no quarrel. But my understanding is they have already spent it under different heads on different demands other than Demand No. 24 for which this amount of Rs 56 crores was meant. This is irregular because they have not got the sanction of Parliament to do it

> I come to advances from the contingency fund I have raised some points about 20 to 30 items for which I may be getting a reply later on. Without going into details. I may submit that the contingency fund has been provided to meet unforeseen expenditure. as against the Consolidated Fund, withdrawals from which cannot be made without an Appropriation Act duly passed by Parliament. But the practice of this Government has been, as revealed in the supplementary demands. to use the contingency fund as a running account without fulfilling the provisions of the Constitution. I can give so many examples where the expenditure could have been clearly anticipated but stull they indulzed in making withdrawals from the contingency fund.

> For example, under Demand No. 40 they have taken Rs. 1.98 lakhs on 9-1-75 towards employment promotion programme. This cannot be an unforescen scheme.

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Demand No. 42-Rs. 2 lakhs taken on 15-1-75 for "issue of new household ration the Gujarat State Cooperative Marketing cards in booklet forms in Gujarat". This Society and various cooperative societies cannot be an unforescen expenditure.

It is stated :

"Government has decided to contribute share capital to the Gujarat Fisheries Central Cooperative Association and paid an amount of Rs. 5.95 lakhs by sanctioning an advance from the Contingency Fund on 1st February, 1975. An amount of Rs. 4.18 lakhs is available by way of reappropriation from savings."

Is this an unforseen expenditure, viz., contribution to the share capital of the Gujarat Fisheries Central Cooperative Association? This House was sitting in December; on the 9th December the Supplementary Demands were placed before this House and again on the 17th December another Supplementary Demand was placed before the House. Yet, on the 1st of February, they have taken this amount from the Contingency Fund of India. Why could they not take another supplementary demand after waiting till the House meets?

Again take Demand No. 55, page 25 where it is stated:

"This has necessitated the withdrawal of an advance of Rs, 5 crores from the State Contingency Fund on the 10th of February, 1975, which will be recouped after the Supplementary Demand is passed."

It is mentioned in the beginning:

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and the spectrum of

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"Due to recent rise in fertilizer prices, increase in the rate of interest and drought conditions prevailing in most lizer has gone down considerably."

unforescen.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : It is mentioned that have accumulated sizeable stocks of tertilizers. The prospect of consumption of Then, take for example Demand No. 53. fertilizer till the next kharif are rather bloak. Till then the various cooperatives and the Gularat State Cooperative Marketing Society will have to store fertilizers. So, this is a help given to the cooperatives to lift their stocks. This is not a contingency which could not be foreseen.

> Again, take Demand No. 56 where Rs. 10 lakhs has been taken on the 15th February, when the House is meeting on the 17th.

Again, there is another amount here. not in crores but one lakh. Under Demand No. 66 it is mentioned that an advance of Rs. 9.51 lakhs has been obtained from the State Contingency Fund on the 5th February "to meet the immediate expenditure in connection with the birthday centenary of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel." Could they not foresee it ? It would have been known even hundred years earlier when the birth centenary of an eminent person should be coming. But what happens is that the State Government takes out of the Contingency Fund, on 5th February, a sum of Rs. 9.51 lakhs. Was it unforeseen? They themselves say that a Sub-Committee was appointed; then why take recourse to this once the Committee started functioning? They knew that the centenary was falling on such and such a date. Is this the respect shown to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel -that only in the month of February they thought they should celebrate it and went and applied for advance and got it? Probably Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was not of the same stature as Bhagwan Mahavir; But for Bhagwan Mahavir also they have parts of the State, the demand for ferti- done the same thing ! That was the birth centenary; but for the 2500th anniversary also they had to go to the Contingency. SHRI K. GOPAL (Karur): Drought is Fund and take an advance. They have said : (\cdot, c)

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India" (so it is not their own inspiration) "the State Government has constituted a State Level Committee for celebration of the 2500th anniversary of Bhagwan Mahabir Nirwan. The Committee has chalked out the programme and the State Government has sanctioned Rs. 15 lakhs in the aggregate to be spent in the two financial years 1974-75 and 1975-76. As there is no provision for this ourpose in the current year's Budget, an advance of Rs 2 lakhs was obtained from the State Contingency Fund on the 15th February 1975".

I would like to know why this was not included in one of the supplementary demands taken up on the 9th December and 17th December, 1974.

Then, again, I can give you so many other instances There is the Demand No 69 for Housing

MR. advise the Minister of State for Finance to of the Gujarat Tourism Development Corlisten carefully. These are very important poration cannot be an unforeseen expenpoints and if this House does not discharge diture. its function as a watch-dog over money then it is not worth the name. I am allowing Shri Sezhiyan to raise this point because I do not want-as I said vesterday-the Executive to get away with anything and take the House for granted. I do not understand how, just two days before the House was to meet, they thought it necessary to take money out of the Contingency Fund in anticipation that this House will just blindly agree to it. This is not the way the House should be looked at.

ple Without this House's giving any money, no money can be spent.

It is unfortunate that the State of Gujarat is under the supervision of the Home and under my Chairmanship at the They have bought 21 tipper trucks for moment.

SHRI SEZHIYAN :

"As suggested by the Government of group housing scheme for Schedule Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other backward sections of the society a sum of Rs. 10 jakhs has been taken from the Contingency Fund on 2nd January, 1975. Didn't they know that housing schemes should be given priowait till the Contingency rity? Why Fund facility came their way?

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1 will cite yet another case. Demand No. 84 on p. 44 is very revealing.

"Government has recently decided to set up the Gujarat Tourism Development Corporation. To enable the Corporation to meet its preliminary expenses. Government has sanctioned an amount of Rs. 1 lakh by obtaining an advance from the Contingency Fund on 17th February, 1975".

So, on the very day Parliament was to meet, they took Rs. 1 lakh for setting up the Gujarat Tourism Development Corporation. I am not concerned with what amount was taken, but why do so when DEPUTY SPEAKER: I would the House is sitting here? The setting up

I have written a detailed letter to the Minister as to when the actual proposal was put up by the State of Gujarat. I know the process-by which it would take months for the Government to put up the Corporation-but it should have been instituted sometime last year itself and they should have come before the House during the December Session. In December, two Supplementary Demands came up and in August also there was a supplementary. They couldn't wait for a few days till the This House has to grant every single House met, but on the 17th itself, as though to affront the House, they have taken an advance from the Contigency Fund to set up the Corporation.

Now, 1 come to Demand No. 127, p. 69 the work on the Narmada project. This is a continuing one. For this, they went Taking Demand to buy tipper trucks. I think, the nego-No 69, for construction of low income tiations would have been going on; tenders

best ones would have been taken. All this already epent and for which there is no would have taken months. Still, they did sanchon in the Budget. Under the head not take the House into confidence They "Half a Million Jobs programme", the did not put this proposal before the House apprentices training acheme for agro-indusin December, 1974 February, 1975, they took an advance of Corporation was sanctioned at an estima-Rs 26 lakhs from the Contingency Fund ted cost of Rs 149 lakhs The Supple-Is it such an unforescen thing to buy 21 mentary Demand has been necessitated to tipper trucks? Has it come as a calamity meet additional expenditure on this account to the Government that they could not I do not know who sanctioned this one foresee it?

point is this The Constitution, under the NFW MINOR HEAD" If we take the relevant article, says that the Contingency budget provision for 1975 76, the Demands Pund is there to meet the unforescen ex for Grants for Gujarat for 1975-76, at the penditure Government has acted in conformity with the head "Other Programme" This is the spirit and letter of the Constitution' the thing we are dealing with You will I want to know, in all the cases which I find there is no budget demand against quoted, whether there has been any unfore that proposal seen thing which demanded an immediate action of withdrawal of advances from the Contigency avoided? why did they not come with Supp- estimate for 1974 75 is Rs 15 lakhs, the lementary Demands earlier? why did they revised estimate for 1974 75 is Rs 15 lakhs take recourse to withdrawing advances from and the budget estimate for 1975-76 is also the Contingency Fund?

taking money from the Contingency Fund 1974 75 head That means it is a new there is no rule. It became a fut accomple programme taken in the middle of the year Somehow, they take for granted that this without the sanction of the funds if you House will pass it. The House is not given tike the provisions of the Supplementary an opportunity to discuss it, whether this Demands of the Constitution you will find, should be done or not I know, all these that if there is a new service contemplated Budgets are given summarily But there in the budget it should come only in suppis a procedure. The House gives a consent lementary budget, it cannot be spent and By tiking withdrawals from the Contin then you come But this has ilready been gency Fund, they have violated the spirit pent it is still here that under the and letter of the Constitution As I have Hilf a Million Jobs Programme' an Appshown, these things could have been rentice training scheme for Agro Industries forescen months ahead years ahead They Centres under Gujarat Agro Industries have taken recourse to withdrawing money Corporation was sanctioned at an estimafrom the Contingency Fund. This is high ted cost of Rs. 1.49 likhs. Unless the by objectionable and against the spirit Minister says that Rs 149 lakas has not and letter of the Constitution to that extent, they have violated the cons ing has already taken place. This amount titutional provisions

This is of a different type Here is a week

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might have been called and who gave the supplemently Demand for the money Suddenly, on 14th tries under the Gujarat Agro-Industries Of course, in the Budget provision, this sanction is not there. If you go through I can quote more things But my basic this item, at the bottom, you will see A May I know whether the end the last item is Rs 1.49 lakhs under

This mount c. Rs. 15 lakhs is for well I und Why was this House fare of Scheduled castes The budget Rs 15 lakhs Under 'Other Programmes minor he d the amount is Rs 149 lakhs, Why I am stressing this point is that for there is no budget estimate for that in Therefore been spent the wording shows that the trainis required for the year ending 31-3-1975 This is being passed now I do not think Then, I take up Demand No 49 P 22 the training is going to be only for about

to Demand No. 49 of the Supplemen- itself implies that. Comptroller is one who tary Demands of this year and then you controls the flow of the amounts allotted referred to Demand No. 27 of the Demands in the budget, but in India, we do not have for Grants for 1975-76. What is the that. Therefore, this is the oppor une moconnection?

mands for Grants for 1975-76, three particulars are given. One is the budget estimates for 1974-75, second is the revised estimates for 1974-75 and then the budget estimates for 1975-76. This is given for the purpose showing how much was the original budget estimate for 1974-75, and it there was any supplementary budget included and then it is given as the revised budget. Suppose originally I start with ten lakhs considering that it is sufficient for the purpose, but during the course of the year. If I thought that ten lakhs is not sufficient, I came to the house and got five lakhs more, the revised estimate will be Rs. 15 lakhs. Suppose ten lakhs was found more than required and I surrendered two lakhs, the revised estimates would be eight lakhs. This will show the fluctuation, and the budget estimate for the following year goes on approximately on a projection of these two.

If you see under the revised estimates, Rs. 1 49 lakhs is shown there. There is no budget estimate for this. They themselves have conceded that this was not thought of in the original budget estimate. This has not been provided in the budget estimate. This is sought to be brought now. My contention is that it has already been spent. This should not have been spent without House.

On these three points. I would like to have the rulings.

Then Sir, I fully concur with the point of Mr. Naik. In India, who should control the budget estimates ? we allot the budget estimate, but at the end of the year, we find the budget is exceeded, or we are confronted with some of these contingencies of advances which are completely deration regarding unforescen expenditure

DY. SPEAKER : You have referred and Auditor General. In U. K. his name ment when we want to stress that the function of the Comptroller & Auditor-General SHRI SEZHIYAN : If you take the De- is not to be merely an Accounting Officer for this Government, he is not simply to draw the accounts for this governmentthat would be done by the Ministry itself-he should have the function to really do the control. In the UK not a single penny can flow out of the Consolidated Fund without the permission of the Comptroller. In India it is not. Simply the head of the Ministry draws out the funds and only at the end of the year. we are confronted with the fact that where only Rs. 10 lakhs were allotted, Rs. 15 lakhs have already been spent. There is no provision. still they take it. These things happen in India.

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MR DEPUTY SPEAKER: You have made the point.

SHRI SEZHIYAN: This sort of indiscipline is happening because there is no real control in India.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PRA-NAB KUMAR MUKHERJEE): Most of the points relate to procedure and/only one point the hon. Member raised regarding letters he has written to us. You will appreciate that he wanted information for nearly 40 items. Information on most of these items I have to get from the Gujarat the permission of the Government. He wrote the latter on the 15th and it took 3 or 4 days to reach me. I laid the statement on the Table of the House on the 5th. If I had these points earlier, 1 would have tried to get some more information. Regarding whether this particutar item was spent or not, during the course of the discussion I will try to give bim that information

I only want to submit for your consiirregular. It is the duty of the Comptroller from the Contingency Fund This was also

a point raised by the hon. Member on I will have to take a little more serious carlier occasions as a result of which the notice whether we should proceed with this Bill was ultimately withdrawn both on Gujarat and Pondicherry We had some correspondence with the Speaker also and we tried to emphasize on the Speaker that on certain occasions expenditure from the Contingency Fund on unforescen account may be necessary Even in the latest communication that we have received from the hon Speaker he has directed us not to make any expenditure from the Contingency Fund when the Parliament is in session and we have assued the necessary instructions to that effect also There are certain other implications ilso which are being looked into

Certain other items also the hon Member mentioned were spent from the Contingency Fund and on unforeseen expenditure Of course, whether my particular item could be treated as unforeseen or not, I cannot pass a judgment. It is for you and for the House to take a view of it

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER I think I must express a feeling that it is my misfortune to be too respectful to every Member in this House that I follow them very attentively and try to understand their points of view My second misfortune is that I am too zealous of the rights of this House If you think that that is a fault with me, I accept it

Yesterday, I had an occasion to say that I have more of the points here that the Members have raised than the Minister cared to listen to or to note down I am afraid today also it is the same thing ľ expected the Minister to listen carefully to the points raised by Mr Sezhiyan which are very important and constitutional points and which relate to the functions of this House as a watch-dog of the finances of this nation. I had thought that he would meet those points one by one and answer them. But, since he has not done so and I have them all here, I would elicit information from him on each of these points and I expect that he will satisfy this House Well, it is obvious you have got this money and me also If you cannot, then I think Rs 560 crores, under Demand No 24

discussion at all

SHRIK S CHAVDA In the morning also I raised a point of order.

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER About that the Speaker has given a ruling and let us not go into that That point of order is very valid, but let us now confine ourselves to these Supplementary Demands and also these items

If the Minister would kindly turn to this book on Supplementary Demands at page 1-this is the first point raised by Mi Sozhiyan and a very important point too-I will read the explanatory note at the end of that which says

The State Government sanctioned additional dearness allowance

I think the emphasis here is on this word sanctioned' which is in the past tense

"The State Government sanctioned additional dearness allowance to its employees, with effect from 1st January, 1974 1st March 1974 and 1st May, 1974 Pending computation of the additional requirements under each Demand

because these dearness allowance related to the different departments with different Demands

"Pending computation of the additional requirements under each Dem nd lump sum provision of Rs 560 crores was included under Grant No. 24 in the Budget Estimates, 1974-75

which have been granted by this House

as likely expenditure resulting from these increases in the rates of Dearness Allowance The provision of Rs 560 crores under Demand No 24 will now be surrendered and the Supplementary Grants have now been sought under the relevant Demands"

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this money; and that is why you say you ed. Too often we hear it said: "Oh, we surrendered this money and you now come- take them for granted." I do not like this forward for the same amount under the at all. Now, if you have the Constitution, different heads here. Now, the question kindly turn to page 65. Article 114(2). that is asked by Mr. Sezhiyan-and that I Have you got it? It says: 'No amendwould like also to put to you-is this: ment shall be proposed to any such Bill whether you have paid these dearness al- in either House of Parliament which will lowances to the staff of the Gujarat Gov- have the effect of varying the amount or ernment, to the employees of the Gujurat altering the destination of any grant so Government, under different heads, whether made." you have done that at all. This is the basic question.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHEK-JEE: So far as the specific information is concerned, we shall have to collect it

(Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : Well, order please. (Interruptions) Now I will ...

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-IEE: Sir, it has already been paid.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : In that case, it is a very serious matter, because (Interruptions) Please, please, order please, have got here a lump sum provision of Well, I draw your attention, shall I draw your attention to the Constitution? Have various items you got the Constitution with you?

So long as it does not exceed, it is all given by this House. right.

(Interruptions)

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER : Order ... (Interruptions) 1 et us hear the Munister.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEF: If it does not exceed the amount sancuoned by the Parliament, I do not know what is the objection.

(Interruptions)

let us now discuss this. This affects the been no sanction, no grant given by this tundamentals of this House. I do not House under those different heads-the want to obstruct; but I want to assert the House has given this under Demand No. rights of this House. And as I say it 24,-therefore, he wants to recoup that

but under this Demand, you did not spend this country to take this House for grant-

Under the Constitutional provision you can't have an amendment which will alter the destination of the Grant. Here you have provided something on Grant No. 24 and you have spent on something else. Does it not amount to altering the destination of the Grant under Demand No. 24? This is what I want to know.

14 HRS.

SHRI B. V. NAIK (Kanara): It you mean by destination the direction and the ultimate goal, it is something of the Ganges breaking itself up into the Delta. You Rs. 5-1/2 crores. It is broken up into

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : We cannot DR. MAHIPATRAY MEHTA (Kutch): play ducks and drakes with the Grants

> DR. MAHIPATRAY MEHTA: It is a lump sum provision. It has to be distributed under various items.

> SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR: From the reply given by the Minister, are we to understand this? This amount of Rs. 5.60 crores was sanctioned under Demand No. 24. He says that he surrendered it; he is reapportioning it into various branches.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER If it is spent MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : All right ; under different heads, because there has again and again, I do not want anybody in money by coming to this House with a

Supplementary Demand. Don't you see, why he is coming?

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: I would like to make a submission. Members have raised certain points. I would like to clarify those points tomorrow; we can take this up tomorrow.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : Very well ; very kind of you. Let me make these points. You can come up tomorrow about these things. This is point number one. The other is the very liberal use of the Contingency Fund. Well, technically, perhaps there is nothing to object to, but if you read the Article of the Constitution-Fund---vou will relating to Contingency find, this is in respect of 'unforseen expenditure'. Mr. Sezhiyan raised a number of points. I am thankful to hon. Members like Mr. Sezhiyan, because, only when we have very alert Members like these who are zealous of their rights, of the rights of the House

SHRI K. S. CHAVDA (Patna) : The Speaker did not thank me when I raised a point of order in the morning.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : I was not in the Chair to thank you. Definitely. it had caused Mr. Sezhiyan a lot of time and lot of labour and pains-taking to go into all these things. Therefore, we are very grateful to him. You have to satisfy us whether these are covered under the provisions of the Constitution. And, number three is this. I have just glanced through it. On 15th February, two days before this House met, they had appropriated something from the Contingency Fund, and on one occasion, on the 17th itself. the day when we met here, they appropriated something from the Contingency Fund.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: This queestion has already been raised and we are in correspondence with the Speaker. We have expressed our view point to him and I referred to his latest communication in which he has directed is not to resort to contingency fund.

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But we have some difficulty because when the Lok Sabha will be in session. the Rajya Sabha will not be in session. until the Appropriation Bill

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : Let me supplement the information of my young friend. Where money is concerned

DR. MAHIPATRAY MEHTA: Practical difficulties are there and that should bekept in view.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : Order, order.

I want to refer to this because he mentioned the word 'Rajya Sabha'. I meanno disrespect to Raiva Sabha, but so far as Money Bills are concerned. Raiva Sabha has nothing to do.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: Appropriation Bills have to go tothe Raiva Sabha.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : We are at the Demands now and not the Appropriation Bill.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: I beg to submit that it has its implications.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : If Speaker has given you friendly warning or friendly advice, there is all the more reason you satisfy us tomorrow.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: I have made my submission. It is for you to decide. Whatever could not be contemplated we can bring either through the supplementary demands or resort to contingency fund. I would like to have direction from the Chair. I caunot withdraw any money from the Consolidated Fund unless I am authorised by the legislature. But if certain unforescen incidents take place, from where have 1 to meet the expenditure? For that contingency fund is provided. But what item has to be treated as foreseen or unforeseen, that is a matter of individual judgement.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: Contingency fund is just for that purpose and that is very correct. But when the matter comes before the House it is not a question of collective judgment, it is a question of collective judgment of the House and it is also the duty of the Government to satisfy this House that what they do is correct. After that the House will take the decision. The House is supreme.

Now I come to the third point. This seems to be a little more serious. You will come forward with that.

Demand No. 49 page 22

Under the 'Half a Million Jobs Programme', an Apprentice training scheme for Agro Industries Centres under Gujarar Agio Industries Corporation was sanctioned at an estimated cost of Rs. 1.49 lakhs The Supplementary Grant has been necesviluted to meet additional expenditure on this account.

Now, two questions arise---whether this money 1.49 lakhs has been spent or not That is the point that you must answer.

Mi Sezhiyan had pointed out to your Demand for the State of Gujarat-all the demands together—I mean the main demand not the Supplementary Demand for 1975-76. Please see page 54.

If you kindly look at page 54 you will find to your left there is mention of budget estimates for 1974-75 and revised estimutes for 1974-75. Now, look to your right you will find the mention of budget estimates for 1975-76. Now, under "other programmes" you find there is a blank there is no demand granted and In 1974-75 also there has been no demand granted under this head. If there has been not even a token grant given to you from where did you spend this money. These are the few questions. I appreciate the gesture on your part that you will come prepared with a reply to the House tomorrow.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: Sir, I would like to submit that the hon. Members may make general observations and I shall clarify these pointstomorrow.

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SHRI K. S. CHAVDA: Sir, when the demands are not in the correct form, it is useless to discuss them today.

(Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : Order, please. Order, please.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: Sir. I would like to make a submission for the consideration of the House. Today is Thursday and tomorrow is Friday After getting these demands passed on the Floor of this House we have to get them passed from Rajya Sabha also. After 26th March, House is not meeting. 31st March is the last day of the financial year. The people of Gujarat have been in great difficulties and there are administrative problems. Therefore, I would submit for your consideration, Sir, and for the consideration of the hon. Members that I will try to, during the course of even today, cover some of the points which the hon Members have mentioned, in my reply and if it is not possible today, I will pass on the information to you and to the hon Members tomoriow.

(Interuptions)

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR : Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, I am very sorroy that some hon. Members are trying to bring in unnecessary controversies into the whole thing. This is not a question of Government versus Opposition. This is a question of the entire Parliament. We are here as a parliamentary watch-dog over executive actions, as you rightly pointed out. Some of my friends say that the people of Guiarat need sympathy, of course, they do. Therefore, the whole point is, if you will kindly permit the discussion to go on today, with the Minister explaining all the constitutional and sub-

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stantial points raised by his Sezhiyan today, in his reply tomorrow and on that, if necessary, then, you may permit us to ask further questions arising out of the discussion, we can perhaps go ahead with the discussion today.

(Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : I understand the difficulties.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA (Serampore) : Sir, you have already given your ruling, (Internations)

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : Mr. Bhattacharyya, this is not the way, because it suits you at the moment. I cannot look at it in that way at all. I do not like anybody to get the impression that I can be pressurised. I do not want also to make a decision which would appear to be arbitrary. No, not at all. Whatever I say, I must carry some conviction with the House. I cannot be arbitrary. Therefore, let us not go into all that. Now, I fully appreciate the difficulties of the Government in regard to time and so OB. But what are more important are the Constitutional proprieties and if this House does not safeguard those things. then, what are we doing here? Do you think that we are a rubber stamp? Is this House a rubber stamp? I cannot do As long as I am here, I won't that. allow that. I think the Minister himself had realised that when he made the proposal earlier on that this item may be taken up tomorrow and that he will be ready with the answers although I should have thought that he should have been ready because Mr. Sezhiyan had written to them quite some time ago, on the 14th and his Government should have taken more serious notice of the letter sent by Mr. Sezhiyan to the Speaker and routed through the Speaker to the executive. They should have taken more serious notice of that and they should have come fully prepared with the brief to number point by point. The very fact that it has not been done is another

reason which examprates me and it should exasperate every one of you. Anything written by you to the Speaker and the Speaker sending it to the Government, whether it is on this side or on that side and that to be treated in this nonchalant and cavalier manner, would you appreciate that? They should have come forward. It is a fact that the Minister is not ready. Therefore, he made an offer earlier on that because he was not ready-I appreciate that-we should take up the item tomorrow. I agreed to that. Now, he has made a second request and 1 um. afraid I will not be able to accede to the second request. I have accepted the first request. Here are some fundamental Constitutional things. If some money has been spent which has not been granted by this House, which has not been appropriated by permission of this House, then, something very irregular has gone into these demands and the whole thing should be recast. Therefore, How can I accept that we start discussing and then he will satisfy us tomorrow? This is a point of order fundamental to whether we can discuss this or not. Unless this point of order is disposed of, we cannot take it up. This is the difficulty,

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI К. RAGHU RAMAIAH): This Appropriation Bill has to be passed by both the Houses, (Interruptions) My submission is this that this Appropriation Bill has to be passed by this House and by the Raiva Sabha before they rise. And it is for consideration-of course, the Chair has to give its ruling-whether instead of postponing the discussion, the discussion cannot be completed and later the ruling may be given? This may be considered because of the urgency of the matter and because it has to be passed by both the Houses before a certain date, before Rajya Sabha goes for recess. (Interuptions).

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: Normally it should have been my pleasure. The House, as I said, must function in com-

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plete cooperation with the Minister for Parliamentary Affairs, with the leaders of two Demands one is on vote on Account. the opposition and with the Members. We must do that. Otherwise, we cannot get on here. But here I have said just now certain very fundamental constitutional questions have been raised. I must be satisfied that no grave constitutional improprieties have been committed which have gone on into the Supplementary Demands; that is the main point. If certain grave irregularities have gone into it on which the Minister has not been able to satisfy me and the House, then how can we take it up at all ? That is the point. The whole thing has to be recast. And if there is a question of time we should have thought about it. If there is the question of time, if the Executive wants us that we should be prepared. then the Executive should be more expenditious to answer the points which Mr. Sezhiyan has asked through the Speaker on the 14th Today it is 20th and six days have passed. Why did they not do that ? Why only this Parliament be rushed through and the Executive goes on in its own snail speed or in its own horse carriage speed? That is the main difficulty.

14.25 hrs.

PONDICHERRY BUDGET. **DEMANDS*** GENERAL DISCUSSION. FOR GRANTS ON ACCOUNT (PON-DICHERRY), 1975-76 AND SUPPLE-MENTARY DEMANDS* FOR GRANTS (PONDICHERRY), 1974-75

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : Now we go on to the next item-Pondicherry. In this also the same difficulty.

SHRI SEZHIYAN (Kumbakonam): Mr. Deputy Speaker. Sir, the items Nos: same basis on which I contested the 17, 18 and 19 . . .

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : There are Which Demand you are referring to?

SHRI SEZHIYAN : I will make my submission on the Supplementary Demands for 1974-75 on Pondicherry. I want to make one submission. Whenever I want to make a point, it is not with a view to stall the business of this House; it is for the general benefit of the entire House. As a Member of this House, 1 want to see that the Constitution and the parliamentary procedures are correctly tollowed.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER ; You must realise my difficulty. I come to this Chair without prior reading of all these papers. I have never seen the papers before I come here. If I have some background reading. I will be able to follow it. Therefore. I have to listen to yon very carefully. This is my misfortune.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : I prepared this one because I thought that it was may painful duty that I should take up this matter not with a view to stall the business of this House, but probably to he'p the House; in that spirit, I am making this point. Now, I am taking up the Supplementary Demands for Grants of Pondicherry. Let us take Demand No. 6 on pages 4 and 5. Here, I am particularly interested in item No. (b) on page 5. It 1975-76 reads as follows :

> "(b) Consequent on the failure of monsoon in 1974, several drought relief measures have had to be taken in the Pondicherry and Karaikal regions of the Union Territory. These measures are estimated to involve an additional expenditure of Rs. 23.55 lakhs in 1974-75 for which this Supplementary Grant has heen sought."

Again, Sir, we are going back to the Guiarat Demands earlier. This had been due to monsoon in 1974.

These amounts had not been given in the Budget 1974-75.

^{*}Moved with the recommendation of the President.

Sir, If you look at the very drafting at new service has been undertaken without page 5, you will find that this amount of the specific sanction of Parliament. The Rs 23 55 lakhs for which the new Supple- amount has been drawn from the Conmentary Demands asked for comprises of solidated Fund, which goes against the five stems, that is ---

- (1) Public Health, Water Supply
- and Sanitation (Plan) Rs. 3 55 Lakhs
- (2) Agricultural Facilities Rs 3 50 Lakhs
- Rs, 13 50 Lakhs (3) Minor Irrigation
- (4) Relief Works and) (5) Other Works Rs 3 00 Lakhs

Sir, if you see that asterisk put for all these four items, and if you read the new sub-heads, the Government themselves concede that these are the new subheads That means they are not being taken care or provided for in the Budget of 1974 75 Therefore, these are all new schemes new services for which-if we see (b) it the bottom which leads as follows : "Consequent on the failure of monsoon in 1974, several drought relief measures have had to be taken in the Pondicherry and Karaikal regions of the Union territory-I am not here to say that we should not attend to those we should have done that.

I am not here to say that we should not attend to the drought areas We should attend but we should do it in the proper Constitutional way

You have spent the money on schemes which have not been contemplated in original Budget You yourself concede that these are all new services, but you have spent the amount on them That goes against the principle enunciated earlier namely that without an appropriation made by this House for a specific purpose, if it is not provided in the original Budget, it cannot be spent

One more point The Budget Estimates of 1974-75 was presented in March, 1974, Actually we passed it in April after so much of wrangling. There the original grant provided was only Rs. 27.45 lakhs in the Vote on Account is shown on the in Demand No. 6 Therefore nothing basis of one-sixth of the estimated pro-

very basis of spending out of the Consoindated Fund only after a Budget provision has been made That is the main point I want to make.

After this comes the vote on Account for Pondicherry. The amount given at page No 2 is Rs 256 lakhs. Here I want to point out a very basic thing which the Government has failed to do Vote on Account is given to enable the Covernment to carry on until the Demands for Grants and the passing of the General Appropriation Bill As the vote on Account is a formal Business there is no discussion in the House on it, the idea being simply that the Government's functions should not come to a standstill bacause of the absence of voting and the House authorising excenditure

As the purpose of the vote on Account is to keep the Government functioning, it cannot be used as a means to obtain Parliament's approval for new services. It is a well established financial procedure that without getting Parliament's sanction for a new scheme no amount should be spent but Parliament may take sometime to pass the general Demands and the general Appropriation Bill Even here it takes us to April or May, but on 1st April they should have the amount and, therefore, they come m for a Vote on Account Rut when a Vote on Account is passed by this House, an undertaking is given by the Government that the Vote on Account is not intended to be used for expenditure on new services But that undertaking has not been given here

If you take the Vote on Account for the expenditure of the Central Government for 1975-76, at page 5 in item No. 4 (1) it is stated :

"Although the provision included could have been saved That means a vision or the whole year, the Vote on

Accout is not intended to be used for expenditure on new services."

That is the Vote on Account is given without discussion, and, thereore, whenever a Vote on Account is passed, Government gives an undertaking to this House that the Vote on Account will not be taken recourse to for new services because only after the passing of the entire Demands they can go to new services.

In the Pondicherry Budget the last item reads:

> "Proportionate expenditure during the five months, April to August, 1975, is estimated at Rs. 8.25 crores, comprising of Rs. 6-14 crores on revenue account and Rs. 1.61 crores on Capital Ac-The distribution of the COUNT estimated amount for the various services and purposes is appended".

But they have not given the undertaking that none of the amounts will be spent towards a new service.

passing this vote on account for about like to submit, as the hon. Member has five months and during this five-months mentioned about the new items like minor period if they want to use the amounts irrigation relief works and other granted by us under vote on account to these are not new services and the total new services, the House can not prevent grants which was originated as the first that. Whereas, I think, the Central Gov- Supplementary, that has not been exceeded. ernment gives undertaking to this effect. Therefore, the point which the hon. Membut that undertaking has not been given, ber mentioned that we have spent some-At this stage, even if the Minister gives thing for which we were not authorised, an assurance that it will not be spent, it does not arise because in the original first is not enough. My point is that a mere assurance of the Minister is not sufficient supctioned, that demand was not exceeded that the Pondicherry vote on account bill by creating the new service. These are is passed on these incomplete statements because if we pass the appropriation bill on vote on account, this is based on the other items also, because the Appropriation bill is based on the incomplete statement and the President has already given mentioned, my submission is that there are his recommendation on the 14th March no new services in the vote on account 1975 wherein it is stated that:

the bill will be introduced in the Lok Sabha immediately after the demands for grants on account for expenditure in the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the financial year has been voted."

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That means the President on 14th has given his consent for incurring this expenditure on the basis of this demand. Ħ this demand is defective, then the President has not been given the full material on which he could give his recommendation. Therefore, Sir, unless they give the undertaking here and send a fresh bill to the President and get the sanction of the President on the basis of the full complete background given by them, they cannot introduce the Appropriation Bill and get it passed. Therefore, on these two accounts, I teel that the Supplementary Demand is defective and the vote on account based on the defective statement is also defective. Thank you.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE FINANCE MINISTRY OF (SHIRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHERJEE): Sir, This is a grave lapse because we are regarding the Supplementary grants I would works, supplementary grant for which money was more or less new items which were brought within the purview of the service. These are not the new services which are created. Regarding the vote on account, the undertaking which the hon. Member has and I can give the assurance that no new "the President having been informed, services will be brought within the purthe subject matter of the pro-view of the vote on account that may posed bill, etc. etc. . . . and also fulfil the requirement of the hon. Member.

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President, Sir, the usual practice of giving 116(1) of the Constitution: the full information is that the facts are submitted to President and after getting it recommended by him, these are placed before the House.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Well, I think, I will have to uphold what the Minister has said, because these are only sub-heads. They are not the new services.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : Even, within subhead, if it is not accounted for, they should provide for it. I would also like to know from the Minister whether there has been a saving within the demand. If there is come forward with the plea of exceptional a saving, you can go further on a conti- grant then. Here it is question of supplenuing service but here there is no saving mentary grant. Let us not mix up the two. and the service is new.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: That is why he has come forward with a Supplementary demand.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : Supplementary demands are not for the amount already apent but for the amount to be spent. Let him give me an assurance that this amount of Rs. 23.55 lakhs is the one which is going to be spent after the appropriation bill is passed.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: That is the crucial point.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : Because it has been said that consequent to the failure of monsoon in 1974, several drought relief measures have had to be taken, do you mean to say that this going to be taken If it means that due to the hereafter. a failure of monsoon in 1974, drought relief measures are going to be taken after the 26th of March, I cannot believe that.

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SHRI H. K. L. BHAGAT (East Delhi): Personally I entirely agree with the miniter's explanation. But hypothetically speaking, even accepting Mr. Sezhiyan's argument that no provision was made in the original budget, the question would be

Regarding the information given to the or not. I invite your attention to article

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- "Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing provisions of this Chapter, the House of the People shall have power-
 - (c) to make an exceptional grant which forms no part of the current service of any financial Vear."

So, even then the Lok Sabha is entitled to vote it.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Let him

I have upheld the confention of the minister that these are new sub-heads under a service that has already been sanctioned by this House. I would not stretch it further because that would be too much inhibiting the Government. But the only question is whether this amount of Rs. 23.55 lakhs which you mention here has been drawn and spent or not.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: This has been spent out of the savines.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: That sounds a little difficult. As far as I am concerned, I will accept what the minister says. But he himself will be responsible for whatever he says. I would draw your attention to the fact that the original grant is only Rs. 27.45 lakhs. Would you say that there has been saving to the extent of Rs. 23.55 lakhs out of it ?

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: The new sub-heads are minor irrigation relief work and other works; Certain items have been spent. I did pot say that all the items have been speat. The total amount speng is Rs. 13.7 lakhs.

SHRI SEZHIYAN: There is no saving. whether the Lok Sabha can vote this grant Please take the Demands for Grants for and the second of the

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221 Pondicherry Budget the Union Territory for 1975-76. you find the budget estimates, the revised Supposing that it is proved by figures that estimates etc. If you take pages 6 and 7, what you are saying is not correct, would Demand No. 6 Revenue, the Major Head it not be better for you to do it that way inis 289-Relief on account of Natural Cala- stead of making a statement here and havmities. What is the grand total for the ing to retract it? And then, if you make year ? The budget estimates for the year a deliberate statement, it becomes serious. 1974-75 is Rs. 27 45 lakhs and the revised Take the easy way out; don't get into estimate is Rs. 61.98 lakhs. there has not been any saving. budget estimate for 1975-76 is Rs 48 lakhs.

Then I will come to the four individual items. The first item is Public Health, Water Supply and Semitation Plan; the second is Agricultural Facilities Plan and the next is Minor Irrigation Plan. If you take these four items, you will find that none of the items has got any budget estimate. I et me come to the details Public Health. Water Supply and Sanitation-Accounts for 1973-74 nil, Budget estimate nil; revised estimate Rs. 3.55 lakhs Agricultural Facilittes Plan-1973-74 accounts nil: budget estimate 1974-75 nil: revised estimate Rs. 3.50 lakhs. Minor Irrigation Plan----1973-74 accounts nil; budget estimate 1974-75 nil; revised estimate Rs. 13.50 lakhs Other Works Plan- 1973-74 Accounts nil. Budget estimate 1974-75 nil and revised estimate Rs. 3 lakhs. So, these are not taken out of any savings. They have been treated by themselves as new items for which no budget provision has been there. Though they have asked for Rs. 23.5 lakhs, even if they spent a pie without the sanction of Parliament, it comes against our Supplementary Demands.

MR. DFPUTY-SPEAKER : May I give a word of advice to the Minister? If a wrong statement is given to the House-I am not saying this is a wrong statement - - if it is inadvertent, even then it needs an apology. If it is deliberate, then it becomes a very serious matter, because it becomes a question of privilege. Now, may I venture to give him some advice? Do not give guing on that point. I am arguing on the your answer in a huff "it has been done point of order; I am not touching that point within savings" or "it has not been done", at all---which the Minister has answered and without consulting your office. Go into the you have upheld. What I am submitting figures and come with something definite, is that the whole question is whether the

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1975-76 There Why do you unnecessarily get into trouble?

Therefore, trouble. Go into the details and satisfy But the yourself and then come before the House. SHRI PRANAB KUMUAR MUKHER-

Л1 I can reply to this point if you like.

MR DEPUTY SPI AKER . These are points of order which he has raised and 1 myself cannot make up my mind here. If you are very strong about it and say "No: this is the correct position". I will take a riskbut it will not be my risk; it will be your risk. If it is proved later on that you have deliberately misled the House, it becomes verv serious.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JFF: What I was suggesting .

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER : These are points of order. We have not started discussions at all.

भी फुलमान वर्मा उज्जैन . एक घट के लिए हाऊस को एडजनै कर दे।

(Interruptions)

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER : I will do it with their consent, I will not be arbitrary.

SHRI H. K. L. BHAGAT : Sir, in any point of order which is raised, the whole question would be whether it goes to the substance of the matter or not. (Interruptions). Let us consider this question dispansionately. The question is whether this grant forms part of the original schemes or not.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER : That point has been disposed of.

SHRI H. K. L. BHAGAT : I am not ar-

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Lok Sabha can vote this grant or not, entire opportunity of examining this matter That is the question with regard to the and satisfying you and the House about it. point of order. How the grant is described They have not succeeded in doing that, is not, to my mind, the real question or Therefore, this is a question where the the crux of the matter; the crux of the satisfaction of certain methodologies prematter is whether the Lok Sabha is com- paratory to the Lok Sabha exercising all petent to pass the grant or not, (Interrup- its sovereign jurisdiction rights are contions).

not agree, but please listen to me. I am by giving a ruling that you have already saying that the substance of the matter is indicated. that the Lok Sabha is competent to pass this grant under 116 (c). I would respectfully submit that, when a Section says that the Lok Sabha is competent to do it under 116 (c), the law of interpretation is that we should go to the substance of the matter. The carts go to the substance of the matter, whether competence is there or not. They go to the substance of the jurisdiction and not the mere form of it. (Interruptions), That is the law of interpretation, whether in substance the jurisdiction of the court or the House exists or not. If in substance, the jurisdiction exists. I think, there should be no question of point of order.

SHRI H. N MUKHERJEE (Calcutta-North East) : I am provoked by what Mr. Bhagat has said in regard to the point of order which you are trying to dispose of and which you have virtually disposed of, You are only being held un:

We are not discussing the theoretical question of the rights of the Lok Sabha. Since yesterday, you have been repeating in your several rulings that the methodology of the exercise by the Lok Sabha of its jurisdiction specially in regard to financial matters is defined in the Constitution in a manner which we have got to follow if we are not to stultify ourselves. That being so, if the methodology cannot be pursued on account of a certain lack ou the part of the Government, this matter has got to be postponed. You have very tightly pointed out Mr. Sezhiyan having written an earlier letter on the 14th of This month to which no answer was vouchsafed to him or to the House, through the Minister, not to rush in with these figures be-Speaker. The Government has had an cause I am myself getting confused. Now,

cerned and, since those things have not been satisfied, you are right in setting up The Chair may not agree and you may a kind of precedent that you are laying

> MR. DEPUTY SPFAKER : Now, let me first deal with Mr. Bhagat's point of order.

> SHRI H. K. 1, BHAGAT: A submission.

> MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: That is right. You have made a submission to me. must respond to that.

> 1 should not be misunderstood. I have heard the substance of your submission. What is the substance of your submission ? The substance is that this House has the supreme right to vote any grant. That is the substance I uphold.

> Secondly, I also uphold that this House can give an exceptional grant. You have pointed out the relevant provision of the Constitution. But my difficulty here is that we are not discussing the exceptional grant. We are discussing a supplementary grant.

> Now, let me explain that a supplementary grant can be given in two ways, firstly, by way of additional money for a service that is already in operation because the money is not enough and, secondly, for a new service which will be voted for by this House. The substance is also that not a single pie, more than what has already been appropriated by the Appropriation law can be spent. Therefore, even if it is a supplementary grant, it must first be voted by the House before you can spend. This is a position that we are concerned with.

> This is what I was trying to advise the

right, it is also my duty, as the servant of March, 1975 from a Deputy Secretary, this House, to see that everything is put Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry before the House in the proper order so that of Finance. They have enclosed the inforthe House knows what it is doing. from the submissions of the hon. Members, it appears that there is something which is not quite in order, how can I say to the House, "Close your eyes and go ahead"?

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-IEE: Sir, the hon, Member's contention is that we have spent more than what we are given. My contention is not that. The original grant was Rs. 27.45 lakhs; the supplementary grant is Rs. 9.75 lakhs and 24.78 lakhs grant is what is being asked for. The total comes to Rs. 61.98 lakhs which has been shown by the hon. Member as the revised estimate. Out of that, the amount which has been spent is 13.7 lakhs. Therefore, it is not a fact that we have spent more than what actually we are given. We are actually given Rs. 27 45 lakhs plus Rs 9.45 lakhy and this we have already notimated to the hon Member when he wanted to have this information.

15 hrs.

SHRI SEZHIYAN: When ?

HE: I think, it was on the 18th March.

the letter. What about the new Services ? supplementary grant ?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Let us be very clear. About new Services, I have points are clear. Point number I is that wid that these are only sub-heads and I the money that has been spent, has been uphold what the Minister says that these spent out of the saving and that is what are sub-heads under the Services that the he says. I will accept that, House has already sanctioned. We should not go into that extent to tie the hands of the Government that within the Services they have been granted, they cannot do this and that.

Here is a letter, a copy of which has just been brought before me, in which the take a lenient view. Although it is neces-Government has given a reply and this sary that the Government should have given

scorpting that this House has that supreme is what they say. This letter is dated 18th If mation, and have said:

> "On drought relief measures, for which the Supplementary Grant of Rs. 23.55 lakhs has been sought in Grant No. 6, the expenditure incurred in the current year so far has been as follows:----

> > Lakhs

(1) Public Health, Water Supply and sanitation	1 66
(2) Minor Irrigation .	10 76
(3) Relief works	1 21
TOTAL	13 63

Well, this is what the Minister has contended that the total grant, original and supplementary came to Rs. 61.98 lakhs.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-It F: Including this Supplementary Demand, it will be 61.98 lakhs.

DFPUTY-SPEAKER : MR Aireadv there is Rs. 27 45 lakhs and Rs. 9.75 lakhs. That is the total grant already given. And he says that he has spent Rs. 13.63 lakhs SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER- out of the saving. This is his submission.

SHRI SEZHIYAN: if it is true that sav-SHRI SEZHIYAN: I have not received ing is there, why are they coming for this

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I think, the

Secondly, if they come for more money because they think more money will be needed, how can we object to that ? It is quite in order.

About the Vote on Account, I would has been passed on to Mr. Sezhiyan; this the undertaking that no new Service will

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be undertaken by this, as they do elsewhere, 1 would take this as a clerical error and accept what the Minister says on the floor of the House as part of the assurance and we can go ahead with the Pondicherry budget

SHRI H. M. PATEL (Dhandhuka): I would request that at least in your ruling you may not say that this is a clerical error, because it is a matter of considerable significance and ought not to be allowed to occur again. Therefore ...

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Therefore I said that I will take a lenient view. ...

SHRI H M. PATEL: But not as a result of a cletical error It is an oversight of a very serious nature .

SHRI S. A SHAMIM (Srinagar): It is moved: a ministerial error

rectify.

MR. DEPUTY SPFAKER: I hope in future we shall keep this in mind that invariably we shall get this assurance ... (Interruptions) You know what is definition of a Secretary to the Government of India- a glorified clerk

SHRI S A. SHAMIM: That is true of the Minister. He is only a glorified servant.

Demand No 1

LEGISTATIVE ASSEMBLY

MR. **DEPUTY-SPEAKER** : Motion moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,06,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the Presideni on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Legislative Assembly'."

Demand No. 2

ADMINISTRATOR

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mation moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 4,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Administrator'."

Demand No. 3

COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

Mr. DFPUTY-SPEAKER Motion

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,33,000 SHRI H. M PATEL. . which they must on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect the of 'Council of Ministers'."

Demand No. 4

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

Mı. **DFPUTY-SPFAKER**: Motion moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 6.08,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Administration of Justice'."

Demand No. 5

ELECTIONS

Motion Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : moved:

on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- course of payment during the financial year dent on account, out of the Consolidated commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry of 'Taxes on Vehicles'." to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of "Flections"."

Demand No. 6

REVENUL

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion Mr. moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 20,02,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the Prevident on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defrav the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Revenue'."

Demand No. 7

SALES TAX

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. > moved:

hund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry in respect of 'District Administration'." to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Sales Tax'."

Demand No. 8

TAXES ON VEHICLES

M DEPUTY-SPEAKER : moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,84,000 to defray the charges which will come in

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Demand No. 9

SECRETARIAT

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion Mr. moved:

'That a sum not exceeding Rs. 8.73.000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defrav the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Sccretariat'"

Demand No. 10

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

DEPUTY-SPEAKER . Mr. Motion moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 18.20 000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Motion Rs. 4.29,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of That a sum not exceeding Rs. 3.19.000 Pondicherry to defray the charges which will on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- come in course of payment during the finandent on account, out of the Consolidated cial year commencing from 1st April, 1975

Demand No. 11

TREASURY AND ACCOUNTS ADMINISTRATION

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs, 5,86,000 Motion on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry That a sum not exceeding Rs. 68,000 to defray the charges which will come in on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- course of payment during the financial war dent on account, out of the Consolidated commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry of Treasury and Accounts Administration."

...

[MARCH 20,1975]

Demand No. 12

POLICE

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion Mr. moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 32,92,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Police'."

Demand No. 13

JAILS

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion Mr moved:

on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect dent on account, out of the Consolidated of 'Retirement Benefiits'." Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Jails'."

Demand No. 14

STATIONERY AND PRINTING

Mr. **DEPUTY-SPEAKER** : Motion moved:

on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- of Pondicherry to defray the charges which dent on account, out of the Consolidated will come in course of payment during the Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry financial year commencing from 1st April, to defray the charges which will come in 1975 in respect of 'Public Works'." course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Stationery and Printing'."

Demand No 15

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE GENERAL moved: SERVICES

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,65,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Miscellaneous Administrative General Services'."

Demand No. 16

RETIREMENT BENLETIS

Mr DFPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved

'That a sum not exceeding Rs. 9,24,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in "That a sum not exceeding Rs 1,68,000 course of payment during the financial year

Demand No. 17

PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. **DEPUTY-SPEAKER** : Motion moved:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 87,69,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 56,88,000 on Capital Account/ be granted to the President on account, out of the "That a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,21,000 Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory

Demand No. 18

FDUCATION

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,38,22;000 Motion on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 13,000 on Capital Account be granted Consolidated fund of the Union Territory of 'Labour and Employment'." of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year, commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Education'."

Demand No 19

MEDICAL

DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Mr. moved:

on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- of Pondicherry to defray the charges which dent on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Social Welcourse of payment during the financial year fare'." commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Medical'."

Demand No. 20

INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY

DFPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Motion moved:

on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- of the Consolidated fund of the Union ount on account, out of the Consolidated Territory of Pondicherry to defray l und of the Union Territory of Pondicherry charges which will come in course of payto defray the charges which will come in ment during the financial year commencing course of payment during the financial year from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Co-Lonmencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect operation"." of 'Information and Publicity'."

Demand No. 21

LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

Mr. DEPUTY-SPFAKER : moved:

on Revenue Account be granted to the Presi- President on account, out of the Consolident on account, out of the Consolidated dated Fund of the Union Territory Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry Pondicherry to defray the charges which to defray the charges which will come in will come in course of payment during the course of payment during the financial year financial year commencing from 1st Anril.

to the President on account, out of the commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect

Demand No. 22

SOCIAL WELFARE

Mi DEPUTY-SPEAKER . Motion moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 22,76,000 Metion on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 13,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the "That a sum not exceeding Rs. 71,14,000 Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from

Demand No 23

COOPERATION

Mr. DEPUTY-SPLAKER: Motion movca :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 7.50.000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 5,32.000 on Capital Account he "That a sum not exceeding Rs 3.59,000 granted to the President on account, out the

No. 24 Demand

MISCEI LANEOUS GENERAL ECONOMIC SERVICES

Mr. DFPUTY-SPFAKER : Motion Motion moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,33,000 "That a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,22,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the of Addates Gameral De

1975 in respect of 'Miscellancous General Economic Services'."

Demand No. 25

AGRICULTURE

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER. Motion moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 37 00,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 2,44,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Ponducherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Agriculture'."

Demand No 26

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

Mr. DI PUTY-SPFAKFR : Metton moved ·

"That a sum not exceeding Rs 7,19,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 83,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1 et April, 1975 in respect of 'Animal Husbandry'."

Demand No. 27

FISHERIES

Mr. DFPUTY-SPEAKER · Motion moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 18,75,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 21,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicberry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Fisheries'."

Demand No. 28

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 15,22,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 35,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April. 1975 in respect of 'Community Development'."

Demand No. 29

INDUSTRILS

Mr DFPUTY-SPIAKER. Motion moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs, 3,78,000 on Rivenue Account and not exceeding Rs 5.22 000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Industries'."

Demand No. 30

FOOD AND NUTRITION

Mr DEPUTY-SPEAKIR. Motion moved .

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,23,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Food and Nutrition'."

Demand No. 31

ELECTRICITY

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

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on Revenue Account and not exceeding lidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the Rs. 38,16,000 on Capital Account be charges which will come in course of paygranted to the President on account, out of ment during the year ending the 31st day the Consolidated Fund of the Union Terri- of March, 1975 in respect of 'Administratory of Pondicherry to defray the charges tion of Justice'." which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Electricity'."

Demand No. 32

PORTS AND PILOTAGE

Mr DEPUTY-SPEAKER · Motion moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,89,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 1.22.000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account, out of the Consolidated fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from ist April, 1975 in respect of 'Ports and Pilotage"."

Demand No. 34

LEANS TO GOVERNMENT SEPVANIS

Mr DFPUTY-SPEAKER moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs 11,94,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President on account out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charge, which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975 in respect of 'Loans to Government Servants'."

Demand No. 4

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mution moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 64,000 on Revenue Account be moved :

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. \$4.83,000 granted to the President out of the Conso-

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Demand No. 5

FLECTIONS

Motion Mr DEPUTY-SPEAKER: moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 2,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consoladated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of Match, 1975 in respect of Elections'."

Demand No. 6

REVENUE

Mr DEPUTY-SPEAKFR Motion moved

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 24,78,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of pay-Motion ment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Revenue'."

Demand No. 7

SALES TAX

DEPUTY-SPEAKER · Mr Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 30,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Sales Tax'."

Demand No. 8

TAXES ON VEHICLES

Mr. **DEPUTY-SPEAKER:** Motion

IMARCH 20, 1975

Rs. 7,000 on Revenue Account be granted Accounts Administration to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Taxes on Vehicles'."

Demand No. 9

SECRETARIAT

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 76,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of Payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Secretariat ."

Demand No. 10

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 39,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President ont of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'District Ad-" ministration'."

Demand No. 11

TREASURY AND ACCOUNTS: ADMINISTRATION

Mr. **DEPUTY-SPEAKER:** Motion moved

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 58,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the s charges which will come in course of pav-

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding 'of March, 1975 in respect of "Freasary and and the sec 1.154 274

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Demand No. 12 43

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POLICE

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 2.89,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of Payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Police'."

Demand No. 13

JAILS

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 13,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Jails'."

Demand No. 14

STATIONERY AND PRINTING

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 22,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Stationery and Printing'."

Demand No. 15

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE GENERAL SERVICES

DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Mr. Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceedment during the year ending the 31st day ing Rs. 8,000 on Revenue. Account be

granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Posidicherry to detray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Miscellancou, Administrative General Services'."

Demand No. 17

PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 7,73,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 1,63,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defrav the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975 in respect of 'Public Works'."

Demand No. 18

EDUCATION

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 13.27,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Education'."

Demand No. 19

MEDICAL

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion uon'." moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 3,32,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975 in respect of 'Medical'" Demand No. 20

INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY

Mr. DFPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 17.000 on Revenue Account be granied to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Information and Publicity'."

Demand No. 21

LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

Mr. DFPUTY-SPFAKER : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 34,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975 in respect of 'Labour and Employment'."

Demand No. 30

FOOD AND NUTRITION

MI DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion movel :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 13.000 on Revenue Account he granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Food and Nutriuon'."

Demand No. 32

PORTS AND PILOTAGE

Mr. DEPUTY-SPEAKER : Motion moved :

ment during the year ending the 31st day "That a Supplementary sum not exceeding of March, 1975 in respect of 'Medical'" Rs. 13,000 on Revenue Account be granted 243 Paudicherry Budget

to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come is course of Payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Ports and Pilotage'."

SHRI ARAVINDA BALA PAJANOR (Pondscherry) : I beg to move :

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Administration of Justice' be reduced by Rs. 100"

[Need to have a High Court (Judicial Commission) at Pondicherry (1)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Elections' be reduced to Re. 1'.

[Postponement of elections without any reason withsoever (2)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Llections' be reduced by Rs. 100"

[Need for holding elections immediately (3)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Ac- Rs 100" count under the head 'Revenue' be reduced by Rs 100" [Pay at

[Collection of tax machinery and their failure to uphold the human consideration in view of drought conditions in Pondi cherry (4)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head "Taxes on Vehicles' be reduced by Rs. 100"

[New taxes on vehicles and then burden on common men (5)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account ment (13)] under the bead "Secretariat" be reduced by Rs. 100" "That the

[Need to remove anomalies arising out of Third Pay Commission Report (6)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head Treasury and Accounts Administration be reduced by Rs. 100"

[Administration's failure in proper management of accounts (7)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Police' be reduced by Rs 100'

[Recrganisation of the Police Force in the Union territory of Pondichery (8)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Public Works' be reduced by Rs 100"

[Bad conditions of roads in the Union territory of Pondicheriy (9)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Fducation be reduced to Re. 1

[Failure to announce Third Pay Commissions scales for the Education Department (10)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Fducation' be reduced by $\mathbf{R}_{S} = 100^{\circ}$

[Pay anamolies and the poor condition of the Hachers and the college professors (11)]

'That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Medical' be reduced by Rs. 100"

[Need for opening of new health centres in every village (12)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Labour and Employment' be reduced to Re 1"

[Failure to check problem of unemployment (13)]

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head "Labour and Employment" be reduced by Rs. 100"

[Magnitude of unemployment (14)]

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duced by Rs. 100"

[Need for a port at Karakal (15)]

DUPTY-SPEAKER : The Mr. cut motions also are before the House.

*SHRI JAGDISH BHATTACHARYYA (Ghatal) ; M1. Deputy-Speaker, Sir. I rise hon Minister has done nothing more than to speak on the Supplementary Demands serving a cooked dish. But can one deny for Grants on Pondicherry. Sir, it is an that budget do not, in any way, represent irony that the budget has been presented the wishes of the people and their repreto this House for obtaining the approval of sentatives, at no stage, of the formulation this House when it should have been legi- of the budget demands had any say. In timately proper that the budget should have regard to other States whose budgets were been passed by the Pondicherry Assembly passed by this House in the recent past and by the elected representatives of the there are many MPs represented in this people We have seen. Sir, that during the House and through their participation in last two sessions two to three such budgets the discussion they represent the cross for other States were also got passed by this section of the people of the State but in House. After the last elections, a represent the case of Pondicherry we have only one tative Government was formed in Pondi- member in this House and judged from this cherry but this did not last long But there- angle the people's wishes cannot be fully after no elections were held there and no represented here. Therefore, I must say representative Government was allowed to without any hesitation that be formed. Why should it be so ? After budget does not reflect the hopes, aspiraall Pondicherry is a small place and has tions and the wishes of the people for a population of 4,71,707. In my opinion hom money is being sanctioned, it should not take more than 5/6 days preparation to hold general elections there but still elections are not being held there Sir. we would have discussed the Gujarat Budget a little earlier but for the fact that the discussions has been postponed till tomorrow on some constitutional consideration In Guiarat also, as in Pondicherry, elections are not being held. However, in regard to Gujarat the Goverment have taken the position that due to some agitation a political instability prevails there and in addition natural calamities like famine and drought have also been the contributing factors for the postponement of election there. But I ask the Government, what factors, political or natural calamities-are standing in the way of the Government to nostnone elections in Pondicerry The truth of the matter is that the

*The original speech was delivered in Bengali.

"That the Demand for Grant on Account ruling party does not feel that the present under the head 'Ports and Pilotage' be re- situation in Pondicherry is favourable for them and they will not go in for elections there unless the situation turns favourable.

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Sit, the present budget has been prepared by the bureaucrats who are presently running the Pondicherry administration and in presenting this budget to this House the the present

Sir, you are well aware of the functioning of the Aurobindo Ashram in Pondicherry. I have nothing to do with their religious activities but I can say from my personal experience I have visited Pondicherry-that they are doing very good work in the sphere of education. They have drawn up a plan for the rehabilitation of people and are also trying their best to develop cottage industries there. I feel, Sir, that a good work done by an organisation should not only be commended but the State Government should come forward to give some financial assistance to that organisation. I do not know whether any provision has been made in this budget for financial assistance for the activities sponsored by the Ashram but I would suggest that adequate assistance be given to them.

Sir, Pondicherry has a small cort. The sea is calm. During my visit to Pondicherry 1 had found that many wine shops have spuring up and foreign liquor is very much in use Where from does this foreign liquor come ? Surely they are being smuggled into Pondicherry and this has to be 'topped. I must also say that indiscriminate issue of licences for setting up wine shops has also to be looked into. With the increase in the number of licenced shops the chances of growth of unauthorised shops for spurious wine also increase. Therefore, it is my submission that the number of such shops should be reduced

I do not want to discuss in detail the different demand contained in the budget because there is nothing new m it We have seen the Central budget as also the budgets of difficerent States. If the people think that these budgets will do them good then the Pondicherry budget will do good to the people of Pondicherry also but I can say with certainly that during all these years of their nower, this Govt, have done nothing which has contributed to the prosperity of the people and the present Pondicherry budget will also go the same way. Through their actions, they have pushed the country towards disaster and nothing better can be expected of them

जी चल्वम्थ वर्मी (उउन्नैन) उपाध्यक्ष मरोदय पाडिवेरी में वौधी बार राष्ट्रपति जामन की सवधि बहाई गई है सौर उसके परिणामस्वरूप बहां का बजट इस सदन के मामने रखा गया है। इससे पता चलता है कि इस सरकार की मलोवृत्ति क्या है। एवा लगता है कि जिम प्रदेश वें सत्ताकड़ दक्ष के सनुकल परिस्थिति होनी है, वहां सरकार चुनाव कराने में एक मिनट की भी देरी नहीं करती है।

में झापको याद विस्ताना चाहना हूँ कि जब 1971 में पाकिस्तान से हमाना युद्ध चल रह। था, तो बंगसा देश में ठाका पर जिस दिन हवारा झधिकार हुआ। उससे केवल एक दिन बहुवे नरकार की झौर से यह प्रस्ताव आयाया कि विश्वावन्त्रभाषों के चुनाव एक साल के मिए टाल दिय वाये। लेकिन खब 3 बखे ढाका फ्तह का समाचार निला तो प्रधान मंत्री ने पूनरे दिन वोषणा कर दी कि पूरे देव में विधान-मभाषी के च्नाव होगे, यब उनको नाल भर के लिए टाला नही वायगा। यहनरकार को दूषित मनोजुति वा ढोतक है।

पाडिचेरी में भी यही स्थिति है। बहां पर मलाकड दल की स्थिति बडी नाजुक झौर नर्म है। उसको धनेक कठिताइयों का सामना करना पड रहा है। वह बाहे किसी भी प्रकार के गन्दे हबकडे छपना, वह वहां पर किसी भी कीमत पर बहुमन में नहीं छा सकता है। इमीलिए वहा राष्ट्रपति झालन की छबछि 6 महीने के लिए बडा दी गई है।

गुजरात के बारे में आभी मेरे एक पूर्व-वक्ता ने कहा कि बहा सकाल तथा मुन्ते की बात कहकर चनाव टाले जा रहे हैं। नेकिन वास्तविकना इससे भिन्न है। गजरान के नागरिको को उनके बधिकारों में बचिन रखाजारहा है। जो वार्य पाडिचेरी और गजरात के विधायको को करना चाहिए या. वह काम इस समद मे बैठकर हमको वरनापढ रहा है। यह बडे दूख की बात है कि जन-प्रनिमिधियो को उनके मधिकारो में वर्षित विया जा रहा है। मरवार बार-बार पाडियेरी मे राग्टपनि भागन की भवधि 6 6 महीने के लिए बढाने के बारे में प्रस्ताव लाली है यह लोकनत के लिग कोई ग्राच्छी परिपाटी नष्टी है। यह तो लोकतव की जड़ो को खोखन। रुग्ने बाली परिपाटी है।

जहा मलाकड दल को लगना है कि वह दल-बदन कराकर ग्रीर दूसरे नरीके ग्रापनाकर सत्ता पर टिका रह सकला है, वहां मण्कार तुरम्न चुनाव करादेती है। ग्रसी नाता नैग्ड में यही बात दोहराई गई है। इसी प्रकार को घटनाए कई बार और प्रदेशों जैसे विहार, में जी हुई हैं। लेकिन सरफार को इस बारे में कोई किक नहीं है।

पांडिचेरी एक बहुत छोटा-मा राज्य है। लेकिन उसके विकास का सवाल बहुत महत्वपूर्य है। वहां पर मैडिकल फैमिलिटीव झौर हुवरी

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सुविधार्ग वर्वाप्त नहीं हैं। बहां के मानरिको को उनके बहिकारों से बचिन रवा जा रहा है। बगर बहां विद्यान-मभा कार्य करती होती तौ बहां के नागरिको को इन सुविधाओं से किसी भी कीकत पर वंचित नहीं किया जासकता था। लेकिन पांडिवेरी के नागरिको का यह दुर्भाग्य है कि यहां चीची बार राष्ट्रपति ज्ञामन की धवधि को बढाया जा रहा है। गजरान में भी यही हो रहा है। मैं इसका मक्स विरोध करना हा सरकार को इस प्रकार राज्टपनि जासन की अवधि बार-बार नहीं बढानी चाहिए। प्रगर ऐसा करना जरूरी हो तो उसको एक बार बढाया जा मकना है। लेकिन ग्राग उसको फिर बढाना हो तो बहा जनमत-संग्रह कराकर लोगों की भावनाम्रो का जानना चाहिए ग्रीर उसके झाधार पर कोई निर्णय करना बाहिए।

ग्रगर पाहिचेरी में विधान-मभा कार्य करती होती, तो जो बजट यहा पर रखा गया है, बह विधायको के मामने भाता. उस पर डिस्कशन होता हे और उसकी अच्छाइया बराइया मामने आली। उसने पाढिचेरी के विवास और निर्माण की गणि को बढावा मिलना । देश के सन्य आगो के साथ-साथ पाडिदेगे के विकास की गति भी बढती। लेकिन इस प्रकार তনক বিকাল मोर निर्मण की गृति का सबस्ट किया जा रहा है।

मेगा निवेदन है कि पाहिवेगी एक सटवर्नी प्रदेग है. इसलिग उसके बारे में मरकार को ग्भीरतापुर्वक विचार करना चाहिए। सरकार का इस बात का ध्यान रखना चाहिए कि इस प्रकार नो स्थिति की पुनरावनि किसी सन्य प्रदेश में न हो। प्रवर उसने योहा भी मनावल, नैतिकना और जनना का मुकाबला करने का माहम है तो उसको हार ग्रीग जीत की चिन्ता न करने हुए मैदान में धाना बाहिए झौर प्रजातांत्रिक नरीके से बहां चनाव कराकर जनसा के निर्णय को स्वीकार करना वाहिए ।

SHRIMATI PARVATHI (Colmbatore): Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, implementation of Central Pay Scales for

the Union Territory of Pondicherry. It 15 only in the last Session we have had discussion here on the Supplementary Demands.

Now, it is one year since the Operation Topple was carried out in Pondicherry and the democratic Government was sent out by the ruling party here in alliance with others We have been demanding that election should be held in Pondicherry and the democratic Government should come into being there so that all the problems in that area could be solved, because it is only such a democratic Government that can solve the problems there. Sitting here miles away from Pondicherry, the Government and the Ministry is totally unaware of what is happening there and how things are being mis-managed and the people are being harassed and are being more and more exploited. That is the reason why this demand is being reiterated and it has the support of all the sections of the public in Pondicherry. Since 1947 people in this country have been having parliamentary and democratic institutions. When you talk here of those who are being led by Shri Jaya Prakash Narayan and the attack on these very institutions, then why is it that you deny to the people of Pendicherry, who are demanding precisely a democratically elected Government through which they would be able to solve their own problems I for one do believe that we should defend these institutions and see that they are properly utilised and not misused nor dismissed away whenever the ruling party or the Government may like. This demand is a demana of the democratic movement of all democratic sections without exception, in this area which is far away in the South and is neighbouring to the State to which I come from.

There are various problems there which have been pestring the people for a very long time the bureaucratic attitude of the Government and the administration in Pondicherry to-day, making it impossible for the people there to get the problems solved KRISHNAN for instance an anomaly that existed in the we are now discussing again the Badget for the Government employees in Pondicherry.

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The Government notified in March 1970 there as well as drought advances and rethat the Central pay scales would apply to lief to the employees of the Government the Government servants in Pondicherry, has become a matter of very prime impor-This was made applicable to all the sections tance and I hope that the Minister will see But still there were some who were left to it that these issues are taken up immediout, for instance the employees of the ately and they become part and parcel of the Government Press in Pondicherry. Re- budget that he is putting before us. neatedly, one memorandum after another was sent by them and finally it is as late as Nevember, 1974 that a communication appeal that the elections in Poncicherry was sent by the Ministry of Home Affairs should no longer be delayed because unless here to the Finance Department in Ponci- and until those elections take place and cherry that the Central scales would also people are given an opportunity to choose apply to the employees of the (entral Go- the government of their liking, I am afraid vernment Press. It is very strange that it that things will go from bad to worse and took 41 years for the Government to re- this area is going to be neglected. As I move this anomaly and that too after have already seen in my State, Tamil Nadu, repeated representations. Then why is it various forces are making their voices heard that they cannot give effect to this with re- and they are trying to create divisions theretrospective effect ? Why should these emplo- by violating the provisions of the Constituyees be penalised and not have the benefit of tion and such a contagion might also be the pay scales from the date the other Gov- reflected in Pondicherry. The people of ernment employees in Pondicherry received Pondicherry have, to their credit, a very them ? This is a question that the Minis- valiant struggle that they fought in liberatter has got to look into and see that this ing this territory. These people who are injustice is overcome because these employe- loyal to the traditions of our country should es have been suffering all these years on join the mainstream of our country and account of discrimination.

not getting the benefit of the Pay Commis- fundamental rights that are enshrined in sion's recommendations. Here is another case our Constitution. of discrimination. Here again the bureaucratic administration without any democratic content is running the Union Territory of Ponacherry may be given the opportuand the people have been left to the mercy nity to choose a popular Government of of the bureaucratic administration.

Unless and until the Central Government which to-day is responsible for the conduct of administration and the affairs of Pondicherry takes up these issues and they give immediate effect to them, this discontent will contiune and you should not be surprised if disturbances follow out of this discontent.

the South, we are to-day having very severe session, practically, for so many days, they drought conditions and side by side with were mentioning about Pondicherry. But, the drought conditions, we are also facing when it comes to question of the people's famine conditions. In this State, the pro- wish, I hardly find even those Members vision of drinking water facilities and the who raised some technical points are present.

Sir, in conclusion, I would once again they should not continue to have the Presidential Rule and extension of this Rule In the Education Department teachers are there. This only means violationg the

> I would once again appeal that the people their liking.

SHRI ARVINDA BALA PAJANOR (Pondicherry): Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, 1 feel so much pleased that so many Members have taken so much interest in Pondicherry. The Members from the Communist Party (Marxist) also expressed their sentiments for the people of Pondicherry. Sir, I am the lone Member of Pondicherry but I am Similarly, you know, Sir, that throughout very much amused that ouring the last need to give drought relief to the people 1 do not know whether the ruling party

members are going to support. I am sec- men elections and thereby have captured the and so none in asking for the elections power in majority of municipalities and there. But, so far as democracy is con- Commiune Panchayats. It virtually amouncerned, I am forced to believe that we are to to going back to 1968. I think the same abusing the spirit and are only trying to principle may be adopted here and they keep the form. I can very well tell my may extend the Parliament by five years friends who are speaking from this side and postpone the elections of Parliament that simply asking for the election. Every- also for five years and say popular demoday we are asking for the same and we cracy is well kept in our country. have sumbitted memorandum after memorandum. We are speaking very high about the people's rights, fundamental rights to it seems Members are interested only in have their popular Government and all that, certain terminology or scandal but not in But, finally, if they do not decide and if they the welfare or sufferings of the people. do not make up their minds to have elec- I am thankful to Mrs. Pavathi Krishnan for tions, I do not think that there will be highlighting certain real problems of my elections to uphold the true democracy in State. this part of the country. Pondicherry may be a small territory. I am not in agreement with Mr. Sezhiyan's argu- there. Some people say that it is because ments regarding the constitutional is of bureaucratic Government over there sues that he raiseo. It is governed diret- that our problems have been neglected. I ly by the Government of India now, am of the view the young officers or the During the last two occasions, we have administrators over there are forced to do been pressing that Pondicherry must be certain duties. If they do not do their treated as a State. Every time we will duties they will be sent off. I will hold speak about unity of the country but fail the Central Government responsible for it to see Pondicherry has a pecular character and will not blame the bureaucracy alone. unity in itself. People speaking different As far as they are concerned they are putlanguages from Andhra Pracesh, Kerala and ting in their best. Naturally, they cannot Tamil Nadu are here and, practically, the respresent the viewpoint of a particular entire South is represented in Pondicherry place as a Member can do in the legislative territory.

I think somebody from that side at ernment free from this anomaly. least should get up and say that they are all for the election and Vote for my cut motions. In to-day's papers I saw that should be recognized as a State. The Govsome very responsible Member from Pondi- ernment of India have been giving certain cherry belonging to the ruling party said reasons to oppose this demand. When we that their image has now gone up there. met the Home Minister he told us about In the recent elections they were able to the financial viability and when we met capture a majority of the seats in the the Finance Minister he was giving us a Municipality. But, Sir, I would like bring to the notice of this august House that the elections to the Municipality took place some time in the year 1968.

year even prior to that they suspended the sideration. The matters which were sent Municipal Chairman and kept the elections to the Central Government long back are in abeyance for one year. Now, those who still pending. Sir, I will try to show how were elected as Municipal Councillors in negligent this Government has been towards 1968 have conducted the Municipal Chair- Pondicherry. Sir, this year is known as 10 LSS/75-9

Sir, so far as Pondicherry is concerned

Sir, I ao not blame the administration Assembly. So, we cannot criticise the authority over there leaving the Central Gov-

Sir. I am of the view that Pondicherry to different answer.

Sir, we have to go to the Home Minister as far as our personal problems are When they dissolved this Assembly last concerned but they are not given due con-

International Women's year. The dejune for the Inolan pay scales so that you can transfer took place in 1962 the Indian have a better administration and they will Succession Act has not been extended to also be satisfied. Since these people are Pondichery so far. In Pondicherry there in a minority, they cannot press for their are certain people who have renounced their democratic rights. Even if they are right, civil status and they are governed by code it is thrown into the dust bin. As a Memcivil and for their women their rights are ber of Parliament, I can press for their governed there. For people who are direct- rights only here and the Government of ly governed by code civil there is no prob- India would do the needful to these innolem but people who are Christians and not cent and poor people. renounced and not governed by code civil the Hindu Succession Act is not applicable. Also the Hindu Marriage Act is not applicable. So, you must realise the Christian women who have not renuounced their civil status are not having right in their property and this is a very primitive position. Sir, even this simple point we have been urging over a number of years and the Central Government is not considering the same.

Sir, Mrs. Paryathi Krishnan mentioned about the pay anomalies. While speaking We have to go by train from Madras to on last year's budget I suggested appointment of a Commission to rectify these anomalies. The entire Education Department, Press and some other departments have been left out and even where pay scales have been announced there are very many anomalies. So, they can send а Commission and rectify this anomaly. Unless this is done in an urgent manner the run Now, to Karaikkal, a train starts at consequences will be unpleasant.

vants, I must think of the ex-French staff cented this matter, they explained away also Sir, in the year 1954, they never con- that it is not economical for us to run templated as to what their future will be? trains to these small towns. If the train ser-So, they simply opted for the French pay vices are untimely, how can they be econoscales and some of them opted for the mical? The train services suit neither the stu-Madras pay scales. Subsequently, Sir when dents nor the officers nor the busithe Central scheme was introduced, it was nessmen. The beneficial to them. So once again, an option them. was given to them and many of them opted come before the House with the statistics for the Indian pay scales. Now, Sir, in the that out of the 1500 trains which were canvear 1968 or 1969, when it was reopened celled, about 1300 trains have been restored before the 1970 Commission, to Goa, they and only about 200 remain cancelled. My gave one other option to opt for Indian complaint is that, so for as Pondicherry is pay scales. Now I would plead with this concerned, they are not paying any atten-Government that they should give one more tion considering the welfare of the people. option to the ex-French staff of Pondi- That is the reason why they are not even cherry, Karaikal, Mahe and Yanam to opt thinking of conducting elections.

When the Railway Minister was sneaking on the other day, he was speaking about the extension of rail services and other things. But Sir, for one full year, to my State, not a single train was run. When I represented, they never cared for it. Pondicherry is the Headquarters of my Union Territory; Karaikkal is another territory; Mahe is another portion and Yanam is another portion. No train was run to these places. Now, they speak about the reasonableness of extending the train services to these places. What is the time involved? Pondicherry. Some Member was speaking about this and he said that we can go by train from Madras to Pondicherry. We cannot go by a through train. One has to get down at Villipuram, wait for eight hours, get another train and that will take another eight hours to cover a distance of about 25 miles. This is the way the trains are being about 9.45 AM at Mayman and that reaches at 12.15 PM and the distance cover-Sir, then I talk of the Government ser- ed is only about 20 miles. When we repretrain services smit lt is alright for them to

the power position. In regard to power, licence scandal ?' That is how they ask. I we are mainly dependent upon Tamil Nadu, feel very much annoved when they ask We have to go with a begging bowl to like this. Tamil Nadu to get power. In regard to power that is coming from Kerala via Tamil Nadu, we have to first beg Tamil Nadu tion, how can we go ahead? We are setand then send our begging bowl through ting stuck up in technicalities. As an ad-Tamil Nadu to Kerala. Sir, four years vocate I have been bored for 15 years back, as a matter of policy, they proposed whenever there is a hair-splitting argument that we should have a thermal plant. When going on about whether it should be melvathis was proposed and when the report ram or whether it should be hudivaram. was sent as early as 1973, no reply came Now even in Parliament that disease has from the Central Government. Today, crept in. This is the kind of thing that from the Budget papers, I find that they has been the real block for our progress. are not contemplating the setting up of Those days are over. We must go to the this thermal plant under the Plan. The spirit of the thing. What for have we unfortunate thing is, they cannot take up been sent here? Last time, when I faced new schemes on their own. Sir, I will election, Shrimati Indira Gandhi along with not take your time unnecessarily. Practt. Shri Kamraj who is not here, but who cally, 75 per cent of the amount is spent is always available in the Central Hall, on overheads. They just provide for a along with other people contested against certain amount of administration and for certain staff. There are no plans and there are no progressive ideas. I do not even proper spirit and serve them. But they consider this as a Budget. There is no joined together in an unbody manner and point in discussing about the constitutional threw us out of power. Now the people niceties for a long time forgetting about are saying, 'Let progressive-minded people the people and their interests.

Then, Sir, Ariyanguppam river is another project. Some Members spoke about the port facilities at Pondicherry. When it is a question of port facilities, instead of unloading the fertiliser at Madras and Cudda- When I speak about this, I do so without lore, it is better and economically viable any political motivation. I say this because for them to pass on a certain quantity if we are sincerely interested in the people, to Pondicherry also. Sir, if the Ariyangup- we must go back to them with a clean pam river is fully utilised we can have conscience and a clean slate. I am very berths and so on and they can unload it. proud that you, Sir, expressed in favour But, we do not even find this scheme in of our rights, members' rights, Parliament's the Plan. They have provided only Rs. rights as the supreme authority and all 4 lakhs or Rs. 5 lakhs for the port ferti- that But if you see the condition in our lities. These are only eyewash program- touritory, what is the position? If we take mes. When I go back to my constituency, one after another of the items m the bud-I am not able to say anything to my peo- get. I find hardly a single item of interest ple. They ask, 'what have you achieved'? to me. That is why I am sorry to say I can only say that I had been to Delhi this that I do not know whether we are and I saw the big tamasha there, that being misled. A sum of Rs. 23 lakhs is they spoke for so many days about our mentioned in connection with drought re-State but there has been no benefit. Some lief. I do not know from where it has

New. I come to my next point regarding you that Member who is involved in the

If this is the way we are going to funcus and got defeated. Then people thought that at least they would take it in the get together and come to us. We will once again elect you. We will see to it'. But I do not know what is in their mind and why they are postponing elections, thus denying the people their right by this kind of undemocratic methods.

of them are so ignorant that they ask 'Are come. I am not interested in argument

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because that is not the main idea. There in the Ashram. My name is Aravinde was drought and people were suffering. The Bala Pajanor. My father was a devotes Government came forward with a begging of the Ashram. But this matter will not bowl to the Central Government. The end there. We must take a composite view Central Government said they would give of it. You must take full interest for the Rs. 38 lakhs. Subsequently it was reduced entire territory. If you do that for Ponto Rs. 23.55 lakhs.

When it is a question of spending, they you. say 'It is a matter of policy. We will not give you. You must adjust within the plan itself'. Because of that, our Government Court. When you have a Judicial Commiswas forced to adjust this drought relief sioner's court for Goa and other places, fund within the plan. Where from they you are denying this to us, I do not know have taken this amount, I am not competent for what reason. You have double stanto say. They spent it and it is for a good dards. eause and the people are happy about it. But at the same time, this is a Union Territory. You are directly governing it. Therefore, when you speak about policy matters, you have to take it in your own sphere as part of your own territory. It is a backward territory. You must give the amount from your pocket, either from the consolidated Fund of India or from some other source and not ask to adjust it within our own funds. If you are going to ask us to adjust within our plan, then we will ask for Statchood. We are not like Shri Karunanidhi, the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu, special case because you come from that who is asking for autonomy. We are asking for our own administration, a better administration which will manage in a better way. If you are not going to do it, I am afraid you will be encouraging separatist tendencies. Already the separatist idea is saining ground which is opposed to the The Business Advisory Committee should unity idea which alone can promote the see to it that a minimum of 5 minutes welfare of the people on the whole.

ter who, I think, will be listening from time, what can I express? That is why I somewhere and to the other Ministers. It say we are only adhering to the form of is unfortunate that I see here only the democracy, not the spirit of it. Minister of State for Finance. This is a subject in which every one of you should be interested. This is the Territory that speak about. So far as the Pondicherry has given the unifying colour for the State, public servants are concerned, the Health You speak very highly of it. But all the Minister said this morning that they are trytime, you are only interested in the Ashram, ing to unify the pay scales. I am happy You forget that there are many other places about it. Even seven months ago, we sent

dicherry, I am sure you will do it for other States also. This can be a model for

Last time also we had asked for a High

Then I request you to send a Commission to our Territory because it is a backward Territry industrially. In the Plan, I see you are having an Industrial Development Corporation. But the amount you are allotting is more like the time allotted to my party in this House. I am very grateful to the Deputy-Speaker that he has given me quite a long time. But if I have to speak on the Railway Budget. 1 am given only 3 minutes.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: This is area. You are the lone representative of the area.

SHRI ARAVINDA BALA PAJANOR: I am very grateful to you for giving me more time. I can only mention this now. is allowed to a party. I am allowed only 2 minutes on Steel and Mines and 3 minut-Once again I appeal to the Prime Minis- es on Shipping and Transport. Within this

I have a number of other matters to than the Ashram. I am also interested a representation to the Health Minister

stating the anomalies. A technician in the Willingdon Hospital is paid two times the encluments of his counterpart in JIPMAR hospital. An assistant is paid not even three-fourts of his counterpart in Lady Hardinge Hospital. Within the same country, you are having this kind of discrimination. If you are not going to solve this problem for which we sent a petition, do you expect us only to speak in this Parliament which will be just playing to the gallery?

That will not serve any purpose.

Once again I appeal to you: please send us a Commission so that it can go into the anomalies and rectify them and also look into other matters which need looking into and do the needful so that we can have a better administration there with good and conferred government staff so serve the people as is expected in a democracy.

डः० कैलास (बम्बई दक्षिण) : उपाध्यक्ष जी. पाडियेरी के बजट पर कुछ बोलने की मेरी इच्छा इस कारण में हई कि मझे यह सौभाष्य प्राप्त हमा था कि मै पांडिचेरी तीन बार जा भका ह भीरवहा के निवासियों की अपनी प्रास्तो से दूर्वमा देखा मका हा जिस चेहरे को मैंने देखा मैंने यह पाया कि उसे शायद पुरा भोजन नहीं मिलता उसके पान बह साधन नही है जिन से बह छपने परिवार को पाल मके। श्री एस०एल० सीलम जब बहां के लैफ्टीनेट गवर्नर थे तो मुझे चार, पाच विन बहा रहने का मौका मिला था। श्री घरबिल्ड घोच, जो मारतीय स्वतवता के इतिहास के एक वयमणाते सितारे हैं। उनके प्रति भी मेरी श्रदा है मौर उन्होंने जिम प्रकार वहां पर बाखन बनाया है, उसमे किस प्रकार के कार्य चल रहे है, बह देश के विकास का सायद एक उदाहरण हो सकता है तो मुझे यहां जाने की कई बार इच्छा होती रही। जिन प्रकार बहा पर किसा का मचालन एक सम्पर्ध राष्ट्रीय ढंग से किया जा रहा है, जिस प्रकार वहां पर कुटींग उच्चीग या छोटे उद्योग काम में लावे णा रह है, व्यक्तियों को उनने लगाया जा रहा है.

तो मुझे की आका थी कि वहां पर ऐसी लरकार, जो लोगों की सरकार ही, तो वह झायद उन लोगो के बुख वर्द को दूर कर सकेगो, जो कि प्रसीडेंट कम में नहीं किया जा सकता है।

जब बहा पर भी बी०वी० जत्ती साहब लेपटी-तेट गवर्नर वे मैं पाच छ दिन के लिए वहा गवा था भीर जो मैंने 8 वर्ष पूर्व लोगो के बंहरे पर एक गरीबी की तल्वीर भौर चित देखा था ठीक वही माननीय जत्ती माहब के जमाने में देखकर प्राया था। नो मैं दिन मजी जी वे जानना चाहता हू कि क्या कारण है कि हम भनी मी वहां पर राष्ट्रपति का वासल रखने जा रहे हैं? क्या वहा पर डीलिमिटेशन रही हो पाया है? मगर डीलिमिटेशन की जो पत्रिया पूरी करनी चाहिए, वह मगर डनैक्शन कमीमन ने पूरी नही की है तो उसे मबस्य पूर. किया वाना चाहिए, 4

15.47 hrs. [Shri Dinesh Chandra Goswami in the chair]

जब मै वहा पर नट पर गया तो मैंने देखा कि नेज चलने दाली इस प्रकार की वहां नार्वे आ गही थी धौर वहा मे माल उनारा जा रहा था तथा सामान साराम से इधर उघर भेजा भी जारहा थाजिन से ऐना भाषान होना था कि कोई प्रछने बाला नही है कि या यह सामान कहां मे आया और किस प्रकार आयता स्मर्गालगका में ऐमा मानता ह वह एक छोटा घडडा भी ण्हा, भौर जब सारे देस में हमने स्मनलर्स को पकड़ा तो पाडिचेरी का भी एक सण्छा कराक माया है। वहा पर भी हमने मुछ व्यक्तियों को जो म्मगलिंग करने वे पकड़ा है। ऐसी जगह पर हम बहा के लागो की दुईझा को बदलने के लिए एक प्रच्छा पोर्ट बना सकें जिसे हम पाइनर षोर्ट कह सके तो 🗌 -रहेगा । या झगर मीडियम पोर्ट बहा पर बन जाए-में जानना ह कि यह तो टेक्निकल एडवाइन पर निर्भर करेगा -- तो में ऐमा भागना ह कि पाडिवेरी का डेबलपमेट इत चनि के हो जाएगा ।

इन्डस्ट्रियल डेवलपमेंट कारपोरेजन के दफ्लर में भी मुझे जाने का जीका मिला था ।

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[MARCH 20, 1975]

यहापि में ऐसे बक्त वहां पर गया था जबकि मैं पालियामेंट का सदस्य नहीं था। मैं एक कार्य-कर्ता के रूप में कहा पर गया था और इस नाने बहां गया था कि भविन्द माश्रम मे क्या कार्य वल एडा है उस को देखने के लिये गया था ताकि उम का देखकर शावद में बम्बई नगरी में कुछ काम कर सक । मैंने वहा पर देखा कि इन्डस्टि-यल डेवलपमेट कार्पोंग्झन के लिये वहां पर जो चनी हई सरकार थी, जो कुछ भी वह रुपया मागती थी, वह उस को पुरी तरह से नही मिलना था। जो उस ममय बहा ने मख्य मती थे, उन से मैं मिला और उन मरुप मती ने मझ में वहा वि भुख्य मली होते हाग् भी मुझे दिल्ली घडी-घडी जाता पडता है झौर होम सितिस्टर के झागे-पीछे घुमना पड़ना है भीर भ्रलग-भ्रलग मवियो मे प्रार्थना करनी पहती है लेकिन जा हम मागले है, उम की पूर्ती नही हो पानी । तो इन्हस्ट्रिन डेव-लपमेट कार्पोरेशन का खर्चा हम क्यों कर रहे हैं। इतना ज्यादा खर्चा कर क बगर हम व्यक्तियां को बहा पर उद्यांग में नहीं लगा पाले है. तो उस सम्था को मिटा दना चाहिये और उस का हटा देना चाहिए । यहा जा मे दम प्रकार बाल रहा ह वह दुख के बारण बाल रहा ह। मैं कभी नहीं चाहगा कि इन्इस्टियल डेवलपमेट कार्पोरेशन का बहा से हटाया जाग लेकिन जब बहा काई काम नहीं रहा मौर वह वहा पर रह. ता में मनी जी से जानना चाहना ह कि इन्डम्टियल डेवलपमट कारपोंरेशन ने बड़ा पर क्या काम किया है, उन को किनना रुपया आप ने भेजा है, किनना रुपया बहा पर ग्रान्टम के रूप में दिया गया ग्रीर मितना सोन के रूप में दिया ग्रीर किननी वहा पर व्यक्ति-यों की ग्रेजिया गाई ग्रीर इस प्रकार कितन लागो को भाप ने प्रजिया पान को यह सुचना विल मत्नी देने वी कृपा करें।

मैंने बहाको शिक्षण सस्थाओं को भी देखने का प्रयल्ग कियाभीर भुझे बढ़ा दुख हुआ, वहा वे सम्यापको की दुबंधा को देखकर ,वहा वे विद्या-थिवी के रहन-सहन को और उन के कपडो को देखकर । यह साफ दीखताथा कि वे जिन परि-बार से आगते हैं या तो उम परिवार की प्राप्तवनी बहुत कन है और वा बहां की सरकार के बांस कैसा तती है। केना में उसी जा इटेवर दे रखा है जो हमारे कानून मे है, कारती-ट्यूलन मे जो उस ना दर्जी है, उसे तो हम अदम नही सकते, तो में यही चाहता हु कि 'जय हम देश को एकता के सुत्र में बांधना चाहते हैं ग्रीर हम इत को साइकोसोजीकली बांधवा चाहते हें प्रौर फ्रेन्च की वहा पर कुछ भी करूबर रही हा ग्रगर हम पाडिचेरी की जो कुछ भी कल्परल एक्टिविटीज हैं, उन को अगर हम सेफ रखना चाहते है. उन को हम बिगडना नही चाहते हैं, ता उसे स्टेट का दर्जा दिया जाना चाहिए। यह एक छोटी सी बात जा मे कह रहा हू, ऐसा लगता है कि बिना साथे समझे में बोल रहा हू । स्टेट बनान के लिये उसकी कितनी आमदनी है वितनी आमदनी वह कर सकेगा यह एडमिनिस्ट्रे-टिवली वायणबिल युनिट बन मकगा या नही बन मकेंगा यह सब बाते तो झलग हैं लेकिन राजनीतिक द्षिटकाण से हमारे नैतिक द्षिटकाण में भीर बरूचरल दण्टिकोण से इस एक्सपेरीमेट को झगर हमने बड़ों पर शर विया उसे स्टेटहड दे बर, तो वहा के चौफ मिनिस्टर का यहा पर दौड कर झाकर वन्द्र का प्रणाम नही करना पटेगा झौर उसे जो टडवन प्रणाम यहा ग्रावर करना पडता है, वह जायद बन्द हा जागगा और वहा के लोगों की जा दुदशा 27 वर्षा की भ्राजादी के बाद भी चल रही है, वह कुछ हद तक दर हा जाग्गी । तो मे समझता ह कि उसे स्टेटहड देने के लिग प्राज नहीं तो बल निर्णय लेना चाहिए । यह छोटा मा प्रश्न नहीं है । इस पर निर्णय लेने के लिये काफी समय चाहिए, लेकिन में बती जी से प्रार्थना करूना कि वे हुपा करके इस पर विचार करने के लिये मुत्रह्यम्पम जी में कहें कि कैविनेट में इस की चर्चा हो । इस हर मुक्त में इस को स्टेटहड देने है यो इस में तमारी जीत रहने वाली है. हवारी र्मालग पार्टी कांग्रेस के राजनीति दुष्टिकोच के यह बहुत ऊची चीज होने वाली है । इस में कोई शव नही है।

¹⁷⁴⁵ बात मैं और कहना चाहता हूं । वहा^क पर जो चीजे पैदा होती है, उन चौखों का एक्स-

पीर्ट की नहापती सामग्री सामग्र से किया जा सकरता है। में जानना बाहता हु कि बंगा हमारे सजी जी मे इस पर कभी ध्यान दिया है कि बहां पर एक्सपोर्ट की क्या पालिसलिटिफ हैं । यहां पर नारियल पैदा होत्स है और काफी की पैदा होती है । मैं ऐसा तयझता ह कि इस के लिये भी उन को तैयारी करनी चाहिए ।

भौग ज्यादा न कहने हुए में यही प्रार्थना कम्मा कि साथ ने जा बजट पैस किया है, भगवान म करे कि प्रेसीडेट कल को प्रौर धागे यहा पर बद्धाना पहे. उम का जब मैं ने अध्ययन किया, तो मैंने पाया कि भाष के बजट का 70 परमेल्ट कार्चा जो है. वह नान-प्लान के लोगा की तन्त्रवाही के देने में ही चला जाना है ग्रीर 30 परमेन्ट जो बचता है वह कल्टीन्यहग म्वीम पर झाप का खच करना पटना है । इस नरह स आप काई नई रकीम नहीं मने है और बह इमलिये नहीं रख पाने क्या कि बहा पर प्रेमिडेट रूल सारी पावर व्योगकमी के हाथ में हैं जिन को टेबिल पर बैठ वर वाम करन के झानन्द झाता है। जनना मे जावर उनके विचारा का जान कर नई कल्पना सामन रखना उस को बादन नही है। इमलिये जल्द से जन्द वहा पर चनाव किये जान चाहिये भीर स्टटहड उमें मिलना बाहिग उस के बारे मे साथ विचार वर के उन्हें देने का प्रयत्न करेंगे. गेमी में भाजा करता हा इस के भलावा ज्यादा से ज्यादा उन का ग्रान्टम इन कार्यकाल मे वे कर यह बनान का प्रयत्न करेंगे कि केन्द्रीय गरवार ने अपने राष्ट्रपति झासन के दिनों मे इनना अच्छा काम किया है और केन्द्र से इन प्रकार पैमा बाने में लागों का भला हवा है।

आप ने मुझे कुछ ज्यादा समय दिया है, इस के लिए में भाषको धन्धवाद देता ह ।

SHRI P. G MAVALANKAR (Ahmedabad) Although the discussion on the Budget Demands for my own State of Gujarat has been postponed vet another time, and I hope it will now be held tomorrow, I am glad that the Deputy-Speaker who was then presiding took the

interests of the rights of Parliament over the executive and ruled that although the Demands for Gujarat were important, the overall importance of constitutional propriety hand to prevail I am also sure that my friend Shri Sezhiyan and many others on this side who interjected m the various points of order and debates on that important constitutional issue never meant to stall anything. Anyway, I am glad that the Deputy-Speaker took a lenient view when the Pondicherry Budget came, and, therefore, we are proceeding with this discussion

It was very heartening to hear my good friend, Shrimati Parvathi Krishnan-I do not see her just now in the House-tell us in so many words that the election in Pondicherry must be held as early as possible. In fact, she said it should be done immediately Equally encouraging were the observations of my esteemed elder and friend, Di Kailas, who said that Pondicherry must have new elections immediateh Then I wonder why my friends from both the CPI and the ruling Congress say that no elections should be held when it comes to the question of Gujarat The CPI had voted against my amendment on the President's Address in which I asked for early elections in Guiarat But, Sir, I am glad that over such a short period of time, just after some days, wisdom has dawned upon our friends both in the CPI and also in the Ruling Congress in regard to the election in Pondicherry, and I hope they will now annly the same yard-stick tomorrow when they come to the question of elections in Gujarat

16 hrs.

DR. KAILAS : Why not?

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR : My friend, Shri Aravinda Bala Pajanor, has made a very moving speech. He comes from Pondicherry and naturally he felt more agitated and disturbed on a number of points I need not repeat these points nor have I the direct knowledge in terms of speaking on those points. But like correct constitutional view in the larger Dr. Kailas, I also had the good fortune

purpose of visiting the great Aurobindo one party may be in power today, but Ashram, Sir, I remember vividly the ex- that same party may be in Opposition totreme poverty in the eyes of the ordinary morrow. How does it matter ? What people, commoners, children, people living matters is whether people's welfare is proin huts, small cottages and I must say that moted. If people's welfare is promoted and I'felt extremely distressed, because I could for that 'A' or 'B' party is to go out, well not really relish, much less could I even that party will have to go out. People's tolerate, the glaring constrast that pre- welfare cannot remain at standstill. valled there. On the one hand, in the Ashram, we had all the facilities and comforts and also a kind of spiritual atmosphere. But outside, almost at the close doors of the Ashram. I saw such a glaring contrast and Shri Arvind Bala Pajanor as also Dr. Kailas are right when they say that Pondicherry is continously neglected. Sir, I would have liked many hon, Member belonging to various regions of our great country to come forward and participate in this discussion. It is not only the responsibility of the hon. Member from Pondicherry to talk in terms of the difficulties and problems of his State, but it is the concern of all the people of the country, and of the whole people of the sub-continent.

Now, if elections are not held, what is the reason ? Are the electoral rolls not completed ? I am told they are completed. Is the Election Commission not ready ? I are told the Election Commission is ready. The people are wanting elections. My friends from the South tell us that the elections are very much wanted by the people. Then what is the obstacle ? Then what is the hinderance ? Sir, the tragedy of the situation is, not only in Pondicherry but in many other parts of this country, that quite often, what I may call, vicious politiking dominates and problems of peoples welfare are out into secondary considerations, in third and fourth categories. Sir, democracy means people's welfare. Are we interested in putting this person or that person, this party or that party in power ? Are we only miserable and college professors are not in depriving group interested this of power ? or that group interested in we are continued efforts aimed at the increased ively than they can do with the bureanwelfare of the people ? It is possible that cratic machinery. I understand, the Central

of visiting Pondicherry mainly for the in trying to increase the people's welfare

Therefore, I feel that Pondicherry must have elections very soon. Secondly, I would like to make a mention about the drought. It is very serious. In Pondicherry, the conditions of drought are very disastrous. So also in Tamil Nadu and in other parts of South India. Last month I was in Madras, and got the people's views, and I also saw for myself the conditions there. I was told that Madras had been facing an acute problem in regard to drinking water.

Fortunately, rains have come and there is some relief in other parts of Tamil Nadu except Madras City. If the people of Pondicherry or Gujerat are distressed by drought, should the argument be that because there is drought. therefore you will not have a popular Government ? Rather the argument should be that because there is a problem of such gigantic dimensions, only the elected representatives of the people will be able to deliver the goods. I have nothing against the officers. If thev are competent and exeperienced in the iob. it is all the better for the administration. But by the very nature of things, no bureaucracy can function with any kind of direct cantact with the people, So, I cannot accept this argument that elections should be postponed because of the drought, and that normal healthy democratic processes should be kept in abeyance.

As in Gujarat, teachers' conditions are getting adequate pay in Pondicherry. If Or, there is a popular Government, the people making can make representations far more effect-

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Government has already sanctioned a central university in Pondicherry. I want agree with the other hon. Members who preto know what steps have been taken to see that this is expedited. It is no use giving an assurance and sleeping over it.

The conditions of the roads are extremely poor and inadequate m Ponducherry. The number of health centres is less than what is required, especially in the rural areas. The minister should give more attention to having good roads and more health centres. I will not talk about un- wants to enter into a dialogue, I am preemployment, because that is nothing peculiar to Pondicherry alone but is common to the whole country. If that is a consolation to my young friend, I can offer him him. that.

to spend a little more time, money and attention on the development of Karaikkal, which can be developed into a good, useful port to serve Pondicherry and South India

As I said, we want to give an impression that all the Members of Parliament are interested in the proper development of all the areas of the country. Pondicherry has had the privilege of having the Aurobindo Ashram. It has also the privilege of having one of the world's very interesting experiments-a new kind of institution called "Auroville." Funds for because we participated m the no confithis are pouring in from UNESCO and dence motion, we do not want the elecmany international and private agencies tions to take place afterwards. all over the world. We want it to develop, we were the ruling party. Then in the but should we allow this glaring contrast- elections we got defeated. Aurobindo Ashram and Auroville, which which came to power was defeated by a are receiving the attention of the peoples no-confidence motion. But that is no and the Government of India and the excuse for postponing the elections and, peoples and the Governments of the world consequently, the functioning of the deon the one side, and the lack of care and mocratic government there. When attention for the common people of Pon- elections are held, my party may or may dicherry on the other ? This is my appeal, not come to power. That is not the conand I hope that the Government of India sideration, Personal or party gain should will see to it that Pondicherry becomes not be the consideration; we should follow famous, not only through these two big the democratic norms and procedures institutions, welcome as they are important Otherwise, we will have autocracy in as they are, but by steady and sustained place of democracy, always being ruled and, I will even say, speedy development by the Contre. If the Centre feel that and progress of the wast members of poor representative government is not suitable people who reside in Pondicherry.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : Mr. Chairman, 1 ceded me in saying that there should be immediate elections in Pondicherry and representative government should be allowed to function there. Whatever might have been the reason in March 1973...

M RAM GOPALA REDDY SHRI (Nizamabad) : You are the reason.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : If Shri Reddy pared for that.

MR. CHAIRMAN : You please ignore

SHRI SEZHIYAN . If an hon. Mem-I should like the Government of India ber of this House, an elderly gentleman, says something. I will not ignore that. He said that I am responsible for it. I accept it Because, on the 27th March 1974, at the first meeting of the Assembly, a no-confidence motion was adopted, the Ministry was unscated and President's Rule came. But I must say that the Congress Party to which Shri Reddy belongs, joined with us in supporting that no-confidence motion. In fact, he is more responsible because his party had a greater strength than my party.

> I am not here to suggest that merely Farlier. The party the for Pondicherry for some time to come, the

same argument can be applied to all the States and all of them can be brought under President's Rule, and every day Skri Mukherjee will have the honour of coming before the House with supplementary demands or excess demands.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHFR-JEE : And being stalled by you.

SHRI SEZHIYAN : My first plea is that the elections should be held at the earliest possible moment and every party should be given the opportunity to go to the people of Pondicherry, because the people have the constitutional and fundamental right to have administration by their duly elected representatives

In this context, we have three Presidential Orders, issued on the 27th March 1974, 26th September 1974 (after the expiry of six months) and the third on the 7th March 1975 What do they say in these Presidential Orders? When the first order came, we approved it immediately. The Order of the 7th March is a replica of the Order of 26th September 1974 It says:

"Whereas I have received a report from the Administrator of the Union Territory of Pondicherry and after con sidering the report and other information received by me, I am satisfied that the situation in the Union Territory continues to be such that the administration of the Territory cannot be carried on in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution and for further administration of the Union Territory it is necessary that the operation of the provisions should be continued

He says the same thing in respect of the report for 1973-75 also There also he says:

"Whereas I have received a report from the Administrator of the Union Territory of Pondicherry and after considering the report and other information received by me, I am satisfied ... etc."

Now he has referred to two documents received from the Administrator of Pondicherry and, based on the reports, he has taken the decision. Whenever a Presidential Order is imposed on the States. invariably, the report of the Government is placed on the Table of the House along with the Order. In these circumstances, when two reports have been received in which he requested the President to continue the President's Rule-once in September and again in March-in all fairness to the House, we should have the reports from the Administrator addressed to the President-that means, addressed to the Executive here-so as to know what were the grounds put forth by the Administrator, and what was the speciality that was there which made the Union Government and the President to take a decision that President's Rule should continue as recommended by the Administrator

On the 14th March I wrote a letter to the Speaker about these things and asked that the two statements sent by the Admimistrator should be made available to the House so that the House would be in a better position to appreciate why the Presidential Order is being continued for the third time. Whenever a State is brought under aegis of the President's Rule, this House ought to function as the Assembly of the particular State; so we should know why we are doing the iob which is meant to be done hy the another Assembly. It comes to this, that not only are you usurping the powers of the House, but the House is made to usurp the powers of some other Assembly This is not a democratic procedure

Coming to rules, you may sav that nowhere in the Union Territories Act is it said that the Administrator's Report should be laid on the Table of the House. That would probably be technical but not democratic.

Two more things, and I will be done. Regarding Plan allocations. Pondisherry has been given a very raw deal; it has

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Fifth Five Year Plan it was orginally get a promotion go there for a period of Rs. 32 crores and then, due to the in- six months and, once the promotion is clease in the Third Pay Costanission's confirmed, they want to reveit back to scales etc. it was expected to go to Rs. 40 Delhs and manipulate from here. This crores. This was the agreement between idea of using Pondhicherry as a sortingthe Union Territory of Pondicherry and board or a play-ground for training the the Planning Commission and this was persons without benefiting the particular agreed to by the Centre. So, on the base State is not conducive to the interest of of 40 crores for the Fifth Five Year Plan the State. Otherwise, in course of time, for the years 1975-79, on an average they may insist on a separate cadre for Rs. 8 crores should be allotted for each Pondicherry itself. If these things year. But I find that for the year 1974- done, the persons who want promotion 75 they have allotted only Rs 529 crores are sent there for a short period and and for the year 1975-76 only Rs 511 brought back here on the same posts, this closes have been allotted-amounting to is neither good for the administration nor Rs 10.40 clores on the whole So, out for the people of the State. of the allocation of 40 crores, for the first two years they have allotted only Rs. 104 crores which means that the MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PRAbalance of Rs 30 crores is to be spent NAB KUMAR MUKHERIEE) . Mr. in the next three years which I very much Chairman, Sir, I am grateful to the hon doubt. For the first two years you have Members for making their observations on given only 25 per cent instead of 40 per the Budget and the Supplementary Decent Therefore I would appeal that this mands for Grants for Pondicherry. Plan allocation should be raised

observation-without going into details Pondicherry, somehow or other, is used by the Administrator and the officials here as a spring board for promotions. Supposing an Under Secretary wants a you, Sir and the hon. Members, the enpromotion, he is immediately shunted cumstances under which the elected Govto Ponducherry He does not have any erament of the Union Territory could not involvement there He goes there on function. It is no use trying to find out promotion as Deputy Secretary and the location of responsibility for the failhe comes back here confirmed in that post He does not have any involvement with the problems of the 1974 State I am not against integration I do not say that the Pondbicherry administration should be manned only by been raised not only on the floor of this persons of Pondhicherty. Why not have House but on other occasions also and some cadre which has got some involve- the position of the Government has been ment in that State? After all, the bureau- made quite cleas We are not opposed cracy is there to serve the people It is to hold elections early But at the same not the people who are to serve the time the very basic problems of the Union bureaucracy by giving them the posts that Territory should be looked into. The they want.

not been given its due abore. In the other institution. Those who want to are

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE

1 agree with the hon Members that it Secondly, I want to make a general would have been more appropriate it the problems of the people of Pondicherry could have been discussed and sorted out on the floor of the Union Territory Legislative Assembly But it is known tυ ure of constitutional machinery which hardly could exist after the elections of

Regarding early elections, the issue has unprecedented drought which is prevailing there and the various relief measures You take any institution there, whether which have been undertaken are to get it is the secretariat or JIPMER or any through end, at the same time certain

normalcy should be brought back in the consideration of the Union Ministry which the elections could be held.

I would not like to make any observations which may appear to be extra-sanctioned. neous. In this country, we find that two types of demands are raised. On the one hand, a demand is raised for the dis- JEE : There is a gap between the samesolution of the elected Assembly and, tion and implementation. Money has to after that, on the other hand, immediately be allocated; other things are also there. they raise a demand for having a fresh elected Assembly. This is their concept of democracy, that is, an elected Assem- kindly ask the Minister to request bly should be dissolved before its stipu- colleague in the Education Ministry lated period and, after that, immediately expedite this. there is a demand that there should be a fresh elected Assembly. That is a political angularity of the hon. Members of JEE : I will pass on your suggestion to the Opposition. But I can assure the my colleague. House, as it has been pointed out by my colleague in the Home Ministry, that the elections will take place as soon as the situation is normal there.

has made a very forceful speech and has revenue deficit is concerned, it is met highlighted particularly the problems of straightway by assistance; so far as the the people there. I agree with him that capital deficit is concerned, it will be the problems of the people of Pondicherry met by loans. Even for the present Plan should be looked into in its proper pers- allocation, I appreciate that the size of pective and that Pondicherry should not the Plan has not been up to the expectabe known as merely the location of the tions of the people of Pondicherry, but in Ashram there. The Ashram plays an the limited situation of so many constraints important role not only in the life of in our economic life, it has been possible Pondicherry but also in the life of the for us to increase the Plan outlay of the entire India. Apart from that, the peo- current year by a few lakhs from the last ple of Pondicherry have also their own year. Last year it was of the order of 445 problems and those problems should not crores; this year, it has been 5.14 crores. be over-shadowed by the Ashram or the It is coming either as the grant-in-aid or problems related there.

Shri Mavalankar has raised a question regarding the Central University. Already tioned particulary by some hon. Members. a proposal is there. But it has to be In regard to the Thermal Power Project. kept in mind that if the Central Univer- we expect that the detailed project reports sity is established by the Education Minis- will be ready by the end of this month. try, the entire expenditure is to be horne After that the Government will be in a by the Education Ministry; Pondicherry position to take a decision. Preliminary Administration or the Union Territory has studies in regard to the composite project nothing to do with it. It has not yet of Ariankuppam Port Project are also been finalised. That is why, it has not under completion and as soon as the whole been possible for me to say at this stage. thing is finalised, Government will arrive when it will be finalised, but it is under at a decision.

of Education.

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AN HON. MEMBER : It has been

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR : Sir, his to

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-

Regarding deficit of the Union Territory, it is known to the bon. Members that unlike the States, the entire deficit of the Union Territory is being met by The hon, Member from Pondicherry Ge Central Government. So far as the as loan assistance.

Two or three projects have been men-

projects If these two Central sector where investment is much more are taken hon. Members who have taken part in this in hand, undoubtedly, the entire assistance discussion. will have to come from the Central Government. It will not be possible for the Union Territory Administration to bear any part of the expenditure.

Regarding other measures of development and other things, certain points have been regarding the conditions of the raised roads. drought relief etc. I hope, the Union Territory administration will take care of these and certain allocations have been made in the State Annual Plan. But the basic question remains. If we cannot augment the Plan allocation, we cannot take care of all the areas which deserve our attention.

Before I conclude, I would like to highlight one more point which has been raised by Shri Sezhiyan about the laying of notification and the report received from the Union Territory Administrator to the Home Ministry on the floor of the House. On an earlier occassion. I explained the legal position about it on the floor of the House. When a State is under President's rule under Art. 356 of the Constitution. notification and the Governor's advice to the President are laid on the Table of the House, but if it is being done under Sec. 51 of the Union Territories Act, that legal requirement is not necessary. And in this connection, the position has been explained in details in a letter that has been sent to Shri Sezhivan under Home Ministry's Memo dated 18th March, 1975. If he has not received it by this time, he may get it. It is in connection with his letter to the Home Ministry that the position has been explained in detail.

SHRI SEZHIYAN: We will have a separate discussion after we have received that letter.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHFR-JEE: No. no. Which you wrote to the Home Ministry? I am not concerned with that.

With these words. Sir, I again thank the

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr Pajanor, vou want your cut motions to be put to vote?

SHRI ARAVINDA BALA PAJANOR: I am particular about cut motion No. 2 which may be put to vote.

MR. CHAIRMAN: All right. I will put cut motion No. 2 of Shri Aravinda Bala Pajanor to the vote of the House.

Now, the question is:

"That the Demand for Grant on Account under the head 'Elections' be reduced to Re. 1."

[Postponement of elections without any reason whatsoever(2).]

THE LOK SABHA DIVIDED:

Division No. 8

16.39 hrs.

AYES

Bhattacharyva, Shri Dinen

Bhattacharyya, Shri Jagdish

Bhattacharyya, Shri S. P.

Chavda, Shri K. S.

Deo. Shri P. K.

Horo, Shri N. E.

Joarder, Shri Dinesh

Mavathevar, Shri K.

Pandeva, Dr. Laxminarain

Parmar, Shri Bhaljibhai

Roy, Dr. Saradish

Saha. Shri Aiit Kumar

Sezhiyan, Shri

Shakya, Shri Maha Deepak Singh

Shastri, Shri Ramavatar

*Shastri, Shri Sheopujan

Singh, Shri D. N.

Verma, Shri Phool Chand

*Wrongly voted for AYES.

[MARCH 20, 1975]

NOES

Ambesh, Shri Ansari, Shri Ziaur Rahman Arvind Netam, Shri Balakrishniah, Shri T. Banerjee, Shrimati Mukul Barupal, Shri Panna Lal Basumatari, Shui D. Bhatia, Shri Raghunandan Lal Bist, Shri Narendra Singh Daga, Shri M. C. Deo, Shri S. N. Singh Dhamankar, Shri Dharia, Shri Mohan Doda, Shri Hitalal Dwivedi, Shri Nageshwar Ganga Devi, Shrimati Gavit, Shri T. H. Gopal, Shri K. Hari Singh, Shri Joshi, Shri Popatlal M. Kailas, Dr Kapur, Shri Sat Pal Karan Singh, Dr. Kasture, Shri A. S. Kaul, Shrimati Sheila Kotrashetti, Shri A. K. Lakshmikanthamma, Shrimati T. Mahajan, Shri Vikram Mahajan, Shri Y. S. Majhi, Shri Kumar Mallanna, Shri K. Mallikarjun, Shri Mirdha. Shri Nathu Ram Mishra, Shri Bibhuti Mishra, Shri G. S. Mohan Swarup, Shri Murthy, Shri B. S. Naik, Shri B. V. Negi, Shri Pratap Singh

Oraon, Shri Tuna Painuli, Shri Paripoornanand Pandey, Shri Krishna Chandra Pandey, Shri R. S. Pandit, Shri S. T. Paokai Haokip, Shri Parashar, Prof. Narain Chand Peie. Shri S. L. Raghu Ramaiah, Shri K. Raj Bahadur, Shri Ram Dhan, Shri Ram Singh Bhai, Shri Ramii Ram, Shri Rao, Shri M. Satvanaravan Rao, Shri P Ankineedu Prasada Ravi, Shri Vayalar Reddy, Shri M. Ram Gopal Reddy, Shri P. Ganga Richhariva, Dr. Govind Das Roy, Shii Biswanath Samanta, Shri S. C. Sankata Prasad, Dr. Sarkar, Shri Sakti Kumar Sathe, Shri Vasant Sethi. Shri Arjun Shambhu Nath, Shri Shankar Daval Singh, Shri Shankaranand, Shri B. Sharma, Shri A. P. Sharma, Shri Madhoram Sharma, Shri Nawal Kishore Sharma, Dr. Shanker Daval Shivnath Singh, Shri Shukla, Shri B. R. Sinha, Shri Nawal Kishore Stephen, Shri C. M. Sudarsanam, Shri M. Suryanarayana, Shri K. Tiwary, Shri D. N. Unnikrishnan, Shri K. P. Verma, Shri Sukhdeo Prasad

Vikal, Shri Ram Chandra

Virbhadra Singh, Shri

Yadav, Shri Chandrajit

MR. CHAIRMAN: The result^{*} of the division is :

Ayes: 18; Noes: 83.

The motion was negatived.

MR. CHAIRMAN: I am putting the rest of the Cut Motions together.

Cut Motions Nos. 1 and 3 to 15 were put and negatived .

Now I am putting the Demands for Grants. The question is :

"That the respective sums not exceeding the amounts on Revenue Account and Capital Account shown in the third column of the Order Paper, be granted to the President. on Account, out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 1975, in respect of the heads of demands entered in the second column thereof-Demands Nos. 1 to 32 and 34."

The motion was adopted.

Now I am putting the Supplementary Demand for Grants. The question is :

> "That the respective Supplementary sums not exceeding the amounts on Revenue Accounts and Capital Account shown in the third column of the Order Paper be granted to the President out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondlcherry to defray the charges which will come

*The following Members also recorded their votes:

AYES: Sarvashri Ram Deo Singh, P. G. Mavalankar and Madhuryya Haldar,

NOES: Sarvashri Sidram Reddy, Narsingh Narain Pandey, K. Ramkrishna Reddy and Sheopujan Sbastri. in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of the following demands entered in the second column thereof

Demands Nos. 4 to 15, 17 to 21, 30 and 32."

The motion was adopted.

16.32 hrs.

PONDICHERRY APPROPRIATION (VOTE ON ACCOUNT) BILL 1975*

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PRA-NAB KUMAR MUKHERJEE): I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to provide for the withdrawal of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services of a part of the financial year 1975-76.

MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is.

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill to provide for the withdrawal of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services of a part of the financial year 1975-76". The mation was adopted.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE : 1 introducet the bill.

SHRI ARAVINDA BALA PAJANOR (Pondicherry) : I could not send the slip to you earlier.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE : I beg to movet that "the Bill to provide for the withdrawal of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Linion Territory of Pondicherry for the services of a part of the financial year 1975-76, be taken into consideration."

MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is:

"That the bill to provide for the withdrawal of certain sums from and

*Published in Gazette of India Extraordinary Part II, section 2, dated 20-3-1975.

fIntroduced/Moved with the recommendation of the President.

out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services of a part of the financial year 1975-76, be taken into consideration".

The motion was adopted.

SHRI ARVINDA BALA PAJANOR : I I want only to make a few points.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I am sorry; this is an Appropriation Bill and in an Appropriation Bill, there are certain specific rules, If you want to speak, you should give advance intimation intimating the points on - which you want to speak. Your request has come to me. Once we break a piecedent, then it becomes very difficult. The Minister has already complained. Don't press my hands.

will take only two minutes.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I cannot give it; of the financial year 1974-75. if I had permitted you, I would not have given you 2 minutes. I would have given more. I have got it too late,

SHRI ARAVINDA BALA PAJANOR: All of a sudden Gujarat has been postponed and Pondicherry has been taken before time. If you are going to treat Pondicherry like this, I am very much afraid

MR, CHAIRMAN : There is another Appropriation Bill. You please give your points. I will give you a chance. Please excuse me now. I cannot undo what has been done.

Now the question is :

"That Clauses 2 and 3, the Schedule, Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clauses 2 and 3, the Schedule, Clause 1. the Exacting Formula and the Title were added to the Bill.

JEE : I beg to move:

"That the Bill be passed."

MR. CHAIRMAN ; The question is: "That the Bill be passed."

The motion was adopted.

APPROPRIATION PONDICHERRY BILL*: 1975

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PRA-NAB KUMAR MUKHERJEE) : I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services of the financial year 1974-75.

MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is :

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill to authorise payment and appropria-SHRI ARVINDA BALA PAJANOR : I tion of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services

The motion was adopted.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE ; Sir, I introduce† the Bill.

I beg to mover :

"That the Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services of the financial year, 1974-75, be taken into consideration.".

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That the Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services of the financial year, 1974-75, be taken into consideration".

Now, Shri Pajanor.

*Published in Gazette of India Extra-SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER- ordinary Part II, section 2, dated 20-3-75.

> fIntroduced/Moved with the recommendution of the President.

* *

(Pandicherry) : Sir thank you for giving the Enacting Formula and the Title were me the opportunity to speak. I wish to bring to the attention of the hon. Minister a matter regarding the discrimination in regard to the grant of HRA, to the Union JEE . I move : Territory of Pondicherry. So far as Goa is concerned, the entire territory is being given the HRA. In Pondicherry Territory, only the town Pondicherry is being given the HRA and the rest of the territory like for example, Karaikai, Mahe and Yenam are not given this HRA. This causes great hardship to the Government servants. From the Budget I see that you have brought supplementary grants to the tune of Rs. 23 lakhs wherein some portion is for giving the dearness allowance according to the award of the Third Pay Commission. When you can consider that, why cannot you consider this point, which has been brought to your attention repeatedly? Kindly consider it again I request that Pondicherry town may be given A status and DEMAND NO 1-DEPARTMENT OF AGRI-Karaikal, Mahe and Yenam B status I request the hon. Minister to consider this request of mine Thank you

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHFR-JEE : The hon Member has raised certain points which would require detailed examination and along with some other points, I will consider them also,

MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is

"That the Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Pondicherry for the services of the financial year 1974-75 be taken into consideration ".

The motion was adopted.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I will put the clauses to vote

The question is :

"That Clauses 2 and 3, the Schedule, Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title stand part of the Bill.".

The motion was adopted.

SHRI ARAVINDA BALA PAJANOR Clauses 2 and 3, the Schedule, Clause 1. added to the Bill,

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-

"That the Bill be passed.".

MR. CHAIRMAN : The question is :

"That the Bill be passed.".

The motion was adopted.

16.44 hrs.

SUPPLEMENTARY DEMANDS TOR GRANTS (GENERAL), 1974-75

MR CHAIRMAN : We now take up discussion on the Supplementary Demands for Grants (General).

CULTURE

MR CHAIRMAN ; Motion moved ;

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 5,65,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Department of Agriculture'"

DEMAND NO 3-AGRICULTURE

MR CHAIRMAN Motion moved .

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 481,74,00,000 on Capital Account he granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, In respect of 'Agriculture'."

DEMAND NO. 8-DEPARTMENT OF FOOD

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 66,00,000 on Revenue

*Moved with the recommendation of the President.

Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Department of Food'."

DEMAND NO. 11-MINISTRY OF COM-MERCE

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Ra. 6,52,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Commerce'."

DEMAND NO. 12-FOREIGN TRADE AND EXPORT PRODUCTION

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 8,00,00,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 21,00,0000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975, in respect of Foreign Trade and Export Production"

DEMAND NO 15-POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS WORKING EXPENSES

MR. CHAIRMAN Motion moved

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 36,92,29,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the vear ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of Posts and Telegraphs Working Expenses'."

DEMAND NO. 17-CAPITAL OUTLAY ON POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved .

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 6,57,00,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of Merch, 1975, an respect of 'Capital Outlay on Posts and Telegraphs'."

DRMAND NO. 18-MINISTRY OF DEFENCE

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 2,85,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the yeat ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Defence'."

DEMAND NO. 19-DEFENCE SERVICES-ARMY

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 171,75,85,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President tu defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of Match, 1975, in respect of 'Defence Service--Army'."

DEMAND NO 21-DEFENCE SERVICES--AIR FORCE

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 22,23,78,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Defence Services-Air Force'"

DEMAND NO. 22-DEFENCE SERVICEN- -PENSIONS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not eaceeding Rs. 34,58,00,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Defence Services--Pensions'."

DEMAND NO. 24-DEPARTMENT OF LDU-CATION

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not excoording Rs. 6,50,000 on Revenue DEMAND No. 30-UNION EXCISE DUTHES Account be granted to the President to detray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Department of Education'."

. DEMAND NO. 25-EDUCATION

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 1,71,74,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to DEMAND NO 31-TAXES ON INCOME, course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Education'."

DEMAND NO 27-MINISTRY OF EXTERN-AL ALTAIRS

MR CHAIRMAN Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 1.75.00.000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of External Affairs'."

DIMAND NO 28-MINISTRY OF FINANCE

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 5,62,46,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Ministry of Finance'."

" DEMAND NO. 29-CUSTOMS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 41,20,800 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come m course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Customs'."

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 1,63,70,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Union Excise Duties'."

detray the charges which will come in ESTATE DUTY, WEALTH TAX AND GIFT TAX

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 2,00,34,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of Taxes on Income, Estate Duty, Wealth Tax and Gift Tax'."

DEMAND NO 32-STAMPS

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not excceding Rs. 2,20,37,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Stamps'."

DEMAND NO. 33-AUDIT

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 5,66,37,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975. in respect of 'Audit'."

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DEMAND NO. 34-CURRENCY, COINAGE DEMAND NO. 41-MEDICAL AND FUELC: AND MINT HEALTH

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not excreding Rs. 62,40,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Currency Coinage and Mint'."

DEMAND NO. 37-TRANSFER TO STATE AND UNION TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS

MR. CHAIRMAN . Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 55,82,50,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 11,00,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of "Transfers to State and Union Territory Governments"."

DEMAND No. 38-OTHER EXPENDITURE OF DEMAND NO THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved .

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 61,90,01,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year enging the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Other Expenditure of the Ministry of Finance."

DEMAND NO. 40-MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved .

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 5,07,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Health and Family Planning." MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Ks. 8,58,66,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 32,39,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975, in respect of 'Medical and Public Health'."

DEMAND NO. 42-FAMILY PLANNING

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 4,75,89,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in eourse ot payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975 in respect of 'Family Planning'."

EMAND NO 43-MINISTRY OF HEAV3 INDUSTRY

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 2.86,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Heavy Industry'."

DEMAND NO. 44-HEAVY INDUSTRIES

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 66,92,41,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Heavy Industries'."

DEMAND NO. 45-MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 15,61,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Home Affairs'"

DEMAND NO. 46-CABINET

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved .

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 13,51,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Cabinet'."

DFMAND NO 47-DEPARTMENT OF PTR-SONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved .

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 44,97,000 on Revenue Account he granted to the President to DEMAND No. 53-ANDAMAN defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms'"

DEMAND NO 48-POLICE

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 3.25,53.000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of pay- DEMAND NO. 54-ARUNACHAL ment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Police'."

DEMAND NO. 50-OTHER EXPENDITURE OF THE MINISTRY OF HOME ALLAIRS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 5,60,41,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the Plesident to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of Other Expenditure of the Ministry of Home Affairs'."

DEMAND NO 51-DELHI

MR CHAIRMAN, Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 3.75.20.000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 25,80,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Delhi'."

DEMAND NO 52-CHANDIGARE

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved .

"I hat a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 1,82,52,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs 39,14,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, m respect of 'Chandigarh'"

AND NICO-BAR ISLANDS

MR CHAIRMAN, Motion moved '

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 43,18,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs 19,51,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Andaman and Nicobar Islands'."

PRADESH

MR, CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 1.70,50,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Arunachal Pradesh'."

DEMAND NO. 55-DADBA AND NAGAR HAVELI

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 14,70,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Dadai and Nagar Havel?."

DEMAND NO. 56-LAKSHADWEEP

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 19,95,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st of March, 1975, in respect of 'Lakshdweep' "

DEMAND NO 57-MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

MR. CHAIRMAN Motion moved

"I hat a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 1.28.000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of pay- DEMAND No. 66-MINISTRY OF LABOUR ment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Industrial Development' "

DEMAND NO. 58-INDUSTRIES

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved

"That a Supplementary sum not exceed ing Rs. 2,96,77,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 64,74,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President DEMAND NO. 68-MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSto defiay the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, m respect of 'Industries'."

DEMAND NO. 60-MINISTRY OF INCORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved .

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 2,91,000 on Revenue Account be ment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Information and Broadcasting',"

DLMAND NO. 62-BROADCASTING

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 4.59,11,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of Match, 1975, in respect of Broadcast-10g'."

DEMAND NO. 65-POWER SCHEMES

MR CHAIRMAN . Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 13,42,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs 5.13.00.000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Power Schemes'."

MR. CHAIRMAN . Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 2.61.000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of Match, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Labour'."

TICE AND COMPANY APPAIRS

MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"I hat a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 14,25,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Law, Justice and Company Affairs'.'

DEMAND NO. 70-MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM DEMAND NO. 78-DEPARTMENT OF STERL AND CREMICALS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 16.19.75.000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 1.000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals'."

DEMAND NO. 74-MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 28.82,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975, in respect of DEMAND No 80-MINES AND Ministry of shipping and Transport'."

DEMAND No. 75-ROADS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 1.51,06.000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 8,99,89,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during DEMAND NO. 81-DEPARTMENT OF SUPthe year ending the 31st day of March. 1975, in respect of 'Roads'."

DEMAND NO. 76-PORTS. LIGH THOUSES AND SHIPPING

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 20,00,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 9,82,52,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975, in respect of 'Ports, Light, houses and Shipping'."

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 1,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 27.93,15,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Department of Steel'."

DEMAND NO. 79-DEPARTMENT OF MINES

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceedmg Rs. 6,79,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Department of Mines'."

MINERALS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 1.69.00.000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 65,83,65,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Mines and Minerals'."

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MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 45,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Department of Supply'."

DEMAND NO. 82-SUPPETES AND DESPOSALS

MR. CHAIRMAN : Mution moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 48,64,000 on Revenue Account

be granted to the President to defray DEMAND No. 89-PUBLIC WORKS the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Supplies and Disposals'."

DEMAND NO. 84-MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION

MR CHAIRMAN ; Motion moved ;

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 1,27,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray DEMAND No. 91-HOUSING AND URBAN the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Tourism and Civil Aviation'."

DEMAND NO. 86-AVIATOIN

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 25,00,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st DEMAND NO. 92-STATIONERY AND PRINTday of March, 1975. in respect of "Aviation'."

DEMAND NO. 87-TOURISM

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 37,38,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Tourism'."

DEMAND NO. 88-MINISTRY OF WORKS AND HOUSING

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 14,44,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Ministry of Works and Housing'."

MR, CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 3,68,24,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of "Public Works"."

DEVELOPMENT

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 21,76,000 on Revenue Account and not exceeding Rs. 61,00,000 on Capital Account be grauted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March. 1975, in respect of 'Housing and Urban Development'."

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MR CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 3,35,79,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Stationary and Printing',"

DEMAND NO. 94-ATOMIC ENERGY RE-SLARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND INDUSTRIAL PROJECTS.

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not excceding Rs. 6,000 on Capital Account be granted to the President to defray the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of Atomic Fnergy Research, Development and Industrial Projects."

es.

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

Nuclear Power Schemes."

DEMAND NO. 101-GRANTS TO COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exand Industrial Research."

DEMIND NO 102-DEPARTMENT OF SPACE

MR. CHAIRMAN . Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs 17,76,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defrav the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Department of Space'.'

DEMAND NO. 104-RAJYA SABHA.

MR. CHAIRMAN : Motion moved :

"That a Supplementary sum not exceeding Rs. 3,06,000 on Revenue Account be granted to the President to defrav the charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending the 31st day of March, 1975, in respect of 'Raiya Sabha'."

The Supplementary Demands are before the House.

*SHRI JAGDISH BHATTACHARY-YA (Ghatai) :Mr. Chairman, Sir, today we are discussing the Supplementary Demands for Grants (General), 1974-75. The Bengali.

DEMAND NO. 95-NUCLEAR POWER SCHEM- general budget was passed in this House only few days ago. But within a few days a supplementary budget has been brought before us. The Government have formed "That a Supplementary sum not ex- a habit of presenting budgets in instalcoeding Rs. 1,000 on Capital Account ments. This only goes to prove that the be granted to the President to defray Government are unable to plan their prothe charges which will come in course grammes in a systematic way. They hit of payment during the year ending the upon some ideas suddenly and act accord-31st day of March, 1975, in respect of ingly by fits and starts Sir, in these sup-Diementary demands a sum of Rs. 1761.44 crores have been demanded. This is not a small sum. Therefore to ask for such a huge sum in a supplementary budget is nomewhat unnatural

In the introductory remarks it has been ceeding Rs. 1,99,90.000 on Revenue mentioned that a sum of rupees 120 crores Account be granted to the President to are needed for payment of additional defray the charges which will come in dearness allowance to various categories of course of payment during the year end- Central Government employees. In the reung the 31st day of March, 1975, in res-, gular general budget also some provision pect of Grants to Council of Scientific was made for payment of DA. In this connection I have to say that 50% of this additional DA is being frozen by way of compulsory deposits and the poor ethployees are being paid only half of the DA to which they are entitled. So what actual benefits are the employees getting from this enhanced DA ? In this supplementary demands itself Government have asked for Rs 368 crores for public works due to rue in cost of building materials etc. They have asked for another Rs. 2.35 cores on account of rise in cost of paper Therefore. Sir, when the Government themselves have to ask for additional amounts in the sunplementary budget on account of rise in price of commodities, then we can easily imagine the plight in which the poor employees find themselves. The Government employees who find it extremely difficult to meet their domestic budget due to rising prices, are being forced to forego half the amount of their DA. Is it not a cruel ioks on them?

> Then, Sir, we find that Rs. 228.64 crores have been demanded for Defence. Sir, if this amount was needed for payment of

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^{*}The original speech was delivered in

pay or DA to the Defence employees then choose. But the Government sells rice to there was some logic in it. But we find the consumers at Rs. 1.80 per Kg in the that sum of Rs. 95 crores have been sepa- ration shops. Inspite of this the Governrately provided for payment of D.A. There- ment is paying a huge amount to the FCI fore this huge amount is being demanded as subsidy. In the Eastern region alone we for the various Wings of the Army, Navy have seen that the Government paid about and Air Force. In the General Budget a Ry. 30 crores to the FCI as food subsidy. heavy amount was already provided for I fail to understand how this becomes Defence. I do not think that our country necessary? Surely, food grains worth so is in danger of a sudden attack from any many crores of rupees are not lost in tranguarters. On account of this I oppose a sit. There must be wide spread corruption grant of this huge additional amount for in the activities of the FCI necessitating Defence.

Then, Sir, Rs. 79 21 crores have been provised for additional grants to the States and been demanded for fertilisers. There is no the Union Territories to aid them in their doubt that fertiliser is a necessary item and plan schemes. Sir, the provision of this shortage of fertiliser is being felt in the small amount for the State Plans, although country also But it is difficult to understand this is a supplementary budget goes only to as to where the shortage and want really prove that there is no planning in our lies. While travelling to various parts of country worth the name. Although it is a our country I had the good fortune of supplementary budget yet some 2,000 cro- visiting some fertiliser factories both in the res of additional amount has been demand- public and private sectors. Some privately ed in it. The provision of only 79.21 cro- uwned fertiliser factories were of the opinion res out of that for the State plans is very that there was no real shortage of fertidisappointing. The Five Year Plans have livers in the country as made out by the become a farce. Whenever a budget pro- Government. I also saw with my own eyes posal is presented some amount is provided that huge stocks of fertilisers were lying as a ritual in that for the plans just as a thore. The other day a report appeared in person provides for some amount for per- the papers that a slump has appeared in forming the annual rites of his parents at the fertiliser's market that is the cultivators the end of the year.

55 crores of rupees have been provided for subsidy to the Food Corporation of India on imported food grains. The FCI is given subsidy on indigenous food grains also. We fail to find any logic behind subsidizing indigenous food grains. I can cite one example. The Government procures paddy at the rate of Rs. 70 to 75/- per coal mining authority and the Bharat Coakquintal and 3 quintals of paddy yields 2 ing Coal Co. At Raniganj in West Bengal, quintal of rice. Even if we take that the 25 persons were arrested last August for sel-Government pays to the farmers at the rate ling spurious coal licences, through which of 80 rupees a quintal for paddy, the price coal is obtained from these authorities and of procured rice cannot be more than sold to various parties. A high police official Rs. 120/- a quintal in any case. Even after said, tt was published in the papers also, adding various other incidental expenses, that there are about 1500 people in the the price of rice cannot be more than Raniganj, Asansol, Dhanbad coal field areas Ks. 150/- a quintal. The Government can who are engaged in this trafficking in cell rice at Rs. 1.50 per Kg. if they so spurious and bogus coal licences. These

this huge subsidy by the Government.

Another fat amount of 481.74 crores have are not going in for fertilisers in a big way. There may two reasons for this, either the purchasing power of the cultivators are so low that they are unable to buy fertilisers or the distribution system for fertilisers is faulty as a result of which the fertilisers did not reach the cultivators.

Now, I will say something about coal,

people are making lot of money in this racket and this ill gotten money is shared with some employees of these coal authorities who are in collusion with the racketeers. In this way a huge amount of coal is 1014 to outside parties through bogus licenecs. I demand a thorough investigation in this malpractices and stern action against the offenders

In this context I will mention another thing Sir this morning also the issue was raised in this House that six MIAs of Tripura have been arrested under MISA as some agitation is going on there Happenings in Tripura may be a matter for the State Government but the use of MISA in not a matter of the State Government. The MISA legislation was passed here in this House. When the MISA was passed here. the hon. Minister on behalf of the Governmust had given a clear assurance that this Act will not be used against democratic movement and against the political opponents. But today we have seen its naked use and we feel that there can be no greater misuse of this Act. Due to these reasons I oppose the Supplementary demands placed before this House

वी राजवतार सारती (पटना) मनापनि जी, अभी हम 1,761 41 करोड रु के परक बजट पर विचार कर रहे है। सरकार ने विभिन्न विभागो में जो सार्चा घांधक होने का सदाबा किया है उसी को विभ।ग में न्दा कर इस पुरक बजट को सबन के ममझ उपस्थित किया है । इस सिल-विसे से में कुछ बातो पर रोजनी डालना चाहता इं। इस में सरकार ने केन्द्रीय सरकारी कर्मबारियों को महगाई भत्त। देने की बात का उल्लेख किया है । सवापति जी, सवाल बड़ा ही महत्वपूर्ण है भीर इस सवाल पर भारत के साखो कर्मचारी सन्दोलित है। मभी हाल में इन्होने कुछ समझौता किया है। तो से चाहगा कि जो भी समझौता हुआ है तीन किस्त के बारे मे बह तो फौरन लाय करना ही चाहिए, उस के मसावा शी केन्द्रीय कर्मवारियों के महगाई भक्ते की किस्तें वह गई है, उन किस्तों को भी घदायगी

करने की व्यवस्था सरकार को सीझ करनी काहिये। बरना सरकार को कर्मचारिया के तोध ना धावन बनाना पड़ेगा है राजेरदार धान्दालन ना सावना करना पड़ेगा। इसलिये ऐकी स्थिति न धाने पाए, उस से पहले ही सरकार को उनकी इम त्याबोचित भाग को मान लेना चाहिएं, पूरी वर देना काहिए ने। धौर मरकार जा उनके भने की माधी रासि मी० डी० एम० मे जमा करा लेती है उन कानून का जिननी जस्वी सरकार संमाप्न वरे उनना ही सरकारी कमचारियो का विज्ञाम भ्राप प्राप्न कर नकेंगे।

इसरी बान यह है कि आप को यान नहां गई कि खाद हम को देती है । जरूर देनी है, दांजिए लेकिन प्राप दाम उस के बढाने डा रहे है । मधा-रण किसान के पहुच के दाहर की बान हाती जा रही है । उस की कीसन प्राप को कम करनी बाहिये और इस बान की व्यवस्था करनी जाहिये कि छोटे से छाटे किमान की भी खाद मिल जाये । प्रधी बडे लोगो की तो खाद मिल जाती है, लेकिन माधारण किमान यों ही रह जाते हैं । तो में बाहूगा कि आप खाद के बटवारे की ऐसी स्थवम्था करे जिस से चोर बातारी न हो । हम लोग ब्याक की मीटिगो में जाने है, माथा ममय उसी में चला जाता है कि तोर बाजारी से खाद जा रही है ।

उसी तरह से खाखाफ की बान कही गई है । खाखाझ के मिर्नामने से झाप की बसूनी नीति गलन हे। विभिन्न राज्यो से कबर झा रही है कि घाप गरीब किसाना पर अहरदम्नी कर ने उन से ती गरूता बबूली कर रहे है, नेकिन जो बटे-बर्ड दिमान घोर बसीदार हे उन स झाग गरूता बमूनी नरना नही बाहते, या उन के माथ नरसी विखलाते है, या घाप के छाखितारी कुछ ने दे कर उनकी छाड देने है। जो यह नीति उचित नही है। हमारी माथ है कि अने लोगो के यत्ला बसूना जाता चाहिये ताकि रायन की युकानो के जरिये हम उन गर्ल को धाम जनना की दे सकों धौर राक्षम की व्यवस्था मे जो गडवडी है उस को दूर किया जा सकें। रावन की दुकाना के जरिये तसास सावस्थक धीजो का देने का प्रकार कि जिसे ।

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शाक तार के लिये भी आप के जान की है। मैं पटना की बात जालता हूं। वहां इतनी जम्म-पत्था कि है टैलीकोन में कि जब पालियाबेंट के मेस्बर का टेलिकोन दो साल से ठीक नहीं हो सकता तो पाम लोगों की क्या दसा होगी इस का प्राय प्रंवाय लगा सकते हैं। पहले कुछ व्यवस्था ठीक यी। लेकिन सरकार ने धौर ठीक करने के लिये बिस्ट्रिट मैंनेजर, टेलिफोन की व्यवस्था कामन की तब से धौर स्थिति बिगड़ गई। किसी को ठीक से ट्रंक नहीं लिलता, नम्बर सही नहीं मिलता, बात कर रहे हैं तो बीच में ही कट जाता है। इस तरह की वातें होती हैं तो टेलीफोन व्यवस्था धाप की पूरे भारत में गड़बड़ होवी यह में घपने यहां के मनुभव से कह सकता हूं। प्राप को उस में कुआर लाना बाहिये।

इस के बाद वित्त के बारे में मुझे एक बात कहनी हैं कि माप के दफ्तरों में मफसरकाही का बंगा माच होता है। में पटनाके एक दफ्तर का नाम लेना चाहना हूं कट्रोलर माफ डिकेंस मकाउन्ट्स । बह इतना भ्रष्ट भक्सर है कि जो भी कहा जाय मन है। भौर भफसोस की बात यह कि है इस सदन के माननीय सदस्य हवाई जहाज से उड़ कर उस की पैरबी में जाते हैं। सालों से बहा लोग रह रहे हैं उन का ट्रांसफर होना चाहिये। माप के नियमं के मुताबिक लेकिन नहीं करते और जो यूनियन के मेम्बर, 300, 350 हैं उन का मापने इन्टर मनाण्ड ट्रान्सफर कर दिया है जो कि मान तौर से नहीं होता है यह कहां की नीति है। सी० डी० ए०का बार बार दान्सकर हुआ लेकिन न मालूम झाप पर कौन सा जादू किया जाता है कि वह अभी तक वहां पर वरकरार है। वहां पर बहाली में भी भूस ली जाती है बौर वहां पर बाज जो स्विति है वह विस्फोटक है, वहां पर सोग मान्दो-शन कर रहेहैं। कलमबंद स्ट्राइक बल रहा है सौर हफरों से डिमान्सट्रेसन जन रहा है, उससे किसी भी समय हिंसा की स्थिति पैवा हो सकती है जिस की वनावदेही माप की होगी । इसलिये माप को इस तरफ ध्यान देना पाहिये ।

उडीन की बांस माप ने कही है। में केवल एक बात इस सम्बन्ध में कहना पाहता हूं ! उचीग के सिलसिले में बाप ने बिहार में कतना 🎋 में ट्रेक्टर कारकाना बनान का फैसला किया है लेकिन माज तक उस के लिये जमीन एक्वाएर नहीं की गई है। अब हमने सुना है कि उसको वहां से हटा कर कहीं और ले जाने का वड्येल चल रहा है। यह गलत बात है। वहां पर ट्रेक्टर फैक्टरी बनाने के लिये आप कार्यवाही मुरू कीजिए । माप ने एक स्कूटर फैक्टरी खड़ी की है लेकिन बहां पर स्थानिय लोगों को काम न दे कर मेनेजर के लोगों और कहीं दूसरी जगहों के लोगों को ग्राप बहाँ पर रख रहे हैं। सरकार का नियम है कि स्थानिय लोगों को मौकरी दी जानी भाहिए लेकिन माप ऐसा नही कर रहे हैं। मैं यह चाहूंगा कि वहां के स्थानिय लोगों को भौर जिनकी जमीन सी गई है, उन के एक-एक भादमी को स्नाप वहां पर नौकरी दीजिए ।

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इस के बाद मैं कटाव के बारे में कुछ बताना बाहता हूं। मैं ऐसे इलाके से घाता हूं जहां पर इस की स्थिति भयंकर है। हमारे क्षेत के दो हिस्सों में कटाव मनेर घीर दानापुर में वर्षों से बल रहा है घीर दर्जनों गांव कट कर गंगा नदी में विलीन हो चुके हैं घीर नहां पर स्थिति यह हैकि बिहार सरकार तमाम लोगों के पुनर्वास की व्यवस्था करने में ससमर्थ है। हम ने घीर वहां के एक विधायक ने पेटीझन कमेटी में एक दर-खास्त दी। उस पेटीझन कमेटी ने यह कहा है कि केन्द्रीय सरकार को इस तरफ घ्यान देना चाहिए कि कटाव के कारण हजारों लोग जो विस्थापित हो गये हैं, उन को बसाने में यदद मिले लेकिन घ्रमी तक यह बात नहीं की गई है।

इस में खानों की बात भी कही गई है। खानों के संबंध में मैं एक ही बात कहना पाहता हूं कि बिहार में 32 मनमावेराइण्ड बानें काम कर रही है सौर उन में दुर्वटनाएं होती हैं। एक दुर्पटना बाहत खान में हुई ज़ौर उस में 40 मादमी बरे। मेरा कहना यह है कि मान चनमापेराइण्ड खानों को बन्द कीजिए। माप ने खानों का राष्ट्रीसकरण किया है। इसलिये प्राप को उन अनमावेराइवर आगों को मपने करने में तो लेगा पाहिये। मगर करनो में नहीं से सकते हैं, तो दिना सारहदेश्स के क्यों बान पलाते हैं। इस तरफ की प्राप को इमान देना पाहिये।

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मीर ग्रावरी बात, समापनि जी, में वर्क्स मौर हाउसिंग के बारे में कहना चाहना ह। इस के लिए आप ने पूरव मांग रखी है। इस में नन्दी बस्तियो की सफाई की योत्रना है, स्लम किलयेरेंस की योजना है। बढे बडे प्रहरों में झाप के स्लम्म ज्यादा हैं। मैं पटना से झाना ह और वहां की आग जानता हू। पूरे हिन्दुस्तान की राजधानियो में पटना जैसा गन्दा शहर ग्रीर गन्दी बस्ती नहीं होगी। वह पूरे का पूरा झहर गन्दा है। इस की गरफ आप का ध्यान बार बार खीवा जाना है भौर मापने उस को अपनी योजना में शामिल भी किया है। गन्दी बन्ती योजना ये बिहार सरकार ने 42 लाख रुपया मांगा था लेकिन भाप न शायद 20 या 22 लाख रुपया ही दिया है। बाकी झाप नहीं दे रहे हैं झीर पूरक माग पेश करने चले आ रहे हैं। साप का ध्यान पटना शहर की नरफ जाना चाहिए । धगर मली जी मेरे नाथ पटना जहर चले तो वहा पर मण्ण्रगे का इतना उत्पाद पाएगे, जोकि किमी मौर गहर में नही मिलेगा। वहा के किसी विधायक ने इस बारे में मुख हबनाल भी की थी कि पटना में मण्छर बहुत अधिक है। मञ्छरां को प्राय तभी बाल कर सकते है जब झाप वहा पर मुमियत नानिया बनबाए।

इन तमाम बानो की लरफ प्राप का ध्यान जाना चाहिए जिस से जनता में विश्वाम देदा हो कि माप जो पैना मागते है टैक्सो के रूप म, उस बैंसे का मनुपयोग होना है, दुरुपयोग नहीं होता है म्रीर जाप के सविकारी मनमानी नहीं करने हैं म्रीर जनता के फायदे के लिए काम करने हैं। तभी भाष पर लोगों का विश्वाम होना ग्रीर तभी वालित होगी मौर तभी जो देस में प्रतियामी शक्निया सर उठा रही हैं, आये बढ रही हैं, उनके खिलाफ माप लड़ सकेंगे ग्रीर सबमय व रहा की नमत्वाद, जननका मीर वालित कायम कर सकम। केवन नारों के न सालित आदे वाली है और न लवाज-बाद आने वाला है और न प्रतिगामी सनिनयों और कासिस्ट कविताने के विकाफ घाप लढ सकते हैं। आप को राजनैतिक सोर्चे पर लढना है, साधिक सोर्चे पर लढना है पौर सामाखिक सोर्चे पर जी लढना है। धगर प्राप इन तमान मोर्चो पर लड़ेंगे, तभी देस घाने वढ़ सकता है और धनत लोगो के हाथो में जाने से उम को वचाया जा सकता है।

भी महा दोपक सिंह शास्य (कासगव) समापति जी, शाली जी ने ममी बहुत से विषयो पर अपन मुेउठाए। मैं केवल दो विषयो पर ही हुछ बहुना चाहना ह।

मैने बनुदानों की मागो को पढ़ा। उस में एक माइटम दिया हुमा है 66 करोड रुपये का खाख निगम को घतिरिक्त महायता देने के लिए। 66 कोड रूपये की रकम आप उस के लिए माग ग्हे हैं। क्या यह मांग ऐसी नहीं है जो कि इमेशा ही होती रैहती है और मांग होने के बावजूद आप की डिमान्ड इस प्रकार बढती रही और काम ठीक नही हवा। मरा कहना इस सबघ में यह है कि जब तक भाप की योजनायें सही नहीं होगी जब तक आपका प्रसालन आप के साथ नहीं होया, झाप की में योजनाए झौर मार्वे ताक में रखी रह अएगी। मैं माप ने पूछना बाहना हू कि बाच निगम के लिए जो भाप ने 68 करोड रुपये की रकम मागी है, तो जाप ने कभी बह देखा है कि इस का कारण ,क्या है। झाप हवा में दिवार बनाना चाहते है । इन हिमान्ड को पूरा कॅरना है, तो आपकी भारत के कुषको की तरफ देखना पडेंगा। सवर धाप उस तरफ व्यान देते तो माप को 66 करोड मपये मागने की कोई बावस्वकता नहीं रहती । धनर बाप की नियत दुरुत्त होती तो माज धाप को इतने स्पमे नहीं मागने पडते। आप को चाहिए था कि बाध निमम म इतने बडे घुटाले होते ह, उमको वेवले । वहा पर नाना प्रकार के स्ट्राइक होते हैं । जनगरी से 887 घादमियों की निकाल देवा गवा है मौर काम सुवारू रुप से गही वल हा है। माल बाहर से घाता है, तो बह गोवामो

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में पता महता है। आभी मैंने बलाबार में पहा था कि बिहार के स्टेशन पर वाल पडा रहा और उस को डकने के लिए कोई इसलाम नहीं या सौर उस को गोदाम में नहीं रखा गया। इसी तरह से पहले निकला या कि तम्बई के गोवाम पर 50 बजार रन के लगभग धापका गल्या खराब हमा। इसी तरह से माप करते रहिये मौर फिर माग वडाले जाइए । इससे कोई फायदा नही होने बाला है। फायदा तभी हो सकता है जह झाप देस के किसानों की उत्पादन क्षमता बढाएं झौर इस के लिए झाप को कुछ विशेष कार्य करने होगे। झाप जो निगम की मडियो तक पहुचाते है, उसके लिए भाष 26 रुपये प्रति क्विटल खर्च देते है जबकि यह 2 रुपये में पूरा किया जा सकता है, लेकिन आप इसको ,करने के लिए तैयार नही है। ग्रींग होना क्या है? 26 ग्पंथा ग्राप नाजायज सौर पर उस पर लगाने हैं। इससे 26 रुपये कीमन प्रति विवटल बढ जाती है ग्रीर बढने के बाद बह उपभोक्ता के सर पर पडती है। इस सग्ह में महगाई बढ़ती चली जाती है और आपकी म्कीम पीछे रह जाती है।

डूमर्ग बात यह है कि प्राप देश के कियानों को कायदा नहां बहुवाना चाहने है। प्राप विदेशों को फायदा नहां बहुवाना चाहने है। प्राप विदेशों 155 रुपये प्रति किर्बटल के हियाब में मेहू खरीबते है प्रीर देश के काश्तकार को उस के गल्ले का केवल 105 रुपया देने हैं। प्राप कोमत जब देते है जब जान लेने है कि खर्लिहान से गल्ला निरूषत हावा। उस के बाद प्राप को भीति निश्चित होती है। बव तक गल्ला खलिहान में रहना है प्राप को नीति प्राप की काइल में रहती है। प्राप को बाहिन कि प्राप मल्यों को पहले से पोषित करे।

मै आप से एक बात यह कहना चाहता हू कि हरि मुस्य आयोग की रिपोर्ट घाप के मामने बहुत पहले में बा क्की है लेकिन प्राज बनाज खलिहान में जाने के लिए है धौर घाप ने कीमन सोपल नहीं की। क्यो बापन घोरिन नहीं किया? प्रापको कीयन पहले से घोषित कर देनी चाहिये। जिस बका बुझाई का मौका होता है उससे पहले प्रापको कीमन को घोषित कर देना चाहिये नाकि

मिलानों की उपन बढाने का ओरसाइन मिले र ऐसा आप नहीं करते हैं। 150-155 स्पर्धा विंगटल मेहूं के दानों की मांग हुई है। पंजाब के मुख्य मंत्री में 150 रूपये की मांग की है, इसरी स्टेट्स ने 140 की की है। यह सब मनाभारपत्री में पाया है। भाग क्यों मही बढाने हैं। एक तरफ तो भाग मधिक मूल्य किसानों को नहीं देते हैं और दूसगी तरफ किसानों के उपयोग की जो बस्तार है उनको भाग उन्हे बहन ज्यादा सत्त्व घर देने है। बिजली की दर दो प्राने थी उसको बडा बर चार झाने कर दिया गया है। फॉटलाइजर का बीरा 5। रूपये में मिलना था झब 109 में मिलता है। सिचाई के लिए माप किसाबो को तो रात में बिजली देते हैं लेकिन जो बडे बडे सिल बाले हैं उनको दिन में देने है। मैं एक किमान हे देहान में गहता हु, मैं जानना ह कि रात के समय जब बिजनी मिलती है तो किमान को कितनी कठिनाई होती है। गडा ग्लीमेट जो है. जो चोर इकैन है वे उसका अपहरण कर लेग है। वह जान की बाजी लगाना है लेकिन मल्य उसको क्या मिलला है, 105 रुपये विषटल । इस मीति में आएको सफलता नहीं मिलेगी यह टोटली फेल हो चकी है। माप को चाहिये कि माप दान अवायें।

लेवी की नीनि का आप ले। लैवां झाप किस वग में बसूल करते है ? मैं जानता ह कि झाप यह कह कर टाल देगे कि यह मामला स्टेट्स का है। लेकिन मैं पूछना ह कि क्या धापन तीन कैटेगरीज कुषको की नहीं बनाई है, बडे किमान, फ्रांटे किमान भौर सीमाल किमान ? जब बनाई हैं तो क्या धाप उनको निर्वेज नहीं दे सकने हैं कि सीमान्त जा किसान है, जिन के पास तोन से पाच एकड नक जमीन है उन में काई लैबी बसूख न की जाए। इससे दा लाभ होगे। छोटे किसाल में जा धनन्ताय है वह दूर होगा भीर दूसरे जो बडे किमान है, जो मूर्छावस्था में रहने है, वै प्राप्ती उत्पादन क्षमला को बराने की कॉलिक करेंगे। धुस तरह से छाप को डबल लाथ हागा।

शाकी जी ने कहा कि छोटे किसान से सल्ला बसल होता है लेकिन बडे जो किसान है उन से

नहीं जिसा वाला है। वाहे इसका राजनीतिक आजार हो या यैले का आधार ही, यह नहीं है कि छोडे किसान से नरना सकूल फिना बाता है बड़े पेट वाले से नही । बड़े कास्तकार को आप कतई छूदे नहीं हैं। मैं बाहता हू कि इसका आप नर्वेखप कराएं झौर अगर यह सित्र हा जाए कि बडे किसानों से बसूल नहीं होना है नो उन से आप बसून करें और छोटे किमान को इनमे यहत करे।

নীৰী কী লীৱি কা মা যামকা ৱবলনা ৰাছিব। মামল মাকিত ৰ সনিব্যা ক আয়াত মত যাম बेह की खरीद करे। যह जरूरी नही है कि प्राप स्प्य निष्टित करें। इस नीनि को प्रयनाया तो पापको जिनना बेह देश से बाहिये मिल जागना।

74 21 कराह की झापने जन कल्याण तथा धनसचित जातियों के लिग माग पेश की है। यह बही ग्रन्छी बात है। इसमें काई दो गये नहीं है। सेकिन देखना यह बाहिये कि इस रुक्ति का सद्यभोग होता है या नहीं। झगर सद्ययोग होना ह तो इसकी या इसमें भी ज्यादा राजि को देने में कोई झासलि की बात नहीं हो सकती है। लेकिन जो मापकी व्यवस्थाये है और जो बोजनाये है ने नागजा पर ही रह जाती है, उनका कोई लाभ नहीं होता है। आप देखें कि देश में समध्य दो लाख ऐसे बाब है जहा पीने का पानी तक उपलब्ध नहीं है। जब झाय पाली नहीं हे सकते है तो भोजन की व्यवस्था ग्राप क्या करेंगे. जिला. आवाम भादि की व्यवस्था ध।दिवासियों के लिए. भनस्चिन जानियां के लिए क्या करेंगे। साथ दिल्ली में ही दना में। माज भी यहां माप लोगों को फट पायस पर सोने हुए देख लेगे । साथ राजि माग रहे है बाढ़ा के लिए, आपत्कालीम स्थिति का मुकाबना करने के लिए, युजरात में सखे की ण्यिति का मकाबला करने के लिए। प्राय जासते है कि समस में, विहार में, उत्तर प्रवेश के बैक्वतं एरिया में वहां बाद भाती है आपने सभी तक कुछ नही किया है। हिमाचल में सकम्प खाया. बहुत बढा नुकसान हुआ, जाप बताई कि जायने बहां क्या सहायता पहुंचाई ?

उत्तर प्रदेश में 6-7 तारीख को भावे भावे किसो के मोले पड़े। तमान करतेमें नक्ट हो गई। मैं प्रार्थना करता हू कि उसका माप सर्वेक्षण कराएं प्रीर जिन किसानो को नुकसान पहुचा है उनको राहत देने का माप प्रवाह करें।

आपने जिन कार्यों के लिए पैसे की साथ की है, जिन वीजनाओं के लिए की है झनर उनकी नहीं हैंग से हाथ में लिया जाता है झौर पूरा विया जाता है नो पैना देने में काई झार्याता की बात नहीं है। लेकिन प्राप रेके कि ये योजनायें फाइनो नक ही सीमिन न रह बाए।

SHRI SAMAR GUHA (Contat) I shall avail of this opportunity to place before the House the problems being faced by the peasants and cultivators of West Bengal and particularly in the Midnapore District.

Firstly, the West Bengal Government decided, perhaps in accordance with the Central policy, that non-irrigated lands of six acres and above will have to pay a levy according to the quantum fixed. And the quantum has been fixed without any rational for the various districts, not on the basis of any general principles. They were arbitrarily fixed. I will give only two exaniples.

The 24-Parganas is the biggest district of West Bengal, and for that they have fixed only 25,000 metric tonnes of levy tor this year, whereas for the whole of Midnapore District one lakh tonnes has been fixed, and for the Contai Sub-division alone 633,000 metric tonnes. It means 8,000 metric tonnes more than that fixed for the biggest district of West Bengal. In the case of Nadia, it is only 10 000 tonnes, in the case of Murshidabad, it is only 2,000 metric tognes. And on the basis of this arbitrary fixation, a virtual reign of terror has been let loose upon the cultivators of West Bengal, particularly in the Midnapore District, for the realization of the quantum fixed. And they are seizing naddy from the harvests of the cultivators, but not realizing

You will be astonished to know what they is another point. are doing. They are just putting a stick into the stock. It is called gola, Mr. Mukherjee knows it. Taking the circumference of that they say that it is the density in the volume that gives the mass. I asked the District Magistrate if he has any instructrons for doing this. He said there might be a difference of 15 or 20 per cent this way or that They are not using the spring balance.

round, particularly in the Contai Subdivision, because, according to their calculations, there is a good harvest there as also is the whole of Midnapore District. They are sending batches and batches of police to the houses at night and during day time, and they are seizing naddy from the houses of innumerable peasants there It has let loose a reign of terror in the whole of Midnapore District, particularly in the conference. I just issued a leaflet in my Contai Sub-division

that? The rich peasants are running to from a distance of about 20 to 25 miles. High Court and in almost 99 per cent of Then I realised that the depth of distress the cases, they have got injunction. Second- of the peasants was so much. The District ly, Sir, these lists are being prepared Magistrates and others were there and I by the Tabsildars, by bribing Tabsildars said "Look, I had not addressed any public and by giving them extension and so on. meeting and I had not made any arrange-Most of the members of the ruling party ment for Conference or anything; I just from the high-ups to the down, from Dis- issued a leaflet." I asked them to go to trict level to the Block level are being re- the District Magistrate and voice their Beved of the burden of levy. This has feelings against the injustice, firstly in been admitted to me by the District Ma- regard to procurement price, then in regard restrate and the Sub-Divisional Officer to scizure of paddy and then in regard This is the language used. All big fishes to levy price. All these problems are out of our net! By taking advantage had created a very deep distress. But I of the injunctions granted by the High tell you, it is helping us In a sense if I Court on the one hand and political pres- had been of that type of politician I would sures brought on the officers on the have kept silent. I would have been other, they escape the burden of the levy. happy because elections are coming it As a result of this levy policy, what has is helping us. Practically a reign of terror happened ? The small peasants, the middle- has been let loose and the depth of dischass peasants, the middle-class cultivators tress is so much. This would have helped are not only being deprived of their year's us, but I did not want to float in politics earning but they are being arrested under by taking advantage of the distress of the MISA and so on. Virtually a reign of people. So I would ask the hon. Minister

the lovy according to the quantum fixed, their distress. Not only that, Sir, there

Now, Sir, the procurement price of wheat is Rs. 100 or Rs. 105 per gunital all over India. Even then they are all against it. Now, there is a demand that the procurement price of wheat should be raised to at least Rs. 125/-per guintal. What is the price given to the Bengal peasants? It is only Rs. 74/- per quintal of paddy. Now, Sir, in the ration shops wheat is sold at Rs 140/- per quintal and rice is sold at Rs. 170/- per quintal, On On the basis of that, they are going the basis of this proportion, we should have at least Rs. 127/-per guintal of paddy. But only Rs. 74/- per quintal is given. With this price, they are not able to meet the cost of production.

Last year, what I did was this. I said I would not hold any public meeting, I would not make any propaganda and I would not make any arrangements for name. But I was suprised to find that about 10,000 people came from far of Sir, what has happened as a result of areas and rural areas on foot. They came All these problems terror is let loove just to test the depth of that at least some justice should be done

of wheat, there must be a proportionate negotiations are still going on with price for paddy as well, for the paddy Bangladesh. I do not know how far it growing areas and rice growing areas of is true, but I am told that Farakka Barthe whole Eastern region :

Secondly, Sir, the whole of the District of Midnapore is a flood-prone area, particularly Contai. There have been five major floods and one drought in the last eight years. Suddenly in regard to the Central and State loans, they created an impression as if the Government is going to give them relief. This year the crop has not been so good but it is not bad. Now, suddenly in regard to the accumulated loans of these 8 years, they have served notices. Not only that, Sir, You will be surprised to know this. If you had taken a loan of Rs. 200 with the compound interest, it will become Rs 400 If it was Rs 500 it has become Rs. 1,000. If it was Rs. 1,000, it has become Rs. 2,000 in 8 years. They are going from house to house-this is the harvest seasonand seizing all the paddy and selling it This kind of terror has been let loose there. Government should ponder about what they are doing.

the cultivators proportionate to the pro- Bangladesh also will be affected if Calcutta curement price of wheat given in the Nor- is affected. So, water must be released thern region. If the price of Rs. 105 is for Farakka without delay. Otherwise, raised to Rs. 125 in the case of wheat, it will seriously affect not only Calcutta money will flow to the rural areas. Take port but the industrial production of the the whole eastern region of Orissa, eas- whole of the eastern region, including tern part of Bihar, Assam. Tripura and Greater Calcutta. West Bengal-the rice-producing area. If paddy is procured at Rs. 75 per quintal, what will be the differential? Money will go to one area and the rural people of the other areas will be deprived. There will be serious imbalance between the agricultural communities of one area and another. Therefore, there must be some reasonable parity and the fixation of procurement price of paddy should be done in such a way as to give justice to the rice-producing areas also.

issue, it is a question of life and death who are dealing with CMDA say that a for the whole industrial complex of West serious situation has developed there due

and when you fix the procurement price Bengel as well as Calcutta port. I know rage which was to be commissioned in 1972, has already been completed but water is not being released. This is the lean season for flow of water and it has created a serious problem for the incoming and outgoing ships in Calcutta. If the shipping traffic in Calcutta is hampered, the whole industrial complex of west Bengal will come to a standstill. Calcutta port is the outlet for the whole eastern region and the economy of the entire eastern region will be affected. It is a serious problem and Government should take it up. Calcutta port is dying and with it the industrial production of the whole of the eastern ragion is also dving You must not forget that the industrial production in and around Calcutta has now been reduced to the eighth position during the last 27 years. One major factor responsible for this is the lack of dredging facilities in the river Hoogly. This is in connection with irrigation. I want the Minister to take up the mattre with Bangladesh. Sir, you know how I repeat a fair price should be given to much I fought for Bangladesh. Ultimately,

Recently, the West Bengal Government had sent its Chief Secretary to have negotiations with the World Bank regarding financial assistance for CMDA. I have been told that the negotiation was completed and the World Bank wanted to give certain financial assistance earmarked development work in Culcutta for But, unfortunately, the Finance Minister here had a different formula and the West Bengal CMDA has been deprived of what Although Farakka Barrage is a delicate has been promised by the authorities. Those

to financial constraints. Works have been stopped and there is a lot of dislocation almost every where in Calcutta due to lack of funds. They have not got even ten per cent of the funds that they wanted from the Central Government. Here in this House the Central Government had announced several times that there will be no dearth of funds-this is the language used-for the development of Calcutta. The development of Calcutta should not be equated with the development of other cities like Bombay or Madras For historical reasons, suddenly the population of Calcutta increased two-fold due to the onrush of the refugees with all the attendant problems. There are 13 refugee colonies in and around Calcutta. In these refugee colouies there are so many Ph ds. and M.Scs. Those colonies are nothing but siums. Even though this Government promised to do many things for these colonies, nothing has been done. In contrast, take Delhi, which is the political heaven of India.

भी जायनत झा जानाव (भागलपुर) प्रगर इस को हिन्दी में कहे

वी सबर गुह दिल्ली में कून खिसने है। दिल्ली में डावर-उठर, यहा वहा, कून है, भौर कलकने वे बंधव और झौरडिया है। यहा कून गिरने है धौर वहां मासू गिरते है। कलकत्ता के नाथ सेंट्रल बबर्गनेंट का यह बर्ताव है। मगर मरकार ने ब्रायने वादे को पूरा करना है, ता कलकत्ता के डेबलयमेट के लिए जो रूपया माना जा रहा है, नो बह पुरा रपया दे।

भी आवस्वत झा डाजाव प्रगर लिन्दी में कहे. तो दिल्ली कुली में बली, प्रोसकण से भीनी दिल्ली मुद्राग है, सुवमा है, ग्गीनी ह। प्रेमिका-कठ में पड़ी मालती की माला, दिल्ली फुलो की सेज म्राइन् रस धीमी है।

भी राज झमार (टोक) सभापनि महोदय, बारत सरकार के विता मती हर वर्ष झरवो रपये का बजट येश करते हैं कौर अपने भाषण मे किसानो, सन्यूचिस जातियों तथा जन-गनियों

[NEARCH 20, 1975]

धीर पूर्वल वर्गका विशेष रूप ते उल्लेख करते हैं। मुझे 1981 से बिस्टिंग पर काम कुरते वालें मजदूरी धीर अनुकूषित जानिवी के स्प्रेमो वें रतने का बहुत धवनर सिता है। लोक-सभा मेरे चार साल का अनुमव यह है कि उनके प्रति . सरकार की कोई मंद्मावना नही है। आज दिस्सी में ऐसे लाखो लंगा नर्क-ना भोग रहे हैं। अगर उन नोगो को केवल 25 गज का प्लाट वी विया जाना है तो विल्ली ग्रहर से नकरीबन 25 किलो मीटर दुर दिया जाना है।

भनुसुचित जातियो झौर जन जातियो को नौकरियो में जो प्रतिनिधित्व मिलना चाडिये था वह किमी भी डिपार्टमेट में पूरा नहीं किया गया है। मैं पिछने डेड-दो माल से भनुमूचिन जातियो भौर जन-जातियो की कल्याण समिनि का दैम्बर टू। इसने देखा है कि बैको, रेलवं तथा बित्त मखालय भादि सरवार के सारे डिपार्टमेटों में भाई-भनीजावाद चल रहा है। इस सबध में हमका एक नई बान देखने को मिली है।

कमेटी को ना प्राकडे दिये गये है उनके झनुसार स्वीपनो की समया 400 बनाई गई झौर उनमें 300 शहुपल्ड कास्ट्स के हैं। इस तरह रमारी कांग्रेस सरकार में स्वीपने के पदा में भी बोनी होती है और उनमें भी नान-मद्यल्ड कास्ट्स के लोगो को रखा जाता है। मैं ममझता 3 कि जब तक कांग्रेम का राज्य रहेगा, तब तक इन लागो के माथ न्याय झौर ठीक स्यवहार नहीं हो मकता है ।

एक माननीय सबस्य मही बात कहिये।

भी राम भाषार यह विल्कुल मन्य है, झबर झूठी बात होगी ता मै यहा ने इम्लीफा देवुगा।

धधी राजस्थान में सिड्यरह कास्ट के लोगो को 150 गज के प्साट दिये गये हैं। लेकिन राजम्बान सरकार ने किननी होसियारी की ई कि कुछ लोगो को तो उनके पुराने बरों के डी पट्टे दे दिये, जब कि नांव में पुसरे लोवों के कोई पट्टे नहीं है। उसने यह बोबया कर दी कि इतने हजार हरियलो को पट्ट दिये गये है। कहीं

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मही करने के बीच में काफी जनह पड़ी है लेकिन उनकी नहां जनह न केनर एक नील हूर ऐसी अगहों में ज्याट सिये नसे हैं जहा सप्स पानी इपट्टा होता है। नहां भी यांव वाले उनकी बसने नही दे रहे हैं। सरफार की यह नीति बिस्टूल प्रमुचिंग है। नह एक सगडा बडा कर देती है नाफि मावमी उसने उसका रहे और उसकी अपनी उन्मति करने का मौका न मिने।

गजम्यान मे हर वर्ष अकाल पटता है झौर बाढ भी झाती है। राजस्थान नहर की स्कीम को जलते हुए बहुत समय हो गया है। बहर के नहर के सिलिस्टर, इत्रोलियर झौर ठकेवार झादि मब ने मिलकर पैमा खाया है झौर कोई काम नहां किया है इक्षीलिये बह काम सभी नवा पुरा नही हुआ। है। केन्द्र का राजस्थान नहर पर विशेष नियतण रलना बाल्यि झौर उसके लिये ज्यादा धन देना वाल्यि।

जग नम लैवी का सबध हे वह किमानो की इन्हा के सनुमार बसूल करनी चाहिये । सगर किमान के पाल कालव सनाज होगा ता बह जरूर देगा। नेकिन जिम गरीब के पाल सनाज नहीं है, सरकार उसम भो जबरन लैवी बसूल करनी है। सैंने पिछली बार हाउम में कहा था कि जिन गरीब लोग के पाल तीन-चार एकड जमीन है और जिनके पाल सपने खाने के लिये भी समाज नही हे, उनको सनाज खरीदकर लैवी देनी पडी। सरकार का चाहिये कि वह लैवी की योजना बढे किमानो पर लागू करे। बह या तो जमीन को छोडेंगे जा लैवी देंगे।

दूधरी बान यह है कि किसामों के लिए आप बीज ग्रीर खाद्य की व्यवन्था करे। आप ने गेरू की सीमा तो नायस कर दी लेकिन उन के लिए बीज ग्रीर खाद की कोई व्यवल्या नहीं है। नां वह भी श्राप सस्ते मुल्य पर उन को बीजिए।

কঠুলৈ বন যী কণটা ট বচ বিল্কুদ বকাৰ হাঁবে লামানখনে ট। হৰ্মালিছ কণড়া মী কুত মখ্যা হাঁবা ৰায়িং । মাৰ কঠুলৈ কী হুকাষা মৰ বিশ্বনা অভ্যা কণৰা বাণা ট বছ না হাঁলৰ ৰন্ধ দিনা ট মাঁব বিল্ফুল আগেৰা কণহা নগীৰা

লীং কিংলমাঁকা ইলা है। इस की ठीक तरह से মাথ অবৰুষা কৰোएं। বীল লীং ৰাব কী অবৰুয়া মী কৰ্ট।

ट्रैक्टर या झीर बितने भी खेती के यज है उनमे छोटे किसानों ने काई साथ नहीं उठावा है। बडे बड़े किमान ही उन को काम में त्या सके हैं। ता इससे भी खाप कोई गेनी सोर्त निर्वारित करें कि जिस में छाटे लोग भी ट्रैक्टर बारीव मर्क। उन को कीमन या तो घटाने या कोई गेसी मूबिधा उन को दे जिन ने छोटे कियान भी उन का काम में ला सकें।

यही मेरे कुछ निवेदन है जिन पर आप ब्यान देने की कृषा करें।

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN (Telicherry) Str, i just want to bring to the notice of the House some of the problems concerning my State, Kerala. It is known to the Government that the cour industry, cashew industry, handloom and Bidi industry are providing employment to several millions of people in that State. Today, all these industries are facing a serious crisis.

Take the case of coir industry. What is needed is liberal assistance for the reorganization of this industry from the Centre It has been recommended by the Planning Commission that a few crores should be given for this purpose, and the Centre has given very little. Then there is a Coir Board which is under the Ministry of Industrial Development. Instead of helping to reorganise the coir industry, the Coir Board unfortunately comes guite often with stands which go contrary to the development of the coir industry and the interest of the coir industry in that State. Now the Coir Board is involved in an open warfare with the Kerala Government The State Industries Minister has come out with a statement saying that the Coir Board Chairman should be a person who knows about the coir industry We have proposed many years back in this House that the Chairman of the Coir Board should not be a junior Secretary of the Government

A non-official Chairman should be appointed in place of the present junior Secretary of the Government and the Board should be given more powers. This should be given due consideration.

About the cashew industry, today it is facing a crisis. Most of the industries have already closed because of non-availability of raw material i.e. cashew nuts. The Government should take measures to provide this raw material so that the industry can survive.

Now I come to another important aspect and that is sea-erosion. I would like to get an answer to this point. The Kerala Government has requested several times that the sea-erosion should be treated as a separate subject It is a national problem and 90 per cent of it is affecting Kerala. It is now linked with flood control. There are two totally different subjects. Flood control and sea-erosion should be delinked, and more funds should he provided to Kerala.

There has been a constant complaint and we have written so many letters to the Minister that the Telegraph Office in Mannanthody in Wynad hills is not working satisfactorily. The telephone subscribers are subscribing, but they are not able to put a telephone call to Cannanore. Tellicherry, Calicut etc. This situation is there for the last so many years. It is a hilly area. We have made repeated representations, but the Government have failed to take any measures. I would request the Government to take some serious steps in that direction, so that the situation is rectified.

Regarding minor ports development, Alleppey and Azhikkal should get priority.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN (Muvattapuzha): As also Quilon.

वी फूल चम्च वर्षा (उज्जैन) सत्रापनि महोदय, मैं मनुपूरक मनुदानो की मागो पर बोलने के लिए बढ़ा हुआ हू। सब से पहले मैं भारतीय खाध नियम के बारे में कहना चाहगा जिनको २० करोड़ वर्ष्ये दिए का रहे हैं। वह देता स्वीव हावी है और इस के बकसर ऐसे हैं कि व्यावारिकों की मिल कर अच्छा याज तो व्यापारिकों की दे देते हैं और सेकेंड क्वासिटी का याज जनता को देते है। पाज हम इस के प्रधिकारियों के पर छापे नारे जावें तो मैं सनसता हूं कि कुली मस्तान और यूलूक पटेल को भी ये मात कर देंगे। इतना त्रेपा इन के परो से निकल मकता है। जारतवर्ष के प्रवर खाख समस्वा पैदा की है तो इसी घारतीय खाख निगम ने पैदा की है। दे इतना पैसा अवटाचार से कमा रहे हैं कि जिस की कोई निसाल नहीं दी जा मकती।

इसके माध-साथ में यह कहना चाहुंगा वि मग्कार की कोई राष्ट्रीय नीति सेवी के सिलमिले में नहीं है। मध्य प्रदेश की एक घटना है सागर जिले की, वहा तीन बर्घ के एक बच्चे को जो एक किमान का था, लेवी वमूल करने वाले ग्रांध कार्गियों ने इतना मारा उस के पिना की मनु पस्थिति में कि वह मर गया । यह तालत लवी बसूल करने के झदर हा रही है। मेरा निवेदन है कि लेवी की कोई राष्ट्रीय पालिमी आप निर्धा-रित करे। सरकार ने गेह का मूल्य 105 रुपये क्विटल तय किया पर मुख्य मंत्रियों के सम्मेलन में कई मख्य मलियों ने 150 दपये निबटल की माग की जिसे मरकार न नहीं माना। मेरा निवेदन है कि किसान का उस की पैदाबार का उचिन मल्य मिले ऐसी नीति आप को निर्धारित करनी শাচিয়।

किसान को बिजली देने का जहा नक ताल्लुक है उत्तर प्रदेश में किसानो को रान में बिजली दी जाती है। किसान को पना नहीं बसना कि पानी खेन में जा रहा है या नाले में बा रहा है। मगर दिन में बिजली नहीं दी जा रही है। आज हम बाद्यान्न के सामने में जी पिछड़ रहे हैं उसका एक कारण यह भी है कि किसान कैब कार्प्स कपास, गला, मूगफजी डप्यादि बो रहा है। सरकार क्यास, गला, मूगफजी डप्यादि बो रहा है। सरकार कितान बराबर गेहू और दूसरे खाखाल बोएना। लेकिन मन्वरार किसानी की सहमोग नहीं थे रही है। इसलिए इस बारे में भी सरकार को ज्यान देना बाहिये ।

में सच्य प्रवेश से घाता हूं। मध्य प्रदेश के श्चंदर रामपुर नाम का एक जिला है। वहां पर माला में पुलबीस शरणावीं कैम्प लगाए गए हैं। उन अरवाची कैल्यों में माना के सन्दर शरणायीं महिलाओ के माच बलात्कार किया गया और उन का अप-हरण किया गया । बार-बार कहने पर भी इस सबध में कोई कार्यवाही नही हई । सभी वह से 89 परिवारों को इंदौर के खजराना नामक गाव में शिफट किया गया है जहा उनके लिए न तो यानी की व्यवस्था है न खाने की व्यवस्था है और न उन को टप्पर बना कर दिए गए रहने के लिए। वह भखों मर रहे है। सरणायियों के सबध में इस प्रकार की सरकार की नीति है।

इन गरदो के साथ में निवेदन करूगा कि जिन बातो की झार मैंने सरकार का ध्यान दिलाया है उन बातां का मल्ली महोदय मपना उत्तर देन हए जवाब दे।

SHRI B. V. NAIK (Kanara): We have constructed at Delhi a Sansadiva Soudha at a cost of Rs. 3 crores. There has been a demand all over the country that some form of parliamentary activity for integra tion of the country should also take place in other parts as well. I wish this money could have been...(Interruptions) [have registered my point and I think at the time of further investment-the Works and Housing Minister is here-and in regard to further construction work, the requirements of other parts of India for the integration of the country will be taken into consideration.

to make. This country is likely to lose the assistance which is being given to the over 11 million tonnes of high grade ores, State from the Special Pool, Sir, it is not composed of 10 million tonnes of iron ore even a weak ago that the Finance Minister and 1 million tonnes of manganese ore on was replying to the budget discussions; and account of the Kali Hydro-electric Project had explained in detail about the attitude when the waters are impounded for the that the Government has taken regarding generation of electricity. A lake will be the assistance to be given to the State, partiformed as a result of the Supa Dam which cularly in the context of the Finance Comhas been cleared by the Planning Com- mission's Recommendations. Whenever the

the loss to the nation will be to the extent of Rs. 160 crores. This matter was raised on the floor of the Karnataka Assembly as also in their Council. It is a matter of Rs. 160 crores worth of iron ore. If it is converted into steel, the net value of the product will be to the tune of Rs. 2,000 crores to Rs. 3,000 crores. Except blindmen, nobody will permit this loss, Sir. The only other point I would like to submit is in regard to the steel mill which has been dragging its feet. It is the fate of all the 3 steel mills in the South. viz. Salem, Vijayawada as well as Vijayanagar; and the allotment is extremely low. Particularly in the State I come from, with the slow progress with regard to the Kali Hydel Project under the Ministry of Energy and the steel mill at Vijayanagar also having had a token allotment of hardly Rs. 2 crores and the Persian aid to Kudramukh to the extent of 300 million dollars still not having left the shores of Persia, I request that the Ministry of Steel as well as the Ministry of Energy, in order particularly to save this iron ore, will put their heads together and clear them and ask the MMTC to take up this job immediately and explore it.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHERJEF): Mr. Chairman, Sir, I am grateful to the hon. Members for participating in this discussion. Various subjects have been brought within the purview of this discussion. I would like to discuss 2 or 3 things which are of interest-particularly general regarding the price of foodgrains-which have been There was a most valid point I wanted narrated by some Members and regarding mission. If we lose this, the cash value of particular project of a State comes, it is to

be expected that that particular project is to be financed out of the total assistance which the State expects to have from the Centre. So far as the particular point not exceeding the amounts on Revenue which has been mentioned by Mr. Samar Account and Capital Account shown in Suha regarding the Calcutta Metropolitan the third column of the Order Paper be Development Authority is concerned, in granted to the President to defray the fact, Sir, it is not a new project; it is a charges which will come in course of paycontinuing project and even for the current ment during the year ending the 31st day year's Plan allocations, it has been made. of March, 1975, in respect of the follow-But what I want to emphasize is that out ing demands entered in the second column of the total . . .

SHRI SAMAR GUHA : Not as much as was requested.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE : It depends, because this time, Government of India had decided that the Central assistance for the Plan allocation would be limited to the extent that it was in the last year. Therefore, there was no scope to go beyond that And each and every State would have to make its own arrangements within the constraints in 17.55 hrs. which we have to pass through.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA: What about the past assurances ?

JEE: One hon. Member had asked as to why the Defence expenditure is so much to authorise payment and appropriation of and why it has been put in the Supplemen- certain further sums from and out of the tary Demand. And at the same time, he Consolidated Fund of India for the services had asked as to why dearness allowance to of the financial year 1974-75. the Defence personnel is not being given, If he could have taken the trouble of going through the actual allocations, he could have found that almost Rs. 94 crores on this particular account is for dearness allowance. Therefore, it is not correct to say that only to augment Defence Forces, has this amount been allocated. It is not so. Regarding certain other points which affect the various other Ministries, Sir, as you know, as per the usual practice, I will pass on the suggestion to the concerned Ministries for their consideration.

MR. CHAIRMAN: I put the Supplementary Grants.

(Interruptions)

Now, the question is:

"That the respective Supplementary sums thereof -----

> Demand Nos. 1, 3, 8, 11, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 27 to 34, 37, 38, 40 to 48, 50 to 58, 60, 62, 65, 66, 68, 70, 74 to 76, 78 to 82, 84, 86 to 89, 91, 92, 94, 95, 101, 102 and 104."

> > The motion was adopted.

APPROPRIATION BII L*. 1975

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER. PRANAB KUMAR MUKHERJEE) : I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the services of the financial year 1974-75."

The motion was adopted.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE: I introduce the Bill.

^{*}Published in Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, section 2 dated 20-3-75.

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MR. CHAIRMAN: The hon. Minister.

SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE : I beg to move* :

> "That the Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the services of the financial year 1974-75, be taken into consideration."

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That the Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the services of the financial year 1974-75, be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That Clauses 2 and 3, the Schedule, Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title stand part of the 801."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 1, the Enacting Formula and the Title were added to 18 hrs. the Bill.

JEE: I beg to move:

------- -----*Introduced/Moved with the recommendation of the President.

"That the Bill be passed."

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That the Bill be nassed."

The motion was adopted.

STATUTORY RESOLUTION RE DIS APPROVAL OF THE PRESS COUNCIL (SECOND AMENDMI NT) ORDINANCE. 1974.

MR. CHAIRMAN : We take up Statutory Resolution Disapproving Press Council Consolidated Fund of India for the (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1974.

Dr. Layminarain Pandeva.

डा० लक्ष्मीमारायम वाण्डेय (मंदसौर) : समापति महादय, मैं मकल्प पेश करता हं कि बह सभा राष्ट्रपति हारा 27 दिसम्बर, 1974 को प्रख्यापित प्रेम परिषद (दुमरा सन्नोधन) मध्यादेल, 1974 (1974 का प्रध्यादेश सक्या 14) का निरन-मोदन करती है।

MR CHAIRMAN : You will continue your speech next time. The House stands Clauses 2 and 3, the Schedule, adjourned to meet at 11 A. M. tomorrow.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER- Eleven of the clock on Friday, 21st March, 1975/Phalguna 30, 1896 (Saka).

MGIPRRND-10 LSS/75-III (D)-11-6-75-978.