Fifth Series, No. 3

Wednesday, February 19, 1975 Magha 30, 1896 (Saka)

LOK SABHA DEBATES

Thirteenth Session (Fifth Lok Sabha)



सत्यमेव जयते

LOK SABHA SECRETARIAT New Delhi

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LOK SABHA

Wednesday, February 19, 1975/Magha 28, 1896 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock

[MR. SPEAKER in the Chair]

OBITUARY REFERENCE

MR SPLAKER Hon Members, I have to inform the House of the sad demise of Shri K Sivappraghassan who passed away at Pondicherry on the 16th February 1975 at the age of 62

Shii Sivappinghaisan was a Member of the Third Lok Sabha from Pondicherry during the years 1963 to 1967 An educationist he took a prominent part for the merger of the fermer French possessions with India He also worked for Haiijan uplift and cultural advancement

We deeply mount the loss of this friend and I am sure the House will join me in conveying our condolences to the bereaved family

The House may stand in silence for a short while to express its serrow

The Members then stood in silence for a short while

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Memorandum submitted by Parliamentary Forum for SC & ST.

*21. SHRI S. M. SIDDAYYA Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether any action has been taken by Government on the memorandumi submitted by the Parliamentary Forum for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to the Prime Minister during the last Budget Session; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines there-

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS. DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL. AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIA-MENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MEHTA) (a) and (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House, explaining the points raised in the memorandum and the position in regard thereto [Placed in Library See No LT 8908/75 1

SHRIS M SIDDAYYA I find from the statement m regard to stem No 2 as follows

"The proposal of the Commissioner for Scheduled Castas and Scheduled Tribes for strengthening his organisation is being considered"

I want to know from the Minister whether it is not a fact that the Commissioner earlier had 17 Regional Offices spread over the entire country to assist him to discharge his duty under the Constitution and they were abolished in the year 1967 Since then the Elavaperumal Committee which went into the matter as also the Committee have Parliamentary that these recommended strongly should be restored regional offices Otherwise the Commissioner back will not be able to discharge his duties properly. When this question was raised on the floor of the House previously, the Minister concerned had given an assurance that whatever the Commissioner wants will be given as early as possible In view of this assurance, may I know whether the

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Government will concede at least now to restore all the seventeen regional offices from the next financial year onwards, that is, from 1975-76?

SHRI OM MEHTA: As I said in reply to the question, the proposal of the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes for strengthening his organisation is being considered. We are considering to strengthen their Central Office. We have got regional offices working in Madras, Bhopal, Patna, Lucknow etc. and wherever he goes and whatever information he wants is given by these regional offices.

SHRI S. M. SIDDAYYA: The Government is not in favour of restoring to him all the seventeen regional offices. That is the view of the government. Now I shall come to the question of the Parliamentary Committee on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. In reply to a question that the Parliamentary Committee on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes should be empowered to receive and investigate the complaints received from individuals belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, it has been stated that this is a matter for the consideration of the Committee and the Speaker. Is it not a fact that at the instance of the Home Ministry, the power given to the Committee was withdrawn? May I know whether Government is in a position to give an assurance that they will not interfere with the discretion of the Speaker and the Committee in this respect?

SHRI OM MEHTA: Sir, this is a Committee appointed by the Speaker and they go from place to place and see t_0 it and they go into their grievances specifically. I do not have now information that at any time any power has been withdrawn.

SHRI DASARATHA DEB: Sir, in th_s memorandum submitted by the Committee in point No. 5 it has been

stated that all State Governments may be persuaded to set up Committees of Legislatures on the line of the Parliamentary Committee or the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The reply to this was that some States like Karnataka, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan and West Bengal have already set up such Committees. Most of the other States have stated that already there aré Committees/Boards Advisory 0D which M.L.As are represented. The Advisory Boards are not in the same nature of the Parliamentary Committee. The functioning of the Board is quite different from the functioning of the Parliamentary Committee on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. In view of this fact, whether Government is willing to pursue the matter with the other State Governments who have not yet already formed such Committees of Legislatures to form such a Committee?

SHRI OM MEHTA: We shall pursue the matter with the other State Governments. It is entirely for the State Governments to form the Committees of Legislatures.

SHRI D. BASUMATARI: Is it a fact that the Chairman of the Parliamentary Committee had requested the State Ministers to form such legislative Committees? If so, what is the reaction of the State Governments?

SHRI OM MEHTA: As I have already stated, some States like Karnatake, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan and West Bengal have already formed such Committees. It is for the State Governments to set up such Committees of Legislatures. We shall pursue the matter with the State Governments to set up such Committees of Legislatures.

SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SARKAR: Is it a fact that the Untouchability Offences (Amending) Bill's title has been changed? The Joint Select Committee unanimously accepted that the name would be Protection of the Civil Rights Bill'. I want to know whether it is a fact that the tille is changed. If so, what are the reasons therefort

SHRI OM MEHTA: The Government thought that the original name of Untouchability (Offences) Act, 1955 should be there. So, we are sticking to the original name.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA. I would like to know whether in spite of the attempts being made by Government and other organisations to strengthen the machinery to safeguard the welfare of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes it is not a fact that every year the number of cases of various types of injustices and atrocities committed on scheduled castes and scheduled tribes, particularly in the rural areas. is on the increase? Whether Government has got any figures about the cases reported to them to show that these atrocities are increasing? If so, whether any legislative and administrative measures are under contemplation of the Centre to see that these offences are made cognizable under the law and more stringent measures are taken against the people who are responsible for committing these acts?

SHRI OM MEHTA: Sir, I would like to have a separate notice for the exact figure but it is very difficult to say whether they are on the increase or not. As. Mr. Gupta knows this Untouchability Offences Bill which went to the Joint Select Committee and which has been reportby the Joint Select Comeđ mittee is before the House for the last two or three Sessions and we are anxious to get it passed. The special feature of that Bill is that the scope of the offence of Untouchability has been enlarged and punishments have been made more severe and provision for collective fines has been made. Punishment will be given to the police officers who will wilfully neglect investigation of such eases. This Bill has been before you, Sir, for the last so many Sessions and we are trying to get it passed. If you give us time we will get it passed immediately. Even during the last Session I was trying to get the Bill considered, but, unfortunately, no time could be alloted.

भी भ्रटल बिहारी वाजपेयी : ग्राज ही बिस लाए हम पास कर देंगे।

श्वी के॰ एस॰ चावड़ा : ग्राज ही ग्राप बिजिनैम एडवाइजरी कमेटी का मीटिंग बलाएं ।

थी घटल बिहारी वाजपेवी: मैं एक सवाल करना चाहता हं। गह मत्रालय ने एक ग्रादेश जारी करके ऐसे हरिजन विद्यार्थियो को बजीफा देना रोक दिया है जो मपना तथा मपने गरीब परिवार का पेंट भरने के लिए दिन भर मजदूरी करने को विवश होते है। मैं जानना चाहता ह कि ऐसा भादेश क्यो निकाला गया। क्या सरकार ने इस बात का विचार किया है कि बहत से लोग इसलिए मजदूरी करते है क्योगक उनके परिवार का गुजारा नही चल सकता है ? मजदूरी कितनी करते हैं इसका विचार करना भी सरकार ने प्रावध्यक क्यों नहीं समझा । पहले के नियम के झनसार 175 रूपए परिवार की सामदनी जोडी गई थी। ग्रब ग्रापने ऊपर की ग्रामदनी को 750 रुपए कर दिया है। झगर पार्लियामेट के मैम्बर का लडका बजीफा पा सकता है तो चलीस रुपए महीने भर भौर रोज नौकरं। कर कमाने वाला ग्रादमी वजीफा क्यों नहीं पा सकता है जबकि वह शाम को कालेज जाना वाहता है या पढना चाहता है ? क्या यह हरिजन विद्यार्थियों की पढ़ाई की मधिक सुविधा देने का तरीका है? यह भावेश क्यो निकाला गया है, इसका भौचित्य क्या है?

सप्यक महोबय : ग्राप स्पेसेफिक क्वेग्रचन की ग्राक्स दे रहे हैं।

7 Orel Answere SUBBUARY 19, 1978 Oral Answert 8 जी कार्य विद्यूली पायरिती : बाद स्टेडवेंट को देंगे. को बहुत सम्बा पीठा है। याप बचाय को तीर गयर्थवेंट रिप्याई को देंगे ।

**6 The rates of post matrica cholarships should be increased two-fold and the means tests for award of these scholarships to scheduled castes students should be dispensed with. The rates of post-matric scholars hips have been increased with effect from the academic year 1974-75. The means test for the scheduled castes has also been liberalised by raising the limit from Rs.500/- to Rs. 750 per month.²

अपर की लिन्टि तो बढ़ा दी है लेकिन जो दिन भर काम करेगा, मजदूरी क रेगा वह सका-सरकिप नही पा सकता है।

भी मोम मेहता: शैडयल कास्टस मोर शैडयल टाइबज के लोगो से हमे मतवातर यह डिमांड मिल रही थी कि जो रेटस है इनको बढाया जाए । इस वास्ते गर्वनमेट मे इन रेटस को डयोडा भीर डवल भी किया है। माप देखे कि पोस्ट मेटिक स्कालरझिप हम साढे तीन जाब लडको को दे रहे हैं। जो रेटस है बे 125 रुपए से लेकर 40 रुपए तक हैं। डे स्कालर हैं जो छोटी क्लास में हैं उनको चालीस अपए देते हैं और जो दूसरी क्लासिस में होस्टल में हैं उनको 125 स्पए देते है। हम चाहते हैं कि बैनीफिट ज्यादा से ज्यादा लोगों को मिले इस बास्ते हमने 200 करोड़ रूपया पांचवीं बीबना में सिर्फ इसलिए रखा है कि धोस्ट बैट्रिक स्कालरशिप जो है वे बैडय्स्ड कास्ट श्रीर टाइर्स के लोगों को दिए वा सके और सीन जो सब कमाते हैं मौर उसके बाद स्का-अरसिप भी सेते हैं उनको इससे दिवार किया अबा है और यह इसलिए किया गया है कि ताकि अवादा नोगों को फावदा पहुंच सके, उनको कर्डन बके, जिन को कोई फायदा धावी नहीं

Development of Hilly Areas

*22 PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Central Government have given any priority for the various projects in the sphere of Railways, roads, industrialisation, hydel generation, irrigation and drinking water for the development of hilly areas of the country;

(b) if so, whether any allotment has been made for the purpose in the Fifth Five Year Plan; and

(c) if so, the allotment made in each one of these Sectors/Departments so as to ensure proper development of hilly regions?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) VIDYA While the responsibility for the development of hill areas rests primarily with the State Governments concernalso ed, the Central Government evince apecial interest in accelerating the progress of hill areas as is evident from the proposal in the draft Fifth Five Year Plan to provide additional Central assistance to the States on liberalised terms for development of hill areas. Further, schemes relating to industrialisation irrigation and hydel-generation in hill areas (as also in other backward areas) receive

(b) and (c). A guin of Rs. 500 erores has been proposed as additional Central andstance in the draft Fifth Five Year Plan for hill and tribal areas. The break-up of this amount for areas/sectors has not yet

तिः वारस्वय कम वरस्वर : मैं मंखी महोदय को अन्यवाद देता हूं कि उन्होंने सहानमूतिपूर्ण वृष्टिकोण अपनाया है । उन्होंने यह भी कहा है कि पर्वतीय क्षेत्रों के विकास की बहुन जिम्मेदारी प्राग्नीय सरकारों की है। मैं समझता हूं कि केन्द्रीय सरकार का भी इस में भारी दायित्व है क्योंकि आज भी कई विभाग केन्द्रीय सरकार के प्रधीन है। मैं जानना चाहना हूं कि उन विभागो में भी क्या वह उसी प्रकार से इन विकास योजनाओं को सागे बढाने में विशेष दिलजस्पी लेंगे जिम प्रकार के प्रान्तीय कार्यों के बारे में लेंगे ?

की विद्यापरण शुक्स : यह तो में ने प्रपते मूल उत्तर में ही कहा है कि सवापि यह िय राज्य सरकारों के घन्तर्गत माता है, लेकिन पहाड़ी इसाकों की जो खाम समस्यायें हैं, प्रीर उन का जो विज्ञेष महत्व है, उस के कारण हथ वपने केन्द्रीय जेव से भी उन की सहायता कर रहे हैं और उस के लिए हम ने प्रपती पांचवीं पंच-वर्षीय योजना के प्रारूप में काफी बड़ी राक्ति का प्रावधान किया है।

औ। मारावण पण पराजर : स्था में मंत्री महोदय से यह धाक्यासन ले सकता हूं कि इस 500 करांव कपए की राजि में कोई कटोती नहीं होगी बीर वो विकास-कार्य विणिम मंत्रालयों ने सुक किए है, वे जारी रहेंने धीर इस सम्बन्ध में केन्द्रीय सरकार का रवैया बहानमुद्धीयुर्ग रहेवा।

वी विकासरण सुरमः यह बात तो विवा कहे जी मानी वा सकती है कि हमारा रनिम पूर्वपूर्ण से सहागुजूतिपूर्ण रहेगा। जहां सफ नडीति का सर्वसाल है, उस के बारे में किसी प्रपोर्ट का सार्वसाल हम नहीं दे सफर्जे स्वोंकि इसारी पांचनी पंच-वर्तीव वोचना जा वो झाज्य बना है, इम जपनी वर्तवान आधिक परिस्पियों को देवा कर उस को फिर ते ऐसा बना रहे हैं, जिस ते इस उसे ठीक इन से झोर जस्दी सापू कर सर्जे। इस प्रक्रिया में यदि बोड़ा बहुत, यहां वहां, एडजस्मेंट करना पड़ा, तो करेंने, यगर मैं फिर से कहना वाहता हूं कि जहां तक हो सकेगा, हम लोन पहाडी इसाको की उन्नति झौर विकास-योजनाओं में कमी नहीं होने देंने, झौर हमारी जो मूल नीति है, उस में कोई परिवर्तन नहीं किया जाएगा।

Oral Assessors

SHRI NOORUL HUDA: Government know that the North Kachar hills and Mikir Hills are the only hilly areas still part of Assam and these are among the most backward regions in the country. Will special attention be given for the development and industrialisation of these areas still forming part of Assam because Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland and NEFA have been separated from Assam?

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA: We are giving special attention to these two districts of Assam. The hon. member need not have any apprehension that not enough attention is being given to them just because they are still with Assam. They are being treated as hill districts and special attention will be given to them.

SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI: In the Fourth Plan period, has it come to the notice of Government that funds allocated for the development of backward and hilly areas to State Governments were to a great extent utilized for development of advanced areas in those States? If so, what special guarantees and safeguards are the Central Government devising in the Fifth Plan to see that funds allotted for the backward regions are really spent in those areas and not diverted elsewhere? Also have Government been seized of this matter that many MPs are campaigning for the development of backward regions which π

the Prime Minister also inaugurated? Was a specific buggestion given for the setting; up of, a Backward Areas Development Authority with money diverted to this Authority which will spend it?

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA It cannot be denied that instances of diversion may have taken place earlier To avoid it during the Fifth Plan, we have devised a system of sub-plans according to which we determine specific areas and specific plans for these hilly areas and other specified tribal areas So the hon member can be assured that the difficulties faced in the past in certain cases will be avoided this time

SHRI PARIPOORNANAND PAINUL⁷ In view of the fact that the hill re gions all over the sub-Himalayan belt are sparsely populated where communication facilities are rarely avail able and the development programme is hardly commensurate with the needs of the hill people, will the recommendations of the ARC Task Force, the Na tional Commission on Agriculture and other expert bodies be taken into account while finalising the Fifth Plan targets with specific reference to the UP hilly areas?

SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA All those recommendations are taken into consideration while the Fifth Plan was drafted and the result is that much greater emphasis to hill areas has been given in the Fifth Plan than was given in the earlier plans and this should convince the hon. Member that we are very much alive to the problems of the hill areas.

वी हुकम कव कव्याय क्या यह सही हूं कि पर्वतीय कीलों में वर्षा के दिनों में काफी पहाड बीर सिट्टी विरती है, जिस से नदियां कर जाती है कीर भयकर व ड झा जाती है, बदि हा, ती क्या पताड़ों में वही संख्या में पेड़ क्याने की कोई ये, जवा सरकार के हिलारमान्, है, ज़िसु के पेड निद्दी को प्लूड कर कडे, इंगळ्डी दालिर घीर बाढ़ न झा सके ।

प्रधान मंग्री, परवाणु अर्जा मंग्री, इंसेक्ट्रेनिवर्त कंग्री, कंतरिक्ष मंग्री, योजना मंग्री तथा विद्यान ग्रीर ग्रोडोगिकी मंग्री (थीयर्ती इंग्विरा गांग्री) : वहत प्रच्छा विचार है।

श्री विद्याचरण शुक्स भाननीय सदस्य, ने बहुत उत्तम बात कही है श्रीर इसकी तरफ हमारा पूरा ध्यान है । यह काम हम एक मिले--जुले कार्यक्रम के ग्रन्तर्गत करते हैं, जिस के ग्रनुसार हम ने जमीन को बहने से रोकना है, लेड-स्माइड्ज की रोक थाम करनी है, पहाडो गौर जगलो को बचाना है ग्रौर डैम्ज के सिल्टिंग को रोकना है । माननीय सदस्य ने जो सुझाव दिया है उस म बहुत सी बातो का फायदा होगा ग्रौर हम ने उस को बहुत ऊजी प्राथ-मिकना दी है ।

भी सी० सी० गोहेन मध्यक्ष महोदय. सवाल पूछने से पहले में कछ बातो को रेफर करना चाहता हं, नाकि झाप को सब कूछ माल्म हो जाए। शायद साप को माल्म होगा कि पूर्वी क्षेत्र के पहाडी इलाको में रेलवे लाइन बिल्कूल नही है। इस का परिणाम यह है कि मेम्बरो को रेल से जाने के लिए जो फी पास दिए जाते हैं, वे हमारे किसी काम नहीं झाते हैं। भाप को मालम होगा कि भरणायल प्रदेश में पहले रोड्ड भी नहीं थे। 1962 में बाइनीख ने हमारे देश पर झाकमण किया । उस के बाद हमारे इसाके में कुछ रास्ते बनाए गए। टास्क फोम ने जो रास्ते बनाए, उन के बारे में कहा मया कि वे झामीं के लिए है, पब्लिक के लिए नहीं। इस लिए पब्लिक को उन रास्तो से कोई फायदा नहीं हुआ। वे रास्ते भी इन-कम्पलीट पड़े हुई है। मैं आप की जानकारी के लिए बताना चाहता है कि मैं इस महीने की 12 तारीख को घर गया। रास्ते में बाइनवैन बराब वा । वहां हमारी जीप घट क वई सौर हन को सारी रात जगल के बीच जीम में 🚯

वितानी पड़ी , जहां कोई खाना ग्रौर पानी नहीं मिल सकता था ।

जहां तक एजूकेशन, शिक्षा, का सम्वन्ध है, हमारे वहां स्वतंत्रता के बाद एजूकेशन शूरू की गई। लेकिन वहां स्थिति यह है कि एक साल शिक्षा का मीडियम ग्रासामी होता है, दूसरे साल हिन्दी होता है ग्रौर तीसरे साल इंगलिश होता है।

ऐसे ही हमारे लड़कों की हर माल में बदली होती है । हमारे वे लड़के कैसे पढ़ेंगे ? कौन से माध्यम से पढ़ेंगे ? इसलिए इस तरफ ध्यान देना चाहिए । कुछ साल पहले वहां इंग्लिश थी, ग्रभी हिन्दी में चेंज करना चाहते हैं । इसलिए मैं हिन्दी में बोल रहा हूं । मैं हिन्दी स्कूल से नहीं पढ़ा हूं लेकिन मैं हिन्दी बोल रहा हूं । ड्रच्छा तो नहीं बोल सकता हूं ।

इंडस्ट्री नाम लेने को कोई वहां नहीं है लेकिन सामान बहुत है । ऐसे ही हमारे देश में पावर शार्टेंज इतनी है, वहां वाटर रिसोर्सेज व्हुत हैं जिन से हाइडिल बिजली पैदा कर सदते हैं । उस के लिए कमेटी में बोलते हैं कि लाइन देना वहुत मुश्किल है, उस में खर्चा ज्यादा पड़ेगा । इसी तरह देखिए, वहां पर तेल निकलता है । उस तेल को बरौनी तक ले जाने के लिए पाइप लाइन लगान पड़ेगी । उस के लिए क्या खर्चा नहीं है ?

ग्रप्रप्यक्ष महोदयः मेरी बात सुनिए । प्रेसीडेंट्स ऐड्रेस म्राएगा, बजट म्राएगा उस पर ये सारी बातें कह लीजिएगा ।

श्वी सी शी शो शो होनः मेरा प्रण्न यह है कि म्रहणाचल के डेवलपमेंट के लिए मंत्री महोदय ने क्या स्टेप्स लिए हैं ? पांचवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना में उस के डेवलपमेंट के लिए क्या स्पेशल स्टेप्स लिए हैं वह बताएं । श्वी विद्याचरण शुल्कः : माननं य सदस्य ने बहुत ग्रच्छा ग्रीर महत्य र्णं प्रजन पूछा है : मैं यह कहना चाह : हूं कि अरुणांचल प्रदेश के जितने जिले हैं उन सव को विशेष रूप से विकसित करने के लिए हमने ग्रपनी विशेष योजना में सम्मिलित किया है । जहां तक हमारे लिए संभव होगा उस में रेल, शिक्षा, सड़क, उद्योग, बिजली इत्यादि इन सब के बारे में इसी चिशेष योजना के ग्रन्तर्गत प्रावधान हम करेंगे ।

जहां तक कि सड़क का सवाल भाननीय सदस्य ने उठाया है यह प्रश्न कई दूसरे प्रश्नों से जुड़ा हुम्रा है पर चूं कि माननीय सदस्य ने इस प्रश्न को सदन में उठाया है इस के बारे में हम लोग जांच पड़ताल करेंगे जिस से कि सामान्य नागरिकों को इन सड़कों का उपयोग करने में उस तरह की कठिनाई न हो जिस तरफ कि माननीय सदस्य ने ध्यान म्राकषित किया है ।

शिक्षा ग्रौर शिक्षा का जो माध्यम है उस के बारे में भी गृह मंतालय के द्वारा एक निश्चित नीति का अनुसरण किया जा रहा है ग्रौर मैं स्मीद करता हूं कि इस निश्चित नीति से जो पिछली कठिनाइयां रही हैं प्ररुणांचल प्रदेश में वह ग्रागे ग्राने वाले चार पांच सालों में दूर हो जायेंगी।

उद्योग के लिए जैसा कि माननीय सदस्य जानते हैं हम लोगों ने काफी तरह-तरह की रियायतें दी हैं इस तरह के इलाकों के लिए, जिस में ट्रांसपोर्ट सबसिडी भी शामिल है, इन्वेस्टमेंट फाइनेंस भी ग्रौर उस के साथ-साथ इस तरह के उद्योग धन्धे कोई वहां लगाना चाहे तो उस को हम कई तरह की ग्राग्निक सुविधाएं देते हैं । इसलिए हमें यह उम्मीद है कि जिन प्रश्नों के बारे में माननीय सदस्यों ने यहां पर कहा है उन का समुचित उत्तर हम इस पांचवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना में ढुढ सकेंगे । श्वोमतो सहोबरा बाई राय : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मुझे भी मौका दिया जाय ।

ग्रघ्यक्ष महोदयः हिल एरिया से तो ग्राप हैं नहीं ।

श्री लालजी भाई: मैं मंत्री महोदय से यह जानना चाहता हं, राजस्थान प्रदेश पहाड़ी तो है ही, उस का कम भाग रेगिस्तान कह-लाता है, उस राज्य में पहाडी इलाका ज्यादा है ग्रौर उस के लिए सरकार ने कई तरह की योजनाएं वनाई हैं जैसे सडक वनाना, तालाः बनाना, नहर ग्रादि सिचाई के साधन बनाना. **गानो की व्यवस्था करना इन सब के लिए** कई पंचवर्षीय योजनाओं में पंजी रखी गई लेकिन उस विकास की पुंजी को सही ढंग में नहीं लाया गया है । आजकल तो सरकार को पालिसी ऐसी बन गई है कि ग्राया चुनाव ग्रौर बिकास शुरू कर दिया इन इलाकों में, वोट ले लिया, लेकिन ग्रनापशनाप का भ्रष्टाचार इन विकास के कामों में हो रहा है, तो मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि यह पूंजी सही ढंग से सही स्थान पर लगे इस के लिए कोई ऐसा दल सरकार नियुक्त करने वाली है जो कि इसकी समय-समय पर जांच करती रहे आरेर पूंजी का सही हंग से उपयोग हो सके ?

श्वी विद्याचरण शुक्ल : यह माननीय सदस्य का कहना बिलकुल गलत है कि चुनाव से विकास से हम को कोई संबंध रखते हैं । इस से कोई मतलब नहीं है । जहां पर जैसी ग्रावश्यकता होती है ग्रोर जहां पर हम समझते हैं कि प्राथमिकता देनी चाहिए वहां हम प्राथमिकता देते हैं ग्रोर राजनैतिक प्रश्नों को हम विकास के कामों से लिंक नहीं करते हैं ।

माननीय पाणिग्रही जी के प्रश्न के उत्तर में मैंने इस बात को साफ किया था जा कि विजेष दल की वात कही या जो पैसा दिया गया है उस का दुरुपयोग होने की बात कही गई है, उस संबंध में मैंने साफ किया कि जो हम सबप्लान्स वना रहे हैं उस के अन्तर्गत इस तरह का प्रावधान किया जाएगा कि जो जिस इलाके के लिए खास कर के जो ग्रादिवासी इलाके हैं ग्रीर इस तरह के जो पहाड़ी इलाके हैं उन के लिए जो धन दिया जायगा, जिस राशि का प्रावधान किया जायगा वह उसी के लिए उपगोग हो सकती है ।

श्री लालजी भाई : अध्यक्ष महोदय, सही डंग से पूंजी तहीं लग रही है, इसके कई उदाहरण मैं दे सकता हं :

श्री प्रताप सिंह नेगी : क्या मंत्री महोदय यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि उत्तर प्रदेश के आठ पहाड़ी के लिए जो पर्वतीय विकास परिषद् बनाई गई है क्या बह पंगु ही रहेगी या उस को कोई स्टेटस दिया जन्यगा जिससे विकास कार्य वहां हो सके ?

श्री विद्याचरण शुक्ल : जो विकास परिषद उत्तर प्रदेश में बनाई गई है उस का काम ही यह है कि केन्द्रीय सरकार को ग्रीर प्रादेशिक सरकार को वह अपनी राय ग्रीर प्रापने जो उस के सुज्ञाव हैं वह देती रहे जिस से कि कोई भी क्षेत्र ऐ ा बाकी न बच जाए विकात का जित की ग्रपेक्षा हो ग्रीर मैं समझता हूं कि वह विकास समिति ठीक से काम कर रही है ।

श्री वीरभद्र सिंह : पहाड़ी ग्रौर पिछड़े क्षेत्रों के विकास के लिए सड़कों का निर्माण ग्रावश्यक है । किन्तु ग्रभी तक पंच-वर्षीय योजना में इस के लिये जो रुपया दिया गया है वह पर्याप्त सिद्ध नहीं हुग्रा है। तो मैं मंत्री महोदय से यह जानना चाहूंगा कि क्या इन क्षेत्रों की सड़कों के निर्माण के लिए पांचवीं पंचवर्षीय याजना में कुछ ग्रतिरिक्त धन देने की व्यवस्था की जा रही है ग्रौर यदि बह संभव नहीं है तो क्या जो स्टेट के प्लानस है उन में से इस कार्य के लिये \$7

प्रोडव को साइवटे करने के प्रिष् राज्यों को स्वायन के बावनी वा नहीं ?

ची विद्यादरण समय : वह नामनीय सबस्य ने ठीक बात कही है कि सभी तक बहाडी इलाकों में सहकों के निर्माण की तरफ उतना झ्यान नहीं दिया गया जितना दिया जाना चाहिए। इमलिए इस वक्त पासबीं पंचवर्वीय योजना मे हम लोगों का यह प्रस्ताव है कि पहाडी इलाकों में सडकों के बिकास की तरफ विजेत ध्यान दिया जाय भौर जो मभी वार्षिक योजनाधों के वारे मे बातचीन हई थी उसमें जो पहाडी इलाकों के मस्य मती भीर योजना मन्त्री इन्यादि च्या थे जन से इस के बारे में विशेष रूप में कह, गया है कि वे राज्य मरकार की मदद में ग्रीर इस जो उर को सहाउता देंगे उस में मिल कर सड़कों के विकास की नरक विगेय रूप में प्यान हें और में साशा करता ह कि इस से माननीय मतस्य को काफी सनोप शेता ।

धीमती सत्रोदरा बाई राय एक कमेटी जो ग्रमी ग्रहणांचन प्रदे गई थी. उन के माब वहा में भी गई थी। वहा का विकास बडको का न जिसा का किसी बीज का कुछ भी नही हमा है । जो विकास हमा है वह न के बराबर है। वहा की जनता ने हम से तिकायत की है कि सोलठ साल से वहां बनेक्टर सीर एस ही सो जमें हुए हैं उत्तर प्रदेश के इससिए बडां सही तरीके में काम नही होता है। तो मैं यह कड़ना पाहती ह कि बे को सोलह सोलह साल से कलेक्टर भीर एस वी भी बहां हैं उन को बदलिए तो काम जल्दी हो । यहां का पैसा तो बहत या उन की जेव में जाता है । यहां के भादिवासी कहते हैं कि भाष जा कर कहिए हमारा विकास हो हमारे यहां विजली लगे, हमारे बहां सहवों बनें, धाने जाने के साधन बनें ! इसलिए में संबी ब्होदय से कहना चाहती हं जि जली से बली उस के लिए करन

बह उठाएं किय के इस इसाये का विकास हो। सीए उन की तरफकी हो ।

वी विदायरण कुम ' धम्मक भी, याननीय सदस्या ने बैसा कहा है कि वहां हुछ नही हुमा है, यह बात ठीक नहीं है । वहा काफ़ी काम हुमा है । लेकिन मैं इस बात को मजूर कर सकता हू कि वहा बहुत हुछ होना मभी वाकी है । इसके लिये जो व्यक्ति वहा पर लगे हुये हैं, वे विशेष रूप से काम कर रहे हैं । हालांकि उन की भी स्वय की वाफी समस्यार्थे हैं । इसके प्रलावा वे लोग ऐसे इलाको मे रह कर काम करने है जहा साधारणतया कोई मादमी काम नही वरना चाहता है, लेकिन वे लोग वहा लगकर जीवनदान करके काम कर रहे हैं ।

ग्रापने जो प्रशासकीय समस्याये उठाई है----- उनकी तरफ हम ध्यान दे रहे हैं। यदि हम समझते है कि किसी व्यक्ति को बहुत ज्यादा समय कही रहने हो गया है गौर उनकी उपयोगिता नही है तो उसको वहा से हटा देने हैं। माननीय सस्दया ने यह ठीक ही कहा है कि हमे ग्ररुणाचल प्रदेश की तरफ विशेष ध्यान देना चाहिये----हमारो जी यही योजना है गौर पाचवी पचवर्षीय योजना मे हम ऐसा करने का प्रयास कर रहे हैं।

Programmes for Chandigarh Radio Station

•23 SHRI RAJDEO SINGH Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state

(a) whether programmes for Chandigarh Radio Station are prepared in Akashvani Bhavan in Delbi;

(b) if so, the reasons why Chandigarh of the studies and staff work in Delhi when studies and other facilities are now available in Chandigrah; and

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(c) whether any decision has been taken with time fixed to see the efficient and staff to Chandidgel? It to a

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) Yes, Sir,

(b) and (c). In the absence of the required component of technical staff at Chandigarh, the programme staff is having to use the facilities in Delhi

भी राजवेच सिंह : झध्यक्ष महोदय. उन्होने ग्रपने जवाब मे कहा है कि रिक्वा यह कम्पोनेन्टम ग्रौर टैकनीकल स्टाफ को कमी की वजह से वे स्टाफ को चण्डीगढ नही भेज रहे हैं ग्रौर दिल्ली से ही चण्डीगढ का काम कर रहे हैं। मैं जानना चाहना ह कि टेपो को रोजाना यहा से चण्डीगढ भेजने भौर फोन दारा यहा के ग्रफमरो में सम्पर्क स्वापित करने में साल में सरकार का कितना खर्च होना है ? जह, तक कम्पानेन्ट्म की बात कही गयी है---क्या दूनिया के किसी हिस्से मे वे कम्पोनेन्टम मिलने हैं या नही मिलते हैं, यदि मिलने हैं तो क्या उनके लिये ग्राईर इम्पोर्ट करने के लिये दे दिया गया है या झभी तक झाइंग्ही नही दिय। समा हे ?

मैं यह भी जानना चाहता हू कि जो काम कुछ हजार रुपयो मे हो सकता है उसके मिये लाखो रुपया खर्च करना---टेप को चण्डीगढ़ मेजना, वहां के झफ़सरो से फ़ोन पर सम्पर्क स्थापित करना----हन मब के बारे मे सरकार की पालिमी क्या है----झाप कुपा कर साफ़ साफ़ बतायें ।

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI I K GUJRAL) I am grateful to the hon. Member for Baving drawn our attention to thus. The question really is not of getting components. My hon. colleague has said about ""technical staff. Technical staff was to be posted That was the idea. There was some difficulty about sanction etc. But after seeing his dissettion, any attention was been drawn to it and my efforts are to see that within this month it should be implemented."

थी राजदेव सिंह नेरे प्रश्नका जों तीसेरा हिस्सा हे----

"whether any decision has been taken or time fixed to send the officers and staff to Chandigarh?"

SHRI I K. GUJRAL Within this month.

डा॰ कैलास : उन्होने यह कहा है कि इस महीने में करेंगे ।

श्री मान सिंह भौरा यह बहुत ग्रफमोम की बान है---चण्डीगढ एव कैंपीटच है लेकिन वहा प्रोग्राम नही हो रहे है, यहा मे टेप भंजे जाते है। मैं जानना चाहना हू ---क्या कोई ऐसे ग्रफसर यहा बैठे हैं जो चण्डीगढ नही जाना चाहने है? ग्राप कहते हैं कि ग्राप एक महीने से कर देगे---क्या ग्राप ऐमा डैफिनेट कह सकते हैं कि पजाबी और दूसरी लैंग्वेज के प्रोग्राम बही से एक महीने मे रिले होने गुरू हो जायेगे।

MR. SPEAKER: Next Question; Dr. Ranen Sen-absent; Shri R. V. Swaminathan-absent. Both of them is absent.

• *

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: For the sake of information, the Minister can reply to it. This is a very important question.

MR. SPEAKER: Don't introduce new matters which are not covered in the rules. Next Question.

Investigation into the point st that claimed the life of former Railway Minister

*25. SHRI P. M. MEHTA: SHRI GAJADHAR MAJHI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether any investigation has been conducted regarding the bomb blast that claimed the life of the former Minister of Railways, Shri L. N. Mishra and others; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AF-FAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) and (b). Investigations are in progress. The matter was also dealt with in the course of my reply to an adjournment motion in this House on 18th February, 1975. A statement containing the salient points from my reply is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

On the 2nd January, 1975, at about 5.10 P.M. Shri L. N. Mishra arrived at Semastipur Railway Station to inaugurate the Samastipur-Muzaffarpur broad guage line. The function commenced immediately on his arrival and he addressed the gathering for about 30 minutes. He had just concluded his speech when an object exploded on the dais causing injuries to about 28 persons on the rostrum including L. N. Mishra, Dr. Jagannath Shri Mishra, Agriculture Minister, Bihar, Shri Ram Bhagat Paswan, M.P., Shri M.P., Shri Yamuna Prasad Mandal, Suraj Narain Jha, MLC, Bihar and R.K.P.S. Kishore. Shri а Railway employee. After immediate examination by the Chief Medical Officer of the North Eastern Railway, Shri L. N. Mishra and Dr. J. N. Mishra proceeded by train to Danapur reaching there by about midnight. At Danapur, Shri Mishra was examined by prominent surgeons of the Patna Medical College and operated upon for his injuries. He passed away in the morning of the 3rd January, 1975. Among the others injured at Samastipur, Shri R. K. P. S. Kishore died on the night of the 3rd January, 1975 at Samastipur Railway Hospital and Shri Suraj Narain Jha died on the 4th January, 1975 at Darbhanga Medical College Hospital.

2. After the explosion at Samastipur Railway Station, another explosion took place at about 8 P.M. on the same day i.e., 2nd January, 1975 in the house of Shri Mahadeo Sahu, Asstt. Accounts Officer, North Eastern Railway at Samastipur. In this connection, two cases were registered by the State Police, one under sections 120B/ 302/307 IPC and sections 3 and 4 of Explosive Substances Act in respect of the railway station incident and another under sections 3 and 4 of the Explosive Substances Act in respect of the incident in the house of Mahadeo Sahu. In view of the importance of the case, senior officials of the CBI were deputed to visit Samastipur on the 4th January and they were associated with the investigations by the State Police. Subsequently, on request from the Government of Bihar, both the cases were taken over for investigation by the CBI on the 8th January, 1975 and the investigation. are in progress.

3. Several misgivings were expressed in newspaper reports about delay in providing medical attention to late Shri L. N. Mishra and its adequacy. On 28th January, 1975, the Government of Bihar constituted a Committee of Medical Experts to enquire as to whether prompt and adequate medical aid had been given to Shri L. N. Mishra. The enquiry by the Committee is in progress.

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4. Several stories were also published in newspapers about the nature of the explosions, the adequacy of the security arrangements and the persons involved. These stories sought to arouse suspicions in the public mind and gave rise to baseless insinuations and rumours about the tragic incident. Demands were made several quarters including Members of Parliament and political parties for an inquiry into all aspects of the matter.

5. The Central Government therefore, appointed on the 10th February, 1975 a Commission of Inquiry consisting of Shri Justice K. K. Mathew of the Supreme Court to inquire into the general background and the facts and circumstances pertaining to the two explosions the nature and adequacy of the measures taken for the protection and security of Shri L. N. Mishra at the time of the incident, the nature and adequacy of medical attention given to him after the incident and such other matters as may be relevant to these issues

6. The CBI will continue its investigations. It will also render such assistance as the Commission may require in the course of its inquiry. While the object of the CBI investigations is to bring the accused to trial before a court of law, the scope of the Commission's inquiry is wider and, in its wider task, the Commission will have the cooperation and assistance of the CBI and the team of medical experts appointed by the Government of Bihar.

7. The Commission has commenced its work and is expected to complete its inquiry and submit its report to the Central Government within three months from the date on which it was constituted.

्, अन्यसः ऋहोदयः इस पर काफ़ी बहस ही भई हैं ।

SHEL SHYAMMANDAM MISHEA. I want to make a point for your consideration. Yesterday, when the debate took place, the hon. Home Minister. word for word, gave the same statement as he has given in reply to the Question today. If it is so, then either the Question should have been permitted to be withdrawn or the Question should have been disallowed. Otherwise, we are unnecessarily consuming the time of the House today. If the Government had nothing fresh to say about it, they had nothing more to add to it, the question could have been withdrawn

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE: Or it could be postponed for some other day.

SHRI P. M. MEHTA: I very much wanted it.

श्राच्यक्ष महोदय विदड़ा तो उन्होंने करना था, उन्होंने नही करना था। इस पर कल काफ़ी बहम हो गई है, सारी रात बलती रही।

SHRI P. M. MEHTA I would like to know from the hon. Home Minister whether any meeting between the senior officers of the CBI and the Home Minister took place during the period from 8th January till today for the purpose of evaluation the progress made so far and whether any meeting has taken place between the Chief Minister of Bihar and the Home Minister himself for the same purpose. Could he tell the House whether he is in a position to indicate that the progress made so far gives an indication that the progress made is satisfactory which will ultimately, unravel the mystery?

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: There was no discussion with me. The CBI officers who have been inquiring into the matter have had no discussion with me. Secondly, the Chief Minister of Bihar has had no discussion with the. As I said yesterday, the investigations are actively in progress.

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HRI PILOO MODY: How do you know?

SHRI P. M. MEHTA: I wanted to know whether the progress made so far is satisfactory. I want only that much information.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY I am not in a position to say whether it is satifactory or not But I came to know that they are vigorously pursuing their efforts

SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI Mov I know whether the attention of the Mome Minister has been drawn to a newspaper report which has been persistently appearing for the last two or three days that there has been a contessional statement made by a certain person arrested, and that the breakthrough has been achieved I do not want him to commit on this whether such a thing has happened or not But would he kindly instruct the in vestigating officials that they should not leak out such news from time to time so as to create all sorts of ap prehensions and theories in the minds of the public?

SHRI K BRAHMANANADA REDDY Thank you for this question It is within my knowledge that no CBI official ever gives any interview to any press It is outside the purview of their duties. Therefore, something that comes out m the press, either inspired or otherwise, we should not lay much emphasis on that

बी सरखू थाडे : झम्पक जी, मैं यह जानना चाहता हू कि यह जो महादेव जाह नाम का झादमी गिरफ्तार हुझा है बहुत इस बात की चर्चा है कि उनका मम्बन्ध झानन्द मार्ग से है। इस के बारे में सरकार की क्या प्रति-किया है ? क्या इस तरह का कोई पता सवासड़, है कि नहीं, यह गृह मझी जी से मैं जानना चाहता हूं। SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: So far as my 'information goes, on that very day, as I said yesterday, at about 8.00 P.M. there was a blast from the house of Mr. Mahadeo Sahu, Assistance Accounts Officer.

श्री सरजू पांडे: उनका सम्बन्ध झानन्द मार्ग से है कि नही. यह साप बतायें।

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY: I am not in a position to say just now whether it was connected with Anand Marg or any other party

SHRI JAGANATHRAO JOSHI Is it Brahmananda Marg'

SHRI SAMAR GUHA I want to know from the hon Minister whether any statement from the late Shri L N Mishra was taken before he was taken to the operation table and if so what is the text of the statement that he made and if not, what is the reason for not taking any statement

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY I am not aware that Shri L N Mishra made any statement before he was taken to the operation theatre

SHRI SAMAR GUHA It is the first duty of the Government to do that when a man is injured and is taken to the operation theatre

MR SPEAKER We have had a full discussion on this yesterday

SHRI SAMAR GUHA This is the most relevant question that I have asked and he should not evade that. What kind of answer is this' His colleague was injured and he was taken to the operation table Naturally, his statement should have been recorded by the police The Minister must indicate whether any statement was taken

MR. SPEAKER The Minister has already given his reply. Please sit down 27 · Out And All Streets · Street River

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SHERI PILOG' MODY: He said that he was not aware. But he must sho add that he would find out.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA: 'I am not aware.' Is this an answer? It is no answer.

MR. SPEAKER: I connot force hum to give a reply which suits you. After all you put a question and he has replied.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA: It is a most relevant question.

MR. SPEAKER: That is why I have allowed it.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA: He can say, 'I will find out'. But this is a most relevant question concerned with anything about this tragic death.

MR SPEAKER: I want to go to the next question.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA It is a most important piece of information that has to be elicited from the Government If the case was registered with the police authorities, it should have been the duty of the police authorities to take a statement from Mr Mishra just after the incident. Whether they did not take any state ment from Mr Mishra or not is a most relevant question to be asked

MR. SPEAKER: How can he say that he knows it? Why should you ask him to say something which he is not aware of?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Let him find it out.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPEE: Let him say that he will try to get the information. He is expected to be aware of the developments and whether a dying declaration was taken or not.

MR. SPEAKER: The question can be asked. But all of you are holding up the proceedings. Now because the Minister does not give reply to his liking, he is holding up the proceedings. Kindly sit down-all of you.

ग्राटल विहारी वालपैथी : ग्रगर वह कहते कोई स्टेटमेंट नही लिया पथा वात खत्म हो जाती । वह कहते कि मुझे जान-कारी नही है मैं पता लगाऊंगा ।

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECH-NOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GAN-DHI). He has said that he is not aware of it

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: What for is he a Minister? Why are we paying him? Let him find it out He is not a member of the domestic establishment of a certain Party. He is a member of the Government and Government's expenditure is met by the country (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER Please do not inter rupt the proceedings Please sit down--all of you.

I cannot force the Minister to reply to your Liking

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Not that I am aware of', 15 no ans. wer

श्री श्रटल बिहारी वालपेयी: शघ्यक्ष जी, हमे आपकी सहायता चाहिये । एक सवाल पूछा गया । अगर मंत्री जी के पास पूरी जानकारी नही है तो वह कह सकते हैं कि हम उसके बारे में जानकारी देंगे । सवाल पूछा गया कि क्या स्वर्गीय मिश्र जी का कोई बयाव लिया गया । वह कह दें कि इम पता लगावेंगे । उनको ठीक से जवाब देवा बाहिवे ।

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SHRI PILOO MODY: Why are you afraid of asking them to find out and let us know?

MR. SPEAKER: It is for the Minister to say.

भी हुकम भाष्य कछवाय : गृह मंती जी भाषाय नही देना चाहते, भौर सदन उनसे भाषाय जेना चाहता है।

MR. SPEAKER: I do not like this sort of shouting.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA: This is the most crucial question in this whole tragic affairs.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: After the registration of the case there might have been a statement made by Mr. Mishra.

की अनेदवर मिथा : जामा मरिजद पर जो एडजोर्नमेट मोशन दिया था, उसका क्या द्वप्रा ?

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY. No dying declaration...

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: No question of dying declaration.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: No dying declaration as such seems to have been made. But he seems to have spoken a few words to Shri Jagannath Mishra.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: But the Police did not take any statement from him! What have you to any about it? (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Order please. The Question Hour is ever. M54 LO-2 WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTICNS

Sheikh Abdullah's Meeting with Prime Minister

•24. DR. RANEN SEN:

SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Sheikh Abdullah had a meeting with the Prime Minister recently; and

(b) if so, the outcome of this meeting?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AF-FAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The talks have yielded positive results and the Government will shortly make a statement in this regard

Medical Attention to Late Shri L. N. Mishra

•26. SHRI SOMNATH CHETTERJEC: SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether proper medical attention had not been given in time to late Shri L N. Mishra, after he received the Bomb injury at Samatipur ca 2nd January, 1975, and

(b) whether, apart from C.B.I., the Government have ordered an open impartial enquiry into the incident in deference to the wishes made by different eminent personalities, political leaders and organisations?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) and (b). Attention is invited to the statement laid on the Table of the House today in reply to Starred Question No. 25 of this House. मिजोरम में बिद्रोही गतिबिधियां

• 27. भी मूलबन्द शागाः

था मुस्तियार सिंह मलिक :

क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की क्रुपा करेंगे कि :

(क) मिजोरम में विद्रोही गतिविधियों के क्या कारण है ;

(ख) उच्च पुलिस प्रधिकारियों की हत्या करने वाले व्यतियों के नाम क्या हैं, इन हत्याश्रों के सम्बन्ध में कितने व्यक्ति गिरपतार किये गये है श्रीर ग्रव तक उनके विरुद्ध क्या कार्यवाही की गई है;

(ग) क्या सरकार यह महसूस करती है कि इसके पीछे किसी विदेशी तावत का हाथ है ग्रौर क्या चीनी राइपले, बग्दूकें तथा कारतूस पकड़े गये है जो इस बात को सिद्ध करते हैं; ग्रौर

(घ) ऐसी घटनाओं की धावृत्ति को रोकने के लिये क्या निरोधारमक कार्यवाही की गई है ?

गह मंत्री (श्री के॰ इटानन्द रेड्री): (क) से (घ). मिजोरम में हिसक गति-विधियों में लगे हुये गुमराह व्यक्ति पृथक-बादी उद्देश्यों से प्रेरित है। कुछ महत्वपूर्ण गिरपतारियां की गई हैं और कुछ हथियार. गोला बाह्द तथा वर्दियां भी बरामद की गई है। चहि झभी जांच पडताल हो रही है श्वतः अपराधियों के नाम, उपद्रव में इस्ते-माल किये गये हथियारों का स्रोत झीर झभि-यक्तों को पकड़ने के लिये किये गये उपाय बताना लोक हित में नहीं होगा। जांच पड़-साल में सहायता करने तथा उसे शीघ निपताने के लिये वरिष्ट ग्रधिकारियों की प्रदिनियांक्त के प्रसावा इस प्रकार के उपद्रवों की पूनरावृत्ति को रोकने के लिए सुरक्षा - प्रबन्धों की भी भीर कडा कर दिया गया **B** 1

Demands of Chief Minister of Tambi Nadu

*28. SHRI V. MAYAVAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether some of the demands which the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu has been demanding from the Centre have been conceded to Sheikh Abdullah; and

(b) if so, whether similar demands of the Tamil Nadu State will be met?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) No.

(b) Does not arise.

Charter of Demands by Class IV Employces of Delhi Police

*29. SHRIMATI SAVIIR! SHYAM: SHRI AMAR SINH

CHAUDIIARI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether he has received a 'Charter of Demands' in the month of January, 1975 from Delai Police Chaturth Shieni Karmachari Welfare Association, Delhi in connection with the demands of Class IV employers of Delhi Police;

(b) if so, the facts thereof and whether a copy of the same would be laid on the Table of the House; and

(c) the action taken thereon?

THE MIN'STER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS, DE-PARIMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MEHTA); (aŭ Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). This Association had been representing from time to time regarding different aspects of service conditions. These have been examined and action taken where necessary. Recently, the Association submitted a long list of 22 demands most of which had been raised earlier and considered. The new demands are as follows:

- (i) Kitchens should be modernised and the present kitchens be converted into gas kitchens.
- (ii) Retirement of cooks-20 years.
- (iii) Cycle allowance be paid at Rs. 6 rer mensem and cycle repairs be paid for at Rs. 10 per annum.
- (iv) Washing allowance should be paid at Rs. 5 per menseni.
 - (v) Residential quarters should be allotted in the vicinity of the place of duty.

Cooking gas has been introduced in one of the establishments on experimental basis. Final decision to extend this facility to other k te'ens will be taken after this exceliment has worked for some time. He uses are being allotted to class IV employees but on account of general shortage of accommodation it is not possible to meet the demand in full. The demand at (ii) above is not clear. The other two demands relating to cycle allowance and washing allowance are of a general nature and cannot be considered in isolation in respect of class IV employees of the Delhi Police alone.

Transfer of Chandigarh to Punjab

*30. SHRI R. S. PANDEY: SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO.

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have deferred the decision to transfer Chandigarh to Punjab; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) and (b). In the Frees Communique issued on 29th January, 1970, it was explained that construction of a new capital will recessarily take some years and that Government of Haryana will, therefore, continue to have the use of office and residential accommodation now allotted to them by the Central Government in Chandigarh for a period not exceeding five years during which Chandigarh will remain a Union Territory. This arrangement has to continue for some time longer.

Pending Applications for Licences for Backward Areas of Karnataka

*31. SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state.

(a) the number of applications pending with the Central Government for issue of licences for setting up industries in backward areas of Karnataka State;

(b) the dates from which these applications have been pending, and

(c) the time by which these applications will be disposed of and the criteria being followed in issuing licences?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CVII. SUPPLIES AND SCIENCE AND TECHONOLOGY (SHRI T A PAI). (a) and (b) 29 application, received unto January, 1975 for location of industries in backward areas of Karnataka are pending These relate to 1972 (4 cases), 1974 (21 cases), and January 1975 (4 cases).

(c) Every effort is being made to dispose of the pending applications as early as possible. Various considerations such as availability of infrostructure, raw material, know-how, demand, capacity installed etc. are kept in view in taking decisions on industrial licence applications.

Frequent breakdowns in Tarapore Atomic power Station

•32. SHRI ARVIND M. PATEL: SHRI D. P. JADEJA:

Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Gujarat is facing great hardship due to frequent breakdowns in Tarapore Atomic Power Station; and

(b) if so, the steps taken by Government to rectify the situation?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTORNICS AND MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) No. SIR.

(b) Does not arise.

Samachar Bharati

*33. SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN: Will the Min.ster of JNFORMATION AND BROADCAST-ING be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Shri Jai Prakash Narayan has resigned from the Chairmanship of Samachar Bharati News Agency, New Delhi;

(b) whether it is a fact that there are charges of corruption and defalcation of money against the mauagement;

(c) if so, whether any enquiry was made by CBI into the functioning of this News Agency; and

(d) if so, the results thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI I. K. GUJRAL): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Some irregularities in the accounts of the Company were detected during inspection by the Department of Company Affairs.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Question does not arise.

Annual Plan for States

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*34. SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: SHRI R. N. BARMAN

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state;

(a) whether meetings were held between the Flanning Commission and all the Planning Ministers of States to discuss the outlines of the annual plan;

(b) if so, the main points discussed and the decisions arrived at; and

(c) whether Government propose to give shape to the size of the Fifth Plan on the basis of these discussions?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) Meetings were held between the Planning Commission and the Chief Ministers of the States to discuss Arnual Plan for the year 1975.76 during January-February, 1975. These wore also generally attended by the Planning Ministers of the States.

(b) and (c). The discussions at these meetings were mainly concerned with determination of the size of the annual Plan for the year 1975-75 during assessment of the resources which would be available and the reeds of the key sectors. The allocations for different sectors were fixed taking into account both State and national priorities and the broad strategy of development outlined in the draft Fifth Plan.

Cross Bar Televhone Exchanges in Delhi

•35. SHRI NAWAL, KISHORE SHARMA: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a new gadget has been provided to the cross-bar telephone exchanges in Delhi to help the mibecribers with quick telephone facility:

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(b) if so, the facts thereof and exshanges which are covered as a result thereof:

(c) whether such facility has also been extended to S. T. D. calls; and

(d) if so, the extent to which this facility would help S. T. D. calls and local calls in quick and efficient telephone services?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (d). Do not arise.

Increase in Price of Cement

*36. SHRI D. K. PANDA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are contemplating a inid-year increase in the retention price of cement; and

(b) if so, the facts and reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND AND CIVIL SUPPLIES SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) and (b). The exworks retention prices of cement fixed by the Cement Control (6th Amendment) Order, 1974, issued on the 14th September, 1974, will be valid for the "price period upto 1978-79. However, the Government has accepted the recommendation of the Tariff Commission that escalation in retention prices will be considered on 1st July, every year, following increase in wages and dearness allowance of workers in the cement industry, price of coal, power tarrif and freight on coal.

The determination of the retention price of cement produced by units to to into production in 1975, i.e., factojes covered by a.o.b. licences and by the units covered by Letters of Intens which will go into production by the end of the Fifth Five Year Plan is under the consideration of the Government.

Closure of Film Institute, Poona

*37. SHRI N. K. SANGHI: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Film Institute **d** India in Poona was closed down indefinitely on 24th December, 1974:

(b) if so, the factors which led to the closure of the institute; and

(c) the steps taken to get over the impasse?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI I. K. GUJRAL): (a) Yes, Sir. The Film Wing of the Institute remained temporarily closed from December 24, 1974 to February 3, 1975.

(b) The Institute had to be closed down due to the agitation by the students of the Acting Course, who demanded that the Direction Students may not be allowed to select the cast for diploma films outside the Acting Students and, later, obstructed work on diploma films.

(c) The Institute reopened on February 3, 1975 after an assurance was received from the agitating students that they would not disrupt the diploma film shooting programme.

President's assent to Bill spassed by State Legislatures

*38. SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAILA SHRI DHAMANKAR:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

(a) the total number of Bills passed by the State Legislatures pending Fresident's assent; 30 Written Answers

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(b) the names of the Bills and the dates on which those were sent for assent; and

(c) the reason for the inordinate delay?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) 25.

(b) and (c). A statement is laid on the Table of the House, [Placed in Library, See No. LT-8909/75].

Plan outlay of States in 1974-75

*39. SHRI SARJOO PANDEY: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) the total plan outlay of various States for 1974-75;

(b) the total assistance sought from the Centre by each State; and

(c) the amount sanctioned to each State?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) to (c). A statement is placed on the Table of the House indicating the Plan outlays approved by the Planning Commission for the States' Plans for 1974-75 and the State-wise allocation of Central assistance. While the pleaded for higher States generally level of Central assistance, they did not formally propose any specific figure in regard to the quantum of Central aid.

Written Answers

Approved Annual Plan outlays and Central assistance allocated to the Status for Annual Plan 1974-75. (Rs. crores)

| - | |
|--|--|
| Approved A muai Plan outlays 1974-75 | d Contral assistance allocated to Strtes for Annual Plan 1984-75. |
| • | A muai Plan outlays |

| | - | والوابة والمروقون والقانوان |
|--------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| | | |
| r Andhra 🚆 Pradesh | 127 39 | 48 75 |
| 2 Assam | 53 66 | 40-04 |
| 3 Bihar . | 140 27 | 68 · 68 |
| 4 Gujarat .3 | 143 32 | 32 . 17 |
| 5 Hiryana "4" . | 81 60 | 15-99 |
| 6 Himachal Pradesh | 31 16 | 22 · 35 |
| 7 Jammu & Kashmir | 48 00 | 30 21 |
| 8 Karnataka | 110 75 | 35-46 |
| 9 Kerala . | 73 89 | 35172 |
| 10 Madhya Pradesh | 152.25 | 53-32 |
| 11 Maharashtra . | 275-84 | 49 - 98 |
| 12 Manipur . | 12.06 | 7:53 |
| 13 Meghalaya .¶ | 13-63 | 8-85 |
| 14 Nugaland : | 14-00 | 7-13 |
| 15 Orissa . | 71-24 | 32.70 |
| 16 Purljab | 1C7 · 87 | 20.64 |
| 17 Rajasthan . | 77 · 85 | 45-06 |
| 18 Tamil Nedo . | 112.00 | 41-15 |
| 19 Tripura . | 11-00 | 7.61 |
| 20 Uttar Predesh . | 255-19 | 506-39 |
| 21 West Bengal , | 147-87 | 44-94 |
| All States . | 20(0-84 | 755 48 |
| | | |

Additional resources for power sector of Plan

*40. SHRI D. D. DESAI: SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether his Ministry had taken up with the Planning Commission the issue of finding additional resources for the power sector of the Plan;

(b) whether the Planning Commission have accepted new projects;

(c) if so, whether the Central Electricity Authority has made assessment of the funds required for the execution of all the proposed projects; and

(d) if so, broad features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI K. C. PANT) (a) to (d). The Draft Fifth Plan had provided an outlay of Rs. 3313 57 crores for generation schemes, including a number of new schemes designed to result in the addition of 16.55 million KW during the Fifth Plan period. Subsequently the cost of all the projects were updated, on the basis of the price level prevailing in December, 1973, and it was estimated that additional funds to the extent of about Rs. 1440 crores would be required to complete these generation schemes. This assessment was forwarded to the Planning Commission. The Fifth Plan has not been finalised and no decision has yet been taken on this matter.

Inconvenience to Members of Parliament at Film Festival

201. SHRI N. E. HORO: SHRI D. B. CHANDRA GOWDA:

Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether passes were issued by his Ministry to the Members o' Par'iamont for the International Film Festival Show, at Pyarelal Auditorium and later on without information to the Maharashtra Rangayan Augitorium:

(b) whether the day on which the film 'God father' was to be shown in Maharashtra Rangayan a number of passholders were forced to go back by the police deployed on the gates as the house was already full; and

(c) if so, the reasons thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) Members of Parlament could not be informed of the change in venue due to shortage of time. Inconvenience caused to Members is regretted.

(b) and (c). On the day the films "God Father" was screened at Maharashtra Rangavan, a sizeable secuon of the public came to get into ihe Auditorium, just before the commencement of the show, without vaid entry passes, with the result that some of the genuine passholders both from the Press and M. Ps. were unable to enter the Auditorium. The Police party on duty, fearing trouble closed the main doors and requested the people gathered outside the entrance to disperse.

Setting up of Advertising Council

202. SHRI M RAM GOPAL REDDY:

SHRI R. S. PANDEY:

Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have been urged to set up an Advertising Council on the lines of the Press Council; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto?

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THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) Wovernment bas received no representation in this regard.

(b) Does not arise.

Sub Post Offices in South Kanar District

203. SHRI P. R. SHENOY: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of sub post offices in South Kanara District of Karnataka State, block-wise;

(b) the names of places where demand for sub post offices have been mace since 1st April, 1972, block-wise and the demand not complied with; and (e) the reason for not completes with the demand in each case?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) Number of sub-offices is indicated below:--

| Name | of I | la ck | | | No. of |
|-------------|------|--------------|---|---|--------|
| Mangalore | | | • | • | 41 |
| Bantval | • | | • | | 8 |
| Puttur , | | | , | • | 10 |
| Belthangady | | | ٠ | | \$ |
| Sullia . | • | | | • | 6 |
| Karkala . | • | | | | 18 |
| Udipi | | | | | 37 |
| Coondapur | | • | • | • | 19 |
| - | | | | | |

(b) The relevant particulars are given below :--

| Name of Block | Demand received | Demand not complied with | | |
|------------------|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| (i) Mangalore | (i) Mukka | (1) Mulka | | |
| (i) Bestral | (i.) ד'ז ו ז'ז גיבערנארער (ג'א ניט אין | (ii) Thanbe | | |
| (iii) Pattur | (iii) Panaje | (iii) N 1 | | |
| (iv) Belthangady | (iv) Aldingidy | (n) Aldar gady | | |
| (v) Karkala | (v) Kalla-undakur | (v) Kallaamundakur | | |
| (o) Udipi | (or) Bantakal Guildeangady | (m) Guddeangady | | |

(c) Opening of sub-post offices at Kanyana Panchayat, Panaje and Bantakal is under examination. At the other places mentioned, opening of sub-post offices is not justified according to departmental standards. Closure of Guru Nauak Thermal Plans at Bhatinda

204. SHRI B S BHAURA. Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whother the Guru Nanak Thermal Plant at Bhatinda has been hept closed; 45

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) the steps being taken to re-start its working?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SID-DHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (c). The Guru Nanak Thermal Plant at Bhatinda was closed down on 28th January, 1975 at the request of the Suppliers of the Plant, M/s. Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited for carrying out certain urgent maintenance works. The repair work has since been completed and the power station was re-commissioned on 14-2-1975. The set had to be shut down on 15-2-1975 due to a super heater tube leakage. It is expected to be back on bars shortly.

Waiting List for Telephone Connections

205. SHRI MOHINDER SINGH GILL: Will the Minister of COMMU-NICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether due to inadequate production of equipment and underground cables in the country, there is a staggering number of applications on the waiting list for telephone connections; and

(b) if so, the measures that are being taken to ease the position in the coming financial year?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) and (b). There is a large waiting list for telephone connections in the country totalling nearly 5.9 lakhs as on 31-12-1974. The demand for additional telephones could not be met fully for want of resources, both material and financial. Development of capacities of factories for producing the necessary equipments cables, etc. has also been limited by the same considerations.

Under the present constraints . it has been proposed to provide about 1.2 lakhs telephones during 1975-76.

Assault on Harijans in Sirua Village. Darbhanga District, Bihar

206. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 4038 cn 11th November, 1974 regarding assault on Harijans in Sirua Village, Darbhanga District, Bihar and state:

(a) whether the facts have since been ascertained; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof and action taken against the culprits who perpetrated crimes against. the Harijans?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN 'THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) and (b). The Hon'ble Member is presumably referring to Unstarred Question No. 4038 answered in this House on December 11, 1974. According to information received from the Government of Bihar, one incident of arson and assault on Harijan3 was reported from village Sirua within the jurisdiction of P. S. Baheri in district Darbhanga during the first half of November, 1974. This arose on a quarrel between Shri Balel Paswan of village Sirua and some persons of an adjacent village cailed Khere on November 9, 1974. One thatched house belonging to Shri Balel Paswan and some other persons of his community was set on fire. Five persons who were inside the house were also allegedly beaten up resulting in simple injuries to them. Immediately on receipt of the information, the police rushed to the spot and controlled the situation. A case was registered against nineteen accused persons of whom, eleven surrendered to the court on November 27, 1974. They were, later on, enlarged on bail by the Chief Judicial Magistrate. The police have initiated action for the atfachment of the property of the remainin eight accused. Action has also initiated U/s. 107 Cr. P.C. been

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against the accused persons and a police party has been posted in the area. to maintain peace and order.

बिहार के विभिन्न कस्वों के दीव सीघे डायल घुमाकर टेलीफोन करने की व्यवस्था

207. श्री इंग्रंडर स्यास सिंह : क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की क्रुपा करेंगे कि बिहार के कौन-कौन से कस्बे सीधे डायल धुमाकर टेलीफोन करने की प्रणाली से परस्पर सम्बद्ध है भीर भगले वर्ष के दौरान किन-किन कस्बों को सीधे डायल घुमाकर टेलीफोन करने को व्यवस्था से जोड़ने का प्रस्ताव है ?

संचार मंत्री (डा॰ शंकर वयाल झर्मा): बिहार के पटना और मुजफ्फरनगर शहर इस समय टेलीफोन उपभोक्ताओं ढारा सीधे ढायल करने की सुविधा से परस्पर जुड़े हुये हैं। इाके ग्रतिरिक्त, पटन, उप नोक्त टू इ,यनिंग के ग्राध र पर लखन उ, कानपुर, वाराणसी भौर दिल्ली के साव जुडा हुग्रा है। ग्रामा है कि ग्रागामी एक वर्ष के दौरान पटना और छपरा को उपभोक्ता ट्रंक ढायलिंग के ग्राधार पर परस्पर जोड दिया जायेगा।

Allocation of Chassis to State Transport Undertakings

208. SHRI Y. ESWARA REDDY: Wi'l the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ministry has been requested to allocate chassis to State Transport Undertakings on priority basis; and

(b) if so, the steps being taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A. C. GRORGE): (a) and (b). As much as \$7.3 per cent in one case and 48 per comp in the other, of bus chassis manufactured by the two major manufacturers is allocated to State Transport Corporations. Efforts are constantly made to see that indents from State Transport Undertakings are met on priority basis.

नागा निद्रोहियों तथा सुरक्षा सैनिकों के बीब मुडमेड

209. भी गंगा चरण दीकित : क्या पुह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या नागा विद्रोहियों ने अपनी गतिविधियां तेज कर दी हैं ;

(ख) क्या जनवरी, 1975 में नागा विद्रोहियो तथा सुरक्षा सैनिकों के बीब कोई सुदड मुठनेड हई थ. ; झौर

(ग) यदि हां, तो दोनों झोर से कितनं व्यक्तिमारे गये झयवा घायल हुये ?

गृह मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री एक• एच॰ मोहसिन):(क) जी हां, श्रीमान् ।

(ख) जनवरी, 1975 में छिपे नागाओं भौर सुरक्षा सैनिको के बीच 7 मुझ्मेड़ें हुई । इसी ग्रवधि के दौरान सुरक्षा सैनिकों ने सथाकथित चीन को जाते हुये एक छिरे नागा गिरोड को भी पकडा ।

(ग) उक्त मुऽमेड़ों में एक सुरका सैनिक मारा गया था धौर तीन जबमी हुये थे। विट्रोहियों के साथ छिपे नागा मारे गये थे घोर एक जबमी हुद्या। सुरक्षा सैनिकों ने चीन जात वाले छिने नागा थिरोह के 101 सदस्यों को भी पकड़ा।

Indo-Foland agreement for Development of Jharia Coal Fields in Bihar

210. SARDAR SWARAN SINGH SOKHI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to setate

(a) whether India has entered into any economic and technical cooperstion agreement with Poland for development of Jharia Coal Fields us Bihar, very recently; and

(b) if so, the salient features thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD); (a) and (b). An agreement was entered into with Poland in January, 1972, which, inter-alia, provided for extension of cooperation in the reorganisation and reconstruction of coking coal mines in Jharia. In pursuance of the above agreement, the Bharat Coking Coal Ltd., concluded a contract with Messrs KOPEX of Poland for planning, reconstruction and reorganization of the coking coal mines in Jharia Coalfield. This agreement/contract is reviewed from time to time. The latest review was done in January 1973 by the Indo-Polish Joint Commission during its second session in New Delhi. According to this agreement, M/s. KOPEX would give expertise and render services and collaborate in the prepueration of feasibility report of such reconstruction and reorganiz-The above arrangement of deation putation of Polish experts and preparation of pre'iminary project report forms the first phase of collaboration.

विलीय संसायनों की कमी छौर लागत में बुद्धि के कारण योजनाओं की प्राथमिकता में केर-बदल

- 211 भी मार० बी० वरे :
 - भी सामय राज सिथिया :
 - भी घटल विहारी वाजपेयी :
 - भी सगमापराय जोजी :

क्या बोडना मंत्री यह बताने की छुपा इन्देंने कि :

(क) यस सीन वर्षों में प्रसि वर्ष सवा वहीवान वर्ष में धव सक जीवन निर्वाह मूल्य में वृद्धि की प्रतिशतता किउनी-कितनी रही है सौर पांचवी योजना के विभिन्न प्रकार के लक्यों पर उसका ग्या व कितना प्रसर पड़ा है ; सौर

(ख) मंहगाई और भाषिक संसाधनों को कमी को देखते हुए क्या योजनामों को प्रायमि-कताप्रो में भी फेर-बदल किना गया है मौर यदि हां, तो क्या ?

योजना मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (की बिद्या बरज शुक्ल) (क) झौद्योगिक कर्मवारियों के लिए झखिल भारतीय उनभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक में परिवर्तन होने के कारण जीवन निर्वाह मूल्य में वर्ष 1971-72, 1972-73 छौर 1973-74 में कमश: 3.2, 7.8 छौर 20.8 प्रतिशत की वृद्धि हुई। चानू , वित्तीय वर्य झर्नेन दिसम्बर, 1974 के दौरान इसमें 26.0 प्रतिशत की घीर वृद्धि हुई।

पांचवी योजना का प्रारूप 1972-73 के मूच्यों के प्रनुसार बनाया गया था। तब से जोवन-निर्वाह मूच्य प्रोर सामान्य मूच्य स्तर में जो वृद्धि हुई तथा प्रन्य घटनावें घटित हुई जैते प्रन्तरांग्ट्रोय मूच्यों खासकर कब्वे तेत भीर उपके उत्पादनों के मूच्यों में वृद्धि, के कारण पांचती योजना प्रारूग के सझ्यों प्रीर संकेनों पर भित्र-मित्र मात्राप्रों में प्रमात पड़ा । बहरहाज, इस समय इनका ठेकठ क क्या प्रमात पडा यह बताना सम्मद नहीं है ।

(च) इस सारे मामले पर विवार किंग जा रहा है। फिन्हाल वार्डिक योगरा 1975-76 इवि, सिंबाई झीर ऊर्जा साधनों जैसे विजनी, देल व कोयना को प्रावनिकडा देकर ठैयार को चा रही है।

Filling up of posts in Under Secretary and equipment cadres reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

212. SHRI HARI SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of posts, permanent and temporary separately, in the cadre of Under Secretary and equivalent in various departments of Government of India, as on 31st December, 1974:

(b) the total number of such posts reserved for Scheduled Castes/Tribes;

(c) the total number of reserved posts filled in as on 31st December. 1974: and

(d) the total number of officers selected against reserved posts in 1874 awaiting posting and the reasons for delay in posting them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS. DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARIMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHR! OM MEHIA): (a) According to the information available in the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms, as on 31-12-74 there were in the various Ministries/ Departments of the Government of India 731 posts of the rank of Under Secretary and equivalent, the appointments to which required approval of the Central Establishment Board. The information about break up of these posts into permanent and temporary ones is not readily available.

(b) and (c). The posts of Under Secretary and equivalent mentioned under (a) above are filled from amongst officers of the All-India Services, Central Services Class I, Central Secretariat Service, and State Civil Services. Except for the afficers of the Central Secretariat Service, the appointment of efficers of other Services is em tenure basis. There is an reportation for Scheduled Castas/Scheduled Tribes in the nosts of Under Secretary, However, the posts of Under Secretary filled by C.S.S. officers are treated as cadre posts in Grade I of the Central Secretariat Service. According to the General orders of reservations for SC/ ST candidates in promotions from Class II to the lowest rung of Class I posts 19 vacancies in Grade I of the CSS were available for promotion of Scheduled Caste and 10 for Scheduled Tribe officers out of a total of 125 vacancies in 1974. Against these vacancies 23 Scheduled Caste and 2 Scheduled Tribe officers were included in the Select Last.

Welthan Angeners

(d) 18 Scheduled Caste and 1 Scheduled Tribe officers included in the 1974 Select List for Grade I of the CSS are awaiting posting. Select List officers who cannot be absorbed in their own Ministries/Departments are placed at the disposal of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms for posting outside those Ministries/Departments. Two officers have not yet been declared available for posting elsewhere. The remaining 17 officers, who have been declared available for posting elsewhere, are being considered for appointment against available vacancies.

Power Sallare at Part Blake

213. SHRI S. D. SOMASUNDARAM: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the power failure is a continuing feature at Port Blair for the past six months;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor and action taken to bring it to normalcy:

(c) whether diesel consumption) material consumption in the Electricity department under Andaman Administration are exhorbitant and there is no regular audit being exercised; and

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(d) whether misuse of Electricity by the consumers is being allowed with connivance of the department's officials?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) and (b). The Power Supply in Port Blair is through a number of small thermal and diesel sets totalling 7 in all. Most of these sets are very old and at present only three sets are working. The total power available at present is 1040 KW as against a peak load demand of 1400 KW. One more set of 248 KW capacity is being overhauled. This is scheduled to be recommissioned by March 1975 which will improve the position considerably. Two additional sets have been purchased, one from Harvana State Electricity Board and the other from Gujarat State Electrieity Board. These sets are scheduled to be commissioned by the end of December, 1975.

(c) Regular autilt is being done in respect of the working of the Electricity Department. Keeping in view the age of the sets the consumption of oil cannot be considered exorbitant

(d) The Port Blair Administration have informed that a few cases of misuse of electricity in connivance with the officials of the Department had been reported and that, on enquiry, these allegations could not be proved.

Acquiring Land on Chowringhee Road, Calcutta

214, SHRI ANADI CHARAN DAS: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state

(a) whether Central Government are yet to decide for dropping acquisition proceeding for a land premisses on Chowringhes Road, Calcutta in which late lamented Railway Minister laid foundation stone for a private commercial building; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA). (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) There is a concentration of demand for telephones in and around this area.

Changes in Industrial Policy

215. SHRI P. A. SAMINATHAN: SHRI P. M. MEHTA:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Union Government are considering to readjust and modify its industrial policy:

(b) if so, the salient features of the proposed changes;

(c) the date on which these changes are likely to be announced; and

(d) to what extent such changes will be helpful for the growth of industries?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI) (a) to (d). The Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956 continues to govern Government's policies for achieving the objectives of growth, social justice and self-reliance in the industrial sphere. Within the broad frame-work of the Industrial Policy Resolution, Government have from time to time effected changes in the industrial licensing policy with a view to stimulating growth particularly in priority industries of importance to the national economy.

Hindi and Regional Languages Films Shown in the Film Festival

216. SHRI M. S. PURTY: SHRI N. E. HORO:

Will the Minister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether any Hindi film was shown in the International Film Festival held in the Capital;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(c) whether any films in the regional languages of India were also given any place and if so, the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY M'NISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR S'NHA). (a) Yes, Sir. N.ne Hindi films were screened.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Yes. Sir. Two Bengali films, two Kannada films, one Malayalam film and one Tamil film were screened.

Misrepresentation of Facts by Firms for Obtaining Licences

217. SHRI K. S. CHAVDA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the name of the agency which checks that there are no contraventions of industrial licensing policy and notifications issued thercunder by Government; and

(b) whether Government have received complaints that some firms have been misrepresenting facts in their applications and indulging in other irregularities and the number of cases in which Government have made inquiries during last three years and results thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI); (a) and (b). Applications for industrial licences are effectively scrutimised in the Sectt. for Industrial Approvals to ensure that all particulars relevant for examining the feasi! ility of the schemes are true and available and then they are further scrutinised by the administrative Ministries and technical authorities concerned before the cases are submitted to the Approval Comm tiees. The Approval Committees set up for considering industrial licence applications take a view consistent with the industrial licensing policy as laid down by Government from time to time.

Any complaints about irregularities committed by the firms, as and when received, are dealt with in the adminis traive Ministries concerned. No centralised data is maintained in this regard.

Paper Unit in Karnataka

218. SHRI K. MALLANNA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Central Government have given its clearance for the one hundred crore rupees paper unit in Karnataka:

(b) whether Hindustan Paper Corporation has on hand Rs. 400 crores project to set up paper plants in various parts of the country; and

(c) if so, the locations so far approved in various parts of the country?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) No Siz.

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to) and (c). The Hindustan Paper Corporation has the following on-going projects in hand.

- 1. Integrated pulp and paper mills at Tuli, Nagaland for an annual capacity of 30,000 tonnes of pulp/paper at an estimated cost of about Rs. 60 crores.
- 2. Newsprint project at Valuero, Kerala, for an annual capacity of 80,000 tonnes at an estimated cost of about 90 crores.
- Expansion programme of Madhya National Paper Mills Balagula, Karnataka at an estimated cost of about 30 crores.

Besides, the Corporation has done preparatory work on two projects for the setting up of paper mills of capacity of about 1 lakh tonnes each at Nowgong and Cachar in Assam.

पिछड़े झाविबानी क्षेत्रों के विकास के लिए मुविधाएं

219. थी भारत सिंह चौहान : व ा छायोग भीर नागरिक पूरिंग मंत्री यह बताने को करा करें कि

(क) क्या गत तीन वर्गे के दौरान पिछी झादिवासी क्षेत्रे में जी पीणक पिराप के लिए की र-कीत सी दितेर सुविदाएं प्रदान की गई हैं: झीर

(स्र) दी गई सुविवामों से उन क्षे तों को क्या-क्या लाम हर्?

उद्योग गौर नागरिक पूसि मंत्रानय में राज्य मंत्री (भी ए० पी० शर्मा):(क) पुरिंदा 43? जिते/ क्षेत्र वित देने वाली संस्व:वों से रियायडी दर पर वित पाने के इकदार हैं, इामें से कुछ को केन्द्र मरकार से पूरी दबडाव पाने के भी हकदार ये थिए कर विए वए हैं। उत्तर पूर्वी भारत के कुछ क्षेत्र उत्तरप्रदेश के पहाई जिले झौर हिमाचल प्र3ेश तथा जम्मू एरं काश्मीर भी पश्चिहन उपदान पाने के हवदार हैं। ध्रं चौरिक दृष्टि से चुने दुरु पिछड़े जिलों मे से झनेक जितों मे द्यादियानिया की घ्रधिक जनसंख्या वाले क्षेत्र भी शामिल है। केन्द्र इत्य शिछ डे प्रदिय सं क्षेत्रो मे विग्रे का उने गों को बढ़ चा देने के लिए इतके झलावा कोई मन्थ विगेर स्विधाये नही दी जानी हैं।

(ख) प्रश्न होनरी उठता।

Investigation into the Samastipur Bomb Blast and Death of Shri L. N. Mishra

229. SHRI MADHU LIMAYE. Will the Minister c' HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the CBI, has completed its investigation into the Samastipur Bomb Blast and into the death of Shri L, N M.shra at the Danapur Railway Hospital after a prolonged operation;

(b) whether the inquiry was not influenced and prejudiced by the allegations and prejudiced by the against the J. P. mevement and the Opposition, by the Prime Minister, who, incidentally, is in charge of the CBL, Intelligence Bureau and other investigating agencies, and

(c) whether the Prime Minister has stated in her interview with 'Link' that it was not 'important' who did the killing, and that it was the Opursition propaganda which was responsible for the assassination?

THE MIN'STER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) No, Sir.

(b) While the Prime Minister had on occasions condemned the agiiational activities which promote an atmosphere of violence, she did not refer to the identity of any individual or organisat.on as restponsible for the assessination of late Shri L. N. Mishra. The inquiry by the C.B.I. into the specific crime at Samastipur is in progress and has not been influenced by any extraneous factor.

(c) In the course of an interview as reported in the 1975 Republic Day Number of 'Link' the Prime Minister said that when an atmosphere of hatred, calumny and violence is fostered, it becomes easy for anyone to commit violence.

Dejhi Gurudwara Elections

221. SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR SINGH. Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to the Fress Reports in the third week of January, 1975 in which the President of Sikh Brotherbood International has demanded early Delhi Gurudwara Elections: and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto?

THE DEPUTY M'NISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) and (b). The Government have seen a report to this effect which appeared in the Hindustan Times dated 20-1 1975 Delni Administration has informed that mecessary arrangements are being made for holding the electors by 30-3-1975.

Agencies Investigating the Samastipus Bomb Blast

222. SHRI HARI KISHORE SINGH: Wil the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state the agency or agencies investigating the tragic Samastipur Bomb blast incident of and January, 1975 and the results thereof? THE MIN'STER OF HOME ATTAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY) Attention is invited to the statement la:d on the table of the House today in reply to Starred Question No. 25 of this House.

Location of Nuclear Power Station in Karnataka

223. SHRI G Y. KRISHNAN: Will the Minister of AlOMIC ENERGY bo pleased to state:

(a) whether any Central Team of Experts has inspected some areas in Karnataka for locating a nuclear power station; and

(b) if so, its findings and the reaction of Central Government thereto?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) Yes, S.r. A number of alternative sites have been investigated by the Site Selection Committee in the Southern Region including those in Karnataka.

(b) The report of the Committee on the Southern Region has just been received by the Government and is under examination.

Miners and Supervisory Staff working In Coal Mines in Madhya Pradesh

224. SHRI NITI RAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of miners, lower supervisory staff, Class II and Class I Officers and others working in coal mines in Madhys Pradesh;

(b) how many out of them are from Madhya Pradesh, separately, jor each class;

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(c) the reasons why a good percentage, even in lower classes drawing less than Rs. 500/- per month, are from outside Madhya Pradesh; and

(d) the steps taken to transfer outsiders to the mines in their States and employ local people?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (d). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House

कोयला उत्पायन

226. भी रामावतार झास्त्री : क्या ऊर्जा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि :

(क) क्या कोयले के उत्पादन में दृदि हई है ;

(12) यदि हा, तो जून. 1974 में जनवरी, 1975 के वीच कोयला उत्पादन के माद्रवार माकडे क्या है ; मौर

(ग) कोयने के उत्पादन में झौर अधिक बदि के लिए मरकार ने क्या योजना बनाई है ?

उन्जी मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (प्रोक सिद्धेद्वद प्रसाद) (ह) ग्रीर (ख) : जी. हां । जून, 1974 में भारत में कोयले का मास-बार उल्पादन इस प्रकार है ---

| मास | उत्पादन | | |
|---------------|--------------|--|--|
| | (लाख टनो मे) | | |
| | | | |
| जून, 1974 | 66.50 | | |
| जुलाई, 74 | 69 40 | | |
| घगस्त, 74 | 68.60 | | |
| सितम्बर, 74 | 69.50 | | |
| भ्रम्तुबर, 74 | 68.10 | | |
| नवम्बर, 74 | 71.60 | | |
| विसम्बर, 74 | 77.30 | | |
| जनवरी, 75 | 86.80 | | |
| | | | |

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(ग) इंग्रियराबमें न सुधार के लिए निम्न-लिखित उपाय किए गए हैं। 'धोपन कास्ट' खानों झौर यंत्रीकृत भूमिगन खानों में गहन म्रुंदाई, पुराने उपकरणों को बदलने के लिए झावश्यक नए उपकरणों की समय मे प्राप्ति, खानों का नवीनीकरण झौर पुनर्गठन, परिवहन सुविधाझों में तालमेल, बिजली की लगातार पूनि मुनिष्टित करना, वर्तमान खानो का विस्तार तथा लोहा व इम्पान, विस्फोटकों झौर झन्य निवेश सामग्री की समचित पति की व्यवस्था।

कांयला उत्पादन में वृद्धि के लिए पहले में किए गए उपायों के य्यतिस्कित, ग्रनेक नई खानों को विकसित कि ा जा रहा है तथा ग्रधिकाधिक खाना के विकास कार्यक्रम के लिए भी ग्रप्रिम कार्यवाही की जा रही है।

Annual Plan for U.P. for 1975-78

227 SHRI K. M 'MADHUKAR:' SHRI S. N. MISRA:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Uttar Pradesh Government have submitted a Rs. 493 crore plan for 1975-76 to the Planning Commission for clearance; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof and Central Government's decision thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA). (a) and (b) A statement indicating the proposals received from the Government of U.P for the State's Annual Plan 1975 76 in financial and physical terms is placed on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No, LT-8910/ 75] The size and content of the State Annual Plan 1975 76 of Uttar Pradesh is being finalised in the Planning Commission at both Official and Ministerial levels. 63

Alleged charges against Public Sector Bosses

228. SHRI M. KATHAMUTHU: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a reference made by the Central Vigilance Commissioner that Public Sector bosses are corruptible; and

(b) whether Government will place the full text of inaugural speech delivered on 6th January, 1975 at the 11th Orientation Course of Chief Vigilance Officers in New Delhi, on the Table of the Sabha?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS, DE-PARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MEHTA): (a) and (b). The full text of the maugural speech delivered by the Central Vigilance Commissioner on the 6th January, 1975, at the 11th Orientation Course of Chief Vigilance Officers in New Delhi has been placed in the Parliament Library. It is seen from the speech that while the Central Vigilance Commissioner has made certain observations regarding integrity among public servants, including executives employed in Public Undertakings. there is no statement in the speech that "public sector bosses are corruptible".

Atrocities on Harijans at North Damodar Colliery, Dugda

229. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to the atrocities committed on Harijans at North Damodar Colliery by officer-in-charge, Dugda in collusion with gangesters; and (b) if so, the action taken against the culprits for this beinous crime?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) and (b). Facts are being ascertained.

Films received for screening in the Film Festival

230. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: Will Will the Minister of INFORMA-AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of Films received for screening in the Fifth International Films Festival held in Delhi recently;

(b) how many of these films were selected by the screening committee for exhibition, both in competition and information sections, during the festival; and

(c) the guiding principles under which these films have been screened and selected?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA); (a) and (b). 47 feature films and 40 short films were entered in the Competition Section, of which 24 feature films and 22 short films were admitted in this Section of the festival. The remaining 23 feature films and 18 short films were eligible for the Information Section and were considered along with 128 feature films and 50 short films entered specifically for that Section. Of the total of 151 feature films and 68 short films. 118 feature films and 47 short films were admitted in the Information Section.

(c) The films which conformed to the aims and objectives of the festival as outlined in the Regulations of the Festival were selected for exhibition on the basis of their quality provided they did not offend the national feelings and susceptibilities of any of the participating countries.

Implementation of Compulsory Deposit Scheme in Cosl Mines

231. SHRI ROBIN SEN:

SHRI DHAMANKAR:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to the irregularities committed in the implementation of the Compulsory Deposit Scheme in the coal mines; and

(b) if so, what arrangements have been made by CMAL and Bharat Coking Coal Limited to maintain proper ledger accounts of the workers?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF SID-DHESHWAR PRASAD). (a) The attention of the Government has been drawn to the alleged irregularities in the implementation of the Compulsory Deposit Scheme in coal mines.

(b) The provisions of the Additional Emoluments Compulsory Deposit (Employees other than Employees of Government and Local Authorities) Scheme, 1974, including those relating to the maintenance of ledger accounts, which were issued by the Ministry of Finance in November, 1974, are heing implemented by the Coal Mines Authority Ltd. and Bharat Coking Coal Ltd.

Break-downs in Atomic Power Units

232. SHRI S. R. DAMANI Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state;

(a) whether atomic power generating units are experiencing repeated breakdowng in the current year; (b) if so, the facts thereof, like frequency of break-downs, causes and the loss of power generation;

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(c) whether indigenoug skill and knowhow are competent enough to restore the plants to normal working; and

(d) steps taken to work out permanent solution to make the plants dependable for power generation?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINIS-TER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINIS-TER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLAN-NING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) to (d). A statement is laid on the table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8911/75]

Criteria for selection of films for the Film Festival

2.33. SHRI C JANARDHANAN: Will the M.nister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) the composition of the Selection Committee for selecting films for the Fifth International Film Festival held in New Delhi;

(b) the criteria of selecting films;

(c) whether no Malayalam films including award winning 'Nirmalyam' was selected for competition films; and

(d) if so the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) The composition of the Selection Committee for selecting films for the Fifth International Film Festival was as follows:

1 Shri G. D. Khosla-Chairman

2. Shri H. C. Khanna

3. Shri V. D. Vyas.

4. SHRI S. M. Murshed.

- 5 Shri A. N. D Haksar.
- 6. Shri S. L. Nahata.
- 7. Shri Ramu Kariat
- 8 Shri Mohinder Singh
- 9. Kumarı Usha Bhagat.
- 10 Smt V. Mulay.
- 11. Smt Uma da Cunha (Upto 26th November, 1974 only)
- 12 Smt Shanta Sarbjeet Singh
- 13. Smt Aruna Vasudev
- 14. Smt Asha Seth.

(b) The criteria of selecting films was

(1) The films entered should be consistent with the objectives of the Festival

(11) The films should not offend national feeling and susceptibilities of any of the participating countries or were likely to promote racial discrimination.

(c) Malayalam film "Nellu" was entered in the competition section of the Festival but was not approved by the Selection Committee for inclusion in final screening programme "Nirmalayam" was not entered because of non-availability of sub-titled print

(d) Does not arise

Criteria for Selection of Theatres and supply of films in the Film Festival

234 SHRI JHARKHANDE RAI Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state

(a) whether the Fifth International Film Festival was conducted in New Delhi;

(b) if so, the theatres where the films were screened; and

(c) the criteria for selecting theatres and supplying films? THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATIOIN AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA). (a) Yes, Sir

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- (b) 1 Vigyan Bhavan
- 2 Mavlankar Hall
- 3 Odeon.
- 4 Plaza.
- 5. Regal.
- 6 Sapna.
- 7 Delite
- 8 Chanakva
- 9 Eros
- 10 Uphaar
- 11 Archana.
- 12 Paval
- 13 Delhi University Theatre
- 14 IIT Theatre
- 15 Pyarelal Enavan
- 16 Maharashtra Rangayan
- 17 Films Division Auditorium

13 Army Cinema

19 Deptt of Teaching Aids Theatre.

(c) The theatres were selected mainly on considerations of availability, quality of projection, suitability of rental charges, convenience of audience etc -

The programme package of films for each theatre was prepared to ensure equitable distribution

Enquiry regarding M/s. Shalimar Works Ltd , Calcutta

235 SHRI MANORANJAN HAZRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state.

(a) whether Government have instituted any enquiry regarding M/s. Shahmar Works Limited, Calcutta; and

(b) if so, outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLILES (SHRI A. C. GEORGE): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Demands made by workers of M/s. Shalimar Works Limited, Calcutta

236. SHRI MANORANJAN HAZRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether his Ministry's attention has been drawn to the demands made by the workers of M/s. Shaliman Works Limited, Calcutta for the take over of that company by Government;

(b) if so, the nature of such demands; and

(c) the reaction of Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A. C. GEORGE): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The demand broadly is for takeover of the Undertaking.

(c) Government has yet to finally react.

Purpose of conducting the Film Festival

237. SHRI S. A. MURUGANAN-THAM: Will the Minister of INFOR-MATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) the purpose supposed to be achieved by the Fifth International Film Festival held in New Delhi;

(b) whether the purpose was fulfilled; and

(c) if so, the broad outlines there-

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHR(DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) The aim of the Festival was:--

- (i) to provide a common platform for the cinematographies of the world to project the excellence of their film art;
- (ii) to contribute to the understanding and appreciation of the film cultures of different nations in the context of their social and cultural ethos; and
- (iii) to promote friendship and cooperation among different peoples of the world.
- (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) In the Fifth International Film Festival of India, altogether 142 feature films and 69 short films were screened from 46 countries. The Festival was attended by about 211 delegates.

Indo-Nepal settlement on Karnali Project

238 SHRI B. R. SHUKLA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Karnali project situated in Nepal territory has been abandoned;

(b) if not, whether any settlement between the Government of India and Nepal has been finalised; and

(c) by what time the work is likely to start in the said project?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (c). The terms of an agreement regarding the Karnali Project between His Majesty's Government of Nepal and the Government of India are still under consideration of both the Governments.

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Setting up of Heavy Engineering Units in Kerala

239. SHRI VARKEY GEORGE. Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government of Kerala have submitted a scheme for starting four heavy engineering units with the aid of Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited;

(b) if so, whether the Central Govermment have given their approval to these schemes; and

(c) the salient features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY INDUSTRY AND OF CIVII. SUPPLIES (SHRI Α. C. GEORGE): (a) to (c). Steel Industrials Kerala Lim.ted, submitted four proposals to Secretariat for Industrial Approvais for issue of Industrial Licence for the manufacture of :----

- (i) Steel Fabrication.
- (ii) Steel castings.
- (iii) Roller Bearings
- (iv) Steel Forgings.

The application for steel fabrication was rejected by the Lucensing Committee owing to acute shortage of raw materials and under-utilisation of existing capacity. The application for steel casting was also rejected by the Licensing Committee as adequate capacity for manufacture of this item already exists. They have represented against this decision and the representation is under consideration. The application for roller bearings has been received in the last week of January 1975 and is being processed. As regards steel forgings, the firm has been issued a Letter of Intent in October 1974 for the capacities mentioned below :---

- (i) Closed Die and Steel Forgings 4,250 tonnes p.a.
- (ii) Coil Springs 60,000 tonnes p.g.

.Steel Industrials Kerala Ltd., have sent a request in this month that BHEL should have an equify participation of Rs. 4 or Rs. 5 crores in these projects. This request is being examined in consultation with BHEL.

Participation by Indian Scientists in Exploration of Moon and Planets

240. SHRIMATI ROZA DESH-PANDE: Will the Minister of SPACE be pleased to state:

(a) whether India would soon take part in exploration of moon and planets;

(b) whether Indian scientists haben invited to instal research instruments in the Soviet Space Vehicles to moon and planets; and

(c) if so, the facts thereof?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINIS-TER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINIS-TER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLANN-ING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI); (a) India is already taking part in the exploration of the moon by studying moon rock samples brought back to earth by US and Russian space programmes.

(b) There are no definite plans for installing research instruments in Soviet Space Vehicles to the moon and the planets although the possibility has been considered.

(c) Does not arise.

Employment for educated unemployed in Maharashira

241. PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE; Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state;

(a) whether any scheme for providing employment opportunities for the educated unemployed in Maharashtra has been submitted to the Planning Commission; (b) whether the Chief Minister of Maharashtra has recently accused the Government in public that the Commission has watered down the scheme.

(c) whether Government propose to reconsider the scheme; if so, when; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) Under the Employment Promotion Programme 1974-75, the State Government of Maharashtra had submitted a set of 6 schemes for providing employment opportunities for the educated unemployed. 4 schemes which were found to be in conformity with the Guidelines for the Programme, were sanctioned with a total outlay of Rs. 173 99 lakhs.

(b) No. Sir.

(c) and (d) Question does not arise.

Redressal of grievances of Government employees

242 SHRI S M. BANERJEE Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) whether under the existing rules, Government employees are precluded to approach the Members of Parliament for redressal of their grievances;

(b) whether any clarifications have been issued to that effect, and

(c) if not, the steps taken by Govermment to amend the rules?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS, DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MEHTA): (a) Rule 20 of the Central Civil Services (Conduct) Rules, 1964 lays down that no Government servant shall bring or attempt to bring any political or other influence to bear upon any superior authority to further his interests in respect of matters pertaining to his service unde rthe Government. A similar provision exists in Rule 18 of the All India Services (Conduct) Rules, 1968 in respect of officers belonging to the All India Services.

(b) Instructions have been issued in November, 1974 drawing the attention of Government servants to the aforesaid provisions of the Conduct Rules and impressing upon them that they are not expected to approach Members of Parliament or of a State Legislature for sponsoring their individual cases

(c) Does not arise.

Indian equity participation in foreign Companies

244. SHRI SAT PAL KAPUR: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the percentage of Indian equity participation suggested by the FERA (Foreign Exchange Regulation Act) CELL in the case of branches of foreign companies in consumer products and particularly in the cases of Cadbury Fry, Colgate Palmolive, Coca Cola Export Corporation and Cheese Borough Ponds: and

(b) the period within which the suggestion is to be implemented by the companies and the steps taken or proposed to be taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) and (b). Applications under the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, received by the Reserve

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Bank of India are still under consideration of the Reserve Bank of India. It is expected that the Bank will take decisions thereon in keeping with the guide-lines which were issued by the Ministry of Finance and which were laid on the table of the House.

Dues Payable to Delhi Municipal Corporation

245, SHRI ISHAQUE SAMBHALI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Union Government the Delhi Administration, the New Delhi Municipal Committee and Delhi

Development Authority together owed to Rs. 12.36.39.000 to the Delhi Municipal Corporation for various services rendered to them; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof and the measures being taken for the recoverv?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN); (a) and (b). The Municipal Corporation of Delhi has informed that the following dues are outstanding against Union Gov-ernment, Delhi Administration, New Delhi Municipal Committee and Delhi Development Authority:---

| 1. Arrears of property tax service charges upto 12/74 | oo lakhs (Approx.) |
|---|--------------------|
| 2. Tax on consumption, sale or supply of electricity due from the NDMC upto 12/74 . Rs. 500 | oo lakhs (Approx.) |
| 3. Realization of fines through Courts due from the Delhi Administration Rs. 51 | 42 lakhs. |
| 4. Outstanding claim for the apportionment of ex- penditure on the maintenance of Delhi Fire Service due from the NDMC upto 3/74 . Rs. 86-1 | 17 lakhs |
| 5. Over-spent amount on slum and JJ Schemes (payable by the Government of India) . Rs. 67-60 | o lakhs |
| 6. Establishment charges on slum projects (pay- able by the Govt.) Rs. 31 20 | lakhs |
| TOTAL | 9 lakhs |

The position in respect of each of the aforesaid items is as under :---

(1) Arrears of property Tax/Service Charges :

| The demand under this head | consi | sts of | f the | follo | wing :— | |
|--|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------------|--|
| (i) Ministry of Works & Hou | sing | | | Rs. | 188-64 lakhs | |
| (ii) Delhi Administration | | • | • | Rs. | 159-24 lakhs | |
| (iii) Railways | | | • | Rs. | 6·33 lakhs | |
| (iv) Delhi Development Autho | ority | | | Rs. | 79.00 lakhs | |
| (v) Various Ministrics of the Central Government viz. Defence, Civil Aviation, Food and Agriculture, Chemical, Labour and Employment, Information and Broadcasting, Communications, Rehabilitation . Rs. 65.97 lakhs | | | | | | |

TOTAL

Bulk of this amount is contested by the concerned authorities on the question as to what should be the unit of property for the purposes of assessment, the rate of calculation of tax and the quantum of services charges payable by them. The matter is under consideration of Ministry of Works and Housing.

(2) Tax on consumption, sale or supply of electricity due from the NDMC:

Regarding tax on consumption, sale of supply of electricity, the NDMC has challenged the legality of the demand. The dispute has been going on since 1960. Both the MCD and the NDMC had obtained legal advice and conflicting opinions were given on this legal issue by eminent jurists. There was a meeting between the Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs and the Mayor on 7-1-1975 and as agreed to at the meeting the matter was discussed further on 28-1-1975 by officers of the MCD, NDMC and the Ministry of Home Affairs. There has, however, been no agreement so far regarding the procedure to be followed for resolving the dispute.

(3) Realization of fines through courts due from Delhi Administration:

The Corporation is pursuing the matter with the Delhi Administration and the High Court of Delhi. This claim has been brought to the notice of these authorities.

(4) Outstanding claim for the apportionment of expenditure on the maintenance of Delhi Fire Service due from the NDMC;

The Lt. Governor, Delhi was asked to examine the matter. A reply has been received from Delhi Administration on 25-1-1975 that Secretary (LSG) Delhi Administration is examining the matter in consultation with the officers of the Municipal Corporation of Delhi and the New Delhi Municipal Committee. (5) Over-spent amount on slam and JJ Scheme:

(6) Establishment charges on slum projects:

The Municipal Corporation of Delhi is pursuing this matter with the Delhi Development Authority and the Delhi Administration. These claims have been brought to the notice of these authorities.

विछडी जातियों की जनसंख्या

246 भी मुलको राजसैनी: क्या गृह मंत्री यह बनाने की कृपा करेगे कि :

(क) श्री काका कालेलकर ग्रायोग की सूची में ग्राने वाली पिछड़ी जानियों के नाम क्या है ;

(ख) देश में उनकी जनसंख्या कितनी है ;

(ग) राज्यवार उनकी जनसंख्या कित**नी** है ; ग्रीर

(घ) केन्द्रीय सरकार इ.रा उन्हे क्या सुविधाये ग्रीर सहायना दी जा रही है ?

गृह मंत्राखय में उपगंत्री (भी एफ॰ एष० मोहसिन) : (क) से (ग) : पिछड़े वर्ग मायांग ढारा मन्य पिछडे वर्गों के रूप में मान्यता देने के लिए जिन जानियों के नामों की मिफारिश की है वे पिछडे वर्ग मायोग की रिपोर्ट के खण्ड 11 मे समाहित है जिसको 3 मितम्बर, 1956 को सभा पटल पर रखा गया था। मायोग ने मपनी रिपोर्ट में 1951 में उनकी मनुमानित जन संख्या के बारे में जाकी मनुमानित जन संख्या के बारे में भी सूचना दी है । किन्तु मनुसूचित जानियों तथा मनुसूचित जनआतियों को छोड कर प्रलग म्रलग जातियों की गणना विभिन्न जनका में नहीं की जाती है यत: इन जातियों के बारे में जन-संख्या के ठीक ठीक मांकडे उपसब्ध नहीं है। (ध) चूकि भारत सरकार ने अनुसूचित जातियों तथा अनुसूचित जनजातियों को छोड़ कर पिछड़े वर्गो की कोई सूची नही बनाई है, ग्रतः पांचवी पंच वर्षीय योजना में सम्मिलित न्यूनतम ग्रावश्यकता कार्यक्रम तथा ग्रन्थ कार्य कर्मो को छोड़ कर केन्द्रीय सरकार ढारा कोई विशेष सुविधा भ्रथवा सहायता नही दी गई है।

Increase in Central assistance to States

247. SHRI D. B. CHANDRA GOWDA;

Will the Minister of PLANNING 'be pleased to state:

(a) whether Central Government are in no mood to increase the quantum of Central assistance to States despite very strong pressure from them;

(b) whether mobilisation of additional resources by States during 1974-75 had been higher than the previous year; and

(c) if so, whether Central Government propose to increase the Central assistance?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) to (c). The Central Government has always been alive to the financial needs of the States for their economic development. But, due to constraint of resources at the Centre, it has not been possible to increase the quantum of normal Central assistance for State Plans in the current financial year beyond the level of 1973-74. However, an additional assistance of Rs. 25 crores has been allocated for hill and tribal areas and of another Rs. 10 crores for the programmes of the North Eastern Council. Besides, the States affected by drought and floods are likely to be given an advance assistance of the order of Rs. 55 crores for their Plans in the current year to

enable them to tackle the drought/ flood situation.

The additional resource mobilisation undertaken by the States in the current year has been considerably higher than that during the previous year but this, by itself, does not entitle them for increase in Central assistance.

Reported statement of Maharashtra Chief Minister on employment guarantee and cotton monopoly purchase schemes

248. SHRI DINEN BHATTACHAR-YA:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state;

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to the reported speech of Shri V. P. Naik, Chief Minister of Maharashtra alleging that the Central Government is trying to sabotage the employment guarantee and cotton monopoly purchase schemes of this State Government;

(b) if so, when the schemes were sent to the Centre: and

(c) the reaction of the Central Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) to (c). Cotton Monupely Purchase Scheme:

Cotton Monopoly Purchase The Scheme of Maharashira Government is in operation, and the question of sabotage by the Central Government does not arise. The State Government may be facing some difficulty due to non-availability of sufficient funds, but the question has to be considered, keeping in view the credit restrictions imposed by the Reserve Bank of India and the need to reduce inflationary pressures in the economy.

Employment Guarantee Scheme:

This scheme is also in operation and the question of its being sabotaged by the Centre does not arise. The State Government is likely to incur an expenditure of Rs. 10 crores on this scheme in the current year. The Draft Annual Plan proposals for 1975-76 received from Maharashtra Government include a proposed outlay of Rs. 50 crores for this scheme. These proposals will be kept in view while finalising the State's Annual Plan.

Sale of Power Houses by U.P.

249. SHRI S. N. MISRA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Uttar Pradesh Government consulted the Central Government before selling certain power houses to private parties in the State;

.

(b) the names of places where these power houses are situated together with their capacity and the prices at which they were sold; and

(c) whether these power houses are at present generating electricity to their full capacity?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SID-DESHWAR PRASAD): (a) No, Sir.

(b) A statement indicating places where the various thermal stations were situated prior to sale together with their capacity and the prices at which the equipment were sold is attached.

(c) No. Sir.

STATEMENT

Statement giving details of the equipment installed at the various thermal power stations sold by U.P. State Electricity Board.

| SI, No. | Datails of the Michines | Name of the place where located | Capacity of the machine in Mw | Price settled after negotiation |
|------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | | | Rs. |
| 1. KES | Α., | Kanpur | I. 3 | 7,50.000.00 |
| Set v | r Stations Generating Sets with (Nos. 1 to 6&8) with boder No. 7, 9, 10 | Kasimpur | I 10 I 5 I 7 5 | 29,96,436 [,] 10 19,50,000 00 |
| Sets y | wal Power House, Generating with botter 3 Nos. rith 2 Nos. Botter | Faizabad | 2 × 1 25 2 • 1 | 9,25,000,00 7,75,000°00 |
| 4. Ram | pur Power House | Rampur | 2 1 | 3,50,000,00 |
| | rating sets with boiler | • | 1 2 2 | 3,00,000.00 |
| | with 6 Nos. bollers | | 1 1 6' 1 × 3· 125 | 3 6,00,000 00 |
| boiler | is | Allahabad | 2 1 | 1,27,786.00 |
| 6. LES boiler | U, Generating Sets with | Lucknow | 1 × 1 * 25 1 × 1 25 | 78,893.00 6.25,000 00 |
| ing S | mpur Power House. Generat- ets rith 2 Nos. boilers | Gonda | 1 1 1 > 2 1 ~ 0'4 | 58,172-00 1,16,344-71 1,26,666-66 |
| | dausi Power House, Generat- ets with 5 Nos. Bollers | Chandaus | 3 * 3 2 | 1,05,06,000-00 |
| 9. Sitap | ur Set with boiler | Sitepur | 1 > 0.3 | 1,55,000-00 |

Central Assistance to States during 1975-76

250 SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA Will the Minister of PLANN-ING be pleased to state

(a) whether State Governments have urged the Planning Commission to increase the quantum of central assistance to States for the year 1975-76; and

(b) if so, the reaction of the Central Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE (SHR1 MINISTRY OF PLANNING VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA) (a)and (b) Yes, Sir In view of severe constraints on resources the State specifically ie-Governments were quested to assume Central assistance for formulating their Draft proposals for Annual Plan 1975-76 at the level of 1974-75 Since the discussions with the States on their Draft proposals for 1975-76 have recently concluded, the Plan sizes and the scheme of financing of each State Plan are under consideration

Rebels sway in Mizoram

251 SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether attention of Government has been drawn to the news repoit appearing in an English daily dated the 16th January, 1975 under the caption 'Rebels sway in Mizoram',

(b) if so, the reaction of Government to the points listed therein, and

(c) the effective steps taken to check the activities of the underground Mizoram army?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H MOHSIN) (a) Yes, Sir. (b) There is no truth in the report that adequate security measures were not taken in Mizoram

(c) The security measures have been further strengthened to check the unlawful activities of the Mizorebels

Security Measures in Aijal in Mizoram

252 SHRI NIMBALKAR Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) wheher Government have taken strict security measures after the outrage in Aijal in Mizoram, and

(b) if so, the measures taken?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) (a) and (b). Yes Sir The security measures in the whole of Mizoram have been further tightened up following the killing of three top police officers in Aijal. Security Forces are maintaining constant vigilance

Revocation of Emergency

253 SHRIMATI BIIARGAVI THANKAPPAN Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether Government propose to revoke the emergency in the near future, and

(b) if so, by when?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H. MOHSIN). (a) and (b). The matter is under constant review.

84

Reorganisation of Planning Commission

254 SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Planning Commission has been reorganised:

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof; and

(c) whether all the key positions have been filled; and

(d) how far it is going to help in improving the working of the Planning Commission?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELLECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE. MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) to (d). There has been no reorganisation of the Planning Commission as such. But following the resignation of Shri D. P. Dhar, Shri P. N. Haksar has been appointed full-time Deputy Chairman of the Commission from 4th January, 1975. Some vacancies in key positions in the Commission have not as yet been filled.

उग्जैन ने प्रवाशित होने वाले हिन्दी दैनिक "ग्रानितका" को हिया गया ग्रखबारी का 'ज का कोटा

255. श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय : क्या सचना ग्रौर प्रसारण मंत्री 20 दिसम्बर, 1974 के ग्रतारांकित प्रश्ने संख्या 5493 के उत्तर के संबंध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) वर्ष 1972-73 के दौरान तथा वर्ष 1973-74 में उज्जैन मध्य प्रदेश से प्रकाशित होने वाले एक हिन्दी दैनिक 'यवन्तिका' को वर्षवार अखबारी कागज का कोटा तथा तद्यं ग्रखदारी कागज का कोटा कितना दिया गया है ;

(ख) क्या इसकी बिकी के आंकड़े फिर बढ़ा-चढ़ा कर वताए गए हैं जब कि इस संबंध में वास्तविक ग्रांकडे 1000 से 1200 प्रतियों तक हैं ; ग्रौर

(ग) क्या सरकार का विचार इस मामले की जांच करवाने का है ग्रौर यदि हां, तो কৰ।

सूचना ग्रौर प्रसारण मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री धर्मवीर सिंह) : (क): उज्जैन के हिन्दी दैनिक 'ग्रवन्तिका' को दिए गए ग्रखबारी कागज के 'तदर्थ' कोटे का वर्षवार ब्यौरा इस प्रकार है :--

- 1972-73 में 25 टन का पदर्थ ग्रावण्डन किया गया L
- 1973-74 में 15 टन का तदर्थ ग्रावण्टन किया गया ।

(ख) प्रकाशक ने 1972-73 की

5179 प्रतियों की तथा 1973-74 को 4096 प्रतियों की खपत संख्या का दावा किया । खपत संख्या के मुल्यांकन को झन्तिम रूप नहीं दिया गया क्योंकि रिकार्ड केन्द्रीय जांच ब्युरो द्वारा जांच के लिए ले लिये गये थे।

(ग) केन्द्रीय जांच ब्युरो की रिपोर्ट सरकार को मिल गई है और वह अभी विचारा-धीन है ।

Allocation of Funds for Electrification of Tribal areas during 1973-74 and 1974-75

256. SHRI ANNASAHEB GOT-KHINDE:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state the funds allocated to different States for the electrification of tribal areas during the years 1973-74 and 1974-75 year-wise and State-wise?

85

87 Written Answers FEBRUARY 19, 1975 Written Answers

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): No separate allocation of fund has been made for electrification of tribal areas exclusively. The Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd., a public enterprise set up in the Central Sector has, during these years, sanctioned loan assistance of Rs. 23.78 crores for rural electrification in areas/taluqs having predominantly tribal population. The details are given in the statement enclosed.

STATEMENT

Statement showing year-wise and State-wise break-up of loans sanctioned by Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd., in 1973-74 and 1974-75 (upto 13-2-1975) in respect of rural electrification/schemes for areas taluks having predominantly tribal population.

| Sl. No. | | N | lame of | State | | Amount of sanctioned | | | loan |
|---------------------|---|------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|----------------------|------------|-------|---------|
| | | | | | | | 1973-74 | 1974 | -75 |
| | | atat madia | anth ago guard a sa dh'fhanann a a | andarselining para katik | | (In l | akhs of Ru | pces) | ******* |
| 1. Andhra Pradesh | | | | | 21 | 460 | | 165 | 473 |
| 2. Assam | | | | | | | | 97 | 315 |
| 3. Bihar | | • | • | | 109 | 784 | | 559 | 385 |
| 4. Himachal Pradesh | • | | • | • | 27 | 508 | | | |
| 5. Madhya Pradesh | • | | • | • | 264 | 558 | | 283 | 220 |
| 6. Maharashtra | | | | | 71 | 900 | | | |
| 7. Meghalaya | | • | | | 23 | 750 | | | |
| 8. Orissa | | | | | 25 | 720 | | 295 | 029 |
| 9. Rajasthan | • | • | • | • | 66 | 714 | | 228 | 747 |
| to. Tripura | | | | | | • | | 78 | 969 |
| 11. West Bengal | | | | | 59 | 503 | | | |
| | | | TOTAL | | | 197 | - | 1,708 | |

Financial Assistance to Kali Power Project in Karnataka

257. SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the total Central financial assistance given so far to Kali Power Project in Karnataka; and

(b) the progress made and amount spent on the project so far?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) With a view to helping the Government of Karnataka to accelerate the work or the Kalinadi project, the Central Government had agreed, as a purely temporary arrangement, to allocate assistance outside the State Plan for Phase II of the project for the last two years of the Fourth Five Year Plan period. Accordingly, a Central susstance of Rs. 25,27 crores was given to the State Government during 1972-73 and 1973-74. As regards the Fifth Plan, the outlay on this project will be met from the State Plan resources.

(b) Orders for the generating plant and equipment have been placed on M/s. BHEL. Civil works are in various stages of progress. An expenditure of Rs. 29.40 crores has been incurred during the Fourth Five Year Plan and the anticipated expenditure for the year 1974-75 is Rs. 14.06 crores.

Annual Plan outlay for States and Union Territories

258. SHRI CHINTAMANI PANI-GRAHI Will the Minister of PLANN-ING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the annual plan outlay for 1975-76 has been finalised; for all the States and Union territories;

(b) if so, the outlays finalised for each State and Union territory; and (c) the plan outlays for each State in 1974-75 and the utilisation, Statewise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA); (a) to (c). The discussions on the Annual -Plans 1975-76 of States have since concluded, both at official and ministerial levels. On the basis of these discussions, the Annual Plan size of each State is in the process of being As regards the Annual finalised. Plans of Union Territories which have since been finalised, a Statement placed on the Table of the House indicating the outlays approved by the Planning Commission for 1975-76 along with the approved outlays for 1974-75 and the anticipated expenditure as reported by the respective Union Territories for that year. Similar information regarding Annual Plan 1974-75 for States is also indicated in the Statement attached.

| | | | | 3 | latem | ent | | | | |
|--------------------|------|---|---|---|-------|-----|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | (Rs | : crores) |
| State Union Territ | tory | | | | | | | Aproved outlay for 1974-75 | Antici- pated expendi- ture for 1974-75 | Approved outlay for 1975-76 |
| I | | | | | | | | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Andhra Pradesh | • | • | • | | • | | | 127-39 | 137 89 | Not yet decided |
| Assem | • | • | ٠ | • | • | • | • | 53-66 | 61 · 63 | Do. |
| Bihar | | | | | • | | • | 140-27 | 168 -98 | Do. |
| Gujarat | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | 143 32 | 140 [,] 98 | Do. |
| Haryana | | | | | | | | 81-60 | 79.00 | Do. |
| Himachal Pradesh | | | _ | | | | | 31 · 16 | 33-30 | Do. |

Statement

| ø | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

r 2 3 4 7. Jammu & Kashmir Do. 48.00 52 84 8. Karnaraka 115 75 Do. 110 75 o. Kerala Do. 73.89 75.49 . 10 Madhva Pradesh Do. 152 25 152 63 TI. Maharashtra Do. 275 84 275 85 . az. Manipur 12 06 12 35 Do. . . 13. Meghalava 13 63 13 53 Do 14. Nagaland Do 14 00 15 32 m Orissa 71 24 81 01 Do 16 Puniab 126 52 Do 107 87 17. Rajasthan 89 46 Do. 77 85 18. Tamil Nadu 112 00 158 42 Do Do 19 Tripura 11 00 10 91 20 Uttar Pradesh 439 16 \mathbf{D}_0 255 19 21. West Bengi 14- 57 150 32 Do. Do Contral issistance for Hill & Fribal areas 25 00 TOTAL-STATE 2015 74 2390 4 Do 1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands 1 67 5 50 5 20 2 Arunachal Pradesh 7 25 7 22 7 65 3 Chandigarh 5 05 5 23 5 35 o 90 0 18 10 01 4 Dadra & Nagar Haveli 5 Goa Daman & Diu 12 00 17 61 12 97 6 Delhi 43 36 50 50 45 00 0 83 0 83 7 Lakshdwcep 0 75 8. Mizoram 6 90 7 26 7 25 9. Pondich rry 5 25 4 37 5 14 Total-Union Territories 88 30 9I 43 96 tO Grand Total.-2481 77 2174 14

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दक्षिण भारतीय नगरों के लिए मुरेना से बुक किए टंक काल

259. श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय : क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की कुपा करेगे कि :

(क) वर्षे 1972-73 मौर 1973-74 के दौरान दक्षिण भारतीय नगरों के लिए मुरैना से कितने ट्रंक काल किए गए मौर उसमें मे मावण्यक तथा साधारण कालों की मलग भ्रलग सख्या कितनी है ; :ध

(ख) कालो के तुक करने में तथा उसके उपयोग में कितने ममय का ग्रन्तराल है ;

(ग) क्या मुरैना में श्वालियर, खालियर में आगरा सौर आगरा में दक्षिण भारत के लिए ट्रेक काल को लाइने जुडी हुई है नथा खालियर में दक्षिण भारत के नगर को मोधी टलीकोन की लाइने नही है . सौर

(घ) ग्वालियर में दक्षिण भारत क. मीधो ट्रेक काल की लाइन की व्यवस्था करने थे लिए क्या प्रबन्ध करने का विचार है ?

संचार मंत्री (डा॰ शंकर बयाल शर्मा): (इ., प्रौर 'ख) ट्रंक काल टिकटे छह महीने तक रखी जाती है। इसके बाद इन्हें नष्ट कर दिया जाता है। प्रत टच्छित सूचना उपलब्ध नही है। प्रत्येक तिमाही की एक दिन की म्रबधि के प्रक्षण पर माधारित सांख्यिकीय सूचना में यह पता चलता है कि मुरैना शहर में दक्षिण भारत के शहरों को रोजान मौसतन् 28 कालें होती है जिनमें प्रभावी कालें 40 प्रतिशत होती है ग्रीर लगभग 7 घन्टे का मौसतन विलम्ब होता है।

(ग) जी हां, । लेकिन इस के म्रतिरिक्त मुरैना में मागरा के लिए दो सीघे मागं (माउटलेट) उपलब्ध है जिन से देश के सभी महत्व पूर्ण झहरों के साथ संबंध स्थापित होता है । 3454 LS-4 (घ) ग्वालियर को दक्षिण भारत के गहरो के साथ स्नापरेटर डार्यालग द्वार। जोड़ने के प्रस्ताव पर किमाग किचार कर रहा है।

Bomb Blast at Samastipur Railway Station

260. SHRIMATI SAVITRI SHYAM; SHRI SHANKAR DAYAL SINGH:

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA.

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether some persons were injured and some died in the incident of bomb blast at Samastipur Railway Station on the 2nd January, 1975;

(b) if so, the number thereof and the number of Railway employees, their family members and relatives arrested and interrogated so far in the matter; and

(c) the compensation paid or proposed to be paid to each victim?

MIN1STER OF HOME THE K. BRAHAMA-AFFAIRS (SHRI NANDA REDDY): (a) and (b). According to information received from the Government of Bihar, about 28 persons were injured in an explosion at Samastipur railway station on the 2nd January, 1975. Of them, three persons, namely Shri L. N. Mishra, former Railway Minister, Shri Surai Narain Jha. MLC. Bihar and Shri R. K. P. S. Kishore, an employee of the North-Eastern Railway, died subsequently. A case has been registered in this connection and is being investigated by the Central Bureau of Investigation. It will not be in the interests of proper investigation to disclose at this stage the details of the persons examined or apprehended.

(c) Bihar Government have reported that they have decided to pay Rs. 10,000 as ex-gratia grant besides a monthly pension to the widow of Shri FEBRUARY 19, 1975

Suraj Narain Jha, M.L.C. Further information is being collected from the concerned authorities

Responsibility for Security arrangements at Samastipur Railway Station on 2-1-75

261 SHRI HARI KISHORE SINGH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state the agency responsible for security arrangements at Samastipur iailway station on the occasion of inaugural function of Samastipur-Muzaffaipur broad guage line on the 2nd January, 1975[°]

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) The security arrangements at Samastipur raikway station on the occasion of the inaugural function of Samastipur-Muzaffarpun broad gauge line on the 2nd January, 1975 were n side by the State Government

Application of the Laws in Goa, Daman and Diu

262 SHRI NITI RAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to siste

(a) whether all the laws that apply to Indian citizens also apply to Indians living in Goa, Daman and Diu,

(b) if not, the reasons for this discrimination, and

(c) when will all the laws that apply to the rest of India would apply also to Goa, Daman and Diu?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHEF F. H. MOHSIN). (a) to (c). The operation of all Portuguese laws, which were in force in Goa, Daman and Diu, immediately before 20th December, 1961 i.e., the date on which these egress were made into a Union

territory, was continued by the Goa. Daman and Diu (Administration) Act. 1962 enacted by Parliament, until amended or repealed by a competent Legislature or other competent authority Many of those laws have since been replaced by Central Acts and laws enacted by the legislature of the Union territory. The question of replacing the remaining Portuguese laws is also receiving the consideration of the Government of the Union territory on the basis of recommendations made by the Law Commission appointed by that Government.

Security arrangements made by Railway Administration at Samastipur Railway Station on 2-1-75

263. SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) what was the overail security arrangements made by the Hailway Administration at the time of inauguration of the newly built Samastipur-Muzaffarpur bload gauge line at Samastipur Railway Station on the 2nd January, 1975 where grenade explosion took place leading to mortal injury, and tragic death of late Shri L. N. Mishra, Railway Minister, and

(b) whether any investigation about the adequacy of these arrangements has been made and if so, the results thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN); (a) The security arrangements at the time of the mauguration of the newly built Samastipur-Muzaffarpur broad gauge line at Samastipur Railway Station on the 2nd January, 1975 were made by the State Government.

(b) A judge of the Supreme Court has been appointed as a Commission of Inquiry to inquire inter alia into the nature and adequacy of the measures taken to afford necessary protection and security to the Union Minister of Railways on the above occasion. The Commission's report 15 awaited.

Steps taken to Prevent Bomb Blast at Samastipur

264. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA; Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the R.P.F. and Railway Intelligence staff failed to detect and prevent the bomb blast at Samastipur; and

(b) if so, the responsibility fixed and departmental action taken for this failure?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI K BRAHAMA-NANDA REDDY); (a) and (b). A Commission of Inquiry consisting of Shri Justice K. K. Mathew has been appointed under the Commission of Inquiry Act. 1952 for conducting a comprehensive inquiry into the facts and circumstances pertaining to the explosion at Samastipur on 2nd Janu-1975. The Commission will arv inquire inter alia into the nature and adequacy of the measures taken for the protection and security of Shri L. N. Mishra at the time of the incident. The Commission is expected to complete its inquiry and submit its report to the Government within three months. Further action in regard to lapses, if any, will be considered on receipt of the report of the Commis-, sion.

Late arrival of Special Train carrying Railway Minister from Samastipur to Danapar

265. SHRI SHANKAR DAYAL SINGH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether as reported in the press, the special train carrying the

Railway Minister started from Samastipur two hours after the bomb blast that caused the death of the Railway Minister and it took about eight hours to reach Danapur whereas it normally takes only three hours;

(b) the facts in this regard and whether anybody has been held responsible therefor;

(c) whether action has been taken against some Railway employees; and

(d) if so, the salient features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HOME K BRAHAMA-AFFAIRS (SHRI NANDA REDDY); (a) to (d). According to information available with Government, the special train carrying the injured Railway Minister left Samastipur on completion of necessary operational and security requirements after about 2 hours of the explosion on the 2nd January 1975 and covered the distance between Samastipur and Danapur in 3 hours 35 minutes.

A Commission of Inquiry consisting of Shri Justice K. K. Mathew of the Supreme Court has been appointed under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952 to inquire into all the aspects pertaining to the explosion. The Commission has commenced its work and is expected to complete its finquiry and submit its report within three months.

Amount owed to IOC and Coal Mines by DESU

266. SHRI M. RAMGOPAL REDDY: SHRI R. S. PANDEY:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whethher DESU owes substantial amount to IOC and to some coal Mines; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor and the particulars of debts?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) and (b). As on 12th February 1975, no amount was due from DESU to M/s. IOC for supply of oil.

The arrears payable by DESU to the suppliers of coal on 15th February, 1975 were as under:—

(i) M/S BCCL Rs. 101 oo lakhs

(ii) M S CMAL Rs. 42. 50 lakhs

These cash arrears have accumulated due to acute financial stringency of the Undertaking.

Mini-Newsprint Plant in Orissa

267. SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state

(a) whether Government propose to set up mini-newsprint plants in Orissa; and

(b) if so, the facts thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

P.C.Os. and Post Offices in South Kanara District

268. SHRI P. R. SHENOY: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS Le pleased to state:

(a) the total number of public call offices in South Kanara District of Karnataka State, block-wise;

(b) the number of places (with names) where demands for post offices have been made since 1st April, 1972, block-wise, and the demands not complied with; and

(c) the reasons for not complying with the demand in each case? THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) Total No. of PCOs in South Kanara Distt. of Karnataka State, block-wise are given below:--

Written Answers

| 1 Belthangady | | | | 6 |
|---------------|---|---|---|----|
| 2 Bantwel | | | | 8 |
| 3 Koondepur | • | • | • | 10 |
| 4 Karkala | | | | 12 |
| 5 Mangalore | • | | • | 7 |
| 6 Pattur. | | | | 5 |
| 7 Udipi | • | | | 14 |
| 8 Sullia | | | | 5 |

(b) The relevant particulars are given below:--

1. Mangalore Block

| 72 - 73 | • | • | • | Nil |
|---------|---|---|---|--------------------------|
| 73- 74 | • | | | (1) Blambi 2) Chembur |
| 74-75 | | | | Nil |

2. Bartval Block

| 72 - 73 | ٦ | |
|---------|---|-----|
| 73- 74 | ÷ | Nil |
| 74-75 | J | |

3. Puttur Block

| 72 - 73 | Kemmara |
|---------|---------|
| 73-74 | Pernaje |
| 74-75 | Nil |

4. Belthangady Block

| Nil Gandhi-Bagilu | and | Bender |
|----------------------|-----|--------------------------|
| | | Nil Gandhi-Bagilu and |

74-75 Nil

| 5. Sullia Block | |
|-----------------|--|
|-----------------|--|

- 72-73 Nil 73-74 Duggaladka 74-75 Nil
- 74-75 Nil

6. Karkala Block

| 72—73 73—74 | NIL Chikalletht, Tenkumala, Puchamgru, Hosmar, Belay Bhardaali |
|----------------|---|
| 74-75 | Nil |

7. Udipi Block

| 7273 | Sonlek thu |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 7374 | Multopadi |
| 74-75 | Bantak I Koppilingadi |

8. Coondapur Block

| 7273 | Nil |
|-------|-----|
| 7374 | Nil |
| 74-75 | Nil |

(c) Opening of Post Offices at these places was not found justified according to 'he departmental standards

Demonstration by Television Artists and Technical Staff at Akashvani Bhawan, New Delhi

269. SHRI VARKEY GEORGE: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether television artists and technical staff members staged a demonstration at Akashvani Bhawan, New Delhi on 23rd December, 1974 to press their demands for regularisation of their posts, creation of a separate cadre, immediate implementation of the Pay Commission's Report and improvement in their working conditions; and

(b) if so, the steps Government propose to take to look into their demands?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) There was a demonstration by a few staff artists of Delhi 'T.V. Centre on the date montioned.

(b) Pay Commission's recommendations apply to regular Government servants only and not to Staff Artists TV in this country is still in a formative stage. Keeping in view its special requirements, a rationalise-1 stafing pattern for TV is being worked out which emphasise a distinct professional identity, as well as proper working conditions and better opportunity for advancement.

Confinement of Harijans of Sohpur Village of Madhubani District of Bihar by Upper Caste Landlords

270. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 4184 on the 11th November, 1974 regarding confinement of Harijans of Sohpur Village of Madhubani District of Bihar by upper caste landlords and state:

(a) whether the facts have since been ascertained; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof and action taken against the culpits who perpetrated crimes against the Harijans?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN). (a) and (b). The Hon'ble Member is presumably referring to Unstarred Question No. 4184 answered in this House on December 11, 1974. According to information received from the Government of Bihar, it is not a fact that eight Mushars of village Sohpur in Madhubanı District were forcibly taken cut from the running train on November 10, 1974 and kept under wrongfal confinement by some upper caste landlords of village Haibatpur, P S. Fatuha in district Patna. However, on that day, when some demonstrators of the Communist Party which included eight Mushars of village Sohpur wele gurg to Patna by Bhojpur shuttle tran. they were assaulted by a group of unkn wn persons. The eight Mushars ran from the place and reached village Haibatpur the same evening. For the next eight days, they worked as labourers in the fields of two local persons. They were provided food but were not prid any wages. On the ninth day.

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they went to the Communist Party Office, Patna, from where they finally reached their homes.

A case under Section 144/147/ 337/323/379 I.P.C. was registered over the incident of assault on the passengers of the Bhojpur shuttle train on 10th November, 1974.

Appointment of persons to write Newsletter to Radio Stations

271. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCAST-ING be pleased to state:

(a) whether any persons have been appointed to write newsletters to the Radio Stations in the year 1974-75 by the Directors of the Radio Stations in the States of Jammu and Kashmur, Himachal Pradesh and Punjab; and

(b) if so, the names of the persons appointed alongwith the Districts in which they have been appointed?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) (a) No correspondent has specially been appointed for this purpose. Where All India Radio's own correspondents are not available, local journalists or other suitable persons are commissioned to write the district newsletters on an assignment basis In some cases, Radio Stations also take the help of district information officers.

For Punjab State, no district newsletter has so far been introduced.

(b) A statement containing names of All India Radio Correspondents and others, who prepared the district newsletters for broadcast from the Simia, Srinagar and Jammu stations of All India Radio, is attached.

Statement

SIMLA

1. Shri Shabir Qureshi, Times of India Correspondent, Bilaspur.

2. Shri Karam Singh, AIR Part-time Correspondent, Dharamshala.

3 Shri Durga Das, Advocate, Kalpa.

4 Shri B. C. Sharma, AIR Parttime Correspondent, Manali.

5. Shri Kishori Lal, AIR Part-time Correspondent, Mandi.

6 Shri H. O Pandey, National Herald Correspondent, Simla.

7. Shri M. P. Joshi, Tribune Corres. pondent, Nahan.

8 Shri Sant Ram, AIR Part-time Correspondent, Solan

9 Shri Lalit Sharma, Press Correspondent, Una.

SRINAGAR

1. Shri P N. Raina, Kashmir News Service, Srinagar.

2 Shri O N Koul, Correspondent, Economic Times, Srinagar

3 Shri Malik Mohammed Syed, Coirespondent, Patriot, Srinagar.

4 Shri Nand Lal Watal, Editor, Khidmat, Srinagar.

5 Shu H U Shair, Asstt. News Editor, Radio Kashmir, Srinagar.

6 Shri G M. Tantri, Asstt News Editor, Radio Kashmir, Srinagar.

7 Shri T N. Rama, Asstt. News Edutor, Radio Kashmir, Srinagar.

8 Shri Shyam Kaul, Correspondent, Radio Kashmir, Srinagar.

JAMMU

1. Shri S. N. Karikoor, District In-Formation Officer, Jammu.

2 Shri Virendra Gupta, District Information Officer, Udhampur.

3 Shri M. L. Kapur, District Information Officer, Kathua.

4 Shri B. K. Broach, District Information Officer, Rajouri.

5. Shri Bati Nath, Incharge, District Information Centre, Doda.

6. Shri Rameshwar Prasad, Incharge District Information Centre, Pooneh.

7. Shri Khem Raj Sharma. Districi Information Officer. Jammu.

8. Shri D. C. Prasant, AIR Parttime Correspondent, Jammu.

9 Shri Shiv Raina. Asstt. Information Officer. Jammu.

10. Shri Jyotheswar Pathik Assti. Information Officer, Jammu,

11. Shri Ishrat Kashmiri, Chief Editor, Qami Awaz, Jammu,

12. Shri K. B. Jandyal, Asstt. Information Officer, Jammu,

13. Shri I. S. Bilawriya, Editor, Chenab, Jammu.

Shortage of Tyres and Tubes

272. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a shortage of tyres and tubes in the country; and

(b) if so, the steps taken by Government to remove the shortage?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) and (b). The availability of truck and scooter tyres in the country has fallen short of the demand que to loss of production as a result of power cuts, labour strikes etc. To overcome the difficult supply position the industry was asked to work extra shifts as well as on closed holidays and Sundays to maximise the production. A number of schemes for the establishment of new units and substantial expansion of existing units for the manufacture of automobile tyres and tubes have been approvd to meet the envisaged increased demand.

Distribution arrangements have also been streamlined to ensure equitable distribution.

Meetings of P&T Advisory Committees

NARAIN CHAND 273. PROF. PARASHAR Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of meetings held by the P&T Advisory Committees for the States of Himachal Pradesh, Punjab and Haryana during the year 1974. separately for each State: and

(b) the reasons for not holding two meetings for each one of these States within this year?

THE MINISTEE OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) One meeting of the P&T Advisory Committee for Himachal Pradesh was held in 1974. No meeting was held in that year for Punjab and Haryana P & T Advisory Committees.

(b) Meetings of the Punjab and Haryana P & T Advisory Committees could not be held due to pre-occupation of the P & T Officers in connection with Railway strike and reorganization of the erstwhile combined P & T Circles into Postal and Telecommunication Circles.

Collection of Tax forcibly by Mizo **Rebels** in Mizoram

274. PROF. NARAIN CHAND PARASHAR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the collection of tax forcibly by the Mizo rebels in the Union territory of Mizoram; and

(b) if so, the steps taken by Government to protect the life and property of the peaceful citizens of Mizoram and to save them from the forced taxes?

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THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H MOHSIN); (a) Yes, sir.

(b) Security arrangements have been strengthened in the Union territory to provide protection to the peaceful citizens of Mizoram and to curb the activities of the Mizo rebels.

डाक-तार कर्मबारियों के लिए झावास व्यवस्था

275. भी शंकर बयाल सिंह : क्या संचार मन्ती यह बनाने की क्रपा करेगे कि .

(क) डाक-नार विभाग में कार्यं करने वाले श्रेणी तृनीय ग्रौर चतुर्थं के कर्मचारियों के लिए ग्रब तक राज्यवार, क्या ग्रावास व्यवस्था की गई है,

(ख) क्या इन कर्मचारियों के लिए बनाए गए रिहायशी क्वार्टगों की संख्या बिहार में न्युननम है, ग्रौर (ग) यदि हा, तो विद्वार के भौर रिहायशी क्वार्टर बनाने के लिए सरकार का विचार क्या कदम उठाने का है ?

Written Answers

संबार मंत्री (डा॰ इांकर स्याल झर्मा): (क) तृतीय और चतुर्ग श्रेणो के कर्मचारियों के लिए उपलब्ध क्वार्टरो की राज्यवार स्विति सलग्न विवरण मे दी गई है।

(ख) जीनही।

(ग) मौजूदा वित्तीय तगी के कारण प्रव्यावमायिक इमारतों के निर्माण पर पाबदी लगी हुई है। इमलिए इम समय देश के किसी भी भाग मे कर्मचारियों के लिए नए क्वार्टरों के निर्माण का काम हाथ मे नही लिया जा रहा है।

| | रेववरण | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| डाक-त(र सर्किल का नाम | उसके मन्तर्गत माने वाले राज्य | नारीख 31-3-1974 को उपलब्ध कुल विभागीय क्वार्टर 3 | |
| 1 | 2 | | |
| माध . | गाध | 812 | |
| उत्तर पूर्वी नर्तिल . | श्रमम, मेघालय, नागालैण्ड, मणिपूर, विपुरा, | ग्रम्णाचन | |
| • | प्रदेज और मि तोरम | 927 | |
| बिहार | विहार | 1061 | |
| गुजगन | गजरात | 427 | |
| धम्म् ग्रीर ता भी र | ातम्म और न ानार 59 | | |
| करन्त . | रेक्स 385 | | |
| मध्य प्रदेग | मन्य प्रदे । 223 | | |
| महाराद्र | महाराष्ट्र श्रार गोप्रा 2307 | | |

तित संच का

| | | . 110 |
|--------------|--|-------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| कर्नाटक | , कर्नाटक | 384 |
| उडीसा . | . उडीसा | 657 |
| ৰ্ণজাৰ . | . पंजाब, हरियाणा, हिमाचल प्रदेश, चण्डीगढ | 2327 |
| राजम्थान . | . राजम्यान | 454 |
| तमिलनाडु | . तमिलनाटु | 824 |
| उत्तर प्रदेश | . उत्तर प्रदेश | 1436 |
| पश्चिम बंगाल | . पश्चिम बगाल | 1060 |
| বিল্লী . | . दिल्ली | 2480 |

MACHA 30 1998 (SATA)

टिप्पणी — जहा डाक-नार मर्किल के मधिकार क्षेत्र में एक में म्राधिक राज्य म्राने है, वहा प्रत्येक राज्य के लिए मलग-म्रलग म्राकडे इम समय उपलब्ध नहीं हैं ।

Refusal of Industrial Licences to Foreign Firms in Backward Areas

Writton American

276. SHRI K. S. CHAVDA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state.

(a) whether industrially intensive industries which are controlled by foreign firms have been refused industrial licenses in backward areas, including for Oxygen and Chemicals:

(b) if so, the reasons for turning down their applications; and

(c) how Government propose to revise this scheme to enable the artis to be industrialised during the Fifth Five Year Plan period?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T A. PAI). (a) and (b). During the half year August 1974—January 1975, two letters of intent and three industrial licences were issued to foreign/foreign majority companies for locations in backward areas for the following industries processed marine products, pulp and writing and printing paper, long-length braided rubber hoses, synthetic detergents and sanitary wares

YTT-

Out of the applications received during this period from foreign/ foreign majority companies, one application for the manufacture of polyvnavi chloride for location in a backward area was rejected mainly on the ground of adequate capacity having been already approved, and another application for the manufacture of pulp and paper was approved. Threemore applications, one each in respect of rubber conveyor belting, drugs and pharmaceutical and calcium carbide are still rending disposal.

(c) Government have announced variou, incentives such as Central Out-right Grant or Subsidy Scheme 1971 Transport Subsidy Scheme 1971. Special Transport Facilities for Small Industries and Concessiona' Finance "teme for the development and promution of industries in 'ackward at 'as.

Coca Cola Factories

277. SHRI K. S. CHAVDA. Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Coca Cola factories working in the country, their capacities, capital equipment allowed and the production during the last three years;

(b) the source to manufacture Cocacola and whether Cocacola concentrate is a chemical of synthetic origin or vegetable origin;

(c) the terms of contract between Indian subsidiaries Cocacola Export Corporation and the Indian bottlers; the outgo of foreign exchange involved in respect of each factory during the last three years; and

(d) the names of the Directors of Indian bottlers and whether they are inter-linked?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI). (a) Information is given below —

| No. of Coca Cola factories working | working Their Capacity | Invset- ment (Appx). | | Production (In million bottles) | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | | (Appx). | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| 21 | 1315 million bottles | Rs. 10 crores | 778 8 | 614 5 | 609 29* |

*Estimated

(b) Coca Cola is produced out of Coca Cola concentrate which is a secret patent of the firm, made essentially out of natural or vegetable ingredients.

(c) The terms of contract between the Indian branch of the Coca Cola Export Corporation and the Indian bottlers have not been approved by the Government Hence the Government is not aware of them. However, no payments are made abroad by the bottling units The payments made by the bottling units in India are only the prices paid by them to the Coca Cola Export Corporation for purchasing the concentrates.

(d) The relevant information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Completion of Idikki Power Project

278. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state

(a) whether the first phase of Idikki Power Project will be commissioned in June this year as per the earlier announcements;

(b) whether the recent labour struggle in that dam site and the financial difficulties experienced has necessitated any rescheduling of work schedule; and

(c) if so, to what extent and the steps taken by Government for the earlier completion of this project? THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (v). There may be a delay of about 3 months in the commissioning of the first phase of the Idikki power project beyond June, 1975, mainly due to labour trouble and dislocation caused by floods. The labour problems on this project are receiving attention at the highest level and all possible efforts are being made to avoid any further delay in the completion of the project.

Setting up of Small Electronics Manufacturing Units by Kerala Electronics Corporation with Assistance of Electronics Corporation of India

279. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the progress made by the Kerala Electronics Corporation to set up a net-work of small electronics manufacturing units in the State of Kerala with the assistance of Electronics Corporation of India; ard

(b) a brief outline of the works done in this matter so far and the new projects which are to be taken up immediately?

THE PRIME MINISTER. MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS. OF PLANNING OF AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) and (b). The Kerala State Electronics Development Corporation is going ahead with a number of projects for the manufacture of electronic components and equipment. This Corporation has entered into an agreement with Electronics Corporation of India Ltd. (ECIL), a publicsector undertaking under this Department, for the manufacture of television sets, on the basis of know-how supplied by ECIL.

Cancellation of an Export Permit by Canada for Shipment of Nuclear Equipment to India

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280. SARDAR SWARAN SINGH SOKHI: Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state.

(a) whether Canada has officially cancelled an export permit for ship ment of nuclear equipment to Indis: and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor and the steps Government propose to take in the matter?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINIS-TER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINIS-TER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLAN-NING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) Yes, Sir

(b) Canada appears to have taken this step in view of the praceful nuclear experiment conducted by the Department. Arrangements are being made to secure the equipment from alternative sources

Request for Financial Assistance to Bihar for 1975-76 Plan

281. SARDAR SWARAN SINGH SOKHI: Will the Minister of PLANN-ING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of Bihar have requested the Centre tor financial assistance to the tune of Rs. 98 crores for financing the Plan for the year 1975-76; and

(b) if so, whether Central Government have accepted the request; if not, the reasons therefor? FEBRUARY 19, 1975

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Losses suffered by Mokameh-based Wagon Factory

282. SARDAR SWARAN SINGH SOKHI: Will the M.nister of INDUS-TRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(2) whether the Mokameh-based wagon factory, which was taken over by the Union Government last year was facing huge losses and another lockout; and

(b) if so, the reaso is thereof, and the steps Government propose to take to check the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A C GEORGE). (a) Britannia Engineering Works, Mokameh, is currently facing substantial losses but there is no possibility of any lockout

(b) The primary reason for the losses has been the unremunerative price-structure of the wagon orders taken in the past Ways are being explored to see how losses in respect of these parently unremunerative orders could be somewhat mitigated.

Development of Science and Technology in 1974

283 SAPDAR SWARAN SINGH SOUTH Will the FRIME MINISTER be pleased to state the development and progress m de in various fields of Science and Technology during 1974?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA: A (itement giving the information 's pl. ed on the Table of the House [Placed in Labrar: See No LT-8012/75]

उत्तर प्रदेश द्वारा रिहम्द विद्युत् केग्र से मध्य प्रदेश को विद्युत् इ सग्लाई

Written Anomers

284. अग गंगाचाण दीक्षित जया ऊर्जी मन्द्री यह बलाने की क्रमा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या उत्तर प्रदेश रिहन्द विद्युत् केन्द्र स स्ध्य प्रदेश के हिस्से की विद्युत् पूर्ति नहीं कर रहा है ग्रीर वह उसे श्रपने उप-भोक्ताग्रो की माग को ट्विंग्रेग करने के लिये रोक रहा है.

(ख) क्या उत्तर प्ररेश रिहत्द विद्युन् केन्द्र से मध्य प्रदेश के हिल्मे की विद्युन् के लिये जिसका उपयोग वह स्वयं कर रहा है अगतान कर रहा है.

(ग) सप्ट्रल जोनल कौमिल ढारा दिये गये नया दोनों राज्य भरकारो द्वारा स्वीक्टन निर्णय के ब्रनुसार रिहन्द विद्यन् केन्ट से उत्तर प्रदेण सध्य प्रदेण के हिस्स की विद्यन् पूर्ति,पूर्ण रूप से क्व से करेगा (ब्रीर

(घ) क्या उत्तर प्रदेश मध्य प्रदेश, को विद्युन् पूर्ति कारने के सम्बन्ध में जोनन कौसिल की सिकारिशों को त्रियः स्वित न नरफे भारत सरकार के निदेश का उल्लघन कर रहा है ?

उआज मंत्री (श्री हुच्छा चन्द्र पस): (म.) में (श्र) केन्द्रीय क्षेत्रीय गरिपद की जुलाई, 1963 में हुई छठी बैठक में यह निर्णय लिया गया था कि उत्तर प्रदेश को रिहन्द पर उपलब्ध उर्जा का 15 प्रतिशत का रिहन्द पर उपलब्ध उर्जा का 15 प्रतिशत का रित्व में 5 प्रतिशत द्याधिर मत्य पर मध्य प्रवैद्य को सप्लाई करना चाहिए । पारेप्रश लोकते सप्लाई करना चाहिए । पारेप्रश लोकते सप्लाई करना चाहिए । पारेप्रश लोकते जाया जाना था, 1969 में ही पूर्ण हई थी भीर मध्य प्रदेश द्वारा 1968-69. 1969-70 तथा 1971-72 में कुरु विखूत् प्राप्त की गई थी। जानाणय के रिक्त होने तथा एस राज्य में विद्यन की मत्यधिक कमी होने के कारण उत्तर प्रदेश मार्च, 1972 से रिहन्द ÷ मध्य प्रदेश को विद्यत की मन्ताई नहीं कर रहा है।

मध्य प्रदेश ने मञ्चाई न की गई विद्यत् के लिए मन्नावजे की ग्रदायगी हेत दावा प्रस्तुत किया है। उसर प्रदेश टारा इस दावे को स्वीकार नहीं किया गया है ग्रीर इस मामले पर ग्रभी निर्णय लिया जाना है। उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने सचिन किया है कि रिहन्द जलाशय के पूर्ण हो जाने पर वे मध्य प्रदेश क विद्यत की सप्ताई के मम्बन्ध में क्षेत्रीय परिषद की सिफारिणो को कार्यान्वित करने के सभी प्रयन्त करेगी।

Television Telecast from Patna

285. SHRI RAJDEO SINGH Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be i leased to state:

(a) whether the studio complex at Patna under construction will be able to telecast television programme by the year end:

(b) if so, the other towns and areas which will be covered by the year end, and

ta (c) the programme, year-wise, cover all the towns having a population of more than 5 lakhs in the courtry?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) and (b). No, Sir. The construction of the TV studios at Patna has not yet started, due to lack of resources. However, a TV transmitting station at Paina is likely to become operational by 1976-77, which will serve an area of about 16,300 sq. kms.

to (c) The year-wise programme

cover towns having more than 5 lakhs population in the country is as follows:

| (r) | D l'u Bombay Poona | . Already under T.V. |
|------------|--|----------------------|
| * u | Cilc itta Madras | 1 975-76 |
| (m | Luckgow Kanpur Hyterabad Jaipur | } 1976-77 |

Due to constraint on resources, proposals for extending TV coverage is the remaining towns having popula tion of more than 5 lakhs will have to be considered later when resourco- position improves

Building of an Atomic Smashed in **Calcutta** by Indian Scientists

286 SHRI RAJDEO SINGH Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state.

(a) whether cyclotron or atomic smasher is being built in Calcutta by out own atomic scientists;

(b) if so, whether its working capability has been tested; and

(c) whether this scientific addition will help to save some foreign exchange; and if so, the amount thereof?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY. OF FLECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI). (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It is expected to go into operation in the latter half of th s year subject to availability of funds.

(c) Some cyclotron produced isotopes hitherto imported will be produced by this machine. Also it will provide facilities for study of the effects of radiation on materials needed for FEBRUARY 19, 1975

the power reactor programme. The value of foreign exchange saved on account of production of isotopes and indigenous testing of materials cannot be estimated at this stage.

Global Tenders for installing Telecommunication Lines

287. SHRI RAJDEO SINGH: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether securing of a global tender for installing tele-communications lines in Surinam by Indian Telephone Industries, Bangalore is the first securing of a global tender; and

(b) if not, the facts regarding other tenders?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNI-CATIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) and (b). Besides securing a global tender in Surinum, the Indian Telephone Industries have secured a number of orders for supply and installation of tele-communication equipment through global terders. Details of the other important orders me:ured during the last three years are given below:--

- Orders for supply and installation of Telephone Exchanges for East African Territories of Kenya. Uganda and Tanzania valued at Rs. 60 lakhs was secured by Indian Telephone Industries in 1973 through tenders issued by Crown Agents, London.
- (2) Orders for supply and installation of Telephone Exchange for Salt Town and Manual Exchanges for International Switching Centre, Amman, valued at Rs. 33 lakhs were received by Indian Telephone Industries in 1972 and 1973 through tender issued by Jordan Telecommunications Dewartment.

(3) Orders for supply and installation of Telephones equipment valued at Rs, 12 lakha secured by Indian Telephone Industries in 1972 and 1974 through tender floated by Nepal Telecommunication Board.

Written Answers

Setting up of a separate Organisation for distribution of Essential Commodities

286. DR. RANEN SEN;

SHRI N. K. SANGHI:

SHRI HARI SINGH:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a proposal to set up a separate organization to implement 'he proposed scheme for distributing essential commodities;

(b) if so, the main features thereof and the steps being taken in this regard;

(c) whether the Food Corporation of India has offered to take up this scheme by itself; and

(d) if so, the Government's decision thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A. C. GEORGE): (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (d). Do not arise.

Conducting of Yearly International Film Festivals

289. DR. RANEN SEN

SHRI D. P. JADEJA: SHRI VEKARIA:

Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a proposal under consideration to

conduct International Film Festivale every year; and

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. But no firm decision has yet been taken.

Financial Assistance sought from World Bank and International Financia] Agencies for setting up Power Plants

290. SHRI GAJADHAR MAJHI: SHRI M. S. PURTY:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have approached the World Bank and international financial agencies for exploring the possibilities of a massive loan programme for setting up a number of giant power plants in different regions of the country to get over the electricity shortages that are hampering both agricultural and industrial production; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) and (b). The World Bank has been approached for providing assistance to India for financing Super Thermal Stations at pitheads and large Hydel Projects. The proposals are under consideration of the Bank.

Annual Plan for Orissa for 1975-76

291. SHRI GAJADHAR MAJHI: SHRI ARJUN SETHI:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state;

(a) the outlay recommended by the adviser to the Planning Commission

,

for the annual plan for Orissa for 1975-76 in view of the serious threat of drought in the State;

(b) the actual demand made by the State: and

(c) the reaction of Central Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) and (b). Adviser (Programme Administration), Planning Commission recommended an outlay of Rs. 89.25 crores for the Annual Plan of 1975-76 of Orissa as against the State Government's draft proposals aggregating to Rs. 104.81 crores.

(r) The draft proposals of State Government were discussed in the Planning Commission, both at official and ministerial levels. A final decision on the size of the State Plan was taken in the light of these discussions and the total resource availability.

लाइ सेंसों के लिये भ्रनिर्णीत पड़े झावेरन पत्र

292. भी मूल चन्द डागा. क्या उच्चोस भौर नागरिक पूर्ति मन्त्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि :

(क) लाइसेसों झौर मी० झो० बी० लाइसेंसों के लिये राज्यवार कितने धाबेदन- पत्र झनिर्णीत पडे हैः

(ख) ये घावेदन पत्न किस तिथि से घनिर्णीत पड़ हैं झौर इसके क्या कारण हैं; झौर

(ग) इन ग्रावेदन-पत्नों का कब तक निपटान हो जायेगा ?

उद्योग झौर नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्री (श्री टी०ए० पाई) (क) एक विवरण सलग्न है।

(ख) प्रतिणीत पडे सी० मो० बी० (काम चालू रखने के) ग्रावेदन पत्नों में से 28 प्रकरण कई 1970 से 1973 के है तथा 449 प्रकरण वर्ष 1974 के है। मन्द मनिणीत लाइसेंस आवेदनों में से 220 प्रकरण वर्ष 1969 में 1973 के है तथा 1087 मामले वर्ष 1974 के है। दोनों प्रकार के मनिणीत ग्रावेदनों में से 262 मामलों में निर्णय के 90 दिन मभी पूरे नही हुए है। मन्द मामलों में प्रस्ताव के विभिन्न पहलुमों पर विस्तार मे विचार किया जाना है मन मनिणीत पडे है।

(ग) 1 नवम्बर, 1973 को ग्रीवोगिक स्वीकृति सत्तिवालय (एस० ग्राई० ए०) का गठन करके ग्रीवोगिक लाइसेस ग्रावेदनों के निपटान की प्रक्रिया को मरल ग्रीर मुप्रवाही बना दिया गया है। ग्रीवोगिक लाइमेन् ग्रावे-दनों के सचिवालय की म्थापना से पूर्ण के 3265 ग्रावेदन ग्रव धटकर 220 रह गए है तथा 1974 की पांध में 3511 नये ग्राव-दनों का भी निपटान कर दिया गया है। एस० ग्राई० ए० पूब के ग्रावेदनों को समाप्न करने तथा नय ग्रावेदनों को निर्धारित ग्रवधि के भीतर निपटाने के लिए विशेष प्रयत्न विए जा रहे हैं।

বিৰংগ

नाडमेंस भौर काम चाल रखने के (सी॰ मो॰ बी॰) लाटमम के लिए 31 दिसम्बर, 1974 तक प्राप्त ग्रनिर्णीत माबेदन पत्नों की राज्यवार मन्न्या निम्नतिखित है :----

| क्रम स० | राज्य | सी० | শ্বী০ ৰী০ | भ्रत्य |
|--------------|-------|-----|-----------|--------|
| 1. मान्ध्र १ | दिश | | 20 | 30 |
| 2. भासाम | | | 7 | 4 |

| कः संज | | | <u>म</u> | ্য প্ল | •Tio | 87 74 |
|---|----------------|--------|----------|--------|------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | |
| 3. fa | हार. | | • | | 10 | 27 |
| 4. गुः | त्ररास | | | | 28 | 90 |
| 5. 8 | रियाणा | | • | | 33 | 38 |
| 6. fz | माचल प्र | देश | | | 2 | 12 |
| 7. ज | म्मू भौर | कर्ण्म | Ì۲ | | | 3 |
| 8. के | रल. | | • | | 3 | 18 |
| 9. म | ध्य प्रदेश | • | • | | 19 | 37 |
| 10. म | हाराष्ट्र | | • | | 101 | 207 |
| 11. म | णिपुर | | | | | 1 |
| 12. म | घालय | | | | 1 | 3 |
| 12 क | र्नाटक | | • | | 16 | 50 |
| 14. 3 | ाडीमा | | | | 2 | 13 |
| 15 9 | जाव | | | | 3 7 | 29 |
| 16 7 | ाजस्थान | | | | 18 | 33 |
| 17. न | দিলনাৰ্ | Ŀ | | | 22 | 78 |
| 18 f | त्रपुरा | - | | | - | 1 |
| 19 7 | नग प्रदे | म | | | 57 | 52 |
| 20 9 | जिनमी व | बगाल | | | 65 | 64 |
| 21 4 | प्रण्डभान | वोग | | | | |
| | ि, कोब | गर | | • | | 1 |
| 22 🔹 | बण्हीगढ | | | | 2 | 4 |
| 23. 3 | तदर तवे | ली | | • | | 2 |
| 24. 1 | ৰি ≂ বী | | | • | 15 | 7 |
| 25. | गोजा | | | • | 4 | 4 |
| 26 | বাণ্টিৰন | tî | | | 1 | 1 |
| 27. | एक से म | ঘিক | रा | ज्य | | |
| | वाले | | | • | 12 | 23 |
| (राज्य का निर्देशन मंही किया क्या है) | | | | | | |
| 1 | वोग. | | | • | 475 | 832 |

Writton Annon

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हेलोफोन राजस्व की बकाया राजि।

293 भी मूल जम्ब डागा : क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या एक जुलाई, 1972 को टेसीफोन राजस्व को 6 करोड़ 92 लाख रुपयों की रकम बकाया थी तथा इसमें से 2 करोड़ 38 लाख रुपयों की रकम सरकारी विभागों पर बकायाथी:

(ख) यदि हां, तो किन-किन विभागों पर कितनी कितनी रकम बकाया थी तथा इस बकाया धनराजि के लिए कौन-कोन •.कित उत्तरदायी थे ; मौर

(ग) बकाया धनराशि को वसूल न किए जाने के क्या कारण हैं तथा मब तक कितनी रकम बसूस कर ली गई है झौर कितनी बकाया रह गई है ?

संचार मंत्री (डा॰ झंकर बयाल झर्मा): (क) जी हां,

(ख) 6 करोड़ 92 साख रुपए की रकम में से रक्षा विभाग पर बकाया शि 77.58 लाख रुपए ।

रक्षा विभाग के धलावा धन्य केन्द्रीय सरकार के विभागों पर बकाया रकम 68 53 लाख रुपए ।

राज्य सरकार के विभागों पर बकाया राणि 92.27 लाख रुपए है।

विभिन्न राज्य और केन्द्रीय विभागों में छे प्रस्पेक विभाग पर कितनी कितनी रकम बकाया है, इसका हिसाब किताब जलग से नहीं रखा जाता। 3454 LS--5

(ग) चकि टेलीफोन सेवा देने के बाद उसके बिल बनाए जाते हैं, इसलिए कूछ बिलों का भुगतान हमेशा बकाया हो जाता है. जिसकी वसूली के लिए विभाग लगातार प्रयत्न करता है भौर इस कार्य पर काफी महत्व दिया जाता है। बकाया बिलों की ग्रदायगी के लिए सबंधित विभागों/ राज्य सरकारो के साथ उपयुक्त स्तरों पर योजनाबद तरीके से कार्रवाई की जाती है। 1-7-72 को 6 करोड़ 92 लाख म्पए की राशि बकाया थी। उसमे से जुलाई 1972 से **जन्तू**बर 1974 की घवघि[ँ]मे 4 करोड़ 43 लाख रुपए की रकम बसूल की जा चुकी बी और 2 करोड़ 49 लाख रुपए की राजि बकाया रह गई थी। इस राशि में मरकारी विभागों के नाम बकाया रकम 66 लाख रुपए है।

पाली जिले में 1975 के दौरान गांवों में विजली पहुंचाना

294. भी मूल भव्द हागा: स्या ऊर्बी मन्नी यह बनाने की कृपा करेंगे कि वर्ष 1975 के दौरान ग्राम विद्युतीकरण योजना के सतर्गत पाली जिले मे किन-किन गाबों मे बिजली पहुंचाई जाएगी तया इस जिले मे गन वर्ष किन-किन गावो मे बिजली पहचाई गई ?

ज्वतां मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (प्रो०सिडे-इयर प्रसाद) : सूचना एकल की जा रही है ग्रीर वह मन्ना-पटन पर रख दी जाएगी।

राष्ट्रीय लघु उद्योग निगम का कार्यकरण

295 **भी मूल भव डागाः** क्या उद्योग भीर नागरिक पूरित मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) पिछडे क्षेत्रों में उद्योगों के विकास के लिए राष्ट्रीय लघु उद्योग निगम लिमिटेड ने 1973-74 में क्या ठोस कदम उठाए हैं;

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(ख) इस नियम की कहां-कहां जाखाएं हैं और इस पर कितना वाचिक प्रशासनिक खर्च होता है :

(ग) इस निगम की बार्षिक साय कितनी है : मौर

(घ) निगम को 1972-73 में प्रत्येक क्षेत्र से कितना-कितना लाभ हमा ?

उद्योग भौर नागरिक पुर्ति मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री ए० पी० झर्मा): (क) राष्टीय लघ उद्योग निगम द्वारा पिछडे क्षेत्र के विकास की दिशा में उठाए गए कदमों में किराया-खरीद के ग्रावेदनों के तीवनर निपटान के लिए उन क्षेत्रों में संघन ग्रभियान का ग्रायोजना करना पिछडे क्षेत्रों के उदयमियो को रियायनी दर पर व्याज दिलाने की व्यवस्था करना, कच्चे माल के हिपो झादि की स्थापना करना झामिल है।

(雨)

| 1973-74 | म | विया |
|---------|-----|------|
| गया | स्व | मं |
| (ल | দ্য | Ŧ0) |

| शाखा कार्यालय | बवई | 13 |
|---------------|---------|----|
| | कलकत्ता | 13 |
| | मद्रास | 14 |
| | दिल्ली | 9 |
| | | |

कच्चा माल डिपो, खर्जा 0.70 ,, पाडिचेरी 0.49

आदारूप विकास एवं प्रशिक्षण केन्द्र :

| स्रोखमा | 30.00 |
|---------|-------|
| राजकोट | 16.00 |
| हाबड़ा | 35.00 |

(य) कार्य क्लाप का नाम भाव (1973-74 (साम **२०**)

> किराया-खरीद 171.79

> विपणन 47.06

ग्राहरूप विकास एवं प्रशिक्षण केल्ट 38.23

1972-73 (घ) शा/बा कार्यालय, बंबई 8.76 कलकता 2.37 मदास 3.74 दिल्ली 8 23 पाटरी डिपो. खर्जा 0.09 ... ,, पाहिचेरी 0 45 ,, हिल्ली 9.59

Underground Nagas' Bid to proceed to China

296. SHRIR S PANDEY-

SHRT BIRENDER SINGH RAO

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the reports about a fresh gang of underground Nagas' bid to proceed to China for training and supply of arms;

(b) if so, the action taken to geal off all the routes to China: and

(c) the number of underground Naga gangs smashed and preventivy, measures taken in this regard?

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THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) Yes Sir.

(b) Utmost vigilance is being kept at the borders and inside Nagaland to prevent the hostiles from exfilteration who were reported to be on their way to China.

(c) The Security forces have been able to foil the attempts of two gangs of underground Nagas. To aid the security operations, State authorities imposed curfew in certain vulnerable areas.

Change in names of cities in Karnataka

297. SHRI M. V. KRISHNAPPA-Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Karnataka State Government have approached the Central Government for permission to change the names of some cities in that State;

(b) if so, the names of cities whose names are likely to be changed, and

(c) the number of such cases in which permission has been given?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE HOME AFFAIRS OF MINISTRY (SHRI F. H MOHSIN): (a) to (c). Out of 8 proposals received from the Government of Karnataka, relating to change in names of villages. towns etc. during the years 1973 and 1974 and so far during the year 1975, 2 were accepted, 2 were not accepted, 2 were dropped by the State Government, one which related to the change merely in the name of locality was not the concern of the Government of India and the one received in November, 1974 relating to the naming of a Flag Station is under examination. The proposals accepted were for change of the names of villages from Hadargeri to Haranagiri and Musavinkatte to Chandrashekarpura.

World bank loan for purchase of Telephone Exchanges

298. SHRI ARVIND M. PATEL: SHRI VEKARIA

Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have sought a loan from World Bank for the purchase of telephone exchanges from abroad;

(b) if so, the amount of loan sought; and

(c) the names of the countries from which the telephone exchanges are likely to be purchased?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA)[.] (a) Yes, Sir.

The Government has secured a Credit from the International Development Association' for importing amongst other equipments, raw materials and stores, and Switching Equipment also for Telephone Exchanges.

(b) Out of a total credit of US 80 million (Rs. 58.2 Crores) afforded by the IDA, an amount of US \$12.46 million (Rs. 9 crores) is carmarked for telephone Exchange Switching Equipment.

(c) In response to Global Tenders floated for the import of this equipment, Japan, Sweden, and England have quoted their rates and terms and conditions of supply Tenders are being evaluated.

Venue of Film Festivals

299. SHRI ARVIND M. PATEL: SHRI D. P. JADEJA: SHRI C. JANARDHANAN:

Will the Minister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state; (a) whether whenever there will be a film festival in India, it will be held in Bombay: and

(b) if so, the reasons thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) The venue for the hext International Film Festival of India has not so far been decided.

(b) Does sigi geine

Development of Tribal areas of Gujarat in Fifth Plan

300. SHRI ARVIND M. PATEL: SHRI VEKARIA:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to take up a separate plan for the development of tribal areas in Gujarat State during the Fifth Five Year Plan period; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. It is proposed to take up a gub-plan within the State I'lan for the development of tribal areas in Gujarat State during the Fifth Plan.

The State Government have submitted their proposals for the subplan for the tribal area. These have been discussed in the Planning Commission. The Plan is now being finalised in the light of the suggestions made by the Planning Commission. The main features of the draft subplan are as follows:

Thirty tribal majority talukas have been identified for the preparation of sub-plan. Besides, two talukas being Scheduled Areas and 15 tribal pockets will be covered by the sub-plan. About 29.95 lakhs of tribal population i.e., 79.3 per cent of the total tribal population of Guiarat will be covered by the sub-plan. The principle objectives of the sub-plan are; to narrow the gap between the levels of development of tribal and other areas and to improve the quality of life of the tribal communities. In achieving the above objectives, prime importance will be given to the elimination of exploitation of all forms. The other steps that would be taken are (i) to meet the deficiencies of the economic and social infrastructure of tribal areas. (ii) to provide investments needed to build up the resource potential of these areas and (iii) to provide adequate promotional and organisational assistance to voluntary organisations to facilitate social and institutional transformation. The following strategies are to be followed for the development of tribal areas:

- A series of growth centres at pre-determined points would be developed.
- (2) Priority would be given to the irrigation facilities, roads and rural electrification.
- (3) Special efforts would be made to set up small scale industries on a selective basis at growth centres and assistance would be given for development of village and cottage industries.
- (4) A programme of skill formation among the tribal people would be initiated.
- (5) Programme of general education, medical health, nutrition, drinking water supply and rural housing would be given priority.
- (6) Safeguards against exploitation of tribal people would be ensured.
- (7) A sound institutional framework suited to tribal needs would be developed.

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- (8) The most backward groups among the tribal communities will be identified and special attention will be given for their development. The tribal displaced from major projects—irrigation and industrial—will receive due attention.
- (9) Voluntary agencies would be involved in the task of development.
- (10) Administrative organisation in tribal areas would be strengthened.

Suggestion for rapid Industrialisation and development

301 SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRI-SHNAN Will the Minister of IN-DUSTRY AND C. VIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state.

(a) whether Shri R. K. Birla had submitted a note to Government with suggestions for rapid industrialisation and development;

(b) if so, the facts of the note; and

(c) the reaction of Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T A PAI). (a) Shri R. K Birla has not submitted any note in the recent past to the Ministry of Industry and Civil Supplies containing suggestions for rapid industrialisation and development.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.

Denial of permission of Screen a Cuban Film

302. SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: SHRI S. M. BENERJEE:

Will the Minister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state: (a) whether the Screening Committee of the International Film Festival which was recently held in Delhi had denied permission to screen the Cubas film titled "GIRON":

(b) if so, the reasons thereof; and

(c) the criteria adopted to decide the entry of films in the said Festival?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) No, Sir. The film was shown in the Information Section of the Festival.

(h) Does not arise.

(c) The Selection Committee decuded the suitability of films for exhibition in the International Film Festival on the basis of the objectives and the rules regarding the eligibility as stated in the Regulations of the Festival. The main considerations were:

- (1) the quality of films;
- (2) the films should not be such as t_0 offend national feelings and susceptibilities of any of the participating countries or of a nature likely to promote racial discrimination.

Allegations about sale or tickets and misuse of Films at the International Film Festival

303 SHRI C. K CHANDRAPPAN:

SHRI M KATHAMUTHU:

SHRI MOHINDER SINGH GILL.

Will the Minister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether attention of Government has been drawn to the reported allegation about selling of tickets and issue of invitation cards for the International Film Festival held in Delhi;

(b) whether some of the foreign countries whose films were screened in the Film Festival had alleged the misuse of their films;

Written Answers 134

- (c) if so, the facts thereof; and
- (d) Government's reaction thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) Some criticism in press has come to notice of the Government.

- (b) No, Sir.
- (c) and (d) Does not arise.

Business transactions at International Film Festival

304 SHRI C K CHANDRAPPAN: Will the Minister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to stata:

(a) the revenue collected and expenditure incurred for holding the International Film Festival m Delhi;

(b) the volume of business transactions that took place at the time of this festival by way of selling Indian Films to other countries or entering into agreements for the export of our film, and

(c) the broad outlines thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) (a The complete figures of revenue and expenditure are not yet ready as all revenue receipts and bills have not yet been receipts and bills have not yet been received The revenue is estimated at Rs 29 lakhs, as against expenditure of Rs 1150 lakhs provided in the revised estimates for the Fifth International Film Festival of India The actual expenditure is expected to be close to the revised estimates.

(b) and (c). In the Film Market the volume of business transactions relating to export of Indian films to other countries so far, in terms of money is Rs. 7,68,000 More transactions, the volume of which may be about Rs. 30 lakhs, are under negotiation

Industrial Output

Written Answers

305. SHRI NAVAL KISHORE. SHARMA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been an increase in the industrial output in the country;

(b) if so, the names of the industries which are doing well in their production and percentage of their increased output,

(c) whether there have also been some setbacks in the orders of some sectors of industry in the country,

(d) if so, the facts thereof, and

(e) the steps to be taken to make up the loss and extent of the profits including forcign exchange carned by India as a result of increased output?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRIT A PAI) (a) Yes Sir The general milex of industrial production available for the first four months of 1974-75 (April-July) at 200,0 (with base 1900-100) has shown a rise of 3.8 per cent over the corresponding period of 1973-74

(b) Figures of production for selected industries are available for the full year 1974 Industries whose output has increased substantially along with their production and percentage increases are shown in the statement laid on the Taole of the House [Placed in Library See No LT-8913/75].

(c) and (d) Precise information regarding orders booked by different industries is not available Partial data available regarding order look position of machine tools and machinery industry shows that order book position is satisfactory.

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(e) Steps have been taken to increase output in critical sectors such as coal, steel and power. With a view so utilising existing capacity Government has permitted manufacturers of Machine tools and machinery industries to diversify their production within their overall licensea capacity. Efforts are being made to boost India's exports of engineering goods which have increased from Rs, 75.93 crores during April-September 1973 to Rs. 141.07 crores in April-September 1974.

Installation of Power Generation Capacity During Next Year

306. SHRI NAWAL KISHORE SHARMA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to instal 3240 MW power generation capacity in the country during the next year;

(b) if so, the particulars of the installations in the country together with their production capacity, power expected to be added by March 1975 and during the next year;

(c) the extent to which these installation would be in a position to meet the demand both for Industrial/ Commercial and domestic requirements; and

(d) the power to be provided to Rajasthan and Ladakh area of J & K for tapping geothermal energy there?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (c). During 1975-76, it is proposed to commission 2684.7 MW of power generation capacity as per the statement enclosed. This additional capacity would help in meeting additional requirements of various categories of consumers including Industrial/Commercial and domestic.

(d) It has been decided to set up a pilot project of 1 MW capacity at Pugga in Ladakh Valley (J&K). It is proposed to set up geothermal projects in other parts of the country, in due course, wherever, feasible. At present there i_{S} no proposal for tapping geothermal energy in Rajasthan.

| Nanx of the Project | State | Capacity (MW) |
|---|-------------|---------------|
| Northern Region | an | |
| 1. Fandabad Extension Unit 2 . | . Haryana | 1 \ 55= 55 |
| 2. Bhatında Unit 2 | . Punjab | 1 ~ 110= 110 |
| 3. Chenani Unit 5 | . J. & K. | I×4.6=4 6 |
| 4. Yamuna Stage II (Chibro) Units 3 & 4 | . U. P. | 2> 60= 120 |
| 5. Obra Thermal Extn. Unit 3 | U. P. | 1 × 100= 100 |
| 6. Yamuna Stage IV Unit 2 & 3 (Kulhal) | . U. P. | 2 × 10- 20] |
| 7. Ramganga Unit 1 & 2 · · | . U. P. | 2 × 60= 120° |
| 8. Panki Thermal Extn. Unit 1 . | . U. P. | 1 × 110= 110 |
| 9. Harduaganj Thermal Stage VI, Unit 1 | U. P. | 1 × 55== 55 |
| to. RAPP (Atomic) Unit II Central | . Rajasthan | 1 × 235==235 |

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| Name of the Project | State | Capacity (MW) |
|---|---|---|
| Western Region | 1.199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 199 - 1 | 19 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1 |
| 1. Ukai Hydro Units 3 & 4 | . Gujarat | à×75≈150 |
| 2. Ukai Thermal Units I & 2 | . Gujarat | 2 × 120 == 240 |
| 3. Bhatgar Hydro | . Maharashtra | 1 × 16=16 |
| 4. Koradi Thermal Units 3 & 4 | . Maharashtra | 2 × 120240 |
| 5. Koyna Stage III Hydre Units 1, 2 & 3 | Maharashtra | 3×80=240 |
| 6. Vattarna Hydro | . Maharashtra | 1 × 60=60 |
| Southern Region | | |
| 1. Lower Silers Hydro Unit 1 | . A. P. | I × 100-100 |
| 2. Idikki Hydro, Stage I, Unit 1 & 2 | . Kerala | 2×130=260 |
| 3. Sharavathi Hydro Unit 10 | . Karnataka | 1 × 89.1-89.1 |
| 4. Ennore Thermal Extn. | . Tamil Nadu | 1 × 1 10=1 10 |
| Bastern Region | | |
| z. Balımcla Hydro Units 5 & 6 | . Orima | 2 × 60= 120 |
| 2. Santaldıh Thermal Unit 2 | . West Bengal | 1 × 120== 120 |
| Corth Eastern Region | . Tripura | 2 × 5-10 |
| | . TOTAL | . 2684 7 |

Increase in Cases of Rioting

307 SHRI NAWAL. KISHORE SHARMA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state-

(a) whether cases of rioting are on the increase in the country;

(b) if so, the number of such riots, State-wise and the number of persons killed in the riots during the last three years; and

(c) the stern steps proposed to be taken by Government to put an end to such riots?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) and (b). Facts are being ascertained.

(c) State Governments, who are primarily concerned with law and order arrangements, are maintaining full vigilance and all possible precautionary and preventive measures are taken whenever there is a threat to public order. Central Government also keep in touch with State Governments and provide them when they so request every reasonable assistance, is this regard.

Ban on Community Organizations

306. SHRI NAVAL KISHORE SHARMA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a proposal inder consideration of Government to ban communal organisations in the country like R.S.S. and Anand Marg; and

(b) if so, when a final decision is likely to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE HOME AFFAIRS OF MINISTRY DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIA-AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MENTARY MEHTA); (a) and (b). The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act. 1972 enables the Government to deal with associations whose activities are prejudicial to the maintenance of communal harmony and interests of national integration. The possibility of invoking these provisions in respect of any organisation is examined by Government from time to time in the light of material available with them in respect of the organisation.

Propessi for Maximization of Energy Resources

309. SHRI D. K. PANDA Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a proposal to draw up a programme to maximize energy resources; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof and the steps being taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) and (b). The Ministry of Energy has taken up work which would lead to the formulation 'of a National Energy policy. Such a policy would include an assassment of the short and long-term energy requirements, and the manner in which these needs could be met by optimising the use of the energy resources of the country. The formulation of the programme would be based on the recommendations of the Fuel Policy Committee and such further studies as would appear necessary. It is also proposed to convene a National conference on Energy later this year.

Functioning of a Parallel Government by Rebels in Minoram

310. SHRI N. K. SANGHI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether quite a few months before the Mizo rebels shot down three senior police officers in Mizoram, persistent reports were appearing in news papers about the functioning of a parallel government by the rebels in Aijal Mizoram;

(b) whether taking advantage of the virtual call off by the army of the moping operations in the deep jungles in the rebels consolidated themselves and secured sophisticated armaments from the neighbouring countries; and

(c) if so, what line of action is now being proposed to deal with the situation and particularly to enlist cooperation of the people in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) The Government are aware of the press reports in question.

(b) and (c). Constant vigil has been maintained to prevent unlawful activities of the Mizo rebels. The security arrangements have been further strengthened to have an effective control over the situation. Publicity and other measures have also been taken to enlist the cooperation and support of the people.

Standard of films shown at Film Festival

311. SHRI N. K. SANGHI: SHRI C. JANARDHANAN: SHRI VAYALAR RAVI;

Will the Minister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the views of the Chairman of Preview Screening Committee of the 5th International Film Festival of India that he was disappointed on the aesthetic quality of films that were seen by the committee:

(b) whether good quality films are not being sent to the festivals being organised by Indian and their aesthetic values have not improved during the last so many festivals that were organised in India; and

(c) if so, what steps are being contemplated by Government to ensure that real good films are invited to future festivals which may have healthy impact on the Indian film industry?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) Yes. Sir. is far as films in competition were concerned. However, Chairman of the Selection Committee had observed that the Information side of the Festival had excellent films.

(b) As stated above, the Festival had excellent films in the Information Section. The Fifth International Film Festival of India had the largest and the richest Information Section of all the Festivals held so far.

(c) The following steps are proposed to be taken to ensure that good quality films are entered in all sections of future International Film Festivals of India:

- (i) Holding of the festivals on a regular basis.
- (ii) Global import policy of Government which holds out promise of trade in films will be an attraction for foreign entrants.
- (iii) Deputation of officials to atten important film festivals: abroad and to leading film producing countries to locate and invite good films.
- (iv) Study of leading film magazines from all over the world to keep tract of latest productions of important directors for being invited to participate in the festivals in India.

Closure of Third shift in Hindustan. Motors

312. SHRI MOHAMMAD ISMAIL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether his Ministry's attention has been drawn to the decision of the management of Hindustan Motors Ltd, Uttarapara (West Bengal) to cut their production by 1/4 and close down the third shift and several departments causing large scale retrenchment and lay-offs;

(b) if so, reaction of Government thereto: and

(c) the steps taken by Government to protect the employment and earnings of the workers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE INDUSTRY AND OF MINISTRY (SHRI C. **A**. SUPPLIES CIVIL GEORGE): (a) Excepting the tool room and press shop, three shifts working in M/s. Hindustan Motors was not a This has now been normal feature. reduced to two shifts working due to production cut backs brought about by fall in demand.

(b) and (c). Government has been losely watching the situation and had discussions with the management on the steps to be taken to maintain production which alone can pre-empt retrenchment.

Electrification of villages in backward and tribal areas

313. SHRI SARJOO PANDEY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Rs. 12 crores have been approved by the Board of Directors of Rural Electrification Corporation to extend electrification to 2,000 villages in backward and tribal areas in seven States; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof and names of the areas to be covered?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF SID DHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) and (b) The Board of D.rectors of the Rural Electrification (orporation Ltd in its meeting held on 28th December, 1974, sanctione i 18 schemes under the Minimum Needs Programme for electrifica tion in 2.040 villares. These schemes involve loan assistance of Rs 12.14 crores The details are given in the statement laid on the Table of the House [Placed in Labrary See No. LT-8914/75]

Recording of STD calls

314. SHRI D D DESAI: SHRI RAGHUNANDAN LAL BHATIA: SHRI P. GANGADEB:

Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a special device to meter STD calls and making bills foolproof has been evolved by his Ministry; (b) if so, whether the new devicewill record the local calls;

(c) whether duration of a call can. be recorded; and

(d) if so, the facts thereof?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-T'ONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA) (a) A device called "STD Charge Indicator" capable of recording STD call units has been developed by the Telecom Research Centre of the P&T Department. To begin with, the device is being made available to PBX users and shows the number of units charged to STD calls. The device is not related to the billing procedure.

(b) The device 15 fitted to record only STD Call units

(c) No Sir.

(d) Does not apply

Orders for Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd.

- 315 SHRI D D DESAI: SHRI RAGHUNANDAN LAL
 - BHATIA:

SHRI P GANGADEB

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd has secured Rs 24 crores worth of orders so far, for project equipment under the International Development Agency Credit;

(b) if so, facts thereof;

(c) how much foreign exchange would BHEL earn;

(d) whether BHEL is negotiating for commissioning of two sets of Thermal power general equipment for Tahriz Power Station in Iran; and

(e) if so, whether this would be the biggest export venture so far for BHEL?

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLIES (SHRI A. C. -CIVIL GEORGE): (a) The Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd., have secured orders worth Rs. 2492.40 lakhs for Project equipment under the International Development Agency credit, so far.

(b) A statement giving details of the orders received is attached!

(c) The total foreign exchange earning will be Rs. 2492.40 lakhs.

(d) and (e). Yes, Sir.

Statement

| | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | Order value in Rs. lakhs |
|----------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Transformers | | Orissa SEB | | 96.91 |
| (Power & Instrument) | | Karnataka Elec. Board | • | 328.30 |
| | | Rajasthan SEB | • | 38.47 |
| | | Maharashtra SEB | | 143-91 |
| | | Kerala SEB | • | 214.11 |
| | | M. P. Elec. Board | | 101-58 |
| | | Haryana SEB | • | 55.70 |
| | | Bihar SEB | • | 51-80 |
| | | | | 1030-68 |
| witchgear | • | A. P. SEB | • | 12 73 |
| | | Assam SEB | | 10 45 |
| | | Bihar SEB | • | 110· <i>77</i> |
| | | Haryana SEB | • | 3 10 |
| | | Maharashtra SEB | • | 8 58 |
| | | Karnataka Elec. Board | • | 8.90 |
| | | Kerala SEB | • | 14-92 |
| | | Punjab SEB | | 27.45 |
| | | M. P. Elec. Board | | 18-36 |
| | | U. P. SEB | • | 56.32 |
| | | Tamil Nadu Elec. Board | | 9.17 |
| | | FCI (Sındhri) | • | |
| | | | | 0- 58 |
| | | | | 281.33 |
| Syn. Gas Compressors | • | FCI (Nangal) | • | 356.39 |
| Capacitors | | U. P. SEB | | 12 32 |
| - | | Beas Constn. Board | | 5.89 |
| | | | | 18-21 |
| Boilers | | Nangal Expansion (Supply and Erection) | • | 805 . 79 |
| | | Grand Total | • | 2492 40 |

State-wise and emitmentwise orders

Inne of fresh letters of intent

316. SHRI D. D. DESAI;

SHRI P. GANGADEB:

SHRI RAGHUNANDAN LAL BHATIA:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Centre would be selective in issuing fresh letters of intent;

(b) if so, whether the needs of core industries, import substitution and export promotion would be given priority;

(c) salient features of the new policy for issuing fresh letters of intent;

(d) whether any fresh steps have been taken to ensure maximum production from the existing units; and

(e) if so, facts thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAl): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir.

(c) to (e). It is the declared policy of the Government that Industrial Licensing Policy is so designed as to stimulate growth in all priority industries in the context of the Fifth Plan. in terms of the announcement made on 2nd February 1973, foreign majority companies as well as large industrial houses are eligible to participate in certain specified core industries which are of importance to the national economy, or have direct linkages with such industries or have a long term export potential. Even in these fields of industries if suitable applicants are forthcoming from amongst small and medium entrepreneurs, they will be given preference over foreign majority companies and large houses.

With a view to promoting fuller utilisation of existing capacity, Government have decided that machinery and machine tool industries may be allowed full freedom for diversification of production within the group of their range of products and within the overall licensed capacity of the undertaking on the basis of a special approval procedure. Government have also recently decided that industrial undertakings which hold industrial licences specifying single or double shift basis, may apply for the endorsement of their licences allowing for maximum utilisation of plant and machinery and that such requests would be considered on the basis of a special procedure and allowed on the merits of the case. It is felt that these measures would lead to fuller utilisation of existing capacity and increased production.

Mysterious killing of C.B.I. Officers

317. SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK:

SHRI N. E. HORO:

SHRI B. S. BHAURA:

SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether a number of C.B.I. Officers have been found dead in mysterious "Hit and Run" accidents at various places during the last three months;

(b) whether the officers killed were investigating very important cases;

(c) the names and number of such officers who have been found dead: and

(d) whether any inquiry has been conducted by Government into these incidents and if so, with what result?

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS, DE PARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMEN'I-ARY AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MEHTA) (a) to (c) During the last three months there has been one incident in which an officer of the Central Bureau of Investigation a suspected victim of a hit and run" accident, was found dead on the Ring Road in South Delhi on the might of 29th December 1974 The name of this officer was Shri D Rama nathan who was an Inspector of Police in the Bureau He was not connected with the investigation of any case

(c) The matter is being investigated by the Delhi Police

Development of an electronic Teleprinter

318 SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK

SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO

Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state

(a) whether Hindustan Teleprintes L'd have recently developed an electionic teleprinter that has certain characteristics which are not seen in its foreign counterparts,

(b) if so the facts thereof, and

(c) how far it will be useful in typing with speed?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA TIONS (DR SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA) (a) to (c) Hindustan Teleprinters Lti have developed an ele ctronic Teleprinter the prototype of which is in final stages of completion This teleprinter has certain features, such as 10 characters memory, automatic shift and operation at multiple speeds These features were not avail able in foreign counterparts at the time of taking up the design work by

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the Hindustan Teleprinters Ltd. Unlike the conventional teleprinters which have to be operated at a uniform speed, this design will respond satisfactorily to varying and faster speeds of typing.

Malpractices in making trunk calls from telephones in Delhi

319 SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK Will the Minister of COMMU-NICATIONS be pleased to state

(a) whether it has come to the notice of Government that telephone, subscribers in Delh₁ frequently make trunk calls in collusion with the telephone staff and for those trunk call bills are not even prepared.

(b) whether several other malpractices have come to the notice of Government, and

(c) if so, the facts thereof and action taken against the persons who were found guilty?

THE MIN'STER OF COMMUNICA TIONS (DR SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA (a) A few instances of departmental staff allowing free trunk calls have been detected in Delhi

(b) Some instance, wherein subscribers lines were cross connected for diverting metered charges from one subscriber to another have also come to the notice of the Department

(c) During 1971 four employees were found guilty of allowing unauthorised trunk calls Three employees were dismissed and in case of the fourth one, enquiry has been completed and disciplinary proceedings are in progress During 1974 there were five cases detected of delinquent officials who were making free calls In a addition to the recovery of charges disciplinary proceedings against these officials have been instituted and are in progress

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Export of Films to Iraq

320. SHRI HARI SINGH: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether an agreement to export some Indian films to Iraq has been signed recently between Governments of India and Iraq; and

(b) if so, the films that will be exported and the price of the films?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR S'NHA) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) A Statement is laid on the Table • of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8915/75]

Subsidy for manufacture of cement for export

321 SHRI HARI SINGH: SHRI K M 'MADHUKAR'

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the cement manufacturers are not fulfilling their export commitments;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether Government have decided to grant a subsidy for manufacture of export quality cement; and

(d) if so, the objective thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPL'ES (SHRI T. A PAI): (a) No Sir

(b) Does not arise.

(c) and (d). Besides the ex-works retention price admissible to the Cement Producers, an additional price of Rs. 80 per tonne of cement produced is payable to the producers, who are specifically requested to produce British Standard Specification cement by the use of furnace oil, for export purposes. The additional prices is paid with a view to compensate the producers for the extra cost involved in producing B S. Specification cement by utilising furnace oil.

Industrial Licensing Policy

322. SHRI K S CHAVDA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the industrial licensing policy of the Government during the last three years,

(b) the number of proposals to develop industries in the backward States/areas which were received and whether it is a fact that licensing apparatus has failed to give equitable distribution of industries and equal justice to others who had secured industrial licences,

(c) whether the Licensing Committee shows favouritism to foreign firms, in the name of maintaining secrecy capacity already licensed, even though it is not installed, if so, the reasons therefor; and

(d) the steps Government propose to take to remove this lacuna?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSIRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAL) (a) Government announced their revised licensing policy in February 1973 through a press note dated 2nd February 1973 Briefly, consistent with the principles of the Industrial Policy Resolution of 1936, the policy is to stimulate growth in all priority industries in the context of the Fifth Plan. For the purpose of licensing, the definition of large industrial houses has been brought in line with the definition of such houses under the MRTP Act. These houses and Foreign majority multi-national companies (including

companies) are eligible, under the policy, to participate in certain specified core industries which are of imnortance to the national economy or have direct linkages with such industrues or have a long-term export notential. However, even in these fields of industry, suitable applicants, if any forthcoming from amongst the small and medium entrepreneurs will be given preference over the foreign majority companies and large houses. The provisions of the MRTP Act enable the Government to exercise check against undue consideration of economic power m a few hands and to prevent malpractices associated with dominance With a view to promote fuller utilisation of existing capacities. Government have recently allowed industrial undertakings currently holding licences for the manufacture of one or more of items falling under the "8. Industrial Schedule Industry Machinery" to undertake the manufacture of any other item falling under the same Schedule Industry within the existing overall licenced capacity for such items The same facility has been extended to the machine fool industry also subject to the condition that the items proposed to be taken up by way of diversification do not fall in the list of industries/products reserved for the Small-Scale Sector. Broadly the objectives of the industrial licensing system adopted by Government are to (1) cover essential production gaps. (ii) ensure channelisation of scarce resources particularly foreign exchange to the key and critical sectors of the economy, (iii) reduce concentration of economic power in the hands of a few business groups, (1v) reduce regional imbalances, (v) protect the interests of small scale sector and (vi) ensure a satisfactory balance of payment, position through increased import substitution and export promotion

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(b) Complete statistical information regarding the number of industrial licence applications received for the development of industries in the backward areas/States is available for the period August 1974—January 1975. During this 6-month period 291 applications for setting up new undertakings in the backward areas of the country were received. The share of backwards areas in the letters of intent and industrial licences issued has registered an appreciable increase over the years as seen from the following table —

| | | 1972 | | | 1973 | | 1974 | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-------|------|-----|-------|------|------|-------|------|
| | B | Total | ۰, | B | Total | % | В | Total | % |
| Letter of Intent | 108 | 877 | 12'3 | 127 | 899 | 14 1 | 343 | 1188 | 29.1 |
| Industrial licence | 83 | 563 | 14 6 | 103 | 596 | 17 2 | 298 | 1099 | 27 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

'B' Stands for Backward Areas

(c) No. Sir

(d) Does not arise

Establishment of industries in backward areas

223. SHRI K S CHAVDA' Wi'l the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state. (a) the special licensing favours given to the backward areas;

(b) other favours/concessions in respect of infra-structure, capital equipment, land etc. given to backward areas; and

(c) the number of proposals for establishing industries in backward areas received during the last threeyears, the number out of them which were rejected fully or partially?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A. P. SHARMA): (a) In taking a decision on industrial licence applications. Government take into account various considerations including locational aspects in the light of regional demand and the need for balanced industrial development of the country. In particular Government examine whether such of the industries as are capable of being located in backward areas, should be so located. Government also take into account the broad configuration of regional demand requirements and supply availabilities.

(b) Favours/concessions in respect of infra-structure, capital equipment, land etc., are being given by some of the State Governments.

(c) The statistics of applications for issue of licences received from backward areas are separately maintained only from August, 1974 onward. During the period August, 1974 to January, 1975, 393 applications were received, for setting up units in backward areas. Of these 64 have been approved, 92 have been rejected, 46 have been otherwise disposed off and 191 are being processed

Annual Planfor Karanataka for 1975-76

324 SHRI K. MALLANNA: SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Contral Government have approved a Rs. 150 crore annual plan for 1975-76 for the Karnataka State,

(b) if so, whether this plan includes non-plan expenditure on the Cauvery Project, and

(c) if so, whether the Government of Karnataka has approached the Central Government to extend Central cooperation to complete this Project? THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHI) VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) (a) (c): The Annual Plan 1975-76 for Kainataka is under finalisation.

Restrictions by Bangladesh on entry of India Newspaper and Journals

325. SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of restrictions by Bangladesh on the entry of Indian newspapers and journals in that country; and

(b) if so, the remedial measures Government propose to take in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Liquidation of bogus small units

326. SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY: SHRI NIMBALKAR: SHRI R. S. PANDEY:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the reports that the presence of bogus units in some parts of the country hampers the growth of small industries in those areas; and

(b) if so, the action taken for the liquidation of such bogus units?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CI-VIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A. P. SHAR-MA): (a) Yes, Sir.

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(b) State Governments have been advised to deregister all units found to be non-functioning during the census of small scale industrial units. This step will automatically deprive such units of all State assistance intended for registered small scale industries.

राज्यों के लिये बांचचीं योजना

327. भी संकर बयाल सिंह : भी संकर राष सायन्स : भी इसप्राक सम्भली

क्या योजना मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेने कि :

(क) क्या राज्यों की पांचवी पचवर्षीय बोजना के संबध में योजना श्रायोग ने राज्यों के साथ बातचीत पूरी कर ली है,

(वा) यदि हां, तो प्रत्येक राज्य क लिए किवनी राजि स्वीकृत की गई है तथा इस में केन्द्र झौर राज्यो का हिस्सा कितना है; झौर

(ग) यदि सभी राज्यो के मसौदे को मन्तिम रूप नही दिया गया है तो इन राज्यों के वोजनामों का क्यौरा क्या है जिनके मसौदे को मन्तिम रूप दे दिया गया है ?

योजना संवालय में राज्य मंत्री भी विद्यावरण शुक्ल): (क) यद्यपि राज्यो के साथ उनकी पचवर्षीय योजनामो को स्रन्तिम रूप देने के बारे में बताचीत नही हुई है, परन्तु राज्यों को 1975-76 के वर्ष और वार्षिक योजना के बारे में हाल में ही बातचीत पूरी हुई है और संसद का यय, प्रंस्तुत पांचवी पचवर्षीय योजना के व्यापक हाचे के झन्तर्गत इन्हे झन्तिम रूप दिय। भेषा रहा है।

(ख) भीर (ग) : प्रश्न नहो उत्तर

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Annual Plan for Guiarat for 1975-76

328. SHRI P. M. MEHTA: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Gujarat's annual plan outlay for 1975-76 has been decided after discussions with the State Government.

(b) if so, the total amount sanctioned,

(c) whether adequate provisions have also been made within the plan for scarcity relief as the State has been continuously facing drought and famine for the last two years, if so, the main features thereof, and

(d) the total Central assistance to be provided to the State Government and whether this will be more than that of the last year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VI-DYA CHARAN SHUKLA) (a) and (b) Discussions regarding Annual Plan for 1975-76 of Gujarat State have concluded at both the official and minis terial levels. The size and content of the State Annual Plan 1973-76 of Gujarat is being finalised in the light of discussions held.

(c) To the extent possible, the additional requirements of drought and scarcity would be taken into consideration while finalising the next year's plan outlay for Gujarat.

(d) In view of servere constraint of resources, all the State Governments including Gujarat were requested to formulate their draft Annual Plan proposals on the assumption of Central assistance for the next year plan at the level of 1974-75.

Agrend of Violence and Extremist Activities

329. SHRI P. M. MEHTA: SHRI B. V. SWAMINATHAN:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether his ministry has alerted all the States against possible violence after the assassination or death of Shri L. N. Mishra in Bihar;

(b) if so, whether Union Government are considering to take certain steps both administrative and political to check the spread of violence and the activities of extremists, and

(c) if so, whether Union Government convened a meeting of the Chief Ministers to discuss the law and order situation in the country?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN) (a) No, Sir

(b) and (c) Do not arise

Agitation by Nav Nirman Samiti

330. SHRI P. M MEHTA Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state.

(a) whether the Nav Nirman Samiti has once again started agitation in the State of Gujarat;

(b) if so, whether this agitation has once again deteriorated the law and order situation in the State;

(c) the main points on which the Samiti has once again started the agitation in the State;

(d) whether Government have agreed to meet their demands;

(e) whether the Samitl's demand is to supply more foodgrains and relief to the famine and drought iffected areas; and (f) if so, the steps being taken to check the large scale violence that has spread and the mounting tension in the various areas in the State?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) to (f). Facts are being ascertained.

Inclusion of Prime Minister's Utterances in news bulletins of A.I.R.

331. SHRI MADHU LIMAYE: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the A.I.R. have started including in their news bulletins parts of emotionally charged utterances of the Prime Minister;

(b) whether parts of her speech on the late Shri L. N. Mishra's assassination and/or alleged "medical murder" were included in the news bulletin or bulletins:

(c) if so, the text of the portion of these utterances included in the news bulletins; and

(d) the number of bulletins broadcast which included this portion?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) (a) to (d). Government strongly resent the insinuations contained in the Hon'ble Member's question.

On some occasions parts of speeches in voice-cast are introduced in the news bulletins.

Excerpts from the Prime Minister's speech at the condolence meeting to mourn the death of the late Shri L. N. Mishra were introduced in voice-cast in the 8.45 P.M Hindi and 9-00 P.M. English bulletins on January 7, 1975. The text is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8916/75.]

Development of backward areas in States

332. SHRI MADHU LIMAYE Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have asked the different State Governments to prepare schemes for the intensive development of backward areas in their States:

(b) whether the District Magistrate/, Collector of Bhagalpur, Bihar, had prepared a scheme for intensive development of the Banka sub-division of that district;

(c) whether it was mentioned in the prefatory or introductory note by the District Magistrate that this scheme was prepared on the basis of the pronouncements of Ministers who participated i_n the meeting held in this regard;

(d) whether the scheme has now been abandoned despite these earlier pronouncements and the work already done on the preparation of the scheme; and

(e) if so, the reasons for abandoning the schemes?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA) (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). Yes, Sir.

(d) and (e). As reported by the State Government, the scheme has not been abandoned and the various programmes included therein are being accommodated within the Annual Plan of Bihar to the extent possible.

Tyre factory in Santhal Pargane (Bihar)

333. SHRI MADHU LIMAYE: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a tyre factory was proposed to be set up near Jasidih in the backward Santhal Pargana District of Bihar;

(b) the details of the scheme including capacity and employment potential:

(c) whether land has been acquired and other necessary steps taken; and

(d) if not, the reason for the delay?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI) (a) to (d) A letter of intent was issued on 24th April 1972 to M/s Ibron Pvt Ltd, for setting up a new industrial undertaking in Jasidih in Santhal Pargana District in Bihar State for the manufacture of 4 lakhs numbers each of automobile tyres and tubes per annum The employment potential of the scheme is estimated at 1190 persons.

The party is reported to have made the following progress in the implementation of the Scheme

- (i) A new company by name Bihar Tyres has been registered on 1st October, 1974.
- (11) The firm has taken possession of land measuring about 312 acres in Jasidih, Santhal Parganas, Contour survey of the factory site has been carried out;
- (iii) Arrangements for power and water supply have been taken in hand by the State Government;
- (iv) Approval has been accorded to the import of capital goods required for the project;

- (v) The firm has submitted a detailed project Report to the Government of Bihar and IBDI for approval of financial and other assistance;
- (vi) The firm's application for foreign collaboration is under consideration.

Nagaland Government Plan to solve the problem of underground Nagas

334. SHRI HARI KISHORE SINGH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the activities of underground Nagas have increased considerably during the last three months:

(b) whether Nagaland Government have submitted any plan to the Central Government to solve the problem of underground Nagas;

(c) if so, the broad outlines of the plan; and

(d) Government's reaction thereto?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) Yes; Sir.

- (b) No; Sir.
- (c) Does not arise.
- (d) Does not arise.

Inter-State boundary disputes

335. SHRI HARI KISHORE SINGH. Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to refer to the reply given to USQ No. 2141 on 6th March, 1974 and state:

(a) whether Government have formulated any plan to solve the long standing boundary disputes between different States which are pending with the Central Government at present; and (b) if so, the broad outlines of the plan?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AF-FAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) and (b). Governments are continuing their efforts to find solutions to these disputes on the lines indicated in reply to Unstarred Question No. 2141 on 6th March, 1974. The report of the Adviser is awaited on matters relating to the boundary between Assam and Nagaland.

Nationalization of cigarette companies

336. SHRI HARI KISHORE SINGH: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of India have since taken any decision to nationalise cigarette companies having foreign collaboration under the Foreign Exchange Regulations Act: and

(b) if not, when will the decision be taken?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PA1): (a) and (b). The Foreign Exchange Regulation Act does not provide for nationalisation of foreign majority companies. Foreign-owned companies are, however, expected to Indianise to the extent indicated in the guidelines under FERA, which have already been laid on the Table of the House.

Radio transmission in Dang area of South Gujarat

337. SHRI D. P. JADEJA:

SHRI ARVIND M. PATEL:

Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state whether any further steps have been taken in the direction of setting up radio transmission for and in the Dang area in South Gujarat?

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THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): Provision for the establishment of a Radio Station at Ahwa has been included in the Draft Fifth Plan proposals of A.I.R. to provide broadcast coverage to the Dang District in South Gujarat.

Constitution of Central Generation Companies

338. SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under the consideration of Government to constitute the Central Generation Companies in the country; and

(b) if so, the main features thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SID-DHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) and (b). It has been decided in principle to establish Central Generation Compaules to execute and operate Central Power Projects. It is proposed to set up two such Companies, one for the Thermal Power Projects and the other for the Hydro-Electric Projects in the Central sector.

Crimes in Delhi Metropolitan area

339. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAUDHARY: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of crimes committed in Delhi Metropolitan area, and out of them offences reported to, offences registered by, offenders traced by, prosecutions launched by and convictions secured by the Delhi Metropolitan Police during the last three years, yeas-wise; (b) in how many of the above cases Police were involved; and

(c) the reasons for the very high percentage of cases in which offenders were not traced?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8917/75].

(b) 1972 .. 4 1973 .. 21 1974 .. 32

(c) The large floating population and the proximity of boders make the task of detection very difficult.

Projects sanctioned/approved in Madhya Pradesh by R. E. C.

540. SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAU-DHARY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state the particulars of Projects in Madhya Pradesh approved/sanctioned by Rural Electrification Corporation during the last 3 years?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SID-DHESHWAR PRASAD): The Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd. has sanctioned 68 schemes of Madhya Pradesh State Electricity Board involving loan assistance of Rs. 24.25 crores during the last three years. The details are given in the statement laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. 8918/75].

Implementation of recommendations of Power Ministers Conference held in July, 1974

341, SHRI NITIRAJ SINGH CHAU.... DHARY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the broad outlines of the recommendations of the Power Ministers

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Conference held in July, 1974 and the steps taken so far to implement them;

(b) whether generating schemes for 1874-75 and 1975-78 would be implemented; and

(c) when the Power Ministers are meeting again to review the implementation of their recommendations?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SID-DHESHWAR PRASAD); (a) The Conference of Power Ministers held in July 1974 reviewed the power position in the country and the various measures-both short term and longterm to improve power availability. Some of the major recommendations made by the Conference related to arranging spares for power plants, improving quality of coal supplied to thermal stations, reducing boiler overhaul time, reducing construction time of power projects to 3 years in the cace of thermal plants and 5 years in the case of hydro plants and restructuring the Electricity Supply Industry both at the Central and State levels. The Ministry of Energy is taking follow up action on all these recommendations made by the Conference.

(b) All possible efforts are being made to achieve the programme for 1974-75 and 1975-76.

(c) It is proposed to convene the next Conference of the Power Ministers shortly.

हैनी इंजीनियरिंग कारपोरेझन के प्रबन्ध निवेशक को ज्ञापन

342- भी रामाचतार झाल्जी : नया अखोग और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्री यह बताने की इत्या करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या प्रखिल भारतीय ट्रेड यूनि-बन कांग्रेस से सम्बद्ध हटिया कामगार यूनियन मे हैवी इंजीनियरिंग कारपोरेझन के प्रबन्ध निवज्ञत को 15--स्त्रीय ज्ञापन दिया है; (स) यदि हो, तो तत्सम्बन्धी मुख्य बातें क्या हैं ;

(ग) क्या उक्त मांगों के समर्थन में यूनियन के कार्यकर्ताओं ने कारपोरेजन के कार्यालय के सामने भूख हुक्तास की वी तया यूनियन के झध्यक्ष के नेतृत्व में एक प्रतिनिधि मण्डल निदेज्ञक से मिला वा ; झौर

(घ) यदि हां, तो उक्त मांगों पर सर-कार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है ?

उन्नोय और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (भी ए० सी० बार्ज) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) मुख्य मांगें उचित दर की मधिक दुकानें खोलने; विस्थापितों को रोजगार देने; मास पास के गांवो में चिकित्सा मौर झैक्षणिक सुविधायें प्रदान करने सभी श्रमिकों को रिहायझी मावास प्रदान करने संविधा श्रमिक पढति समाप्त करने मवकाश यात्ना सहायता के बदले स्थानीय श्रमिकों को एक माम का बेतन देने; मनिवार्य जमा मधिनियम, 1974 से छूट, मधिकारियों मौर श्रमिकों को मूल वेतन के 15 प्रनिशत की दर से मकान किराया भत्ता देने मौर पदोन्नति नीति में संशोधन करने के सम्बन्ध में हैं।

(ग) 16-1-75 से 18-1-75 तक निगम के मुख्यालय के सामने 56 घंटे की ऋमिक भूख हड़ताल की गई थी। यूनियन का प्रतिनिधिमण्डल प्रबन्ध निदेशक से नहीं मिला।

(च) जो मांगें रखी गयी हैं चे सब सामान्य प्रकार की हैं मौर इन पर राज्य सरकार के श्रम विभाग के विनियमों के झन्तगैत प्रबन्धकों द्वारा केवल मान्यता प्राप्त यनियन के साय बातचीत की जा सकती है। हेणी इंजीनियरिंग कारपोरेंशन के प्रवस्थकों वे 16-3-74 को मान्यता प्राप्त यूनियन के साथ समझौता किया। इस समझौते के झन्तर्गत जो 1-1-74 से लागू है, वेतन-डाचे का पुनरीक्षण धौर मजदूरो की झन्य सामान्य मागे भाती हैं। यह समझौता 31-12-1977 तक लागू रहेगा।

स्वतन्त्रता सेनानियों के लिए बाबास

343. भी रामावतार शास्त्री : भी म्रार० एन० बर्मन :

क्या गृह मत्रे यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि :

(क) क्या दिल्ली में बुढ़े और ग्रसमर्थ सेनानियों के निवास के लिये स्वतन्व्रता सेनानी गुह की स्थापना की गयी है ,

(ख) यदि हा, तो उनमे कितने सेना नियो के निवास की व्यवस्था है तथा ग्रभी वहा कितने सेनानी निवास कर रहे है, ग्रीग

(ग) क्या इस प्रकार के गृह झन्यत बनाने की कोई योजना है स्रौर यदि हा, नो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है ?

गृह मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (भी एक॰ एव॰ मोहसिन): (क) जीहा। श्रीमान्।

(ख) इस समय स्वतन्त्रता सेनानी गृह में 25 स्वनन्त्रता मेनानियों के रहने की व्यवस्था है। इस समय दिल्ली के गृह में 4 स्वतन्त्रता मेनानी हैं भौर स्वतन्त्रता सेनानियों के ग्राने की ग्राणा है।

(ग) दूसरा केन्द्रीय गृह संघ राज्य क्षेत्र पांडिचेरी में स्थापिन किया जा रहा है उसको बारम्भ करने के प्रक्षा को झन्तिम रूप दिया जा रहा है । उन स्वतन्त्रता सैनानियों के लिये जिनको झाखय की झाब-श्यकता है प्रत्येक राज्य में कम से कम ऐसा एक गृह स्थापित करने की सम्भावनाझो की जाच करने के लिये राज्य सरकारो से भी झन्रोध किया है।

स्वतम्त्रता सेनानियों को पेंशन की स्वीक्वति

344 भी रामायतार झाल्त्री : क्या गृह मत्री यह बताने को क्रुपा करेगे कि :

(क) 15 फ़रवरी, 1975 तक जिन स्वतन्त्रता सेनानियों को पेशन को स्वीकृति की गयी है उनकी कुल सख्या कितनी ह तथा उनका राज्यवार ब्यौरा क्या है,

(ख) जिन सेनानियो के ग्रावेदन पत्र विचाराधीन है उनकी राज्यवार मध्या क्या है , मौर

(ग) सरकार उन ग्रावेदन पत्नो के कब तक निवटाने का विचार रखनी है ?

गृह मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (धी एफः एवः मोहसिन) : (क) मार (ख). 99,581 मामलो का पेशन की स्वीर्टुनि ने लिये मनुमोदन किया गया है। 59 694 मावेदन पत्न विचाराधीन है। 59 694 मावेदन पत्न विचाराधीन है। 59 694 मावेदन पत्न विचाराधीन है। इनम ने 50 600 मावेदन पत्न है निन्हे पर्याप्त ममय तक प्रपेक्षित सूचना न मिन्तने के कारण फ़ाइल कर दिया गया था मौर 9,099 मावेदनपत्नों की मभी जाच होनी है। राज्य-वार सूचना सभा पटल पर रखे गये विवरण मे दी गई है। [सम्बालय में रखा गरा। वेखिए संस्था एलं टी॰ 8919, 75]।

(ग) जब कि माबेदनपत्नो का मीझ निपटान करने के लिये गभी प्रयास किये जा रहे हैं, फ़िर भी कोई निश्चिन समय जिसमे कार्य पूरा हो जायेगा, बनाना सम्भव नही है।

Import of Western Technology

345. SHRI RAMAVATAR SHASTRI. Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the imported Western Technology does not suit our socioeconomic structure, according to the Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission;

(b) if so, the details of the Western Technology imported during the years 1973 and 1974, and

(c) the measures being taken to decrease dependence on Western Technology?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA) (a) Attention of Government has been drawn to the Convocation Adress deliwered on 18th January, 75 at the University of Roorkee wherein the Chairman. Atomic Energy Commission, inter alia, said that in developing countries, such as India, there is deep questioning whether contemporary Western Technology which needs massive amount of capital and long gestation period and which often seems to perpetuate dependence is relevant at all, etc. etc.

(b) Statements I and II are laid on the Table of the House [Placed in Library. See No LT-8920/75].

(c) The measures being taken, at present, to minimise dependence on Western Technology are as follows —

- (i) Indigenous research and R&D effort is being encouraged in areas of immediate applicability to the lives of the people;
- (ii) A Technical Committee has been constituted for technical scrutiny of each foreign collaboration proposal. The deliberations of the Committee centre around the problems of forecasting the type of technology needed by the

country for its future requirements, availability of technology and capability within the industry, arrangements for interlinking of imported technology with indigenous R&D efforts and initiating expeditious action to cover gaps in the country's technological requirements

- (111) While conveying approval of foreign collaboration proposals, a condition is invariably stipulated in the approval letter that the Indian party, within the cur rency of agreement, should take necessary steps to set up their R&D facilities so that the imported technology is fully absorted by the Indian Party and continued dependence on foreign co laboration is not necessary beyond the period of agreement
- (iv) Normally, collaboration proposals are approved for a period of five years from the date of agreement or from the commencement of production, if it is not delayed beyond a period of three years from the signing of the agree ment Extension is granted in only exceptional cases
- (v) As a condition on foreign collaboration, it is also stipulated that the Indian company should be free to sub license the techn. cal know-how/product licence/ engineering licence under the agreement to another Ind an party, should it become neces sary This is subject to the agreement of all the parties con cerned including the foreign collaborator and Government

Representation from Research workers and staff of Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, Calcutta

346 SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state

(a) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn to the

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grievances of the research workers and staff of the Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics in Calcutta and whether the Minister has received any representation from the association of research workers and staff employed in the Institute; and

(b) if so, steps taken to remove the grievances?

THE PRIME MINISTER, MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECH-NOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI): (a) No representation has been received recently from the Staff of the Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics Calcutta.

(b) Does not arise.

Death of Shri D. Ramanathan, C.B.I. Inspector in Road Accident in Delhi

347 SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to the allegation of 'death under mysterious circumstances' in a road accident in Delhi of Shr₁ D. Ramanathan, a CBI Inspector, said to be handling the Delhi angle' of the Pondicherry import licence scandal;

(b) whether any investigation has been undertaken by the CBI into the death of Shri D Ramanathan, who was one of the CBI's own officers and whether any cause for suspicion has been unravelled; and

(c) the actual nature of the road accident and whether any police case was registered in that connection in the normal course? THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) Government have seen press reports to this effect. Shri D. Ramanathan, CBI Inspector, however, was not connected with the investigation into the Poudicherry import licence case.

(b) CBI has not taken up any investigation. There is as yet nothing to indicate any cause for suspicion.

(c) On 29-12-1974, at 11.15 p.m. the Police Station R. K. Puram received information from the Central Police Control Room that a person had talephoned from public call office saving that while travelling in a DTC bus he had seen a person lying in an injured condition on the Ring Road near Moti Bagh. A Sub-Inspector from R. K. Puram Police Station rushed to the spot and found Shri D Ramanathan lying in an injured condition on the Ring Road opposite D.II Flats in South Moti Bagh. In the meantime, the Contiol Room Van, which had reached the spot. informed the relatives of Shri D Ramanathan. Shri Ramanathan was thereafter removed to the Safdarjang Hospital where he was declared 'brought dead'. A case FIR No. 858. dated 30th December, 1974 under section 279/304-A IPC was registered. The case is under investigation.

Opening of Extra-Departmental Branch Post Offices

348. SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been any change in the policy of opening Extra-Departmental Branch Post Offices in rural areas for every 2,000 inhabitants thereof because of economy reasons; and

(b) if so, the new policy guidelines in this respect?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA. TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) No, Sir. However, as a temporary measure, no new post offices are being opened, except in the backward, hilly and tribal areas.

(b) Does not arise.

Conference of Ministers of Civil Supplies of States in December, 1974 regarding distribution plan

149. SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN[•] Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had convened the conference of Ministers of Civil Supplies of State Governments on the 20th December, 1974 to discuss the distribution plan of essential items in the country;

(b) if so, how many States attended the conference and whether Government have fully approved the proposal; and

(c) when the same i_5 likely to be started?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY INDUSTRY OF AND SUPPLIES CIVIL (SHRI A C. GEORGE), (a) to (c) Conferences of Ministers of Food and Civil Supplies of State Governments and Union Territories were convened at Regional levels. The Conference of Ministers of State and Union Territories in the Northern and Central region was held on 20th December 1974 and was attended by the representatives of all the 7 States and 2 Union Territories namely Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan, Punjab, Madhya Pradesh, Himachai Pradesh, Harvana, Jammu & Kashmir, Delhi and Chandigarh.

At these conferences, the progress in the production and distribution of essential commodities was reviewed. Action has been initiated on the basis of the discussions at the conferences.

Supply of Power to Fortilizer Plants: on priority basis

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350. SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY bepleased to state

(a) whether State Governments have now agreed to supply power to fertilizer plants on priority basis; and

(b) whether the Planning Commission had stated that such power plants would not be allowed to suffer forwant of funds?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SID-DHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Power has been included in the core sector of the Plan and the Plan ning Commission allocates funds de pending upon inter se priority of other priority sectors included in the core of the Plan

Decontrol of Cement

251. SHRI M KATHAMUTHU: Wilf the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a proposal under consideration to decontrol the cement price; and

(b) if so, the facts and reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI) (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Demands made by Trade Union Leaders of Hindustan Motors Ltd., Uttarpara, West Bengal

352. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state: Written Answere

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. (a) whether his attention has been drawn to the demands made by the trade union leaders of Hindustan Motors Limited Uttarpara, West Bengal, for the take over of that firm by Government.

(b) if so, the facts thereof, and

(c) the reaction of Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVII. SUPPLIES (SHRI A С GEORGE) (a) and (b) Attention of the Government has been drawn to apprehensions of loss of wages and employment in Hindustan Motors Works in littarpara and resultant de mands for takeover

(c) Government has been closely watching the situation and exploring steps in consultation with Management as to how production can be maintained and apprehensions of large scale retrenchment allayed

Criticism of Film Festival arrangements

353 SHRI VAYALAR RAVI Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have noticed the criticism appearing in the Indian Press regarding the irregularities in the selection of films, selection of the venue and other irregularities i_n the Fifth International Films Festival of India,

(b) if so the reaction of Government thereto, and

(c) the steps Government propose to take to improve the arrangements and increase the prestige of Films Festivals to be organised in our country? THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA). (a) No criticism in the Press has come to the notice of the Government in regard to the irregularities in the selection of films and vanue of the Fifth International Film Festival of India However, some criticism had appeared in the Press regarding the sale and non-availability of cinema tickets for the festival film shows

(b) and (c) Some short com ngs noticed in the recently concluded festi val will be reviewed and improvements made in future film festivals

Dispute between NDMC and Municipal Corporation over Payment of Dues by NDMC

354 SHRI B S BHAURA Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have taken any steps to settle the dispute about the non-payment of Rs 6 crore- dues by the N D M C to the Municipal Corporation, and

(b) if so the facts thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTIR IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN) to and (b) The Delhi Municipal Corporation has informed this Ministry that the following dues are outstanding against the New Delhi Municipal Committee —

Rs crore

| (i) Tax on c | ousumption | . 1. | |
|--------------|----------------------------|------|----------|
| or supply | of electricity NDVIC up | uuc | 5 00 |
| 18//4 | | | (Approx) |

(a) Outstanding claim for apportionment of expenditure on the maintenance of Delhi Fire Service due from the NDMC upto 1974-75 . 100 (Approx.)

| | 6 00 | |
|-------|----------|--|
| TOTAL | (Approx) | |
| | | |

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The New Delin Municipal Committee has denied these claims.

Regarding tax on consumption, sale or supply of electricity, the NDMC has challenged the legality of the demand. The dispute has been going on since 1960. Both, the MCD and the NDMC had obtained legal advice and conflict. ing opinions were given on this legal issue by eminent jurists. For resolving the legal issues several meetings were held from time to time. There was a meeting between the Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs and the Mayor on 7-1-1975. As agreed to at the meeting the matter was discussed further on 28-1-1975 by officers of the MCD. NDMC and the Ministry of Home Affairs. There has, however, been no agreement so far regarding the procedure to be followed for resolving the dispute.

As regards the claim for apportionment of expenditure on the maintenance of Delhi Fire Service, the Lt. Governor, Delhi was asked to examine the matter. A reply has been received from Delhi Administration on 25-1-75 that Secretary (LSG), Delhi Administration, is examining the matter in consultation with the officers of the Municipal Corporation of Delhi and the New Delhi Municipal Committee.

Trespan in the House of an Income Tax Officer in Delhi

355. SHRI B. S. BHAURA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether on the 31st December, 1974 some trespassers entered the premises of an Income-Tax Officer in East Patel Nagar, New Delhi and destroyed house-hold goods including T.V. in the absence of the officer's family; if so, the facts thereof;

(b) whether the Delhi Police have arrested the culprits; if so, the particulars thereof; and

(c) whether no thorough and timely investigation has been made into the incident; if so, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE. MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN); (a) On the night of 31st December, 1974 one Shiv Dutt Salwan alongwith his wife and two sons aged 20 years and 12 years went to the house of Shri R. D. Gandhi an Income-tax Officer residing in East Patel Nagar, New Delhi to protest against the action of Shri R. Gandhi's son who took away the former's. daughter from the house of one Mr. M. R. Verma residing at Rajender Nagar. There was an exchange of hot words between Shri Salwan and Shri K. K. Chhabra, brother-in-law of Shri Ghandhi which led to a scuffle, in which some house-hold goods of Shrr Gandhi including a T.V. Set were demaged.

(b) Three accused namely (1) Shiv Dutt Salwan (2) Mrs. Raj Salwan and (3) Indar Dutt Salwan were arrested. They were released on bail by the Court.

(c) The local police reached the spot soonest they received information from the control room. A case FIR No. 1, dated 1-1-1975 under Section 452/506/ 427 IPC was registered at Police Station, Patel Nagar. The investigation of the case is in progress and is: likely to be finalised shortly.

Loss to Industrial Production in West Bengal due to Power Rationing

356. SHRI ROBIN SEN: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the estimated loss in industrial production in West Bengal due to. power rationing; and

(b) loss in the earnings of the workers and employees connected: with these industries?

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THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) It is very difficult to assess precisely the estimated loss in indus-"trial production due to power rationing -alone because the production losses are generally due to a number of con--atraints such as labour disputes, power -shortage, non-availability of adequate furnace oil, shortage of imported and indigenous raw materials, lack of finance, slackness in demand etc. The * production in the following industries in West Bengal is reported to have been affected as a result of power rationing in the state.

- (1) Electrode.
- (2) Midget Electrode
- (3) Cinema Arc Carbon.
- (4) Electrical & Tele-communication equipment.
- (5) Steel castings and forgings.
- (6) Iron & Steel tools.
- (7) Tanned hides & Leather footwear.

(b) Data about the loss in the earnings of workers and employees on account of power rationing is not compiled.

Generation of Power in Current Year

357. SHRI S. R. DAMANI:

SHRI BHARAT SINGH CHOWHAN:

SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the details of power generation in the current year separately for thermal, hydel and atomic sources and their comparative position last year;

(b) States which were subjected to power cuts from time to time and the extent of cut as percentage of normal supply and actual demand; and

(c) the reasons thereof and when the position is likely to improve? THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SID-DHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) The figures of gross generation, in million units, in the country as a whole for the years 1973 and 1974 are given below:--

| | | 1974 | 1973 |
|---------|---|---------|---------|
| Hydro | • | 28130-0 | 26055.1 |
| Thermal | • | 37371.0 | 34483·7 |
| Nuclear | | 2107.0 | 2068 5 |

(b) Power cuts in various States have been varying from time to time depending upon availability and demand. The power cuts in force at present are given in the Statement laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8921/75].

(c) The main reason for power shortage in the country is the shortfall in additions to the generating capacity to meet the growing load demands. The failure of monsoons in various parts of the country has further aggravated the position.

The Ministry of Energy have taken a number of steps both by way of maximising generation from existing plants as well as accelerating the progress of projects under construction. With these measures there is already improvement in power position particularly in the Eastern Region and it is expected that the position would further improve in due course.

Industrial Production in 1974

358. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the trend of industrial production in 1974, major industry-wise with comparative figures of the previous two years;

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(b) the capacity utilization and the variations in relation to the set targets; and

(c) the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) to (c). The enclosed table shows production during 1972-73, 1973-74. 1974.75 (April-September) and capacity utilisation ratios for April-September 1974 for selected industries. Industries included in the table are those for which the Planning Commission had indicated anticipated levels of production in 1974-75 in the Annual Plan. The statement shows that the annual rate of production in 1974-75 for a number of industries was higher than in the previous year. These industries include zinc chemical machinery. paper and pulp machinery. machine tools, metallurgical machinery, cement machinery, sugar machinery, agricultural tractors, automobile tyres, newsprint and saleable steel. In respect of a number of industries, viz. nitrogenous fertilisers, paper and paper board, and steel ingots, the production in the first half of 1974 75 was running at about the same annual rate as in 1973-74. On the other hand, in respect of some industries, e.g. aluminium, copper, commercial vehicles, phosphatic fertilisers, and cement, the rate of production in the first half of 1974-75 was lower than 10 1973-74.

The Annual Plan for 1974-75 had indicated anticipated levels of production in respect of these industries. These figures are shown in column 6 of the statement laid on the Table of the House. | Placed in Library. See No. LT-8922/75.1 Since production data are not available for the whole year 1974-75, it is not possible to compare the actual production performance with anticipated production as laid down in the Annual Plan for 1974-75. However, it is likely that in respect of some industries, there will be a shortfall in production over anticipated levels due to factors such as power shortage, energy crisis, and operational difficulties affecting individual plants.

Increase in Insidence of Crime in Dathi

359. SHRI MOHINDER SINGH Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been a steady increase in the incidence of crime in the Capital during the past two years and the police have not been able to come up with the situation;

(b) if so, whether there is a dire need to take suitable steps and also to renovate the force properly;

(c) whether there is a strong discontentment among the police staff as the long awaited recommendations of the Third Pay Commission have not been implemented so far; and

(d) if so, the steps proposed to be taken in the matter?

THE DEPUTY M'NISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): (a) No, Sir. The number of IPC cases in 1974 was 33824 as compared to 34174 in the year 1973

(b) Suitable steps are taken as and when necessary

(c) The revised pay scales of the Delhi Police have since been sanctioned and are being implemented.

(d) Does not arise

Price of Premier President Car

360. SHRI BIRENDER SINGH RAO: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the price of Premier President Car has been raised twice after it has been decontrolled;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c).;the amount by which the price has been raised: and

(d) whether the prior permission has been obtained by the Company?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIT. SUPPLIES (SHRI A. C. GEORGE): (a) to (d). Government lifted the price control on Premier President cars with effect from 1-1-75. The manufacturers have reported that after the decontrol the exfactory retail selling price of their cars has been increased once by Rs. 1,501 with effect from 8-1-1975. The above price rise was effected due to increase in the cost of manufacture. No prior approval of Government is necessary after discontinuance of price control.

Southern Zonal Council Meeting

361. SHRI C. JANARDHANAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

(a) whether a meeting of the Southern Zonal Council was held on 31st December, 1974 in Trivandrum;

(b) if so, the suggestions and recommendations made and whether the 'Sons of the Soil' issue figured in the meeting; and

(c) whether any guidelines from the Centre were asked for and if so, whether any uniform guidelines have been worked out for all the States and the facts thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AF-FAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY): (a) Yes Sir.

(b) and (c). A list of subject discussed at the meeting is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Libraty. See No. LT-8923/75]. While reviewing the progress of safeguards for linguistic minorities, it was suggested that the Central Government should take the initiative in formulating guidelines regarding employment opportunities for linguistic minorities and local candidates. The concensus in the Council was that member-Stater could forward their suggestions to the Central Government and the matter may be further considered in a comference of Chief Ministers.

Changes in Industrial Licensing Policy

362. SHRI S. A. MURUGANAN-THAM: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have a proposal to make a radical change in the industrial licensing policy; and

(b) if so, the salient features and objectives thereof?

OF INDUSTRY THE MINISTER AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) and (b). The Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956 continues to Government's policies for govern achieving the objectives of growth, social justice and self reliance in the industrial sphere. Within the broad framework of the Industrial Policy Resolution, Government have effected changes from time to time in the industrial licensing policy with a view to stimulate growth, particularly in priority industries of importance tØ the national economy.

Import of Spares for Maharashira State Electricity Board

363. SHRI DHAMANKAR:

SHRI VASANT SATHE:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether one of the two 140 MW (sets at Eklahare (Nasik) is giving a reduced output of only 60 MW and

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that the Maharashtra State Electricity Board has approached the Central Government for import of spares required for restoring the full generation capacity of the set;

(b) if so, the amount of foreign exchange involved for import of spares; and the time schedule by which the spares are likely to be replaced by the imported ones;

(c) whether it has been decided to probe into the technical reasons for the failure of the set to ensure that the breakdown does not repeat and the expenditure on the import of spares does not become infructuous, and

(d) if so, the action taken in the matter and the results thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROP SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) and (b) Yes, Sir Import Licence for Rs. 23,58 lakhs for the replacement of blade, has been received by the Maharashtra State Electricity Board. The defective blades are expected to be replaced by July/August, 1975.

(c) and (d). The technical reasons for the failure of the blades are being investigated in collaboration with the suppliers of the equipment so as to avoid any breakdowns in future.

Finalisation of Freder List of I.E.S. and I.S.S.

364. SHRI DHAMANKAR Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) whether feeder list of I.E.S. and I.S.S. has not yet been finalised; and

(b) if so, the steps taken or proposed to be taken for speedy finalisation of the feeder list and to make it effective for the purpose of filling up 3454LS-7. the posts in Grade IV of the respective services?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS, DE-PARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTA-RY AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MEHTA): (a) The feeder usis have not yet been finalised.

(b) The Ministries/Departments concerned have been addressed to furnish complete information in respect of officers eligible for promotion to Grade IV of the Indian Economic Service and the Indian Statistical Service. Efforts to obtain the information from the concerned Ministries/Departments are continuing

Atrocities on Harijans in Gujarat

365. SHRI AMARSINH CHAUDHA-RY Will the Minister of HOME AF-FAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether Government are aware that during the last six months atrocities on Harijans and other backward communities by landlords, agriculturists and others have increased in Gujarat:

(b) if so, the facts thereof;

(c) the action taken against the guilty persons; and

(d) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to give full protection to Harijans and other backward communities?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H. MOHSIN): (a) to (d). Facts are being ascertained from the State Government.

191 Written Answers

Non-execution of Works in U.P.

366. SHRI B. R. SHUKLA: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether no projects, schemes or works are being executed in Uttar Pradesh, because the Planning Commission is not finally approving the State Plan; and

(b) whether works started under the previous approved Plans are held up because of the non-extension of Central ard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA) (a) No, Sir.

(b) Under the existing procedures, the size and contents of the Annual Plan of States are approved by the Planning Commission on the basis of the aggregate resources in sight. The aggregate re ources are calculated on the basis of the concerned State's own resources which are assessed in consultation with them and the aggregate Central assistance which would be available for financing the Plans of the State, on the basis of the assessment of total resource availability at the Centre. The size and contents of the Annual Plan of Uttar Pradesh were approved by the Planning Commission in accordance with this procedure The programmes and projects in the respective Annual Plans of U.P. Fave been and are being executed within these parameters.

Bural Electrification Work in District Bahraich (UP)

367. SHRI B. R SHUKLA Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the scheme (f rural electrification has been abandoned;

(b) if not, whether any rural electrification work is being carcied on in any part of the district Bahraicn (Uttar Pradesh); and (c) whether there are no electric lines in Sirsia blocks and in Jamnaha Bazar in district Bahraich (U.P)?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Rural electrification work is being carried on in Bahraich District of Uttar Pradesh 318 villages out of 1,873 villages in the district had been exectrified up to December, 1974.

(c) Construction of 11 Ky lines is in progress in Sirsia and Jamnaha Bazar Llocks in district Bahraich.

Sale proceeds of Coal before and after Nationalisation

360 SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 3161 on the 4th Decemrei 1974 regarding sale proceeds of coal before and after nationalisation, and state;

a) whether the accounts have since been audited;

(b) if so, the main features thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons for the delay?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENLRGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) No. S:*

b) Deos not arise.

e) The formal closing of the aĉcounts for the management period will avait the last date for the discharge or pre-nationalisation liabilities and collection of pre-nationalisation dues in terms of sub-sections (3) and (4) of Section 19 of the Coal Mines (Nationalisation) Act. 1973, which has extended from 30-11-1974 been to 30-6-1975. The accounts will, thereafter, be audited in terms of Section 19 of the Act.

Report of the Fact Finding Committee on Newspaper Economics

370. SHRI BHOGENDRA JHA-

SHRI NOOPUL HUDA:

SHRI VASANT SATHE:

SHRI NIMBALKAR:

SHRI DHAMANKAR.

Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state.

(a) whether the Fact Finding Committee on Newspaper Economics has submitted its report;

(h) if so, the main features thereof; and

(c) whether Government have involved the recommendations and it so, the action being taken thereon?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING 'SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). The report of the Fact Finding Committee on Newspaper Economics recently received is under consideration of the Government and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Plan Holiday

371 SHRI VARKEY GEORGE. Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleasif to state:

(a) whether the Planning Ministry proposes to declare a plan holiday; if so, the reasons therefor; and

(b) whether the Government propose to review the Fifth Plan in its entirety?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) No, Sir. (b) The Planning Commission is carrying out certain exercises for making adjustments in the Draft Fifth Five Year Plan in the light of the latest economic situation prevailing in the country.

Ravan Leela in Tamil Nadu

372. SHRI VARKEY (,EORGE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFA'RS be pleased to state.

(a) whether 'Ravan Leela' was held in Tamil Nadu;

(b) whether the effi ics of Ran.a, Lakshmana and Sita were burnt;

(c) whether that was done with the consent of Government of that State; and

(d) the reaction of Central Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS, DE-PARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTA-RY AFFAIRS (SHRI OM MEHTA): (a) to (d). Facts are being ascertained from the State Government.

Employment Guarantee Scheme in Maharashira

373 SHRIMATI ROZA DESH-PANDE Will the Minister of PLANN-ING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Maharashtra State Government has submitted a Rs. 50 crores employment guarantee scheme to the Planning Commission; and

(b) if so, the main features of the scheme and the Central Government's decision thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) Yes, Sir, (b) The Employment Guarantee Scheme which is shown at Rs 50 crores in the State's Annual Plan 1975-78 has been prepared by the State Government The Scheme aims at creating such employment opportunities as will result in the creation of productive assets In this sense the Planning Commission has accepted the basic framework of the Scheme

Price of Ambassador Car

374 SHRIMATI ROZA DESH-PANDE Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state

(a) whether the Hindustar Motors have decided to increase the price of 'Ambasskdor' cars.

(b) if so the amount thereof,

(c) whether Government have any control on the price and distribution of cars manufactured by Hindustan Motors, and

(d) if so, the facts thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A C. GEORGE) (a) and (b) M/s Hindustan Motor, have not since discontinuance of price control, effected any increase in the ex-factory price of Ambassador car

(c) No. Sir

(d) Does not arise

Activities of Import Lobby against Industrial Development

375 PROF MADHU DANDAVATE Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether he has indicated the existence of a 'Strong Import Lobby' in the country acting as a roadblock to planned industrial development, (b) if so, whether any concrete scheme is prepared to prevent the activities of such lobby, and

(c) if so, what are the salient features of such a scheme?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T A. PAI) (a) to (c) It is the policy of Government to import such of the capital goods and raw materials essential for industrial production as are not available indigenously Although a number of requests are received for import of item, available in the country. Government has an effective machinery to ensure that non-essential items and those available indigenously are not allowed to be imported The Import Trade Control Policy document published every year lays down the import policy for individual items

Home for Freedom Fighters in Delhi

376 PROF MADHU DANDAVATE Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether the Home for old and infirm freedom fighters established in Delhi on 2nd Octobei 1974 continued to have only a solitary occupant.

(b) if so, what are the difficulties faced by freedom fighters who are eligible to get admission to the Home, in occupting the Home and

(c) what steps are taken to remove these difficulties?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F H MOHSIN). (a) No, Sir. There are four freedom fighters in the Home in Delhi at present More freedom fighters are expected to join the Home shortly

(b) No difficulties have been brought to the notice of the Government.

(c) Does not arise

"Fime scale clerk-supervisors in Postal Department

377. PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Bombay High Court has delivered a judgment on 1st September. 1969 directing the payment of Rs. 20 to the time scale clerk-supervisors in the Postal Department as basic pay while entering the lower selection grade; and

(b) if so, what steps are taken to implement the judgment of the High Court?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNI-CATIONS (DR. SHANKER DAVAL SHARMA): (a) The Bombay High Court delivered judgment in a writ petition filed by Shri Gondhalekar that special pay of Rs 20 drawn by him as time scale supervisor should be treated as part of basic pay for fixation of pay in the Lower Selection Grade.

(b) The judgment has been implemented and the official's case has been settled.

Complaint against Hindustan Levers Ltd.

378. SHRI S. M BANERJEE Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state.

(a) whether certain complaints were brought to his notice by the Members of Parliament regarding working of the Hindustan Levers Ltd.;

(b) whether a request has been made to take over their Trichy factory, and

(c) if so, the steps taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) to (c). Some complaints have been received about the proposed sale by M/s, Hindustan Lever Ltd. of their vanaspati factory at Trichy. The Department of Food which examined these complaints has reported that the Company has been finding it increasingly uneconomical to operate the Trichy Plant, partly due to the relatively limited demand for vanaspati in the South, and partly due to the inability of the Company to diversify its activities in this region and are negotiating for sale.

Paid holidays for Telecommunication staff

379. SHRI S M. BANERJEE Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the operative staff of the telecommunication section are entitled to paid holidays; and

(b) if not, whether any final decision has been taken in this regard, and the reasons for this abnormal delay?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNI-CATIONS (DR SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA). (a) Posts & Telegraphs operative staff are entitled to 9 effective holidays including 3 national hohidays in a year.

(b) Does not arise.

Ouistanding demands of employees of Song and Drama Division

380. SHRI S. M. BANERJEE Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether some of the demands of the employees belonging to Song and Drama Division are outstanding since long;

(b) if so, what steps have been taken to meet those demands; and

(c) whether any negotiating machinery exists t_0 deal with such demands?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA): (a) and (b). The demands have been considered by the Government, Decisions have been taken on some of them. The headquarters of two troupes were shifted the back to Delhi to accommodate Staff Artists who had requested for re-transfer on grounds of hardship: additional Dearness Allowance as admissible to Government servants has been sanctioned to the Staff Artists subject to the provisions of the Compulsory Deposit (Additional Emoluments) Act. 1974 and long-term contracts to Staff Artists for a period of 5 years at a time renewable at the end, shall be issued instead of shortterm contracts Some of the demands are still under consideration of the Government while a few could rot be accepted.

(c) Yes, Sir, An ad hoc consultative group was constituted in 1972, comprising of the representatives of the Staff Artists and the Officers of the Ministry which meets periodical'y and looks into grievances of the employees.

Post Offices in rural areas of U.P.

381 SHRI MULKI RAJ SAINI Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state

(a) the number of Post Offices in the tural area of Uttar Pradesh;

(') the number of Post Offices having saving bank facilities, and

(c) whether Government would make arrangements for savings benk account in more Post Offices for making small savings scheme a success?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA) (a) 13139

(b) 13121.

(c) As may be seen from the above figures, most of the Branch Post Offices have been vested with Savings Bank powers; Only 18 Branch Post Offices do not perform Savings Bank work because they are seasonal Branch Post Offices situated in remote hilly areas.

Delay in launching satellite instructional T.V. experiment

382 SHRI P. R. SHENOY: Will the Minister of SPACE be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for delay in launching Satellite Instructional Television Experiment (SITE) in India;

(b) when the experiment is expected to be launched, and

(c) the steps taken for the production of required T V. sets to make the experiment a success?

THE PRIME MINISTER. MINISTER MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY. OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI). (a) The delay is mainly due to the postponement of the date of launching of ATS-6 Satellite hv NASA and consequent delay in positioning the Satellite over India for Satellite Instructional Television Experiment (SITE) programme

(b) By Mid-1975.

(c) Already over 1300 Direct Communication Receiver sets produced by ECIL have been received at Satellite Instructional Television Experiment (SITE) Cluster Headquarters and over 1000 sets have been installed in the selected villages.

Essential commodities in fair price shops

383. SHRI P. R. SHENOY: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 5103 on the 18th December, 1974 re: number of consumer contact points and state:

(a) the essential commodities available at Fair Price Shops in the country; and

(b) the number of Fair Price Shops which are controlled by merchants who are engaged in the normal trade activities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE MINISTRY IN THE OF IN-CIVIL SUPPLIES DUSTRY AND (SHRI A. C. GEORGE): (a) The system of Fair public distribution Price Shops/Ration shops is administered by the State Governments. Wheat, rice and levy sugar are distributed through these Fair Price Shops. In addition, Fair Price shorts in certain States also distribute limited quantities of other essential commodifies like coarse grains, wheat products, edible oils, kerosene oil and pulses.

(b) All Fair Price Shops including those owned by private trade are controlled by the State Governments. The total number of fair price shops are approximately 2.13 lacs.

Bharat Coking Coal Ltd B subsidiary of coal mines authority

334. SHRI P. R. SHENOY: Will the Minister of ENERGY b₂ pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to make the Bharat Coking Coal Ltd. a subsidiary of the Coal Mines Authority; and

(b) if so, the salient features there-

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PP.OF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) and (b). The matter is under consideration.

Doing away with crash programmes

385. SHRI Y. ESWARA REDDY:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided not to provide any more crash programme and also to prune the Social Service Schemes; and

(b) if so, the kinds of expenditure being proposed to be cut; and the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATZ IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Setting up of watch factory with foreign collaboration

386. SHRI S. N. MISRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any $pro_{\nu}osal$ under consideration of Government to establish a watch factory in the enumtry with foreign collaboration;

(b) the name of the foreign country with whom the collaboration is likely to be made:

(c) the site selected for the purpose; and

(d) the financial implications thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) N₂ proposal is, at present, under consideration.

(b) to (d). Do not arise.

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H.M.T. Watches

387. SHRI S. N. MISRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of India have made any assessment of the demand for H.M.T. watches in the country;

(b) whether there is shortage of H.M.T. watches in the country:

(c) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether Government propose to increase the production of H.M.T. watches to meet the demands?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A. C. GEORGE): (a) Government of India thinks that HMT could sell around 3 million watches though specific survey of demand for HMT watches has not been made.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The gap between demand and supply.

(d) Yes, Sir. Towards that steps lik_e increase of capacity for making critical components have been taken.

Loans sanctioned by Rural Electrification Corporation

388. SHRI S. N. MISRA; Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount of loans sanctioned by the Rural Electrification Corporation during the last three years, year-wise and State-wise;

(b) the projects for which these loans have been sanctioned;

(c) whether the loans sanctioned have been fully utilised by those State Governments; and (d) if not, the reasons thereof?

Written Answers

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (a) to (d) The programme of rural electrification is formulated and executed by the State Electricity Boards. The Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd. has sanctioned loan assistance to the various State Electricity Boards during the last three years as under:

| 1971-72 | · | Rs- 64 · 59 crores |
|---------|---|--------------------|
| 1972-73 | • | Rs. 93 42 crores |
| 1973-74 | | Rs. 73-81 crores |

The details of the schemes for which these loans were sanctioned are given in the statement laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8924/75].

The schemes are phased for completion over a period ranging upto 5 years. The amount of loan is disbursed in instalments according to the phasing of expenditure as also the physical progress in the implementation of the schemes. First instalment is released in advance and subsequent instalments are released only after verification that the earlier instalments have been fully utilised. The total loan amount would thus stand fully utilised on completion of the schemes.

Power shortage in Northern Region

389. SHRI SUKHDEV PRASAD VERMA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the acute power shortage in the Northern region of the country; and

(b) if so, the necessary steps Government propose to take to ease the power shortage?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (PROF. SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD): (4) Yes, Sir.

(b) The States which are experiencing maximum shortage in the Northern Region are Punjab, Haryana and U.P. Maximum assistance is being provided to these States from the Madarour Project. Efforts are also being made to pass on the surplus power available in Rajasthan to these States by running RAPP-Chambal system with Bhakra system in Parellel. Restrictions have been imposed on use of electricity for ostentatious purposes in Rajasthan. Similar restrictions as well as power cuts to the tune of 10 per cent on industries are in force in Delhi to save as much power as possible and help these States. The other steps being taken are

- (i) Maximisation of generation from the existing thermal power stations.
- (11) Expediting the commissioning of projects under construction.

Thein Dam Project

390. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA Will the Minister of ENER-GY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Government of Punjab have urged the Centre to expedite the clearance of Thein Dam Project; and

(b) if so, the reaction of the Central Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) and (b). The Government of Punjab have been seeking Thein Dam early clearance of the However, the project has Project. some inter-State aspects which have to be carefully considered and resolved before the Project is cleared. Apart from the sharing of the cost and benefits, matters relating to acquisition of land in Jammu and Kashmir and resettlement of displacesd families have to be considered and decided. The Dam will have its right flank in the State of Jammu and Kashmir and the left flank in the State of Punjab. The Government of India have suggested that officers of Jammu and Kashmir and Punjab Governments should meet and resolve issues of interest to both the States before the Project is processed. According discussions between officers of the two State Governments are now in progress.

Pakistani espionage network in Jammu and Kashmir

391. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a large-sized Pakistan espionage network operating in Jammu and Kashmir has recently been unearthed; and

(b) if so, the number of arrests made in this connection?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AF-FAIRS (SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY) (a) and (b). According to the information received from the Government of Jammu and Kashmir, five persons suspected to be espionage agents have been recently arrested.

Burning of a Post Office in Rajkot

392 SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a post office in Rajkot was burnt down by some rowdy elements on January 17, 1975; and

(b) if so, the total loss of property as a result thereof?

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (DR. SHANKER DAYAL SHARMA): (a) Yes, Sir. The post office was set on fire on 19-1-1975. (b) Besides destruction of office records, the loss caused to the Department is about Rs 3035

Setting up of Second Press Commission

393. SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken a decision for setting up a Second Press Commission or the basis of tr report submitted by the Committe on Newspaper Economics,

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof, and

(c) if not, the time likely to be involved in taking a decision on the setting up of the Press Commission?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI DHARAM BIR SINHA) (a) to (c) No, Sir The report submitted by the Fact Finding Committee on Newspaper Economic recently is still to be con⁴dered by the Government

Registration and de-registration of small industries

394 SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Minister of INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES is pleased to state

(a) whether Government have formulated a rational system of Registration and de-registration of small industries all over the country and taken up preparatory steps for implementing the scheme from the next financial year and

(b) if so, the redeeming features of the scheme and action taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI A P. SHAR-MA). (a) and (b). On the recommendations of the Small Scale Industries Board regarding uniform procedure for registration of small scale industries, detailed guide lines have been issued to the State Governments a copy of which is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No LT-8925/75].

Written Answers

Funds sought by West Bengal ⁴or augmenting power supply position during 1975-76 and Fifth Plan

395 SHRI R N BARMAN. Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the allocation of funds sought by the Government of West Bengal and finally sanctioned by the Central Government for augmenting power supply position in the State during 1975-76 and during the Fifth Plan period

(b) whether sanction has been accorded for creating captive power units attached to infustries in West Bengal, and

(c) if so the main features thereof

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE (PROF ENERGY MINISTRY OF SIDDHESHWAR PRASAD) (a) The State Government of West Bengal has sought an outlay of Rs 9268 crores during 1975-76 The outlays for the it tes have vet to be finalised However the wokring group of Planning Commission has recommended an out-As regards lay of Rs 6'98 crores the Fifth Pinn the tentatively approved outlay is Rs 471 10 crores

(h) and (c) No such sanction has been accorded by this Ministry.

Development of Export Oriented industries in Kerala

396. SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THAN-KAPPAN Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state.

(a) whether enough attention is not being given to the development of export-oriented industries and for the production of export items in the State of Kerala due to lack of enough financial resources in that State:

(b) if so, whether Government will provide enough financial resources to that State for the purpose; and

(c) the special measures Government propose to take during the Fifth Plan to promote production of exportable items in that State?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise

(c) It is the policy of the Government to encourage the growth of Industries particularly export-oriented ones. Export potential is one of the factors for the grant of assistance by financial institutions. Export-oriented units would be provided with technomanagerial assistance on a priority basis.

Against an outlay of Rs. 260 lakhs proposed for the village and small industries Sector for the annual Plan. 1975-76 for the Government of Kerala. an outlay of Rs. 235 lakhs has been tentatively proposed. This includes a sum of Rs 72 lakhs towards the development of Coir industry, which is one of the export-oriented industries Further a sum of Rs. 100 in Kerela lakhs has been sanctioned by fhe Government for the Coir Central Scheme of the Kerala Development Government during 1974-75 and provision has been proposed in the annual plan for Rs. 100 lakhs during 1975-76.

Shortage of Cement

397. SHRIMAT: BHARGAVI THAN-KAPPAN. Will the Minister of IN-DUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES the pleased to state:

(a) the expected shortage of cement for the year 1975-76; and

(b) how is it proposed to be met?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI T. A. PAI): (a) Estimating the demand of cement at 19 million tonnes in 1973-74 an annual rate of growth of 8 per cent and export of 0.50 million tonnes per annum, the Task Force on Cement Industry for the Fifth Five Year Plan estimated that the demand of cement in 1975-76 will be 22.16 million tonnes. The installed capacity of cement in dustry in the country will be of 21.70 million tonnes by the end of 1975-76.

(b) The Government is taking all possible steps to ensure adequate supply of coal and power and meet the rail transport needs of the industry for the achievement of maximum production. Production has shown an encouraging upward trend in recent months.

Jobs created under 'Half-a Million' Jobs Scheme

398 SHRIMATI BHARGAVI THAN-KAPPAN: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state the number of jobs created so far under the 'Half-a-Million' jobs scheme throughout the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI VIDYA CHARAN SHUKLA): Under the Half-a-Million Jobs Programme-1973-74, 3.34.184 job opportunities were created in the country.

मध्य प्रदेश के पोरासा झौर बड़ौदा गांवों में सार्वजनिक टेसीफोन केन्द्र

399. श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय : क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(फ) क्या मध्य प्रदेश के मुरैना जिले में ग्रम्बाह जिले के पोरासा गाव में और सिक्युर कलां के बढीदा गांव में सार्वजनिक टेलीफ़ोन केन्द्र लगाने की स्वीकृति दी गई है तथा मध्य प्रदेश के टेलीफ़ोन डायरेक्टरी में इसका उल्लेख किया गया है ;

211 Written Answers

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(खा) यदि हा, सो इन सार्वजनिक टेलीफोन केन्द्रो को क्व स्थापित किया जायेगा . म्रीर

(ग) सार्वजनिक टेलीफोन केन्द्रो की स्थापना के बाद से लोगो ने कितने काल बक किये है [?]

संचार मत्री (डा॰ झकर बयास झर्मा) (क) भौर (ख) जिला म रैना के पारासा गाव के तिय एक टेलीफोन एक्सचेज की मजूरी दी गई है पी॰ सी॰ मा॰ की मजूरी नही दी गई है । यह एक्सचेज 31-3-74 का खोला जा चुका है । मध्य प्रदेश की जो ड यरक्टरी सितम्बर, 1973 म जारी की गई थी उसम उस एक्सचेज का नाम नही छ्या है ।

शिवपुर क्ला क बढादा गाव के लिए फरवरी, 1975 मे एन पी० मी० म्रा० की मजूरी दी जा चुकी है। यह पी० सी० म्रो० म्रामी खोला जाना है। जब यह पी० सी० म्रा० खुल जायगा ता उस उयरक्टरी मे छाप दिया जायेगा।

(ग) पागसा के टेलीफोन एक्सचेज से 31--3-74 मे 25--12--74 के दौरान बुक किय गये कालाकी कुल सख्या 2243 है। शिवपुर कला के बडौदा गाव मे पी० सी॰ मो॰ मभी खोला जाना है।

मुर्रमा जिले में टेलीफोन एक्सचेंज

400. भी हुकम अन्द कछवाय क्या संचार मन्नी यह बताने की क्रपा करेगे कि (क) क्या मुरैना जिले मे झम्बा, जदा सबलगढ, विजयपुर ग्रीर शिवपुर स्थित टेलीफोन एक्सचेजा यी बैटरिया यदा कदा खराब रहती है,

(ख) यदि हा, तो उनका काय योग्य बनान किलिये सरकार द्वारा क्या व्यवस्था की जा रही है , ग्रीर

(ग) वर्षे 1972 – 73 कोरे 1973 – 74 के दोरान यापारिया तथा नागरिको से टेलीफान एक्सचजा रा कितनी शिकायने प्राप्त हुई है नथा इस मामले मे सरकार न का के का ने वारो का है '

सबार मत्री (डा॰ शकर दया र शर्मा)

(क) मुर्रना आर सातगढ म स्टण्डवाई बैटरिया उताऱ्य ८ ५एर व सन्तार जनक काम कर रही है। जावरा णिवपुर वाता विजयपुर ग्रार ग्रग्वा म स्टण्डवाइ बटरिया उपलब्ध नही है।

(ख) ग्रम्वा ग्रीर शिवपुर कना मे बटरी सस्थापना का रार्थ चन रब्र है। जावराग्रार विजयपुर के नियट का सप्ताइ की प्रतीक्षारी जा रही है।

(ग) वर्षे 1972–73 के दंग्रान कोई शिकायत प्राप्त नही हुई। वर्षे 1973–74 के दौरान वियजपुर से सामान्य प्रकार की सिर्फ़्र एक शिकायत प्राप्त हुई बी।

213 Re. Incidents in MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Re. Incidents in 214 Jama Masjud Area, Delhi Jama Masjid Area, Delhi

12 hrs.

RE: DISCUSSION ON INCIDENTS IN JAMA MASJID AREA, DELHI

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM (Srinagar): Mr. Speaker, Sir, we should have an Adjournment Motion on Jama Masjid incidents. This Calling Attention will not satisfy us Calling Attention will not meet the requirements. That will not satisfy the House Sct questions are asked; the Minister gives set replies. That will not meet the requirements. We should have an Adjournment Motion.

SHRI IBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT (Kozhiko .e). Cafling Attention will not satisfy us We want full discussions

SHRIS. A. SHAMIM We want the whole truth to be known. We should have a cull discussion on what has happened.

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER I am not able to listen to anybody if all of you speak. Order please.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM The Imam was considered to be a scoundral yestercay and today the has become a well-meaning person. The whole matter should be brought before the House in the form of Adjournment Motion. How an anti-national Imam who was arrested under MISA has become a well-meaning person today? He had lunch and dinner with the Minister of State for Railways and tandoori chicken was also served. We should have a full discussion

SHRI IBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT: The situation is very grave; the curfew is still continuing.

MR. SPEAKER Regarding Adjournment Motion, I allowed an Adjournment Motion yesterday. I have disallowed this one as Adjournment Motion and I have allowed Calling Attention on this Motion. Jama Masjid Area, Delhi SHRI IBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT:

Calling Attention is not going to satisfy. The situation is grave. About 700 people have been arrested and it is a serious matter.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM: Seventy people have died and more than five hundred people are in jail. (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER. If all of you speak together, I am not able to listen to anybody. Kindly sit down,

श्वी ग्रटल बिहारी बाजपेयोः (ग्वालियर) दिल्ली में एसेम्बली नही है और पालियामेंट के ग्रन्तगंत दिल्ली का प्रणासन है । पुलिस गोली चलाती ह और 10 लोग मारे गये है 2 फरवरी को । तो उस मग्मले पर कैसे प्हम होगी ?

प्रध्यक्ष महोदयः जव तक ग्राप खड़े है, तो कैमे यह बात हो मकती हा

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA (Alipore): Does it mean that after a call-attention notice is taken and disposed of, no further discussion will be allowed?

मध्यक्ष होदय आप बैठ जाएगे. तो

सब बुछ होगा ।

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA: It is all right if you are prepared to agree for another discussion afterwards. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER May I request all of you to kindly sit down?

भी मनुलिमये: (बाका) मेरा व्यवस्था का सवाल है। 215 Re. Incidents in FEBRUARY 19, 1975 Jama Masjid Area, Delhi Jama j

सम्यक सहोवयः किस चीच पर व्यवस्था का सवाल ह । झभी तो काल-एटेशन है।

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM: Calling Attenion is not a substitute for an adjournment motion. (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER · Kindly sit down. There are no points of order.

भी मधु लिमये : क्या ग्रापने इस सेशन के लिए यह नियम बना लिया ह कि कोई प्वाइन्ट माफ प्राईर नही उठा सकता है।

MR SPEAKER. I cannot allow any point of order unless there is a business. There is no business before the House. The other items are not taken L_{∞} . Only the previous item has been disposed of.

All of you will please sit down I am not going to make any observation unless all of you sit down. I am not allowing you. May I request you kindly to listen to me? I rejected all the others which caire yesterday I accepted only one I have accepted the Calling Attention But, if you want a discussion, I may allow that and I shall have no objection to it. But, I cannot accept both the calling attention and a discussion. You accept one

1

SHRIS A SHAMIM. We accept the discussion.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai)[,] Sir, I am rising on a point of orler

अध्यक्ष महोदय : ग्राज गाम को विजनेम एडवाइज़री कमेटी की मीटिंग होगी। उसमें इस पर डिस्कणन के लिए टाइम दिया जाएगा।

SHRI VASANT SATHE (Akola) We should not devote more than two hours for the discussion if we have it. MR. SPEAKER: I will fix the time in consultation with the Business Advisory Committee which is meeting today

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI K. RAGHU RAMA-IAH): Sir, as proposed by you we can decide the time of the discussion when we at the Business Advisory Committee meeting today

(Interruptions)

THE PRIME MINISTER MINISTER OF ATOMIC ENERGY, MINISTER OF ELECTRONICS, MINISTER OF SPACE, MINISTER OF PLANNING AND MI-NISTER OF SCIENCL AND TECHNO-LOGY (SHRIMATI INDIRA GAN-DIII) Sin we have no objection to having the discussion today. You have rifed that the decision should be taken by the Business Advisory Committee which is meeting scale in it is entirely up to you to decide.

भी मधु लिमये : मैं घपने मार्ज घटे की चच्चाका स्वगित रखने ालिश् तैयार हु झगर झाप इस पर झाज ही बहस करवाए ।

(Interimptions)

MR. SPEAKER \cdot May I request you to please sit down We will take up this discussion at 3 30 pm and in the meanwhile, we will fix up the time in the Bisiness Advisory Committee.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Please do not fix the meeting while we are in midst of the discussion.

MR. SPEAKER We have a number of other things This has already been fixed. It is not only in regard to this. There are several other matters.

217 Re. Incidents in MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Jama Masjid Area, Delki

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: How do we attend the Business Advisory Committee? We will have to have time.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I can postpone it till tomorrow. I am asking the Business Advisory Committee to meet tomorrow

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT: We should have discussion today.

MR SPEAKER: Why don't you listen? We will have the discussion from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. and not a minute after 6 p.m. The motion will be moved in the order of the names given in the Calling Attention. They will be considered as the movers.

कल रात बहुत चेट बैठना पडा था। माठे दम बजे तक हाउम चलना रहा। ऐसे रोज तो नही हो सकता ह। घगर लेट बैठना चाहते हैं तब भी बना दें नाकि उसरें मुनाबिक करे। नही तो छः बजे पूरे खत्म कर दिया जाएगा कोई रहे या न रहे।

Let me settle it. The discussion will be under Rule 193. In regard to those Members whose names have appeared in the Calling attention list, they will also be accommodated, five of them. They will also be given a chance.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur)⁻ Sir, yesterday, we read in the newspapers that the negotiations on ending the jute strike have failed. I moved an adjournnment motion today.

MR. SPEAKER: I never accepted any motion on the jute strike.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: Sir. you should allow us a discussion on this matter. (Interruptions) 12.18 hrs.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

NOTIFICATIONS UNDER ALL INDEA SERVI-CES, ACT, 1955 AND MINISTERS' (ALLO-WANCES, MEDICAL TREATMENT AND OTHER PRIVILLES) SECOND AMENDMENT RULES, 1974

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI F. H. MOHSIN): On behalf of Shii Oin Mchta (1) 1 beg to re-lay on the Table a copy each of the following Notification, (Hindi and English versions) under sub-section (2) of section 3 of the All India Services Act, 1951:--

- (i) The Ir ian Administrative Service (Pay) Twenty-fourth Amendment Rules, 1974, published in Notification No, GSR 1260 in Gazette of India dated the 30th November, 1974.
- (ii) The Indian Polick Service (Pay) Seventh Amendment Rules, 1974 putlished in Notification No GSR 1261 in Gazette of India etch the 30th November, 1974
- (iii) The Indian Forest Service (Pay) Third Amendment Rules 1974 published in Notification No GSR 1262 in Gazette of India dated the 30th November 1974.

[Placed in Library See No. LT-8725, 74].

- (iv) The Indian Administrative Service (Fixation of Cadre Strength) Twenty-fourth Amendment Regulations, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 1299 in Gazette of India dated the 7th December, 1974.
- (v) The indian Administrative vice (Pay) Twenty-third Amendment Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 1300 in Gazette of India dated the 7th December, 1974.

[Placed in Library. See No. LT-8827/74].

- (2) I beg to lay:-
 - (a) A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and English versions) under sub-section (2) of section 3 of the All India Services Act. 1951:-
- (i) The All India Services (Provident Fund) Second Amendment Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 1317 in Gazette of India dated the 14th December, 1974.
 - (ii) The Indian Administrative Service (Recruitment) Second Amendment Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 11 in Gazette of India dated the 11th January, 1975.
 - (iii) The Indian Police Service (Seniority of Special Recruits) Amendment Regulations, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 12 in Gazette of India dated the 11th January, 1975.
 - (iv) The Indian Police Service (Recruitment) Second Amendment Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 13 in Gazette of India dated the 11th January, 1975.
 - (v) The All India Services (Remittances into and payments from Provident and Family Pension Funds) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 38 in Gazette of India, dated the 18th January, 1975.
 - (vi) The All India Services (Leave Amendment) Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 39 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.

- (vii) The All India Services (Medical Attendance) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No G.S.R. 40 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
- (viii) The All India Services (Provident Fund) Amendment. Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 41 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
 - (ix) The All India Services (Travelling Allowances) Amend. ment) Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 42 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
 - (x) The All India Services (Conditions of Services-Residuary Matters) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 43 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
 - (xi) The Indian Administrative Service (Probation) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 44 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
- (xii) The All India Services (Confidential Rolls) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 45 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
- (xiii) The All India Services (Compensatory Allowance) Amendment Rules, 1975, pub-Jished in Notification No. G.S.R. 46 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January 1975.
- (xiv) The All India Services (Death-cum-Retirement Benefits) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 47 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.

- (xv) The Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Second Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 48 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
- (xvi) The Indian Administrative Service (Regulation of Seniority) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 49 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
- (xvii) The Indian Police Service (Cadre) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 50 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
- (xviii) The Indian Police Service (Pay) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 51 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
 - (xix) The Indian Police Service (Uniform) Amendment Rules 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 52 in Gazette of India dated the the 18th January, 1975.
 - (xx) The Indian Police Service (Probation) Amendment Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 53 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
 - (xxi) The Indian Administrative Service (Seniority of Special Recruits) Amendment Regulations, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 54 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.
 - (xxii) The Indian Police Service (Regulation of Seniority) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 55 in Gazette of India
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dated the 18th January, 1975.

(xxiii) The Indian Administrative Service (Cadre) Fourth Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 56 in Gazette of India dated the 18th January, 1975.

Paners Laid

- (xxiv) The Indian Forest Service (Pay) Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 136 in Gazette of India dated the 1st February, 1975.
 - (xxv) The Indian Police Service (Uniform) Second Amendment Rules, 1975, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 137 in Gazette of India dated the 1st February, 1975.

[Placed in Library. See No. LT-8896/75].

> (b) A copy of the Ministers' (Allowances, Medical Treatment and Other Privileges) Second Amendment Rules, 1974 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. G.S.R. 693(E) in Gazette of India dated the 23rd December, 1974, under sub-section (2) of section 11 of the Salaries and Allowances of Ministers Act, 1952.

[Placed in Library. See No. LT-8896/75].

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR (Abmedabad): On a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER: No point of order. I tell you once for all that I cannot allow anything like this.

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR: On a point of order on the adjournment motion.

MR. SPEAKER: There is no adjournment motion. I am not allowing anything.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard you yesterday. I am not prepared to listen to you every day.

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR: On a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER: You make a submission, but no point of order.

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR: On a point of order on procedure on the adjournment motion.

भी मधु सिमये (बांका) : क्या मापने व्यवस्था के नियम को, पायट ग्राफ़ मार्डर को एल्ज से काट दिया ह ? (व्यवधान) ग्राप बिल्कुल डिक्टेटर बनते चले जा रहे हैं। (व्यवधान) ग्राप पायट ग्राफ़ ग्रार्डर नहीं सुनेगे ? हर पालियामेंट में सुना जाता हं। (ब्धवधान)

MR. SPEAKER. I am not prepared to listen to this. You will have to withdraw that. If you make such observation, either withdraw it or leave the House.

भी मणु लिमये: मैं विदड़ा नही करता हूं। (म्पयणान)

MR. SPEAKER: What is this? Either you withdraw it or leave the House. What is this observation? I am not going to tolerate it. I am asking you to withdraw it or leave the House. You are in the habit of passing such remarks. I am not prepared to hsten to that. I tel you finally; will you please withdraw that remark or leave the House?

SOME HON. MEMBERS: He must withdraw it.

MR. SPEAKER There is no business before the House. A point of order can be raised only when some business is under discussion, not at any time he likes. I told him he could not raise a point of order but could make a submission. But he tells me this, I am not prepared to proceed with the business unless he withdraws that.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE (Rajapur): May I make a submission:

MR. SPEAKER: He should withdraw the remark or withdraw from the House. I 'am not prepared for that.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: May I make a submission?

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN (Murathapuzha) No, we are not prepare to hear.

MR. SPEAKER. I am not prepared to proceed with business or do anything else. Either he should withdraw the remark or leave the House, Mr. Madhu Limaye. I have been saying this since many sessions.

भी मधु लिमये क्या आप पायट भाफ मार्डर नही सनेगे ?

MR. SPEAKER I told him that we were not on any item No item was under discussion. He can make a submission if he wanted. They must observe certain decorum.

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER: I am not able to hsten. All of you must first sit down.

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI K RAGHU RAMA-IAH): I would like to appeal to the House to understand that this House, that the Chair, cannot function if whatever the Chair says is not obeyed. That is fundamental, and I am sure the Opposition agrees. (Interruptions) Democracy cannot function, Parliament cannot function, unless this elementary rule is followed. When the Chair says "Please sit down", then we cannot defy the Chair. If we defy the Chair, naturally the House has to take action. Let us respect the Chain.

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Now I would appeal to Mr. Madhu Limaye to withdraw his remark, so that the House can proceed further. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Let me hear him, Mr. Shamim.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM (Srinagar): The whole misunderstanding has arisen because Shri Madhu Limaye and others thought, got the feeling, that you have decided that you will not hear any point of order. This, according to me, will not be a correct interpretation of what you said. (Interruptions)

I was speaking with your permission. I was only making a submission that this may be the erroneous impression. You have only to assure the Members that all genuine, valid points of order will be listened to. Once you make this observation, I will appeal to Mr. Limaye and I am sure he will withdraw any such remark which might have caused any misapprehension or misunderstanding in your mind. I would request yo to make it clear that you have not debarred points of order. Only in the case of certain points of order you have made some observations which are not of a serious nature

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: rose-

MR. SPEAKER I will not tolerate this. Every time I get up, you get up. Please sit-down.

When I disposed of the perivous matter and discussion, fixing the time from this hour to that hour, I had not yet taken up any other item, and they got up on a point of order. And, as I have already told the House, no point of order can be raised unless there is some item under discussion, or I have taken up some discussion. I expressly told Mr. Mavalankar that if he wanted to make a submission, he could make it, but there was no point of order because I was_not on any item yet. I told him that there is no point of order but he can make a submission. Then he comes out with this kind of remark. What is this?

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Shri Madhu Limaye was pointing out that there was a Calling Attention Notice and so....

MR' SPEAKER: Even if he disagrees, he can say that he does not agree with my view. But coming out with a statement that "you are this or you are that", that is very wrong.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: I agree that when there is no item before the House, there is no point of order. But Shri Madhu Limaye wanted to raise a point of order about the order of business, which is permissible. He wanted to raise the point of order only about that. If only you had listened to him, you would have known that.

MR. SPEAKER: I had told him to make a submission.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: I am sure you will agree there was no occasion when Shri Madhu Limaye made a frivelous point of order. He was under the impression that you were not permitting him to raise a point of order and, as such, he made that comment. So, I would earnestly request you to permit him to raise the point of order.

MR. SPEAKER. He can make a submission. I asked him to make a submission? So, what was the occasion for making such remarks. There was no occasion for such remarks.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE. The Rules of Procedure has to be followed by the Members as well as by the Chair.

MR. SPEAKER: I am not prepared to listen to this.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: You have to permit him to raise a point of order. If you feel that there is no point of order, you can rule it up. SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: The only question is whether your orders will be obyed. An order given under rule 377 has got to be obeyed.

MR. SPEAKER: He had no occasion to make such remarks. So, I have asked him to withdraw it. He should first withdraw it.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA (Contai): Sir, I want to make a submission.

MR. SPEAKER: No submission now. I have reached the limit of my patience. I have always tried to persuade him not to use such language.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: I would again earnestly request you to permit him to raise a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER: You first request him to withdraw those words.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: When you lose your temper, you should also try to understand why he lost his temper... (Interruptions).

SHRI S. A SHAMIM: You have permitted this for the last four years; why not for another six months?

MR. SPEAKER: There is a limit to this.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: When a newspaper report say that the Congress Party is going to direct you to suspend hon. Members....(Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Would you justify this remark? Would you say that it is in keeping with the dignity of the Chair?

 में प्याइन्ट माफ़ मार्डर रेख करने की कोशिज होती रही है, मैं 6 बार खबा हमा ह . . .

MR. SPEAKER: Points of order can be raised only with respect to matters under discussion and not at any time.

भी घटल बिहारी बाजपेवी: (ग्वालियर): धध्यक्ष महोदय. जब पहले दिन की कार्यवाही जरू हई, उस दिन जब राष्ट्रपति के अजिमायण की प्रति सभा पटल पर रखी जा रही थी. तव श्री मध् लिमये व्यवस्था का प्रान उठाना चाहते थे। झाप को याद होगा---जब रूल्ज कमेटी ने यह प्रक्रिया नहीं बदली थी, उस समय ग्राबीचयरी बाद में ग्राती थी। उस दिन मापने उन को इजाजत नही दी. माज भी इजाजत नहीं दी. तब उनमें मन में यह धारणा पैदा हई कि शायद भापने फैसला कर लिया है कि झाप उनको प्वाइन्ट झाफ़ बाईर उठाने नही देगे । ब्रापने जो मफाई दी है उसके बाद यह धारणा पैदा हई है----राष्टपति जी के झभिभाषण की प्रति को रखने के पहले झापने उनको व्यवस्था का श्रम्न क्यो नही उठाने दिया ?

झध्यक्ष महोवय : झापको याद होगा---एक दफा नही, कई दफा जब पेपर्ख टेबिल पर ले होने होते हैं, मैंने रूलिग दिया है और कहा है कि जब लेइग-धान-दि-टेबिल हो तो झाप सबमिझन कर सकते हैं, लेकिन प्वाइस्ट झाफ़ झार्डर रैज नही कर सकते हैं। लेइग जरूरी होता हूं, उसके बाद जब किसी ने कहा कि हिन्दी में नही झाया, डिले की गई हूँ, तो मैंने मौका दिया हूँ----

I never disallowed it. The same point I had in mind and I explained it to him. The ruling I have given is not a new ruling. When we have not taken up any subject for discussion or when we are not on any item, you cannot raise a point of order but you can make a submission. I also told the same thing to Shri Mavalankar when he raised a point of order. I told him, "I do not prevent you from saying anything but you say that on a point of submission." Sori Madhu Liamye can make his submission but that does not mean that every time he should get up, queer the pitch and hurl any remark against the Chair.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour): You have made a mistake....(Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: No, I do not want to hear anything about the rule. 1 am very clear about it. I do not need your guidance.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I am making a submission. Rule 377 points out. .. (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Please do not go into that. I do not allow it.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai): Sir, my submission 13, 11 your feeling has been hurt....(Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Don't interrupt

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA-I was going to say that if your feeling has been hurt, our feeling has also been hurt You represent us. Without meaning anything in extenuation of any objectionable remark, if you have been pleased to consider it as objectionable, I want to make one or two submissions. If it would be your pleasure that the word has offended you and, therefore, he must withdraw it or it should be expunged..

SOME HON, MEMBERS: No, no.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: I was only suggesting that there are two ways of dealing with it. One is that the hon. Member can withdraw it at your instance and the other is that you are pleased to expunge it...

SOME HON, MEMBERS: No. no.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: I am only spelling out the two alternatives, and, before coming to any decision about it, which alternative we shoud adopt.

Papers Laid

Would you not like to consider that the hon. Member has been standing right from the beginning when you were trying to convert the Call Attention into a motion under Rule 1937 Even at that point of time, he was trying to raise a point of order. Let us be absolutely truthful about it. He has been trying to raise a point of order from the very beginning.

As Members of this House, we are seized of a particular order of business, a particular agenda. But if you are going to convert a Call Attention which has been permitted to be put on the order paper today into a motion under Rule 193, would it not be within my competence to submit to your, whether the Call Attention should be converted into a motion under Rule 193 or not? It is a point for your consideration.

MR. SPEAKER: This was the consensus of the House. I accepted the consensus of the House.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: That is different.

I agree with you that you agreed with the general feeling m the House that it should be converted into a motion under Rule 193. Would it not be open to any Member of the House to exercise his right to make a submission to you, whether it should be done or it should not be done⁹

MR. SPEAKER: The position is like this. When this matter came up, there were many Members who wanted to say something when this sort of a solution was considered. I put it to the House and it was agreed. I said, "It is all right," Even the time was fixed. It was disposed of. When I was just passing on to the next item, in between, when the matter was disposed of, what could be a point of order? I expressly told him, "If you want to say anything, you cannot say on a point of order because I have disposed it of and I am not on it. You can make a submission." What was more reasonable than that? I told him that he could make a submission, What was wrong about it?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: It comes to this that there is only the difference in nomenclature that it should be called a point of submission and not a point of order. You can certainly appeal to him that his substance is being met and, therefore, he could withdraw his remarks.

MR. SPEAKER: Let him say that he withdraws his remarks

SHRI SAMAR GUHA There has been some misunderstanding. As soon as Mr. Madhu Limaye rose on a point of order, you immediately said that there could be no point of order. But then there was one relevant point. You had fixed the time for discussion under Rule 193. There is an Halfan-Hour Discussion in the name of Mr. Madhu Limaye fixed for today. Therefore, the hon, Member concerned has to be asked whether he is agreeable to its being postponed According to rules, according to Speaker's directions, when there is a certain business in an hon Member's name, he has to be consulted. It was well within his rights to raise that (Interruptions). point.

MR SPEAKER: If I were wrong. I would not take a minute to say that I was wrong.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA: I would not say that he was wrong. It was his right to raise it. (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Mr Madhu Limaye, I would request you to withdraw your words, to withdraw those observations which were directed to the Chair.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA: Let me conchude. He did not call you a dictator, He only said that you were behaving like a dictator, and there is a lot of difference between these two expressions. If the House so wishes, it could be expunded. (Interruptions).

SHRI PILOO MODY (Godhra): I would like to submit, first of all, that we are very thankful to you that, after six years and odd, it has finally been clarified as to at what point we may make the point of order and at what point we may make the point of submission ...

MR. SPEAKER. You have learnt it after so many years.

SHRI PILOO MODY: Therefore Sir, I hesitate You may choose whether I am now on a point of submission or on a point of order.

The second point that I wish to make is that, this is not an incident in isolation that we are discussing today....

MR. SPEAKER Now the only thing is this. I have asked him to withdraw those remarks If I do not ask him that, then I will have to accept the position that I am a dictetor.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur): Though you are not.

MR. SPEAKER. And in that case, if I am a dictator, I do not deserve to be your Speaker If you think I am a dictators. I do not deserve to be your Speaker.

AN HON. MEMBER: That is not the implication.

SHRI PILOO MODY: Are you replying to what I am saying?

झध्यक्ष महोदय: जो स्पीकर सुनने को तैयार हो कि वह डिश्टेटर हूँ तो उसको बैठा लीजिये यहां। कम से कम मैं तो सनने के लिये तैयार नहीं हं।

SHRI PILOO MODY: Now, shall I start from the beginning?

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MR. SPEAKER: I bring to your notice many things. I have to bring order to the House. I have to consider your requests and most of the times I accept them. And some times you flare up. Even then I keep quiet. We are all human beings. But if there are such direct remarks, it is very difficult to ignore.

SHRI PILOO MODY: Instead of your commenting on what I had to say, let me comment on what you had to say....(Interruptions). Then I wish you were a dictator because if you were a dictator, there is a great deal of information that we could get from this Government which on each occasion has been defrauding this House and the people of this country from supplying which they are bound to.

MR. SPEAKER: I only pray that when your party comes into power, they make you the Speaker and then the Members will get all that they require.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE. What? Mr. Piloo Mody 15 aspiring to become Prime Minister. And you want to make him Speaker?

SHRI PILOO MODY: Mr. Vajpayee has already accepted that

MR. SPEAKER: I am sorry you are downgrading yourself. If you want to become Prime Minister, my best wishes to you, but I doubt it very much. In case you want to become Speaker, the only thing I have to do is to broaden this chair.

SHRI PILOO MODY: When I do become the Prime Minister. I think the Speaker will be listening and not talking.

MR. SPEAKER: When you become a Speaker, I think you will become a silent spectator and not person like this.

SHRI PILOO MODY: You mean by all this hilarity you will stop me? You have interrupted me six times. I have not yet said what I had to say....

Parmere Laid

SHRI C, M. STEPHEN: I am raising a point of order.

SHRI PILOO MODY: Now I want you to adjudicate. Why are you not talking now? You ask him to sit down.

As I was saying, we were discussing whatever happoned this morning in isolation. Even before the session started, we have been informed quite categorically and information has come to us that it has now been decided to name the Members of the Opposition and to have them thrown out of the House and that they were not going to tolerate any of the so-called entics of the Opposition .

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Nonsense.

SHRI PILOO MODY: Please allow me to finish. Therefore, we are not surprised at what is happening just now in the House.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Their game is worse than calling you a dictator in this House. They leaked out a report that the Speaker will name the Opposition, that he will ask them to withdraw and probably for the whole session they want to direct what you should do.

SHRI PILOO MODY: You have a choice of being a puppet or being a dictator. Which one you would like? This is not the first time this has happened. We have taken all this bantering with a certain sense of humour and bonhomie. There is no reason why you should get upset. This is something which is going on now for several months and much of the time and the parliamentary proceedings.:.

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13 hrs.

MR. SPEAKER: Whatever it is...

SHRI PILOO MODY: You kindly listen to me, Sir..

MR. SPEAKER: Order please.

SHRI PILOO MODY: Seventy times you have so far interrupted me; that all you have to say is 'sit down, sit down'..

MR. SPEAKER: You are talking something which is not relevant. Why are you attributing something which does not at all exist?

SHRI PILOO MODY: And therefore, Sir,---

SOME HON. MEMBER; No. no.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA (Tumkur): He is dictating to you. You should stop him, Sir. How can you allow him like that?

SHRI PILOO MODY: What I would really like to do is to give to you, this Parliament and the Congress party a notice that one party rule will not survive in this country, they will not be able to bring one party rule in this country and that they will have to put up with us and they will have to listen to us...

MR. SPEAKER: Please don't talk to the Chair like that..

SHRI PILOO MODY: ...despite Lakkappas and Raghu Ramaiahs...

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: People have rejected you. You can't deny it.

SHRI PILOO MODY: And therefor, Sir, I suggest that we continue with the next item on the agenda.

MR. SPEAKER: No, not unless Mr. Madhu Limaye withdraws it..

PROF, MADHU DANDAVATE: Let him make a submission, rather then allowing interpretations of what he has said. Let him say what he wants. Please listen to Shri Madhu Limaye.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Sir, I. rise on a point of order.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Before that, kindly allow Mr. Madhu Limaye to make a submission.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I rise on a point of order. The point of order is this.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: It is not for congressmen to decide whether Madhu Limaye should speak or not; it is you who has to decide. 1 request you to allow Mr. Madhu Limaye to make a submission,

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I rise on a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER; No point of order now. Let Shri Madhu Limaye say whether he withdraws or not.

भी मधु लिमये (बांका) : सगर माप भान्ति से सुनने के लिए तैयार है, तो मैं कुछ कहूं वरना मेरा कोई माग्रह नही हूं मौर मैं बैठ जाता हं।

(Interruptions)

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: You have allowed him to speak but they are shouting.

MR. SPEAKER: Whatever you want to say, please tell me, Mr. Madhu Limaye.

भी मधु लिमये : ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय, सबसे पहले मैं यह स्पष्ट करना चाहता हू कि इस सदन की जो प्रक्रिया हूँ और जो इस सदन की गरिमा है, उस को ठेस लगे, ऐसा कोई काम मैं नहीं करनाचाहता... (अयबचान)... लेकिन सदन की मरिमा को बनाए रखने के लिए क्या यह ग्रावश्यक नहीं हूँ कि इस सदन के जौ नियम हैं, उन का पालन सत्ताब्य दस भी करे, हुन भी करें भौर भाप भी करें ? हमेशा मेरा आग्रह यही रहा है । घध्यक्ष महोदय, मेरे मन में परसों से मेरे मन पर भसर हुमा उं, एक इम्झैशन हो गया है जो मैं स्पष्ट करना चाहना हूं भौर जिसे भाप दूर कर सकते हैं कि भव यह तय किया गया है कि इस वजट सेंगन में बिरोधी पक्ष दे हारा जो प्वाइन्ट्स भाफ आउंग उठाए जाएंगे, उनको भव मही सुना जाएगा।

कई मामनं व स्वस्य : यह गलत है ।

भी बसन्त साठे · यह खुद इन्होंने इम्प्रैंशन बना लिया है।

भी मधुलिमये टाइम्स माफ इण्डिया मे यह समा गर माया ह थां, र मा के हिन्दुस्तात टाइस्स में भी लिखा है... (ब्यवध न) ग्रब ये नही मुनना चाहते हैं, तो मैं बैठ जाता ह।

श्री बसम्त साठे: टाटम्स झाफ़ इण्डिया में ऐसा नहीं झाया : कि प्वाइन्ट्स झाफ झाईंग् नही मुने जाऐगं झौर यह झापने एक गलन धारणा बना ली है।

MR. SPEAKER: If the points of order are properly raised, nobody can prevent you.

भी मधु लिमये . बिना मुने कैसे पता चलेगा, सही है या नही ? टाइम्स ग्राप 3डिया में यह खबर छपी ह । ग्राप लोग वीच मे बोलने लगते है गौर बोलने नही देते है।

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE Why don't you allow him to refer to the Times of India?

MR. SPEAKER: Anyway, do you withdraw those words or not?

डा॰ कैलास (बम्बई दक्षिण) : टाइम्स माफ इण्डिया में यह नहीं लिखा हुया है। उसमें मिनिस्टर को प्राब्सट्रक्ट करने की बात कही गई है।...(व्यवश्व व)...

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क्षीं भागवा झा छ:जादः (भागलपुर) ब्राप कहते हैं कि बिहैव करना सीखिंग ।

SHRI PILOO MODY: The Speake has to name him. There is constant interruption. Let the Chair name him how to behave.

MR. SPEAKER: Please let me know what you want to say. May J request you all to please listen to me?

को मधु लिमये प्रध्यक्ष महोदय, हिन्दुस्तान टाइस्स में ग्राज खबर छनी है कि मर्बश्री ज्योतिर्मय बस्, जनेण्वर मिश्र ग्रीर मधु लिमन को सदन से निकाल देना है, पूरे सेणन के लिए । मैं ग्राप्से कहना चाहना हू कि ग्रगर निकाल देना चाहने है तो दो-तिहाई बहमत है ग्रान्का, निकाल दोजिए ।

भी भ्रटल बिहारी बाजपेयी : कैसे निकाल देंगे ?

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE Sir, we have all come to this House by the votes of the people.

श्री मध लिमये : लेकिन मै आप मे एक ही प्रार्थना करना चाटना ह कि हम लोगा का केवल एक ही भाषिकार है भौर वह है व्यवस्था का प्रग्न उठाने का । ग्राज दोपहर 12 बजे प्रश्नोत्तर काल के बाद हम लोग चच। कर रहे थे कि एडजोनमेट मोशन लिया जाए, का रंग एटेंका लिया जाए या और कोई मोशन लिया जाए । ग्राध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं उस भमय प्वाइन्ट ग्राफ ग्राईर पर खडा था ग्रीर क्योंकि आज, ग्रघ्यक्ष महोदय. मेरा हाफ एण्ड ग्रावर डिस्कशन था. इमलिए मैं एक कास्ट्रक्टिव सझाव देने जा रहा था कि चगर मार जामा मस्जिद के सिलसिंध में प्रस्ताव ले लेंगे. तो मैं ग्रपनी ग्राघे घटे की बहस को पोस्टपोन करने के लिए तैयार हूं । दिकिन मुझे अ पने इनना भी कहने का मौका नही दिया। मैं खुद ग्राफर कर रहा था। मनी जो विवाद हमा है मेरे प्वाइंट माफ माईर पर नही हमा है। मैं तो बैठ ही

[श्री मधु लिगये]

गया था । परसों, कल और आज भी मुझे दवा दिया गया है । लेकिन जव आप के श्री मावलंकर से यह कहा कि प्वाइंट आफ आर्डर रही उठेगा तब मैने एतराज किया । मै जेरेल 'इतका ही आहता हूं कि प्य इंट अ फ आर्डर को सुन कर अगर आप इस नतीजे पर पहुंचें कि वह बोगस है तो विकली आप उसको डिस्पोज आफ कर सकते हैं । हाउस आफ कामंज में भी बोगस प्वाइंट्स आफ आर्डर होते हैं । मैं एक्सट्रीम केस ले रहा हूं । अगर आप प्वाइंट आफ आर्डर नहीं सुनेगे तो हमारे पास कौनसा अधिकार बच जाता है ? अगर मेरे किसी शब्द से आपको या सदन को तकलीफ हुई हो तो मैं अपने उन शब्दों को वापिस लेने के लिए तैयार हूं ।

MR. SPEAKER: I do not think that after my explaining the position there was any need for further clarification. I said when there is no subject before the House during the interval between the termination of one item of business and the commencement of another in between there can b_e no point of order.

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE: I want to draw your attention to Rule 376:

"Provided that the Speaker may permit a member to raise a point of order during the interval between the termination of one item of business and the commencement of another if it relates to maintenance of order in, or arrangement of business before, the House."

The words used are 'provided that the Speaker may permit'. Now, how can you decide unless you hear the points of orders.

MR. SPEAKER: I told expressely that the disposed of that point of order but you can make a submission. Then I allowed Mr. Mavalankar to make a submission. Even upto that I accepted. श्री म्रटल बिहारी बाजपेथी : अखब रो में जो खबरें छप रही हैं...

म्र<mark>ाध्यक्ष महोदय</mark>ः ग्राप जानें स्रौर म्रखबार वाले जानें ।

श्री श्रटल बिहारी बाजपेयी : मैं प्रपने कांग्रेस के मित्नों से कहना चाहता हूं कि एक भी मैम्बर को निकालने की ग्रगर कोशिश की गई तो इनको सारी अपोजीशन को निकालना पड़ेगा । ग्रगर वे तय कर चुके हैं कि अपोजीशन को निकालना है और उसके बगैर इस पालिया-मेंट को चलाना है तो यह पालियामेंट नहीं चलगी ।

श्वी एस॰ ए॰ शमीमः मुझ को निकालने की कोई जरूरत नहीं है। मैं खुद ही चला जाता हूं।

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: It did surprise us as you did not take notice of the news item in the *Times* of *India* yesterday because it was a clear reflection on the power and authority of the Speaker and it was also an intimidation.

प्रध्यक्ष महोदय ेः आपको क्या पता है कि स्पीकर पर क्या गुजरती है। आप लोग भी करते हैं, वे भी करते हैं। मैंने एक बार ज्योतिर्मय बसु को कहा था कि पिछले जन्म का लेना देना है ?

श्री झ्याम नन्दन मिश्र : जो धमकी दी गई है हम लोगों को...

प्रध्यक्ष महोदय : ग्राप जानें ग्रौर वे जानें——मैं ग्रच्छा होता था किसी जमाने में। ग्रापने मुझे भी क्या से क्या वना दिया है। ग्राप ग्रगले जन्म में भी नहीं बदलेंगे। ऐसा ही वास्ता मेरा ग्रापसे ग्रगले जन्म में भी पडेगा।

SHRI P. G. MAVALANKAR: Mr. Speaker, you allowed me to make a submission.

MR. SPEAKER: Yes, I allowcd you.

Re. Elections in 242 Gujarat

13.15 hrs.

RE. HOLDING OF ELECTIONS IN GUJARAT

SHRI P G. MAVALANKAR (Ahmedabad): Mr. Speaker Sii while you were about to go to the next itom. I got up and requested that I be allowed to raise a point of order. Now you have asked me to convert it into a point of submission. I am prepared to do it. My point of submission is this Both yesterday and today. you said that there were several adjournment motions. Yesterday, Sir. you were unable to read out before the House all the adjournment motions, notices for which were given by several of us. T was surprised that vesterdav vou chose to read out only some, and not all, of the adjournment motions Now, Sir, today also. I have submitted a notice well in time asking for your leave to permit me to move a motion for adjournment on the subject of Central Government's failure to hold elections in the State of Guiarat When I raised that matter. I thought, you would at leart bring it to the notice of the House Sir, there are so many things happening in this country, large as it is, and there are important matters, definite matters and urgent matters. T should have thought that the Central Government's failure to hold elections in time is one more such serious failure of the Government.

Now. Sir, I want your ruling or guidance. If I raise this motter through the medium of notice of an adjournment motion either yesterday or today, and if on both the occasions I am not permitted to raise the matter nor the Chair makes a reference to it how is the matter to be brought before the House? There is definitely a failure on the part of the Central Govvernment. I would like to know from you, whether in your opinion, it is hight for the Central Government to ro on postponing indefinitely the elections to the new Vidan Sabha tn

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Gujarat thereby denying the democratic rights of the people of Gujarat to have a new Assembly and a new Goverument. Is it not a failure? What is your guidance in this matter? Is it not urgent? Is it not a matter of importance? I am sorry that the Chair did not think it proper to bring to the notice of the hon. House, a Member's submission in regard to this important subject (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: There can be ro more submission. I am not allowing anybody

13,18 hrs.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE-Contd.

RFVIEW AND ANNUAL REPORT OF HINDUS-TAN PHOTO FILMS, INDU NAGAR. COT'CA-MAND FOR 1973-74 AND TYRES AND TUBES (MOVEMENT CONTROL) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1974

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHR A, P. SHARMA) Sir, on behalf of Sh⁻¹ B. P Maurya I beg to lay on the Table—

- A copy each of the following papers (Hindi and English versions) under sub-section

 of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956:—
- (1) Review by the Government on the working of the Hindustan Photo Films, Indu Nagar, Ootacamund, for the year ended 31st March, 1974.
- (vi) Annual Report of the Hindustan Photo Films, Indu Nagar, Ootacamund, for the year ended 31st March, 1974 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Com-

ptroller and Auditor General thereon. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8897/75]

(2) A copy of the Tyres and Tubes (Movement Control) Amendment Order, 1974 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. S.O. 736 (E) in Gazette of India dated the 27th December, 1974 under sub-section (6) of section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8898/75.]

INTEREST-TAX RULES, 1974; GIFT-TAX (AMNDT.) RULES, 1974; NOTIFICATIONS UNDER INCOME-TAX ACT, 1961; INCOME-TAX (AMDT.) RULES, 1974 AND 1975, NOTIFICATION UNDER CUSTOMS ACT, COMPANIES (PROFITS) SURTAX (AMNDT.) RULES, 1974, AND NOTIFICATIONS UNDER WEALTH-TAX ACT AND CENTRAL EX-CISE RULES, 1944

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PRANAB KUMAR MUKHER-JEE): I beg to lay on the Table:—

- A copy of the Interest-tax Rules, 1974 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. S.O. 740(E). in Gazette of India dated the 30th December, 1974, under sub-section (4) of section 27 of the Interest-tax Act, 1974. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8899/75].
- (2) A copy of the Gift-tax (Amendment) Rules, 1974 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. S.O. 727(E), in Gazette of India dated the 19th December. 1974. under sub-section (4) of section 46 of the Gift-tax Act, 1958. [Placed in

Library. See No. LT-8900/ 75].

- (3) A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and English versions) under section 296 of the Income-tax Act, 1961:—
 - (i) The Income-tax (Sixth Amendment) Rules. 1974
 published in Notification No. S.O. 725(E), in Gazette of India dated the 19th December, 1974.
- (ii) The Income-tax (Certificates Proceedings) (Amendment) Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. S.O. 738(E), in Gazette of India dated the 30th December, 1974.
- (iii) The Income-tax (Amendment) Rules. 1975, published in Notification No. S.O. 25(E), in Gazette of India dated the 10th January, 1975. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8901/ 75].
- (4) A copy of Notification No. G.S.R. 181 (Hindi and English versions) published in Gazette of India dated the 8th February, 1975. under section 159 of the Customs Act, 1962. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8902/75].
- (5) A copy of the Companies (Profits) Surtax (Amendment) Rules, 1974 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. S.O. 728(E), in Gazerte of India dated the 19th Januber, 1974, under sub-secton (3) of section 25 of the Companies (Profits) Surtax

Act, 1984. [Placed in Librd-

See No. LT-8903/751.

тц.

245 Papers Laid

895 (SAKA)

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- (6) A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and English versions) under subsection (4) of section 46 of the Wealth-tax Act. 1957:---
 - The Wealth-tax (Third Amendment) Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. S.O. 728(E), in Gazette of India dated the 19th December, 1974.
 - (ii) The Wealth-tax (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. S.O. 739(E), in Gazette of India dated the 30th Docember, 1974. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8904' 75].
- (7) A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and English versions) issued under the Central Excute Rules, 1944:---
 - (i) G.S.R 105, published in Gasette of India dated the 25th January, 1975 together with an explanatory memorandum.
 - (ii) G.S.R. 42(E), published in Growtie of India dated the 3rd February, 1975 togetter with an explanatory memorandum. [Placed in Library. See No LT-8905/ 75].

TELEGRAPH (12TH AND 13TH AMNDT.) RULES, 1974 AND PROFIT AND LOSS Accounts and Balance Sheet of Tele-tommunication Branch for 1973-78

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY CF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI JAGANNATH PARADIA): I beg to lay on the Table--

> (1) A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and Eng

ish versions) under subsection (5) of section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885:---

- (1) The Indian Telegraph (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 1974, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 1341 in Gazette of India dated the 14th December, 1974.
- (ii) The Indian Telegraph (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules
 1974 pub ished in Notification
 No. G.S.R. 1396 in Gazette of
 India dated the 23th Dec mber 1974. [Placed in Library See No. LT-8906/75].
- (2) A copy of the Profit and Loss Accounts and Balance Sheet (On accrual basis, of the Telecommunication Branch of the Indian Posts and Te'egraphs Department for the year 1972-73 (Hindi and English versions) [Placed in Library See No LT-8907/75]

13.20 hrs.

COMMITTEE ON PRIVATE MEM-BERS' BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS FUTLETH REPORT

SHRI G. G. SWELL (Autonomous Districts): Sir I beg to present the Fiftieth Report of the Committee on Private Members' Bills and Resolutions. 13.201 hrs.

PUBLIC FINANCIAL INSTITU-TIONS LAWS (AMENDMENT) BILL EXTENSION OF TIMF FOR PRESENTATION OF REPORT OF JOINT COMMUNEE

SHRI K. SURYANARAYANA (Eluru): Sir, I beg to move.

'That this House do further extend up to the first day of the second week of the next Monsoon Session (1975) the time for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amond the Industrial Development Bank of India Act, 1961 the reserve Bank of India Act, 1964 the reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 the Industrial Finance Corporation Act 1948 the State Financial Corporation Act, 1951, the Life Insurance Corporation Act 1956 and the Unit Trust of India Act, 1963 "

MR SPEAKER The question is

"That this House do further extend up to the first day of the second week of the next Monsoon Session (1975), the time for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Committee on the Bill further to amend the Industrial Development Bank of India Act, 1904, the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 1948, the State Financial Corporation Act, 1951, the Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956 and the Unit Trust of India Act, 1963 "

The motion was adopted

13.21 hrs.

MATTER UNDER RULE 377

REPORTED CANCELLATION OF TRAINS DUE TO SHORTAGE OF COAL WITH RAILWAYS

श्व शंकण देश लगिष्ठ (चतरा) : अध्यक्ष महोदय. आज के समाचार पत्नों में एक बहत ही गम्भीर समाचार हमारे सामने झाया है कि भारतीय रेलवेज के पास केवल तीन दिनो के कोयले का स्टाक है और कोयले की कमी के कारण बहन सी गाडिया रह कर दी गई है। इससे पहले भी इस मदन में बार-बार यह प्रश्न उठता रहा है। सरकार ग्रपनी जवाबदेही से नही वच सकती है । कुछ ही दिनो पहले **ऊर्जा** मन्त्री ने एक बयान में कहा था कि देश मे कोयने का प्राइक्शन बढ रहा है। रेलवेज की तरफ से भी जो बयान आते रहे हैं. उनमें नहा गया है कि रेलवे के पाम कोयला है। लेकिन वस्तरियति क्या है, यह बताने के लिए मै माज ने इण्डियन एक जे से एन पैराग्राफ ग्रापर्व सामने रखना चाइना ह

"With the coal supply position in the country at a crisis level, the vast railway system now has receives of coal stocks to last only three days"

मैं चाह़गा कि उर्जा मन्ती झौर रेस मन्त्री दोनो सदन के सामने वक्तव्य दें झौर ऐसी व्यवस्था वरें, जिससे कम मे कम पन्द्रह दिनो का स्टाक रेलवेज के पास बराबर रहे, झौर कोयले की कमी के कारण कोई भी रेलगाडी माल गारी, पैसेजर गाडी या कोई झन्य गण्डी- रर त्ही ह नी चाहिए। दें झ में कोयले की कमी नही है। हमारे यहां कोयले का झकण्ण मंडार है। इम मम्बन्ध में झगर सबसे बडी कोई बात है, तो वह यह है कि यह हमारी एडमिनिस्ट्रेटिव फेल्पर है। जिन लोगों के कारण इस तरह की कमी होती है, उनकी खिलाफ मख्त कार्यवाही करनी चाहिए।

इन शब्दों के साथ मैं निवेदन करूंगा कि रेल मन्द्री भौर ऊर्जा मन्द्री दोनों इस सम्बन्ध में सदन के सामने वक्सव्य रखें।

13.23 hrs.

RE. PAYMENT OF D.A. TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE (Kanpur); Yesterday. I wanted to say something, but you said 'Not today, but tomorrow'

MR SPEAKER: It was agreed that I would allow a call attention motion

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: I am not mentioning about the jute workers' strike

MR. SPEAKER: About the others. I allowed only one.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: I will not take more than two minutes

MR. SPEAKER: Already you are not in good health; do not get excited: be calm.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: When I wanted to raise an important issue under rule 377 yesterday, you were kind enough to say that I could do so today. I will not take more than 14 minutes.

You are aware that Government decided to pay only three instalments of D.A. to the Central Government employees, from 1st June 1974, 1st July 1974 and 1st September 1974. Two more instalments are due, from 1st November, and 1st December. It is the recommendation of the Pav Commission that once the index touches 272, wage revision is a must. This is mendatory.

When Babu Jagjiyan Ram was talking with the representatives of the Central Government employees under my leadership, he agreed there would

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be discussion on wage revision. This was on 18 January 1975. Then on behalf of the Central Government employees, we made it abundantly clear that we do not want any more Pay Commission. We are tired of a Fay Commission because the Chairman will be either a tired or retired judge and they will take three years to submit their report. So Babu Jagirvan Ram agreed that bilateral talks on wage revision would take place.

I want a statement from the hon. Finance Minister to the effect that as promised by Babu Jaguvan Ram on 18 January, from March 1975 the leaders of the Central Government employees would sit along with government representatives for wage revision, because the employees have been sure about the whole thing. They have been paid only three instalments and two are due

I would request that note be taken of this and the Finance Minister asked to make a statement as soon as possible so that the negotiations may start in March. (Interruptions),

MR. SPEAKER: No. I am not allowing any more. I am not calling him. We have decided to allow a discussion on Jama Masjid at 2 O' Cluck. The supplementary list of business had been circulated showing the time as 2 P.M. to 6 P.M. It is already 1.25 now. It will take four hours. If we start at 230, instead of at 6, it will go upto 6.30. At 6.30 exactly the debate will finish; there is no need to accommodate any more speakers after that. We adjourn for lunch to meet at 2.30.

14.36 hrs.

The Lok Sabha adjourned for Lunch till Thirty minutes past Fourteen of the Clock.

251 Re. Famine conditions MAGHA 30e, 1896 (SAKA) in Chhatisgarh

The, Lok Sabha reassembled after Lunch at Half Past Fourteen Hours of the Clock.

[MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER in the Chair]

RE FAMINE CONDITIONS IN CHHATISGARH, MADHYA PRA-DESH

भा मधु रिभागे (बांका): मैं आपसे एक प्रार्थना करना चाहता हूं। मैं दो मिनट से अधिक आपका समय नही लूगा। छत्तीसगढ़ के इलाके में मुखमरी की स्थिति है। वहां छात आदिवासी और किसान आन्दोलन कर रहे हैं। वहां क्या हुआ इसके सम्बन्ध मे यह आज तार मुझे मिला है।

"छात्नो द्वारा रायपुर जिला बन्द का सफल ग्रायोजन सफलता से चिढ कर कांग्रेसियो तथा शासन द्वारा उत्तेजना । ग्रथ्यु गैस लाठी चार्ज फायर कर्फ्यू ग्रौर पुलिम का भयानक ग्रातंक । प्रशासन ग्रक्षम शहर पुलिम के कब्जे में । छात्र नेता श्रश्वनी दुवे विधायक पुरुषोत्तम कोशिक गिरफ्तार ताकि विधान सभा में पूरे मामले को न उठा सकें । ग्राप से बिनती है कि मदन में पूरे जोर से उठाएं ।"

भ्रश्यक्ष महीरम : भुखमरी का सवाल केन्द्र के दायरे में ग्राता है । भुखमरी के ऊपर यहां पर कई बार बहस हो चुकी है । मेरी ग्राप से एक ही प्रार्थना है कि मन्त्री महोदय से इस भुखमरीा लपर ग्राप एक वक्तव्य दिलाएं । RE. REPORTED STARVATION DEATHS IN RAJASTHAN

SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA HAL-DER (Ausgram): I want to make a submission.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: If I depart a little bit, everybody takes advantage.

SHRI KRISHNA CHANDRA HAL-DER: I gave notice under rule 337. News has appeared in the papers that seven persons have died of starvation in Rajasthan. So, I want to draw the attention of the Government through you and request the Minister of Agriculture and Irrigation to make a statement and to supply adequate food to Rajasthan.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour): In the list of business for last session Shri Raghu Ramaiah had mentioned the Urban Property Ceiling Bill as one which was supposed to come here for enactment. Now in this Government speech it has been mentioned that it would be Urban Land Ceiling Bill, and not Property Ceiling Bill. Since Bulletin Part II has been published by the Lok Sabha Secretariat only the other day. T want to draw YOUT attention to the great discrepancy between the two. I want to know whether it would be the Urban Property Ceiling Act or only Urban Land Ceiling Act. I want to mention that they are deceiving the people all the time.

253 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 254 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

foreigner

,14,8 hrs.

DISCUSSION RE. REPORTED POLICE ATROCITIES IN JAMA MASJID AREA, DELHI

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour): We will now discuss the reported unabated police atrocities in the Jama Masjid area in Delhi, which have resulted in the deaths of many persons belonging to the minority community and virtual paralysis of day to day life.

The Jama Masjid was built in the 16th century, nearly 400 years ago, by the famous Emperor, Shah Jehan. Today what a disgrace it is that the police did not spare even this place of worship of the minorities and a historic monument. Because, on the body of it, on the building itself.—I have seen it with my own eyes, because I had been to that area—12 bullets have damaged the walls. I have counted them one after the other.

This is due purely to a quarrel between the Government and the people of the area, who had the misfortune of being a minority in this country. No political party or political leader belonging to the opposition is involved in it to my knowledge. Let us see what Shri Reddy has to say and on whom he will lay the blame.

It was a ghasilv incident, a coldblooded crime in which 25 people were killed by the trigger-happy police, headed mainly by the Station House Officer. Shri Mamon Singh, the Butcher. Within a year these minorities suffered twice in the capital, once in Sadar Bazar earlier. Now ten months have passed. Shri Reddy, what has happened to the Sadar Bazar Riot Report; the country has a right to ask for it.

What is the international reaction to this, specially in the Muslim countries, in the Arab countries, with which twe are seeking economic friendship 3454 LS-9

and concessions in various fields? The people living in that area are like people in Paris under the Nazi

The police bullets have not spared even the mosques. As I have said. 12 marks were seen. And the police said in a light-hearted manner "we have fired only 26 rounds", 26 rounds of bullets by a .303 rifle, or I do not know what other weapons were used: in a civilized country, in a democracy, in the capital of this sub-continent. in broad daylight, is it not a matter for which you should hang your head in shame? We have heard of people dving of starvation. Now we are hearing of people dying by police hullets This is the kind of Government which we now have.

A little school boy, a Muslim boy of course, died with not less than 7 bullet injuries on his body. What a shame? My head hangs in shame when I hear that a school boy, a teenager has died of 7 bullet injuries in his body. Shri Reddygaru, with a budget of Rs 170 crores, shooting a teenafier with 7 bullets, is that all you are capable of? The police have told lies after lies. They said that the mob set fire to the police chowkie. We saw the police chowkie. There were no signs of any fire.

Miss Farida, aged 18, a B.A. student, is maimed for life. Firing done from the first floor of the police chowkie gave them an added advantage because the height from which firing is done, either on the mob or on the mosque, gives a great added advantage.

An eye witness told me that Mamon Singh, the Station House Officer, shouted in the nearby localities forhelp to attack the Mussalmans and got the help of the anti-socials. He set fire himself, with his own hands, to 25 cotten shops on the mosque wall. Shops numbers 617 to 638 were burnt by some policemen and anti-socials. Will the Muslims fire to the mosque

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wall? It was never done by them. 40 tool shops were looted and that during curfew hours!

The most important thing is that this demon of an SHO should at once be arrested and prosecuted so that the policemen in this country should know what is right and what is wrong. If they do a wrong, they should get better punishment than a man who is not in authority. That is the law in many countries.

Sir, if you go to Jamia Hotel, if you have a little spare time....

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I do not go to any hotel.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Not for eating but to see how it has been burnt. I know, you like some other type of food; you like fish and curry.

It is a very serious matter. Six persons were burnt alive, A hotel has been burnt at 230 in day time! We saw it ourselves how the hotel had been burnt. I called the local people and they took me into confidence and told me, "We tried to extinguish the fire and got a bucketful of water but the police prevented us from extinguishing the fire."

You go to Haveli Azam Khan and you will see the weeping and tears in almost every household. Not one, eight persons were shot dead. You go to Chitli Qabar and visit the late Sujauddin's family. One girl was shot dead; the father died of heart failure out of shock. What miseries are we paying for? We are paying through our nose for the Budget and are maintaining these demons in the name of policing. And where? Right within three miles of Shri Reddy's house and of Parliament.

The police climbed the second floor and fired at point blank range at Miss. Farida, who was stitching. I have brought the blood-stained bed sheet from the residents. Shri Reddy can see it for himself and my whether it is true or not. She was sitting on the bed and stitching.... (Interruptions). I am ashamed that when we are discussing such a tragic event and are discussing about something which will make us hang our heads in shame before the civilised world, my friends here have chosen to enter into frivolous comments. I am taking the responsibility; if you can prove that I am telling anything untrue, I will take any punishment that the House bestows upon me.

The Imam was detained under MISA. For what reasons? Treason? And what category was he given in jail? C category. The Imam of Jama Musjid of India is detained as a C category prisoner along with criminals, pick-pockets, thieves and burglars, may be some licentiates also !

The allegations are that he made speeches against the Government T want to put a question to those who are old Congress workers: In the past, did he not make speeches in favour of Congress Government? Was he not sent abroad by the Government a number of times? He has 200 become critical of the Government because there are serious lapses. Now, they have decided to teach him a lesson and remove him from the position.

It is a lie that there was a quarrel between two groups of Muslims. The quarrel was between the Government and the people who lived around the Jama Masjid area and those who belonged to the minority community. That is the truth. In British days, when the country was subjugated, the great leaders. like, late Maulana Mohammed Ali, late Moulana Abul Kaham Azad and even today Sheikh Abdullah Sahib is alive, all spoke in post-prayer meetings in mosqueed

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against the Government, against subjugation, and they made political speeches. They talk of democracy and freedom of speech. But when it hits them, they call them fascists.

The Imam is elected and installed by the people's wish, according to the Suni system. The Imam's installation was even witnessed by a person, like, Mir Mushtaq Ahmed. The seal of people's will is there behind his authority. The present Imam, I am told, is a direct descendent of the Imam whom King Emperor Shahjahan had appointed in Sixteenth century. May be, his hereditary position has added to his success. But he is not the only person in India who is having that advantage. We have a glaring example sitting opposite.

The people's will is the supreme test, according to Suni Muslım law. I am quoting from the "Muhammadan Jurisprudence" by Abdur Rahim, a famous book on Muslim laws:

"The Imam is merely the represntative or delegate of the people, from whom he derives his rights and privileges. The office is elective being based on lima-that is the wish of the people-as I had occa sion to mention in another place, and the first precedent for it was the election of Abu Bakr as the Caliph after the death of the Prophet. But, as it is not possible for all the Muslims to take part in such election, it is deemed sufficient if the power is exercised by their chief men, that is, the nobility, the gentry and the learned. Once duly elected the Imam acquires supreme control over the executive administration of the State "

The Imam, according to Muslim law, where there is a lot of practice of democracy and equal treatment, is an elected person and not a nominated person by persons sitting opposite.

Here. in this case, in this conflict, the people fought Shrimati Indira Marjid Area (Dis.) Gandhi's Government on that count. The Government wanted them to surrender and come forward before them with bended knees. That is why they have imposed continuous curfew as an economic blockade and blackmail because the entire area is inhabitated by poor people, small

habitated by poor people, small traders, shop-keepers, daily-wage labourers and pedlers. To clamp the curfew means that a person cannot earn his livelihood and he starves.

Will it be wrong to say that the area is a ghetto? It is not. I want to ask: Why is it that Sheikh Abdullah declined? Because, to my reading, the guarrel is between the Government and the people. The Ministerarbitrator is taking instructions from Prime Minister, according to the press reports. Tell me why did you apply MISA on Imam Saheb? Why was the procession not stopped on the way to Darva Gani if you thought there would be a breach of peace? Nothing short of a high-powered probe will satisfy them.

But let us go to the roots. The Government. in order to meet their political ends, in order to further their political cause and also to loot, are making a mess A petition has gone to the Prime Minister, not from Opposition political workers, but from some people in the Muslim community. They have said:

"Most of these Wakf Boards have members who represent the Government and not the Muslims. Under the WAKF Act, every big mosque has to have a managing committee".

Then they have said:

"It is a matter of great surprise that Jama Masjid, the biggest mosque in the country, does not have a committee. The Imam has repeatedly asked the Delhi Wakf Board to approve of a committee. But the Board refuses to have one,

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[Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu]

"....He even sent two years accounts of the same to the Wakf Board, but the latter refused even to acknowledge their receipt.

"Madam, is this justice that the Jama Masjid which surrendered its five hundred villages and scores of buildings in the city today finds itself starved of funds?

"The reason is the large scale loot of wakf funds throughout India. In Delhi, wakf properties would be worth Rs. 5 crores, and the monthly revenue on this should be not less than Rs. 3 lakhs. Actually it is only Rs. 25,000. The balance, is through clandestine deals with tenants, is eaten away."

"It is also pointed out that at one stage the same Imam was such a favourite with the Government that they sent him to a middle-eastern tour to tell these countries that Muslims were well and happy in India. Three years back, the Union Health Ministry published millions of posters carrying the fatwa of the same Imam in favour of family planning." etc., etc.

Now, suddenly he has fallen from their favour !

There is another serious malpractice which has been revealed by some learned friends among the Muslims. They have said:

"But compared to this, in a case where not only the Uiamans of India but Ulemas of all the Muslim world endorsed and concurred unanimously on the verdict and 'fatwa' to hold that where a mosque is once constructed or erected, it shall remain there for ever and no other building is to be constructed in its place and also that the Wakf proceeds shall be appropriated only according to the wishes of the wakf maker, i.e., wakif ' or donator, a puppet of all of you ×

and the Indira Congress, a M.P. and the Chairman of Punjab Wast Board...."

I would not mention the name.

"... and his corrupt colleagues and Members of Wakf Board, not only lent, from 1965 onwards hundreds of graveyards and dargahs after destroying them but also rented hundreds of mosques and converted them into residential buildings, shopping centres, market corners and hotel and bar nooks."

They have given a complete list in Punjab, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh and many other areas.

The ex-Central Wakf Minister, Shri Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed admitted this charge while replying to Question No 1023 on 30th July, 1973 and confirms that mosques were rented, Mr. Tayyab Hussain. rent of instead of recovering Rs. 980/- from his father, Chowdhury Yaseen, in respect of a house rented to him for Rs 10/- a month, granted him Rs 9.000/- towards particularly repairs of the house. mosques are when thousands of crying for repairs "

If these facts are not true. I shall be very happy to hear the correct facts. The quarrel, as I have said, is based on the loot that the ruling Party can get from the Wakf Board Now. when you come to communal riots. what is the situation? In 1972, accord-Ing to the figures given by the Government, there were 240 communal riots and minorities suffered. But in 1973 it has improved! In the first six months itself, till the month of June, it came to 242. The serious ones included those of Gonda, Meerut and Allahabad in UP, Nagpur in Maharashtra, Tonk in Rajasthan, Bombay and Poona in Maharashtra, Gulbarga in Karnstaka. Hazaribagh in Bihar and Ahmedsbad and Modasa in Gujarat and Delhi. This is as per the

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Home Ministry's report. I do hope they will not contradict this. What do they do? They have been saying many high-sounding things. For example, in Gujarat, the total number of cases decided by the courts is 238. The total number of cases resulting in conviction, with the number of persons shown in the brackets, is 13(76)....

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: This is about the happenings in the Jama Masjid area, but you go all over the country.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I am only trying to highlight the problems of the minorities.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: This is about the incidents in the Jama Masjid area and not the problems of minoratics.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: It is guite relevant.

Sir, the Sadar Bazar riots took place ten months ago. Mr Reddy, where is the report? In ten months a child could be conceived and given birth to. Where is the report?.... (Interruptions).

श्वी टी० सोहन सास (करोलवाग) : उपाध्यक्ष जी, जरा इनको बैठाइये, मेरा व्यवस्था का प्रम्न है। यह कहा की बान कहां से जा रहे हैं। सब से पहली बात उह है जासा सस्जिद के उपर जो डिस्कशन चल रहा है उसका सदर बाजार के दंगों से कोई तालुक नही है। दोनों की पोजीशन धलग है। मैं ऐसा समझता हू कि इस फ़िजा को वियाडने के लिये यह दूसरा रूप देना चाहते हैं। इसलिये इनकी जवान पर लगाम लगायी जाली चाहिये ।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Order please. I am aware of that. I have already cautioned the Member not to enlarge the scope of the debate.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I am only trying to highlight the problems of the minorities.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Minorities in the Jama Masjid area and not in Gujarat and other places.

SHRI JOYTIRMOY BOSU:the attitude of the Government and the Police and the National Integration Council for which the House pays money. What is it they have been telling? It is all very much interlinked because the Home Minister has a front of brass and feet of clay. I am trying to establish that.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: But a heart of gold.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: That is smuggled gold.

I have no personal quarrel with him. We have been very friendly. Of course, he may treat me as a State guest any day. That is a different question.

15 hrs.

Now, coming to the Sadar Bazar riots, the riots took place at 1.30. At 5 p.m. Mr. Sulaiman Sait spoke to the Prime Minister. She promised him that the Army was being summomed. When we met Mr. Dikshit and later, the lady, late m the evening, their explanation was that they were trying to bring the Border Security Force because the CRP, according to them, had become a little domesticated and so unfit for service. But during those five hours, 28 persons died, 300 persons were injured and minority procrores were perty worth Rs. 1.5 looted. Sixty Muslim shops were burnt. Five mosques were burnt. In 1973, just about a year ago the same thing happened. So, Mr. Reddy, you have no right to be there; you should resign if you are worth your salt; and I am talking of all the Ministers,

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[Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu]

particularly Miniscters from the minority communities. If for the sake of remaining Ministers they want to remain there they can lick it and suck on to it. But if they want to serve the people who have sent them here they should resign and get out. You stand this for remaining a puny motor-car and Minister for а a bungalow, these little silams and this and that. What is the explanation that you owe to the people who have voted vou here year after year? In Delhi, 1973 there was a riot In 1974 there was a riot. In 1975 again police are shooting That is the position Mr. Reddy. But the Government is unperturbed. You see the National integration Council and the names-Prime high-sounding verv Shrimati Indira Gandhi. Minister rising sun of Asia, is supposed to be its head This National Integration Council even did not bother to have any meeting after 1968 And what are the Resolutions they have adopted? What did they do? The Resolutions are very plous. They say 'communal disturbances' etc etc You can see the whole lot of them But I want to point out

SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY (Nizamabad). What relevance has this got to the point at issue, to the point under discussion? It is not a Hindu-Muslim riot in a general sense which we are discussing, Sir.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM (Srinagar): What is the relevance of Mr. Reddy being here?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I am aware of your point. Mr. Bosu, I have already pointed out.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Sir, I have made very careful notes and I am implementing.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You don't implement ft.

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SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I am grateful. You do not want instant implementation. The question on Maruthi took 18 months. The Sadar Bazar riot took place in May, 1974. In ten months a child could be conceived by a certain process.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You may be interested in conception, I am not.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Your are not? I withdraw in that case. A child is delivered within ten months but Mr Reddy has not been able to deliver anything at all, although the conception took place in the month of May.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You know the famous three conceptions of Disraeli.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Disraeli, Sir?

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER. Disraeli conceived three times and delivered nothing.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Since Mr. Reddy according to my mind has not reached Distaeli's stature. I am only asking about one I am trying to highlight these things and show what they have done. There was a Resolution adopted in 1968 m the Council Integration for National forming Citizens Councils at district and State levels. I quote: "West Bengal: The matter is receiving the attention of the Government". It is in reply in the Home Minister's Consultative Committee. After six years, this is the fate of the resolution. What about minority commissions? In the matter of economic uplift and education, police and defence and recruitment thereunto the position has not improved.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You are going far out of the scope.

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SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I am trying to come back to the rail: I am in the process. You know the Samastipur engine took two hours to turn its face but I shall take only a few minutes.

DEPUTY-SPEAKER: MR Vou may kindly finish.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: You are an enlightened person; I would like vou to read....

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Whenever you come to Parliament House I want you to take a straight way and not come via. Calcutta and Bombay to Parliament House

SHEL JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Mv complaint is that I do come via There was a Seminar in Calcutta London attended by luminaries from the Muslim world in which they drew statistics that in this Government of India the representation of mincrities in services in senior positions is next to nothing. I have got the figures and also the statistics have been collected which show that the number of Muslims in higher education This has been is next to nothing given by Mr. Giazuddin Mohammad. All the figures are given "Number in M.Sc Final: 18 candidates: num-4 ber of Muslim candidates Nil" 28 years have passed. In 28 years what has been done in regard to the minorities about whom there are so many high-sounding words? When thev sought protection at least the Police should not go and shoot them.

Then, I want to conclude by saying, a Judicial probe is a must. All persons should he affected the adequately compensated. The guilty policemen especially the SHO should be prosecuted at once. Compensation to those whose shops were burnt and vooted is also a must. As I mentioned, the Prime Minister knew that she would consider granting the insurance cover to the riot victims. But, here is a case where we would like the Government to give that amount. I also want to know why that idea of insurance over was not given the shape.

Therefore, we demand that a judicial probe must be done and all the victims should be compensated and Shri Mamon Eingh should be prosecuted at once.

SHRI ARJUN SETHI (Bhadrak): Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, after hearing the speech of my hon. friend, Shri Jyoturmoy Bosu, I really find the way in which he is trying to frame issues, shows that he is without going into the root cause of the riot or arson or death that had taken place in this unfortunate incident. My hon. friend has rather moved in a zig zig way just to suit him and to serve his own. purpose.

We know that whenever Shr1 Bosu speaks he always indulges in wild charges and finds fault with Government. He does not analyse the real cause of the trouble whenever any issue comes up for a discussion in Parhamenta I will now quote the editorial from the Hindustan Times

'The rioting, areson, firing and deaths that marred the peace of Delhi around the Jama Masjid area on Sunday is a saddening event"

No one on this side of the House is happy about this state of affairs. We are really very sorry for it. With out going into the details of these issues, one should not pass any judgment or one should not say that everything that has happened in Delhi is due to Government's fault. I would like again to quote from what the papers have reported about this unfortnate incident in Delhi. This is what has been reported after this incident:

"The wherewithal for committing arson was readily at hand and it is .

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[Shri Arjun Sethi]

even alleged that firearms were used against the police. Fortunately the trouble was contained and, with the clamping down of curfew, the situation has been brought under control even if it has not cooled."

This is the editorial reported in the Hindustan Times in regard to this unfortunate incident Almost all the papers have reported that this is preplanned and, whoever might be indulging in this sort of thing is really disrupting the peace and tranquillity of the country. I have of course not got the firsthand knowledge of the whole issue. (Interruptions) The Opposition members are always blaming the Government. That is why I am reading out to you the paper Here the trouble first of all started and then it went on a large scale. I am quoting only one instance regarding the way in which the trouble actually started and how it was turned into a mob violence.

Sir, it is reported:

"Though the trouble had been brewing in the area since the last few weeks, the flashpoint came at about 10-30 a.m. when Mr Bukhari, who has been refused recognition by the Waqf Board as the Imam of the mosque, led about 500 of his to Bachon-ki-Sarai. followers Daryaganj, where a meeting of the Board was underway with Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan Minister of State for Agriculture, in the chair."

Sir, here I should point out if the Imam had any grievance against the Waqf Board, he could have come to the Government and pressed the Government, and his demand could have been redressed by the Government. Without approaching the Government and giving his complaint he has tried to behave in such a manner as is very harmful to the democracy and functioning of the Government.

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Before, I mention about all these incidents, I must say one thing. I am not against the Imam, or the Waqf Board or the police. I am only trying to analyse the events which preceded this unfortunate incident in the Jamamasjid area. It is mentioned here that:

"Mr. Bukhari and his belligerent supporters, who tried to follow him, were held back. The Imam allegedly grappled with Superintendent of Police, Arun Bhagat and caught him by the scruff of his neck. A pose of police extricated the SP and the Imam was pushed into a police van..."

Suppose, if I have any grievance against anybody is it permissible under law that I should physically assault him and try to finish him? This way of acting is certainly against the interest of the Government and also of the country.

My friend, Mr. Jyotirmoy Basu, has mentioned that police had suppressed the mob and the emotional people without provocation. Here it has been reported that in a statement the Delhi Jan Sangh President, Mr. Malhotra, said:

"But for the police-firing, the situation could have been saved from taking a serious turn."

Here, one of the leaders of the Oppo¹ sition has admitted that since the police has taken timely action....

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJAPAYEE (Gwalior): Sir, he has not heen correctly reported. He had said:

"If the police had not resorted to firing the situaion could have hee: peacefully controlled."

SHRI ARJUN SETHI: Whatever may be the facts, it has been report ed like this. I would like to read again, what has been reported here!

"In a statement, Delhi Jan Sang! President Shri V. K. Malhotra said. "But for the polic-firing, the situation could have been saved from taking a serious turn."

Here, one of the leavers of the Opposition has admitted that since the police has taken timely action

SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE (Gwalior): Sir, he has not been correctly reported. He had said:

"If the police had not resorted to firing the situation could have been peacefully controlled."

SHRI PILOO MODY (Godhra): Kindly explain to him, what a double negative is

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Mr Sethi, I hope you understand what the newspaper has stated. I hope you understand the meaning of the sentence given in the newspaper; the implication is clear to you.

SHRI ARJUN SETHI Whatever has been reported. I have mentioned before you.

Sir, I should say, the whole thing has been done with an intention that the peace and tranquility of Delhi should be disturbed so that it will be heipful to certain sections of the people who are anti-social, I should say, and to get id of certain sections or to destroy the amicable settlements which the Government hava successfully arrived at in regard to certain matters This is the whole intention. On these grounds, I should say that the whole atmosphere in has been vitiated Delhi

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER. Shri Sambhali.

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT Sir, my name is next.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER You will have your turn.

SHRI INDRAJIT GUPTA (Alipore). On behalf of my group, I would say that we have no objection if Mr. Ebrahim Sulaiman Sait speaks. (Interruptions)

MR. **DEPUTY-SPEAKER:** Let there be no confusion. It was decided that all those whose names have appeared in the Calling Attention will be given a chance. Here since WA are having a discussion, I am going on the party basis. If nobody has objection. I will call you now.

SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY: Sir, this is a very dangerous precedent. On the basis of the strength of the parties, you have called the CPI Member.... (Interruptions)

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER. Kindly sit down. Let me make this very clear. Mr. Reddy today, for some reasons, seems to be extra anxious to draw attention to himself. Nov, let me make it very clear to you, whom I call, whom I do not call is completely the responsibility of this Chair I normally follow a certain pattern. But it does not mean that I cannot call anybody. Shri Sait,

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT (Kozhikode): Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, I stand with deep pain and anguish to speak on the Jama Massid massacre, the greatest tragedy the capital witnessed in recent history. Sir, the matter is very very delicate very sensitive and also very serious Therefore, I would appeal to my colleagues in the House to bear with me and not to look at this matter from a political angle. I am very greateful to the leader of the CPI, Shri Indrajit Gupta, for giving me the chance to speak when it was the turn of his party.

The tragedy that overtook the Jama Masjid area and surroundings is a very very serious tragedy. Sixteen days have passed. This tragedy happened 16 days ago, but still you see that the people injured are in the hospital, the 700-800 people arrested are in jail, the curfew continues in that area and all these poor people who depend for their hand to mouth daily living are suffering from starvation. This is the magnitude of Sixteen the tragedy. davs have passed but the Central Government which has the fullest responsibility to establish law and order and give all protection to the citizens has miserably failed to do so for the last 16 days at the cost of the poor people concerned.

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[Shri Ebrahim Sulaiman Sait]

You all know what harpened in this tragedy. I know the Imam has been released. So far so good. We were anxious from the beginning that the Imam should be released and a judicial inquiry immediately ordered to create an atmosphere by which things could come to normal and the issues could be settled. I had to rush from Cochin on a trunk call on getting information about the catastrophe and it was after I went round the area on the 4th for full five hours, met the people of the area that I met the Home Minister and made the demand that the Imam should immediately be released. I also said that there should be a immediate inquiry against all police judicial atrocities. I made this demand not only to the Home Minister, Shri Brahmananda Reddy, but also to the Minister of State Shri Om Mehta and also to Shri Mohsin the Deputy Home Minister. I also presented a memorandum to the Prime Minister demanding all this. I stated very clearly that unless and until the Imam was immediately released and judicial inquiry ordered, no peace я could be established in the Jama Masjid area. This was also what I said in my press conference on the 5th. But then this was not done. Thank God, it has been done at least now, yesterday. I am here reminded of a Persian couplet:

हरचे दाना कुनद कुन्द नादां बॉद मज खराबिए बसियार

(هرچه دانا کلد ـ کلد نادان ـ بعد از خرایگی بسهار)

This means whatever is done by a wise man, is done by a fool or ignorant man only after great disaster. After another great disaster overtakes us again on the 4th of this month, the Government seem to have gone wise. The Imam is now released. This was done not on the 4th, not on the 5th, not on the 10th, not on the 14th but after two Fridays had passed when

senerences and the

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they had to face the anger and resentment of the mob after congregational prayers. Finally Government was forced to release the Imam. I welcome this. But many other steps have to be taken. The release of the Imam alone is not enough. Also, we all know that the Imam was arrested under MISA.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: And kept in the C category.

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT: A spiritual leader of a great community was arrested under MISA! You passed the law here. When MISA was passed here, some gurantee were given that it would not be misused. Is this not a grave example of the misuse of MISA that the Imam of historic Shahi Jama Masjid of Delhi was arrested under it? What reply have Government to this? When I say this, it may not be pleasant for Government to relish. But this is a fact which I have to give out because I cannot pretend to be a hypocrite and try to hide facts. These are facts which have to be given out.

I am very sure that further steps have to be taken, to normalise the situation. A judicial inquiry has to be ordered against the police excesses. I am going to relate the brutal and atrocious acts committed by the police in the area for the last so many days. It was in reality a police action.

There have been some differences between the Wakf Board and the Imam. When we look at it, it is very clear that the entire situation has been very badly bungled by the Wakf Board, the Delhi Administration and the Central Government. That is clear from the events that have taken place. They say that the Imam is not confirmed; the Imam was Naib Imam, temporary Imam. But facts seem to be otherwise. The Imam was sent years ago on foreign travel to Moscow and other middle Eastern countries. What did they say in the passport then? Shahi Imam, That means that the Government stated

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that Syed Abdullah Bukhari was the Shahi Imam, a long time back. Today they have come to deny it. he has become the M.I.S.A. Imam. When it came to fatwas, religious decrees on family planning, it was described not by me or by Mr. Bosu or Limaye but by the Government as Shahi Imam. What happened later on, on 8 July 1973. When father of the present Imam Syed Abdul Hameed Bukhari was lying ill, he was old also, he resigned and desired to inas stall Syed Abdullah Bukhari Mr. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed, Imam the Wakf Minister was expected to come there and perform dastarbands. In the invitation sent out, it was mentioned so. I can produce that invitation. It was said that the Wakf Minister Mr. F. A. Ahmed was conduct the installation ceremony. I do not know under what wire-pullings he changed his mind and he did not come. It was because of his absence that Mir Mushtaq installed the Imam in the presence of Kapur, the then Deputy Commissioner. What happened later, you all know. With regard to Kishan Ganj riots in the course of sermons, the Imam criticised the Government. That is hat I learnt. Mr. Mohsin, our Deputy Home Kurshid Alam Minister and also Sahib, a Member of the Rajva Sabha and others had a talk with the Imam and the situation had eased considerably Situation was coming to normal in the Jama Masjid Area. But way did such a sudden turn took place, is the question before us The Imam had declared that he was going to have a demonstration before a meeting of the Wakf Board which was meeting at the Bachon Ka Ghar in Darya Ganj. He did not hide this; all these things had been known to the people the Government and The Home Ministry and the here. Wakf Ministry had knowledge of this. Because of that they posted police in every nook and corner in Jama Masjid Area. But when the Imam was marching to demonstrate before the Wakf Board, nobody stupped him. He went to the Bachon Ka Ghar and he wanted to enter the place

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where the meeting was going on. No body stopped him. But later. 1 learn there was some trouble and then there was a lathi charge and the Imam was arrested. It appears as if there was a conspiracy by the Government to trap the Imam and arrest him. Has the Government got any reply to this? I' appears that MI. Shahnawaz Khan himself, if I am not mistaken, said in one of his statements that they were waiting for an opportunity to arrest the Imam I saw such a statement in newspapers. He can deny it. The statement said that they were waiting for an opportunity to arrest him.

THE MINISTER OF STATE 171 THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SHAH-NAWAZ KHAN): It is an absolute fabrication: I never said so.

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT Well and good But that was what came in the papers. When such a thing came in the paper, I thought that the Government wanted to arrest him but since they could not do so in the Mosque, they laid a trap so that he might come out and they could bring him on the road and make him demonstrate and then arrest him. That was the position. But whatever it be, whatever be the demonstration, whatever, the provocation, let me tell you there was no justification whatsoever for this trecherous, brutal behaviour of the police as they did on 2nd February in Jama Masiid Area. There is no justification at all for all that happened.

What did the police do? You all know very well. When there was demonstration on the arrest of Imam the police started firing on the unarmed mob. An unarmed mob was demonstrating against the arrest of the Imam. Nowadays it has become a practice that demonstrators throw some stones, I agree. But was there enough justification to open fire? Who gave the order to fire? What was the

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[Shri Ebrahim Sulaiman Sait] justification for firing? Did they give any warning before firing? Did they have any lathi charge or teargas before firing. The police started firing all of a sudden on the unarmed mob. You can see that there are marks of bullets on the walls and gates of the Jama Masjid and blood spots inside the Jama Masiid. How did they come? Because when they shot from the police chowki opposite to Jama Masjid the people were shot at inside the Jama Masild because of this you find blood marks inside the Jama Masjid, and bullet marks on the gate and walls of Jama Masjid. This is what the police has done Have you got any justification? Can you condone them for all this atrocity.

I know the police can also fire to disperse a mob after sufficient warning, but where shoud they fire, must they fire, on the chest, on the head or on the lags? This is what I want to know from the Home Ministry. Not a single young man who has been shot down has been injured on the leg or anywhere else. All shots have been on the chest, all shots are there on the head, they have been shot down dead. This is what happened. Not one or two. Seventeen of them have been shot down This is according to official figures.

They say that bullets came from the house-tops. Can you produce a single policeman with injury? None can be produced. It is wrong to say that bullets were fired from housetops. May be they threw stones from somewhere but that is no excuse to go into the Muslim area, the surrounding localities. get on the second and third floor and shoot down young man there. This is what has been done, cold blooded brutal murder.

Let me read out to you just a portion from this paper Adawat. Here are photos of these youngmen killed, not one man above 30. People of

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18, 20, 24 or 28 years of age were shot down. Did they have any mercy? After all who were shot down? The youngmen, the future promise of this country. They were shot down ruthlessly, and these are the photos here of the youngmen shot down.

And then there was a girl shot; fortunately, She is not dead. In what circumstances she was shot dead has been described in this paper

"फरीदा उमर 19 साल बीए फस्ट ईयर की तालिया मकान नं० 689 चिल्ली कबर तीसरी मंजिल पर बैठी सिलाई कर रही थी कि चार पुलिस वाले बन्दूके और पिस्तोल लिए हुए मकान के दो दरवाजे तोड कर दाखिल हुए । वहा कोई मर्द मौजूद नही था । फरीदा जमी जहीन और नईफ तालिबा पुलिस वरवर्गियत से न बच सकी और इस बेकसूर तालिवा को पुलिस ने दो गज के फासला से गोला का निशाना बनाया बच्ची तडपने लगी । खून से चादनी और चादर तर हो गई ।

यह चाटर है उिस पर खून के दाग पडे हये है ।

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: This non-violence, flag of hon-violence;

बो इज़ाहिम सुलेमान सेट: पुलिसे प्रत्याघुंध गोली हर चार जनिव चला रही थी एक लोहे की कुर्मी को एक गोली जो दूसरे कमरे मे रखी हुई थी पार कर गईं। चादनी पर पुलिस के जूनो के निशानात भ्रौर खून की धारे इस बेकसूर तालिवा पर पुलिस बरबरियत के शाहिद है। तालिवा इरविन झस्पताल मे दाखिल है भीर भ्रभी खनरे से बाहर नहीं हई है।"

This is the position. There is me more/incident which I would like the describe.

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"महम्मद्र नईम मुहम्मद बाहीम मकान नम्बर 141 कटरा गोकल साह उमर 24 साल इम जवान को सभी जनवरी के पहले हफ्ता में शादी हई थी। अपनी दुकान डाकखाना के पास से मकान में खाना खाने ग्रा रहे थे कि गली कढाढयान के सामने पुलिस ने सर में गोली मारी झौर नव-व्याहना का सोहाग लट गया । इम जवान की शादी एक गरीब लडकी से हई थी जिसे ममी पूरे एक माह भी नही हये थे। पुलिस ने बिना कसुर इन जवान को मार कर एक गरीब लड की का मोहाग लट लिया। मरहम मोटर मेकैनिक थे ग्रीर चार भाइयों ग्रीर चार बहनो वमय वालिदैन कफालत कर रहे थे। पुलिम के जालिम हाथों ने इन मब को बेसहारा कर दिया ।

[دد فريدا عبر 19 سال ہے - اے فرست ایر کی طالبہ مکل نیبر 689 چتلی قبر تیسری منزل پر بیتی سالٹی کر رہے۔ تھی کہ چار پولیس والے بغدوقهن اور يستول لئے هوئے مکان کے دو دروازے توز کر داخل **ہوئے - وہاں کرئی مرد موجود نہیں** تها - فريدا جهسم دهين اور نعيف طالبة يوليس بربريت ہے ته ہے سکے اور اِس بے قصور طالبہ کو پولیس نے دو گز کے قاصلہ سے گولی کا نشانہ بغایا۔ بچی ترپنے لگی - خون سے جاندنے ابر جادر تر هو گئی - به جادر ه جس پر خون کے داغ پڑے ہوئے میں -.. SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: This is non-voilence, flag of non-violence!

ش<mark>ری ایراههم سلیمان سیگ</mark>: ددپول<u>م</u>س اندهادهلد گولی هر چار جالب چلا رهی تهی - ایک لوش کی کرسی کو

This is the position. There is one more incident which I would like todescribe.

·· محمد تعيم ولد محمد إبراعهم مكن نبيد 141 كترة كوكل شاة عمر 24 سال ۽ اِس جوان کي ايهي جلوري کے پہلے ہفتہ میں شادی ہوئی تھی-اینے دوکان ڈاکشانہ کے یاس سے مکان کہانا کہانے آ رہے تھے کہ گلی کہابیان کے ساملے یولیس نے سر مہن کولی ماری اور نورياهتا كا سهاك لت كيا - إس جوان کی شادم ایک عریب لوکی سے ھوئی تھی جسے ابھی پورے ایک ماہ بھی نہیں ہوئے تھے - پولیس نے بال قصور اِس جان کو مار کر ایک غریب لوكي كا سهاف لوف لها - مرجوم مرتر مکینک تها اور چار بهانهرس ، چار بهذون بنع والدين كفالت كروه ته-یہلیس کے طالم ھانھوں نے <u>ان</u> سب کو نے سیارا کر دیا -ee

There are stories of 12 others like this, shot down by the police without any provocation, inside Muslim areas far away from the scene of riot

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[Shri Ebrahim Sulaiman Salt]

They have gone into the lanes, climbed the stairs to the second and third floor and they have shot down these young men and women. What is the justification? Therefore, if we demand of you, and through you of the Home Minister, that there should be a judicial inquiry are we committing a cime? If the Government does not concede a judicial inquiry, I will be forced to conclude that the Government are shielding somebody and that they do not want to face facts.

I have told you that police shot at unarmed mobs, went inside the houses and lanes far off from the scene of occurrence. They have shot at girls and ladies. All these things have happened. This is what I have come to know myself.

Sir, there is one more mystery, and that mystery is who set fire to the shops behind the Jama Masjid. How those shops have been burnt is a mystery still. Here I must pay a compliment to my Hindu and Muslim brethren. They remained as brothers. There was no tinge of communal hatred there: there was complete communal harmony prevailing in the area on the face of this worst tra-The Hindus and Muslims did gedv. not fall a prev to any conspiracy to Communal convert this into riot. There was complete religious or communal harmony and yet the shops got This is a mystery that has burnt. to be solved at any cost. The Muslims cannot burn their own shops. Yet, the shops behind Jama Masjid, Nos. 607 to 638, belonging to Muslims, of people trading in cotton, in rubber foam, in quilt, were completely destroyed and burnt down. Can the Muslims themselves burn their own shops? When there is complete communal harmony, no Hindu elements and no goondas could come in Then, how did the shops get burnt? Those people say, and there is reason to believe what they say, the police

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officers themselves gave encouragement to some gbonda elements and encouraged and instigated them to burn those shops and reduce them to ashes, after looting them. This is what they have done.

When they killed the girld whom I referred to earlier they carried away one time-piece in one pocket and Rs. 370 in the other pocket. Everywhere they looted property, whatever they could lay their hands on. This is the way the police of the so-called secular democratic government of this country behaved. Is this police fit enough to be called the police of a democratic country when it shoots down innocent citizens of this country? and loots property? This is what I would like to ask of the hon. Home Minister.

Now these shops belonging to the Muslims have been burnt. Who have The Muslims did not hurnt them? burn them and the Hindu brethern did not burn them Then, who burnt them? Some anti-social goondas did it, and at whose instigation? At the instigation of the police officers I level this charge on the themselves floor of this House that at the instigation of the police officers themselves these shops were burnt down. It appears that the police wanted to give the whole situation a communal colour or turn and that is why they have burnt down the Muslim shops.

Again, there was another grave provocation in the Jama Masjid last Friday, on the 14th. The people coming out of the Jama Masjid after Friday prayer were demonstrating. They were having anger and resentment at the way the police had behaved, and at the arrest of the Imam. They were having resentment and, therefore, thay demonstrated. It was all natural because of the suppression they were subjected to at the heads of the police for days together. Coming down from the mosque they saw the police standing In front of them and they could not

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control themselves. It happens; it is human nature. But, at the same time, we must understand that while the police were controlling the whole situation, behind Jama Masiid in Chawri Bezar, corner, Jamia Hotel was burnt down and people were locked in and roasted to death in the presence of the police. The police were asked and told. "There are people inside, please open the lock; let them come out." But the police did not pay any heed to it and in the presence of the police these innocent people, including a man sixty years of age, were roasted to death

What can you justify all these things happening in Delhi, the capital city? Under the very nose of the Prime Minister of India, Shrimati Indira Gandhi, and under the very nose of the Home Minister of this country, Shri Brahmananda Reddy, this is happening. How can you explain all these things?

Then again, on one side firing goes on, killing goes on, looting and arson goes on and on the other people are arrested in hutmants for curfew violations. People coming out for water or for medicine are arrested under heavy charges for only curfew violation. Our people of the Muslim League Organisation of Jumna Par. eight miles away. were arrested. From Bara Hindu Rao arc arrested. How can they have anything to do with this incident? Then they say that these elements are responsible. The police officials there wanted our help to maintain peace but when our people went out to maintain peace in the friday-after prayer they were arrested and put behind the bars. What justification is there? What an act! It cannot be justified by any civilised government in any country.

And the curfew is clamped against whom? The whole walled city, where lakhs and lakhs live, becomes an enlarged jail. None can get out. And who are living there? Labourers, hawkers, rickshaw-pullers, petty merchants who earn daily and spend daily, who just go and purchase tea for four annas, bread for one rupee and carry on their livelihood, feed their young boys and girls and their wives by their daily earnings. All of them are starving. Did Government carry on any relief work? No. But when we wanted to give them relief, when we wanted to give them milk or cooked food, no nass was issued. We had to go to Mohsin Sahib, the Deputy Home Minister, who told us. "What can I do? It is the Delhi Administration." But still he was good enough to telephone and tell them. "At least have a humanitarian outlook; people are suffering and are dying of starvation; please help the people to take some relief to those who are dying of starvation."

A very grave, very serious, very delicate situation had developed in Delhi. the capital city. It is well and good that you have released the Imam. but that does not end all matters. It does not complete all requirements. What you have to do after the release of the Imam is that you must order immediately a judicial inquiry The ruthlessness and the brutality of the police must be inquired into and the concerned officer must be dealt with properly so that they dare not commit such a sin against the poor unarmed people, the citizen of this country, at any time in future. That is what you have to do.

Then, I demanded full compensation to all those whose property has been destroyed Not only shops in the Jama Masjid area have been destroyed but Jamia Hotel and other shops around there have been destroyed. That means, it is less at least of Rs. 1 crore. These victims of arson must be completely compensated.

All those people who are in jail should be released. What if one Imam is released? 700 people are rotting in the jail today. All these people went to jail protesting against his arrest. They have committed no sin. You have not done any great thing in releasing Imam Sahib. But what about those

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[Shri Ebrahim Sait]

700 persons who are placed under arrest and whose wives and children are suffering in their homes today? They must also be released immediately. That is what is to be done. After releasing the Imam Sahib, you must definitely and for certain have a judicial inquiry into the police excesses on 2nd and also on 14th when the Jamia Hotel was burnt down. You must release all people unconditionally and withdraw all cases against them. You must give full compensation to those persons whose shops were burnt down and looted. Adequate compensation must also be paid to the families of the victims who have been shot down by the police bullets, and curfew must also be lifted without delay.

Fromising all cooperation from my side to establish peace, I hope, the Gov ernment will come forward to concede to all my demands As will be with you to establish peace and always see that communal harmony remains in the country for the progress of our country. These demands alone can reestablish confidence and bring the situation to normal m and around Jama Masjid

भोमती मुभड़ा जोशी (चादनी चौक) उपाध्यक्ष जी, जिम दुखभरी कहानी पर ग्राज यहा चर्चा हो रही है, वह सचमुच इतने भफमोम की है जिसको बयान करना बहुत मुश्किल है। उसमे भी ज्यादा दुख मुझे इस बात से हो रहा है----जब मै देखती हू कि हमारे विरोधी दल के लोग ऐसा कर रहे है जैमे किमी के घर में ग्राग लगा कर उस पर हाथ सेकने की कोणिण कर रहे है।

सेट साहब ने करफ्यू का जिफ किया कि सिर्फ़ जामा सस्जिद के एरिये में करफ्यू लगा है, यह करफ्यू तो मारे शहर मे लगा था भीर मारे शहर के लोग दुखी भीर तकलीफ में थे। जो रोज के कमाने वाले है, मजदूरी करने वाले है, ऐसे लोग जो ढाबो मे खाने हैं, भर में खाना नही बनाते है, मगर रागन की दुकान पर राशन पहुंच भी आये तो भी उनको खाना नहीं मिल सकता है----्र्ऐसे प्रसंख्य लोग शहर में हैं। प्रभी सेट साहब ने कहा कि इतना कुछ हुआ और सरकार ने किया, इतना करने के बाद किया, प्रगर पहले ही कर देती तो ठीक था, जो फ़ैसला करना था, बह पहले ही कर देती तो इस तरह की घटना नही होती। मैं बड़े घदब से घर्ज करना चाहती हूं--- प्रगर ये जमायतें इमाम साहब को न घर लेती, उन को झगड़े मे न डालती, उनके पीछे न घूमने लगती तो दिल्ली को यह दुख भरी कहानी देखने को न मिलती ।

माप इसी बात का भ्रन्दाजा लगाइये-उन दुकानों के जलने के बाद मेट साहब कहने है कि यह मिस्ट्री है रहस्य है। मैं माज उनका नाम नहीं लेना चाहती, जो उनके लेटेस्ट फ्रेण्ड बने है, लेकिन मैं भापसे मर्ज करना चाहती हू कि भ्रगर जामा मस्जिद मोर जामा मस्जिद एरिया की कहानी को देखना है तो यह भी देखना होगा कि किस नरह में फिरकापरस्न एक नरफ एक भाषा बोलने है, किस नरह मे एक कहानी कहने है भीर किस तरह मे दूमरी तरफ मिल कर उनको तबाद करने की सोच रहे है।

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, जहा तक कौन इमाम बने, कौन न बने, या कॉन नायव इमाम हो भौर कौन न हो---- भभी हमारे बसू साहब ने कहा कि कही इमाम चुनाव से बनने हैं, लेकिन फिर उन्होंने यह भी कहा कि शाही इमाम खद ही बनता है, उस के बाद कहने लगे कि वक्फ़ बोर्ड ने क्या किया, क्या नही किया----मैं सब से पहले यह ग्रजं करना चाहती हं----झगर सियासी लोग इसमे न पडने तो मामला इतना नूल नही पकड़ता । लेकिन हमारे विरोधी दल के लोग इसका फायदा उठाना चाहते थे। आज जो इमामत का झगढा हुझा है---मैं बहुत सफाई से कहना चाहती हं----भगर उसमे मुस्लिम लीग के साधी भौर जन संघ पार्टी के लोग दखल न देते. तो बेचारे इमाम साहब का यह हाल न होता ।

285 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 286 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

उपाध्यक महोयय. यह सिर्फ़ 2 फरवरी की बात नहीं है। मैं धापको वह भी दिन याद दिलाना चाहती हं, जिस दिन ग्रजमेर के उसे में जाने वाले लोगो का रास्ते में कुछ झगडा हमा, जिसके नतीजे के तौर पर कुछ लौग बहां पर दिल्ली में झा गये झौर इन लोगों के सौभाग्य से वे इनके हाथों में मा गये। उन की यहां पर नमाइस की गई झौर जामा मस्जिद में हमने ग्रीर ग्राप मब लोगों ने देखा कि इन जमायतों के लोगों ने नारे लगा लगा कर हजारो लोगो को जमा कर दिया मीर नारे यह लगाये गये कि खन का बदला खन से लंगे झौर सारे इलाके में घम घम कर नारे लगाए ताकि वहा पर फिरकादाराना झगडे हो . . (ब्यवधान) । मैं झदब मे कहना चाहती ह कि इन भाइया ने यह कहा ग्रीर उन भाइयों ने यह कहा कि जिसमें यहा पर ऐमे हादमे यहा पर हो। जहा तक हमारा सवाल ह मैं ग्रापको बनाऊ कि जिम वक्त हिन्दुम्तान भ्रोर पाकिस्तान बना भोर जिस वक्त खन को नदिया बह रही थी उस वक्न भी हम लागा ने यही कहा था कि पाकिस्तान मे चाहे कुछ भी हो लेकिन हिन्दुस्तान मे ऐमा काम नही किया जाना चाहिए । मैने उस वक्त भी कहा था और भाज भी कहना चाहती ह कि भगर राजस्थान जयपुर और किसी शहर मे कांई फिरकादाराना बान हो जाए तो क्या इनको ऐमा नारा लगाना चाहिए कि खन का बदना खन में लेगे ।

मैं प्रदव से कहना बाहनी हू कि प्रगर जामा मस्जिद वे कुछ हो जाना है नो खून का बदना खून मे लेने की बात किसी को नहीं करनी बाहिए थी । मैं प्रापको वैकप्राउण्ड बनाना बाहती हू । फिर 2 तारीख के बाकयात हुए । उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं इन जमायत बालो में धौर बसु साहब से कोई मुकाबला नहीं कर सकती कि फ़ाईरिंग होनी बाहिए या नहीं होनी बाहिए क्योंकि फाईरिक करबाने के स्पेबेलिस्ट यही लोग हैं। मैं उनकी बानकारी नहीं रखती ... 3454 1.8---10. (ध्यववान) ... प्रब यह बात सच है किं वहां जाकर जव मैंने देखा तो इलाके की गक्ल ऐसी थी जैसे कि किसी युद्ध प्वे बाद होती है। पत्थर, ईंट ग्रौर शीगे जो कुछ भी हो सकता था, वहा पर पडा था। उसके बाद जख्मियो को देखते का भो मौका मिला। उन जख्मियो मे पुलिस के लोग भी वे ग्रौर दूसरे लोग भी थे ... (बरबव(म) ...

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं प्रापमें ग्रर्ज करना चाहती हू कि फाइरिंग किम स्टेज पर होनी चाहिए या नही होनी चाहिए, मैं उसकी म्पेणेलिम्ट नही ह ग्रांग न मैं इसकी ज्यादा जानकारी रखती हू पर एक बात मैं ग्रर्ज करना चाहती हू कि 2 तारीख के बाद इन जमायतों ने ग्रीर इन मखवारों ने जो कुछ णरह में ग्राग लगाने की कोशिंग की, उस में हम मभी के सिर शर्म से मुक जाने चाहिए।

मशी "दावन" को नम्बीरे माप दखिथ । उपाध्यक्ष महोदय. यह जमायने इम्लामी का प्रखबार है । कहा जाता हूँ — मै तो ज्यादा जानकारी नही रखती हू पर कहा जाता है — कि इम्लाम में मुसलमाना की नम्बीर छापना या रखना मुनामित्र नहीं समझा जाता है । जमायते इस्लामी के लोग जो कि ज्यादा प्रार्थोंडोंक्स भौर ज्यादा धर्मात्मा ममझे जाते है — मुझे इस बात मे कनई एतराज नही है कि वे तम्बीरे छापे या रखे — उनके प्रखबार मे भयकर तस्बीर छरो भीर यह लिखा कि उम्मीद है कि इनकी जो कुर्बाती है. यह बेकार नहीं जाएगी । यह भडकाने का काम उन्होंने शक् किया ।

एक गाननोव सदस्य . उधर जन सघ ने भी किया ।

धीमती सुभद्रा जोशी जन सघ ने भी किया । उपाध्यक्ष महोदय. जन वध के सोगो का . . (ध्यववान) ... जन सघ का रवैया हिन्दुस्तान के मुसलमानों और मम्जिदो के बारे मे क्या है, उसको मैं दोहराना 287 Incidents in Jama Masjid Area (Dis.) FEBRUARY 19, 1975

[भीमती सुभग जोशो]

नही चाहती जैसा कि बसु साहब ने सारे हिन्दुस्तान की चर्चा की, पर उसको कौन नही ज नता कि बे कितनी इज्ज्जत मस्जिदो की करते हैं। कुछ ही दिन पहले अभी किशनगज की मस्जिद फक दी गई ।

श्री घटल बिहारी बाजपेयी : किन्होने ?

भोमती सुभदा जोशी . जन सघ के लोगो ने, वाजपेयी जी, मैं माप से कह रही ह।

भी ग्रटल विहारी वाजपेयी : ग्राप बकवास कर रही है ।

श्रीमती सुभडा जोशो : उपाध्यक्षमहोदय, ब्यान झाने लगे एक के बाद एक झौर घूम घूम कर लोग इलाके में कहने लगे मुसलमान भाइयो से, गरीब लोगो से, कि हम झापके साथ है, क्यो चिन्ता करते हो ? इस सरकार का मुकाबला करना चाहिए, हम आपको वालटियर देगे, हम आपको पैसा देगे झौर घूम घूम कर अनवर माहब ने, जो जन सघ के उस इलाके के मेम्बर है, यह कहा झौर इनको काली झडिया झौर काली पट्टिया वाटी झौर कहा कि हम स्वय सेवक देने का तैयार है और आप सरकार का मुकाबला करो और कोई परवाह न करो . . (ब्यवचान)

तो घूम घूम क एक ही भाषा बोलते है और एक ही तरह का काम करते हैं ये सब फिरकाप्रस्त लोग । मुस्लिम लीग के नेता और जन सघ के नेताओं ने दोनों ने एग्लो अर्थे बिक स्कूल में एक मीटिंग में आकर एड्रेस्ड किया और दोनों ने ही यह बात कही और काली झडिया और काली पट्टिया बाटी और यह कहा कि अगर 14 तारीख को जामा मस्जिद में नमाज के बाद कोई छोटी मोटी घटना हो जाए, तो हम दोनों इसके लिए कतई जिम्मेदार नहीं होंगे । जन संघ और मुस्लिम लीग दोनों के ही नेताओं ने एग्लो भरेबिक स्कूल में जाकर ऐसे भाषण किये । इसके बाद एक दिन पहले ही, 14 तारीख को यह दुर्घटना भयंकर रूप से जब हुई, मदरलैंड ने बहुत भारी कोकोडाइल के मांसू बहाये मौर उसमे यह लिखा कि जामा मस्जिद के इमाम साहब को 'सी' क्लास मे रखा हुमा है मौर उनकी यह हालत है। मैं कहती हू कि म्रगर मापका बस चले तो इमाम साहब हिन्दुस्तान में ही न रहे, 'सी' क्लास की बात तो दूसरी रही। इस तरह से कोकोडाइल के मांसू बता कर उन्होने मुसलमानो को उकसाया।

इसी तरह से माप भागेंनाइ जर को देखे। यह 15 तारीख को माता है लेकिन यह 13 तारीख को छप कर सामने भा जाता है भौर उस पर 15 तारीख होनी है। उसमे उन्होने लिखा है:

"We will not be surprised if a big riot takes place in the near future"

यह आगेंनाइजर ने लिखा है और यह 15 तारीख के पहले ही जनता के मामने आ जाता हैं झौर घुम घुम कर, उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मारी दिल्ली में ये बाते कही जाती है। मै तो यह कहगी कि ग्रगर सारी दिल्ली मे फिरकादाराना फिमाद नही हए, तो मैं तो दो की ही तारीफ करूगी। एक तो दिल्ली की जनता की ग्रौर दूसरे दिल्ली के एडमिनिस्ट्रेशन की । यह मैं सफाई में कहना चाहनी ह क्योंकि कोई कमर नहीं छोडी गई थी कि झगडा हो । जन मच के लीडर ग्रतीक माहब घुम घुम कर मुसलमानों से कह रहे थे कि रात को तैयारी कर लो. कल पहाडगज से आकर हिन्दू हमला करने वाले हैं, अपने घरों में तैयारी कर लो भौर तैयार हो आभो । मुझको फोन किया गया कि घतीक साहब यह कर रहे हैं हमला होने वाला है। मैंने कहा कि क्या हमले की तैयारी कर सकते हो श्रीर इसका कुछ इलाज नहीं हो सकता है और इसको तो पुलिस ही रोक संकती है

289 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1898 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 290 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

फिर दबझत फैलाने वाली खबरे फैलाई गई कि चावडी बाजार पर मसलमान हमला करने वाले हैं धौर जामा मस्जिद से धा कर ज्ञमला करने वाले है। इस त ह मे इन दोनो जमायतो का कोधापरेशन के साथ यह कार्यक्रम रहा था और फिर 14 तारीख को हादसे हुए भीर उन को आप ने हम सबने देखा पर उस के पहले भी .उपाध्यक्ष महोदय. मैं ग्राप से भौर सदन के दसरे मेम्बरों में कहना चाहती ह कि उस वाक्य के एक घटा पहले ग्रखबार वालो झौर दसरे लोगो को यह कह दिया गया कि वहा दगा हो गया. फिसाद हो गया. मागजनी हो गई म्रीर लटमार हो गई। यह उनकी तैयारी थी। झलीगढ मे. मरादाबाद से मेरठ से जमायने इसलामी के बच्चे ग्रौर मस्लिम ल।ग के िखाए हुए लोग दिल्ली में आने शह हो गए थे, पहले में हो गए थे। वे नेयारी कर रहे थे भीर चौदह न रीख को दबारा यह कहानी हई भीर उमी तरह में यह घटी जिस तरह में दो तारीख को घटी थी। मैं सफाई के साथ कडता चाहनी ह कि पुलिम को उस्टक्षणज थी हिदायले यी या कि पुलिस ने समझदारी दिखाई जो भी भ्राप कहना चाहे कहे. कि उसने कुछ किया नही, बरदाश्त किया, मार खाई, लोग उठा कर फेक दिए गए नीचे गिरा दिए गए उनकी छानी पर लोग चढे उनको मारा पीटा लेकिन फिर भी उस दिन पुलिस न कोई कार्रवाही उनके खिलाफ नही की।

16 00 hrs

जामा मस्जिद की जो किस्मा कहानी हुई कम से कम उसने हम इम बान को ममझे कि किस तरह से फिरका परस्न लोग, फिरका परस्त जमायतें, रिएकशनरी ताकर्ते झौर दुर्भाःय मे घपने घापको जो लैफ्टिस्ट कहने हैं घौर जो जय प्रकाश जी के नाची है वे सब इम कोशिश मे हैं कि किस तरह से ग्रमन को खनरे मे डाला जाए धौर गडबड पैदा की जाए, भनरेस्ट पैदा किया जाए ! श्री ज्योतिर्मय बसु ने कहा कि काग्रेस ने या सरकार ने यह सब कुछ करवाया है ! मैं समझती इ कि इन

में कहना चाहती ह कि भ्रभी जो दिल्ली एडमिनिस्टेशन को दरस्त किया गया है या देकरन करने की कोशिश हो रही है वह काफी नही है, उसको ग्रभी ग्रौर भी दरुस्त करने की जरूरत है । दुकाने वगैरह किस ने जलाई इसको सभी जानते है चाहे मस्लिम लीग के माथी इसको माने या न माने । लेकिन यह हकीकत है कि लोग ग्राए हर हर महादेव के नारे लगाने हुए झौर जामा मस्जिद की दकानें जलान के लिए भीड के माथ वहा धम गए । खबर यह है कि जो इनके नए दोस्त बने हैं उन लोगों का इस मे हाथ था भौर उस में कोई गक्स कार्डासलर भी था। मैं होम मिनिस्टर का ध्यान इस झोर भी दिलाना चाहती ह कि मटिया महल के इलाके की तरफ पुलिस ने जल्म किया है या लोगों को मारा है. ज्यादा या कम मारा है और अगर उधर गोली चलाना ग्रावश्यक था तो इघर जिन्होने ग्राग लगाई तन पर गोली चलाने की ग्रावण्यकता क्यो नही महमूम की गई, क्या नही चलाई ? ग्रगर पुलिस ने उस दिन कारंबाई कर ली होती, श्राग लगने मे पहले या आग लगने के बाद उनको गिरफ्तार कर लिया होता. पकड लिया होता. तो चौदह तारीख को दुबारा जो जामिया होटल जलाया गया तो वह दूर्घटना न होती ? दिल्ली के लिए यह बहत ही शर्म की बात है कि दिन दहाडे पूलिस की मौजुदगी मे धाग लगाई गई. धादमियों को जिन्दा जलाया गया झौर कोई कार्रवाई इन लोगो के

खिलाफ नही की गई ।

ही शर्म भौर भफसीस की बान है।

जो कई भी ताकतें फिरका परस्त जमायतो

के साथ मिल कर इम तरह के षडयजों में

शामिल हैं, जो माइनोरिटीज को इम तरह से

दबा कर रखना बाहती है, उन पर ग्रत्याचार

करने में विश्वास रखती है उनको झलग कर

यह

लोगो की कोशिश यही है कि सरकार को

किसी न किसी तरह से बदनाम किया जाए।

क्या सिस्ट्री है। मैं भी होम मिनिस्टर की तवज्जह इस तरफ दिलाना चाहती ह।

एक माथी ने कहा कि दकानें जलने की

291 Incidents in Jama Maszid Area (Dis.)

FEBRUAF 7 19, 1975

[श्रीमनी सुभद्रा जोशी]

दिया जाए धौर उसके खिलाढ सख्त कार्रवाही की जाए, यह मैं धन्त मे कहता चाहती ह ।

भी सटल बिहारी बाजपेयी (ग्वालियर). कल इस सदन मे दो जनवरी की दूखद घटनाओ पर चर्चा हई थी। आज यह सदन दो फरवरी के काड पर बहस कर रहा है। जो कुछ इस दिन जामा मस्जिद के इलाके मे हुआ उनके भदालती जाच होनी चाहिये, इस बारे मे दो राये नही हो सकती है। पुलिस ने गोली चलाई। उसी समय गोली से दस लोग मरे। क्या गोली चलाना जरुरी **या** ? क्या बिना गोली चलाए स्थिति पर काब नही पाया जा सकता था? क्या यह सच नही है कि मगर सरकार पहले से खबरदार थी जैसा कि कहा जा रहा है, सभद्रा जोशी जी ने कहा है कि इमाम साहब पहले ही कुछ लोगो से धिर गए थे, कुछ लोगो द्वारा बहका दिए गए थे भौर उनके बहकावे मे मा कर वे मडकाने वाली तकरीरे कर रहे थे तो फिर उनके खिलाफ पहले से कोई कार्रवाही क्यो नही की गई। जब मालूम या कि वक्फ बोर्ड की जहा बैठक हो रही है दरियागज मे वहा कुछ लोग प्रदर्शन करने के लिये जा रहे हैं और इमाम साहब ने एलान किया था कि मैं वहा जाऊगा भौर जनरल शाह नवाज खा अगर मुझे गाली से उडाना चाहने है तो उडा दे

भी शाह नवाज सां मैंने ऐसा कभी नही कहा।

भ्वी ए स० ए० झमीम अधाप फौजी झादमी हैं। झाप झाजाद हिन्द फौज मे रह जुके हैं। झापका तो काम ही यही है।

भी भटल बिहारी बाजपेयी भाप यह मानेंगे कि इमाम माहब ने यह कहा था भौर आप भी कहने हैं कि पुलिम को पता था कि प्रदर्शन होने वाला है वहा पर जहा पर दरिया गंज में बक्फ बोर्ड की मीटिंग हो रही थी नो क्या मैं जान सकता हू कि प्रदर्शनकारियो के साथ पुलिस क्यो नही थी ? कहा जाता है

9, 1975 Incidents in Jama 292 Masjid Area (Dıs)

कि प्रदर्शनकारी वहां जबर्दस्ती घुस गए जहां बैठक हो रही थी। मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि कितने प्रदर्शनकारी घे ? क्या उन्हें पुलिस नही रोक सकती थी ? उस दिन पुलिस का इतजाम मुकम्मिल क्यो नहीं था ?

जनरल शाह नवाज खा से प्रेस कान्फ्रेस मे पूछा गया था कि इमाम साहव को पहले क्यो नही ५कडा गया, तो वह कहने लगे कि यह जरा नाजुक मामला था। क्या इसलिए नाजुक मामला था कि

भी झाह नवाज स्तां नाजुक इसलिए या कि यह कहा जाता है कि झकलियतो के ऊपर जुल्म किया जा रहा है। झगर किसी मुस्लिम मुल्क मे इमाम साहव ऐमा करते तो क्या वह बच सकते थे ?

एक माननीय सबस्य नो उन्हें गोली. मे उडा दिया जाता ?

भी उयोतिर्मय बसु भ्राप लैट्रिन मे छिप गए थे।

भी शाहनवाज का । जब पन्थर फेके जा रहे ये तब भी हमारी मीटिंग जारी रही भौर मीटिंग पूरी करने हम वहा से उठे, डेढ़ घटे बाद उठे।

भी झटल बिहारी बाजपेयी वह जो कुछ कह रहे हैं उससे यह साफ हो जाता है कि भले ही प्रदर्भन हो रहा हो मगर इनकी मीटिव चलती रही । प्रदर्शानकारी झन्दर घुस गए, उन्होने मीटिंग करने नही दी वे जनरल साहब को जान से मारना चाहते में झौर जान बचाने के लिए उन्हें सडास में घुसना पढ़ा यह कह कर तो गोली काढ का लमर्घन किया जा रहा है ।

293 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1898 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 294 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

अमरल साहब जो कह रहे हैं, उस का मतलब यह हैं कि प्रदर्शनकारी जितने उत्तेजित बताये जाते हैं, वे उत्तेजित नही थे । बैठक चलती रही, फ़ैसले होते रहे झौर प्रदर्शन ग्रपनी जगह मौजूद था । तो फिर हालत इननी क्यो विगडी कि पुलिस को दस लोगो को गोली से मारना थडा ? इस सारे मामले कि जाच होनी चाहिए ।

जेनरल साहब कहते हैं कि उन्होंने यह नहीं कहा कि प्रगर मैं होता, तो इमाम को गोली मार देता । भौर इमाम साहब का कहना है कि यह बात मेरे पास ग्राई, इसी लिए मैं वहा गया कि ग्रगर मुझे गोली मारना है, ता घाप मुझे ढूढने कहा जायेगे, मै मौजूद ह, मार्रिये ।

श्री झाह नवाज स्वां उन्होने मुझ से क्यो नही पूछा कि क्या ग्राप ने कहा है ? (ब्धवधान)

श्वी ग्रटल बिहारी बाजपेयी: इस का फैसला कौन वरेगा? सारे काड की ग्रदालती जाच जरूरी है।

पुलिस पर जो आरोप लगाये जा रहे है, और जा आरोप श्रीमती सुमद्रा जोशी ने भी लगाये है, उन आरोपों से पुलिस को दचाने के लिए भी यह जरूरी है कि इस काड की अदालती जाच हो । पुलिस न जो वल-प्रयोग, किया, वह जरूरी था यह कैसे तय होगा ? मेरा निवेदन है कि वह जरूरी नही था । दस लोगो का कत्ले-ग्राम ग्रनाबज्यक था । परिस्थिति को काबू मे लाया जा सकता था । मगर जिन के हाथ मे दिल्ली के शासन की बागडोर है, वे जामा मस्जिद वे मुसलमानो को एक नसीहत देना चाहते थे, एक सबक सिखाना चाहते थे । क्या यह इमामत का झगडा कल शुरू ट्र्या है ?

प्रो॰ मणु दण्डवतेः वह राज्य सभा के इलेक्शन से चालू है। (व्यावधान)

भी झटल विहारी वाजपेयी : यह झगडा जुलाई, 1973 से चल रहा है। श्रीमती सुमन्ना जोशी कहां हैं - चली गई? श्रीमती Masjid Area (Dus) सुभद्रा जोशी का मख़बार निकलता है "सैकुलर डेमोन्नेसी"। न उस का सैकुलरिज्म मे भरोसा है भौर न डेमोन्नेसी में। पता नही, किस के पैसे मे निकलता है। उस ने लिखा कि शाही इमाम बडे शानदार ग्रादमी है, प्रोर वह इस बात से नाराज हैं कि वह मरकार मुसलमानो की फिक्र नही कर रही है, मुसलमान गरीबी मे मबनिला है, मसलमान मसीबतजदा

"Imam and his followers were ready for all kinds of sacrifices in their struggle against what he calls a despotic and fascist Government."

है, ग्रौर णाही इमाम ने कहा है --मैं इन्टरव्यू

के शब्द बता रहा ह

श्रगर शाही इमाम का कोई जुर्म है, तो वह है सरकार की मुखालिफन । ग्रगर किसी मस्जिद से सरकार के हक मे फनवे दिये जाये ग्रगर किसी मस्जिद का इमाम चनाव के ममय काग्रेस को बोट देने के लिए फतवे बे तो इस म कोई श्रापत्ति की बात नहीं है। उम इमाम की तारीफों के पुल वाधे जायेगे। मगर कई इमाम झगर मस्जिद मे खडे होकर चनता का दुखडा रोये, और उम मे सरकार पर आच झाती हो तो उस इमाम को बर्दाग्त नही किया जायेगा।

यह बान कहो जा चुकी है कि श्री ग्रब्दुल्ला बुखारी नायब-इमाम थे । जुलाई, 1973 मे उन की दस्तारबन्दी की गई-मीर मुश्ताक प्रहमद ने की । मीर मुश्नाक ग्रहमद बोर्ड के मेम्बर थे ग्रौर ग्रव भी है ? उस समय ख्वाजा वसी, मुफ्ती ग्रतीकुर्रहमान ग्रौर डिपुटी कमिश्नर कपूर भी मौजूद थे । जेनरल साहब बताये कि दस्तारबन्दी की गई या नही को गई । नायब-इमाम के नाते की गई ? नायब-इमाम तो वह पहले ही थे। तो किम बात के लिए दस्तारबन्दी की गई ?

यह बान भी कही जा चुकी हैं कि सरकार ने उन का उपयोग किया। उन को मध्य पूर्च के भ्ररब देशों में भेजा। वह रूस भी गये। वहाहमारे राजदूत, श्री टी० एन० कौल, ने

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[भो ग्रटल बिहारो वाजपेयी]

उन को दावत दी। झाही इमाम के नाम से बह दुनिया भर मे दौरा करते रहे। उन के पोस्टर छपे। फिर ग्रचानक यह झगडा कैसे आडिडा हो गया कि वह शाही इमाम है या नही?

झगडा यह है कि शाही इमाम कौ। तय करे--वक्फ बोर्ड तय करे या यह फैसला रवायन कनवेन्णन, के िसाब मे हो ।

दिल्ली मे और भी मस्जिद है। फते हुरी मस्जिद है। बडी पुरानी मस्जिद है। उस मस्जिद मे इमाम का बेटा इमाम होता है। मुफ्तो मज रूल्ला पहले इमाम होता है। बाद मे उन हो हग उन का वेग मुहम्मद ग्रहमद इमाम बना। और उन के बाद उन का बेटा मुक / म, यात्र- हन इमाम हे।

भी झाहनवाजः खांः मैं माननीय सदस्य की दिलचस्पी के लिए बनाद कि फाहपुरी मस्जिद में इस वक्त दा इमाम काम कर रहे है भौर दो जमाधने वहा होनी है ? यह झगडा है।

भी एस०ए० झमीमः यहाभी दालगवा देने । किस्ताखत्म हो जाता ।

धी ग्रटल बिहारी बाजपेयो : मगर फनेहपुरी के झगडे मे वक्फ बोर्ड ने दखल नही दिया, क्यांकि दोनों में में कोई इमाम काग्रेस के खिलाफ नहीं बोलना । जहा तक दा इमाम बनने का सवाल है, बन सकते है । जहा तक झगडे का सवाल है, झगडे चल सकने है । ग्रगर वक्फ बोर्ड की जायदाद प्रपने जानी फायदे के लिए काम मे लाने का मवाल है, तो कर सकने हैं । केवल एक ही मर्यादा है हुकूमत के खिलाफ मुंह से अलफाज नही निकलने चाहिये काग्रेस पार्टी के खिलाफ बोनने की जुंत नहीं हीनी चाहिए । एक माननीय सबस्य : यह इस्लाम में मना है। (व्यव्यान)

भी झटल बिहारी बाख रेखी: बात इतनी नहीं है। जेनलर शाहनवाज खां ने फते हपुरी मस्जिद का कह दिया। मगर क्या यह सच नही है कि ग्रजमेर में दीवान इनायत सैन के बाद उन का बेटा, सौलन हुसैन, दीवान बना ? क्या वहा भी दो दीवान है?

भी शाहनवाज सां: हाई को टैने वहा फैसला कर दिया है कि उन का बनना गलन था।]

श्रो भटल बिहारी बाजपेयो : इनना ही नही, दरगाह सावरिया में पीरजी कर्रार हुमन थे । उन के बाद उन रे बेटे श्री माबिर हुमन, पीर बने । इस के बाद उन के भाई पीर बनना चाहने ने । मगर यह बान नही मानो गई – वक्क बोर्ड ने नहो मानी । उन का बेटा पाकिस्नान का जहरी हा गया था । वह बापिस म्राया ग्रोर वह पीर बना ।

अगग यह ट्रैडीणन है, तो उस का पालन होना चाहिए। लेकिन वक्फ बार्ड का यह तय करन का अधिकार नहीं दिया जा सकता है कि कौन इसास होगा या नहीं होगा। राड सरकार द्वारा नामजद सस्था है।

इस वक्न दिल्ली का वक्फ बोर्ड कैम चल रहा है ? कान्न कल्ना है कि दिल्ली बक्फ बोर्ड मे एक से ज्यादा मनवल्नी नही होगा, मगर सान सान मुतवल्ली दिल्ली के वक्फ बोर्ड मे भरे हुए है, जो वक्फ बोर्ड की जायदार का लाभ उठा रहे हैं।

अगर सरकार को रवायत नही माननी, तो मैं चाहूगा कि जैसे गुरुद्वारो के प्रबन्ध के लिए गुरुद्वारा प्रबन्ध कमेटी है, वैसे ही हर मुससमान को यह प्रधिकार होना चाहिए कि मस्जिदों के इन्तजाम के लिए प्रतिनिधि चुन कर भेजे । हर मस्जिद की देख भाल के लिए प्रबन्ध कमेटी हो--मुमलमान चुन कर भेजे और जो चुन कर

297 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 298 Maejid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

भायें, वे इन्तजाम चलायें । सरकार को दख़ल देने की कोई जरूरत नही है । क्या सरकार तय करेगी, क्या वक्फ़ बोर्ड तय करेगा कि मस्जिद का इमाम कौन हो, गुरुद्वारे का ग्रथी कौन हो, मन्दिर का पुजारी कौन हो ? सरकार यह तय नही कर सकती है । इन मजहबी मामलों से सरकार को घलग रहना चाहिए वक्फ बीर्ड का चेयरमैन कौन है ? सैटर का मिनिस्टर ।

भो एस॰ ए॰ शमीम : जो कभी नमाज नही पढता।

श्वी ग्राटल विहारी बाजपेयी : ग्रगर मै यह कहूगा कि हिन्दु-मुस्लिम तताव पैदा हो जायेगा। मै यह नही कहता। मगर मेरा कहना यह है कि केन्द्र का मिनिस्टर दिल्ली के वक्फ बोर्ट का चेयरमैन क्यो बने ?

श्वी झाहनवाज खां वक्फ बोर्टके चे।रमैन नही है। दिल्ली के वक्फ वर्डका चेयरमैन सेट्रल गवर्नसेट का कोई मिनिस्टर नहीं है। मैं तो सेटल वक्फ कौसिल का ह।

भी झटल बिहारी बाजपेयी : फखरुद्दीन स्रली माहब क्या थे ?

श्वी झाह नवाज खाःवह भी वही थे। ... (ब्यवधान)....

भी घटल बिहारी बाजपेयी : वह वक्फ बोर्ड बनाया करते थे। वह वक्फ बोर्ड के चेयरमैन नहीथे, वह वक्फ बोर्ड के निर्मानाथे। चेयरमैन तो छोटा पद है... (द. दक्ष न). क्या जरूरत है सेटर का मिनिस्टर उसमे बैठे? यह मुसलमानो पर छोड देना च। हिए। ... (ध्यवध,न)....

मै दिल्ली की जनता को बधाई देना चाहता हूं, उसमें खास कर मुसलमान भाई शामिल हैं। जो कुछ जामा मस्जिद क्षेत्र मे हुम्रा उसको साम्प्रदायिक रूप देने की कोशिश की यई मगर कामयाबी नहीं मिली। एक माननीय सहस्य . किसने की ?

भी झटल बिहारी बाजयेयी : मै ग्राता हूं उस पर कि किसने की। मै सबूत टेना चाहता हू कि किसने की। उर्दू के ग्रनेक प्रखवारो पर प्री-सेंगरशिप लागू कर दी गई। यह किस कानून के ग्रन्गांन हुग्रा मैं नहीं जानता। "दावन" के ग्ररू छीन लिये गये। "मार्च" के ग्ररू जब्द कर लिये गये। किस कानून के ग्रन्तगंन हुग्रा मै नहीं जान्ता। मगर जो ग्राखवारों को प्री-सेंगरणिप के ग्राईर दिये गये उसमे क्या लिखा गया

'prohibiting them from publishing articles/photographs prejudicial to the maintenance of communal har money "

झगडा था ग्रगर तो उमाम सहव का ग्रीर जनरल णाहनवाज का था। ज्यादा मे ज्यादा ग्रगर झगटा था तो डमाम सार्व के समर्थको ग्रीर वक्फ बोर्ड के वीच था ग्रीर ग्रगर उससे ज्यादा था तो पुलिस ग्रीर जनता के वीच का था। इस झगडे मे क्ही हिन्द मुसलमान का सवाल नही था। फिर ग्राव्वारों मे थह क्यो कहा गया कि तुम कोई ऐमा चीज नही छाप सहत जिससे कि कम्युनल हार्मनी विगडे।

एक माननीय सदस्य प्रीकाशन है।

भी झटल बिहारी बाजपेयी : प्रीकाणन ? यह सरकार की ग्रावाज है प्रीकाणन ?

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, जाच इमलिए भी जरूरी है कि यह पता लगना चाहिए कि दूकाने कैसे जली, किसने जलाई? एक प्रखवार निकलता है भलजमैयरु। श्रीमती सुभद्रा जोशी जी नही है। वह ग्रखबार काग्रेस का समर्थक है। उस ग्रलजमैयत पर कोई रोक नही लगाई गई। मलजमैयत प्रनाप शनाप प्रचार करता रहा। भाप देखे मल जमैयत ने जो कुछ लिखा है भौर पाकिस्तान टाइम्स

299 Incidents in Jama FERRUARY 19, 1978 Masjid Area (Dis.)

वी प्रटल विहारी वाजवेगी]

ने जो कुछ सिखा है दोनों में कोई फर्क नही है। अलजमैयत ने लिखा है कि पुलिस जामा मस्जिद के इलाके के साथ ऐसा क्यवहार कर रही है कि जैसे वह दुश्मन का इलाका हो। हम यह कहते तो यह जुर्म होता। कहा जाता हम सरकार के खिलाफ हैं, हम इसमे सियासत जला रहे हैं। मगर प्रलजमैयत को भी यह लिखा ज पडा। लेकिन प्रलजमैयत ने यह भी लिखा कि दस मुसलमानों के करले ग्राम की जिम्मेदारी जनसघ के सिर पर है।

गोली चलाई पुलिस ने।

एक माननीय सदस्य जनसघ की पुलिस है।

भी घटल विहारी वाजपेयी : पुलिस जनसंघ की है तब तो टोटल रेवोल्पू शन हो गया । कैसी बेतुकी बाते कर रहे है ?

क्या इसमे जनसघ को दोष देता जरूरी है ? मगर जनसघ को घसीटा गया।

एक माननोय सदस्य - जयप्रकाश नारायण को भी।

भी सटल विहारी वाजपेयी : जयप्रकाश जीको तो मभी सभी खसीटा गया।

हमारे मुस्लिम लीग वाले दिल्ली मे बुरे हैं, केरल में भले हैं। केरल वे उनके साथ आजनाई चल रही है। अगर दिल्ली मे उनसे जरा जुदाई की माग है। यह रहस्य मेरी समझ में नहीं आता।

मगर दूकाने जली । कैसे जली ? झगडा हूखा था जामा मस्जिद के सामने । घगर पुलिस से भी कुछ कणमकण हो रही थी तो धरवाचे के मामने हो रही थी । हम लोगों ने धरवाचे पर गोलियों के निशान देते । हुम झाज सवेरे भी गये थे । मैं पहले भी क्या था । इमारे और भी साथी लोग थे । इतनी दर अंचाई पर गोली चलाने की जरूरत क्यों पडी ? जामा मस्जिह के हरवाओं पर भीर बजियों पर गोली के निसान है। यह तो 1947 में भी नहीं हवा। संग्रेजी राज में भी ऐसा नही हमा था। इसकी जरूरत क्यों पडी झौर फिर झगर झगड़ा बहा हो रहा था तो दुकानें तो पीछे की तरफ है। उनमें झाग कैसे लगी ? झाग लगाई गई और पानी लेकर झाग बझाने वाला इजन झाने में देर हई। फायर विगेड का स्टेशन पास ही है। वह देर से कैसे पहचा? फिर जो जामिया होटल में आग लगी है जिसमे लोग जिन्दा भन कर मर गए उन्की भी जाच होनी चाहिए। पूलिस खडी थी। श्रीमती सूभदा जोशी जी चली गईं। वह कहती हैं कि लोग हर हर बम बम के नारे लगाते हए आये। बिल्ली को ख्वाब में भी छीछडे ही नजर झाये। हर हर बम बम के नारे लगाते हए लोग झायेंगे मौर वहां पुलिस खडी देखती रहेगी ?

यह कह कर म्राप मपनी पुलिस की निन्दा कर रहे है ? कौन था हर हर बम बम का नारा लगाने वाला ? किसी को पकडा झाप ने ? जो जेल में बद हैं उनमें कोई दूकानों मे झाग लगाने वाला है ? जामिया होटल मे माग लगाने वाला है ? पुलिस के सामने कोई हर हर बम बम का नारा लगाने हए ग्रायेगा ? उल जमूल बातें की जा रही हैं। इस बात की जांच होनी चाहिए कि झाग कैसे लगी ? कहीं इनके पीछे पुलिस का हाथ तो नही है? लगातार यह कोशिश होती रही कि सारा दगा भगर हिन्दू मुस्लिम दगे में बदल जायगा तो 10 तारीख को जो पूलिस ने ज्यादतिया की है उस पर परदा पड आयगा। मगर वह नहीं हुआ। मुझे खुशी होगी ग्रगर जान ने पह बात साबित हो कि पुलिस का हाथ नहीं था, कुछ नमाज-विरोधी तत्व भागे भीर उन्होंने ऐसा किया। लेकिन फिर भी पुलिस को जवाब देना होगा कि उनको पकड़ा क्यों नही गया ? उनको रोका क्यो नही गया ? अगर पुलिस का कहना है कि

रोकने की कोशित की यह तो पुलिस को भी धपनी सक ई देने का सौका सिलना चारि । किसी सी नजरिये से घाप तेली जांच र έi

में यह भी कहना चाहंगा कि वक्फ बोर्ड का पूनमैठन ग्रावश्यक है। वक्फ बोर्ड के पास दिल्ली में पांच करोड की जायदाद है. उसका इंतजाम नडी है। वक्फ बोर्ड में किम नरह से फैसले किये जाते हैं उसका में एक उदाहरण वेता ह।

काश्मीरी गेट में एक "वक्फ हाजी अब्दल कय्यम'' है । लाखो की जायदाद उसके पास है । अनेक सकान है, कई दकानें है। इस जायदाद का झाखीरी मतवल्नी हाजी मोहम्मद सिद्दीक था जो 1947 में पाकिस्तान चला गया। बाद में श्री ग्रब्दल हक प्राचा नामक एक ग्रादमी ने ग्रपने को इस जायदाद का मनवल्ली होने का दावा किया झौर मुन्नी मजलिम म्रोकाफ को रजिस्ट्रेंशन के लिए 1949 में दरख्वास्त दी। ग्रीकाफ ने उन्हें मृतवल्ली मानने से इनकार कर दिया। लेकिन 1963 में जब मीर मध्ताक ग्रहमद वक्फ बोर्ड के सबें सबां बने तो उन्होने श्री प्राचा को सारी जायदाद सौप दी। बह जायदाद का पैसा कमा रहे है। दकानो का किराया कम दिखाने हैं, पगढियो पर दुकाने उठा रहे है। वह वक्फ बना इसलिए कि जो रुपया माता है जायदाव से वह बेबाम्रो की देखभाल के लिए लगेगा, सनाय बच्चो की पढ़ाई के लिए लगेगा। मगर उस पर कुछ लोग गुलछरें उडा रहे है। यह बक्फ बोर्ड का काम है?

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, इमाम साहब को छोब दिया, सच्छा किया। मगर पकडा क्यों बा? मिसा में ? अगर वह प्रदर्णन करने गये, उन्होंने कानून हाथ में लिया, लोगो को भडकाने के लिए भाषण किये और इस प्रकार उन्होंने कोई जुमें किया तो उन प जाब्ता फीजवारी की झारा के झन्तगत मुकदमा

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> चला सकते थे। मिसा कहां से झाया ? इमाम साहब से किसकी सेक्योरिटी को खतरा था ?

> श्री मध लिमये: (बाका) : आप के लिए माया तो उनके लिए नहीं भायेगा ?

> एक माननीय सबस्य : मिसा इज सेकू-लराइज्ड ।

भी घटल विहारी बाबपेयी : मिसा में पकडने की मावश्यकता नही है। फिर छोड भी दिया क्योंकि झब इमाम साहब से समझौता हो गया। इमाम माहब अगर काग्रेस का विरोध करना छोड देगे तो इस सरकार को इमाम से कोई शिकायत नही है।

एक माननीय सबस्य : वह फिर शाही हो जायेते ।

श्री भटल बिहारी बाजपेयी : मेरा कहना है कि जो लोग कर्फ्य में गिरफ्तार किये गये हैं उनको छोडना चाहिए । पुलिम को हटा लेने की जरूरत है। कपर्य खुलना है तो कोई गडबड नही होगी। शक्तवार को गडबड हई क्योकि लाग पुलिस को देखना नही चाहते । पुलिस की जरूरत नही है। नोगो को इकटठा करके जिम्मेदारी सौपी जा सकती हा मोहमिन माहब तो इमाम साहब के बडे दोम्न हैं।

भी एस॰ ए॰ शमीम : बिरयानी खाते हैं वहा ।

भी घटल बिहारी बाजपेवी : गौर ग्रपने यहा बुला कर उनको मुर्गमुमल्लम खिलाते हैं। अगर इमाम कोई जुर्म कर रहा था तो फिर हमारे डिप्टी होम मिनिस्टर साहब ने उनके साथ समझौता वार्ता क्यो की ? उन्हे घर पर क्यो बुलाया, उनके कहने पर वहा क्यो गये---इस लिये कि इमाम को समझा-बझा कर पटरी पर लाने की कोशिश की जाय। मगर बरा भी पटरी से उतर जाय तो फिर सरकार

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FEBRUARY 19, 1975

[म बटल बिहार. बाजपेयं]

का बर्दाफ्त नही हूँ। मेरा कहना ह कि मस्जिदो के इन्तजाम में सियासत को मत लाइये----मस्जिदो का इन्तजाम ठीक चलना जरूरी ह----प्राप थोडा वक्फ बोर्ड के बारे मे विचार कीजिये। सब से ग्रच्छा इन्तजाम तो यह होगा कि ग्राम मुसलमानो को इमाम चुनने का मेका दीजिये, वोटिंग ज जरिये इमाम को चुना जाय, न ग्राह नवाज खा उसमे टाग ग्राटोय ग्रौर न कोई दूमरा मडाये।

हिल्ली के लेफ्टीनेन्ट गवर्नर को हटाया जाना बहुत जरूरी है। दिल्ली क लेफ्टीनेन्ट गवर्गर के पद पर जो सज्जन बैठे है----उन्होने जनसघ वे मेटोपोलिटन कान्सिल के मेम्बर की ग्रनवरझनी देहलवी को अपने घर पर बला कर कहा कि नम जनसघ को छोड दो. तम्हे तो काग्रेस में आ जाना चाहिए। क्या यह लेफ्टीनेन्ट गवर्नर का काम ह ? यह बात सच है। आज मिश्रा जी के सामने यह बात झाई थी। झगर लेफ्टीनेन्ट गवनेर का कायेस पार्टी का सेम्बर बनाने का काम करना ह तो जन्हे बाग्रेस का जैनरल मैंकेंटरी बना दीजिंगे. हे हिल्ली हे लेफ्टीनेन्ट गवनंर होने के लायक नही हैं। अगर वह इम तरह से दखल देगे तो इसको वरदाम्त नही किय[ा] जायगा। में गृह मली महोदय में कहना चाहता ह कि वे इसका गम्भीर नोटिस ले । ले पटीनेन्ट गवनंर का पद दलगत राजनीति में उलझने का पद नहीं है, लेकिन श्री कृष्ण चन्द्र इस पर झडे इए हैं. भगर वह उलझेंगे तो हम भी उलझ जायेगे. यह बान उन्हें समझ लेनी चाहिए ।

SHRI H K L BHAGAT (East Delhi). The tragedy of the incidents in Jama Masjid is too deeply shocking for words. It is a moment for serious introspection by everyone concerned, everyone who is genuinely interested in the maintenance of peace in Delhi and the Jama Masjid area Innocent people have been killed, inocent people have been injured. Policemen have

Incidents in Jama 304 Masjid Area (Dis)

also been injured and no amount of jugglery by anyone can wipe off the tears of the people who have suffered. No amount of words can help in easing the situation The situation today requires a healing touch. The situation does not require political trading with human fiesh and human blood. Mourning are going on still in many homes. Eyes are still wet The area is slowly getting back to normalcy At this time it will be criminal on the part of anybody to say anything which would add to creating any irritations or to creat. ing any tensions There is a stage for saying things, there is a manner of saying things, a method of saying things But we should try to see what we are trying to achieve

As I said, the situation requires a healing touch Without getting into the past developments I am happy that the Government has released the Imam I am happy that the Imam has come forward and appealed to the people to maintain peace appealed to them to shun all kinds of politics What all of us require here to do is shun polifics, which unfortunately we have not done Today we have very much dilutea this discussion with politics T wonder if any of my friends who have spoken here has seen the incidents himself Some of them did go to the spot immediately after the occurence. I saw one or two of them Some of them have gone much later, and have said things which show that they are not interested in its solution What is important is not what you say, what is important is with what motive and with what intention you say it.

Therefore, I would say that it is a good thing that the Imam has been released I would ask the Government that they should release the other arrested persons also. We are told that relief was provided by the Government It was a good thing they did to the people, to the families of the people who have died or who were injured But I would tell the Government that more adequate relief should be

Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 305 Masiid Area (Dis.)

provided to them. What is required is to put the people together, put their hearts and soul together and to create a situation in which normalcy returns and the recurrence of such incidents in the future is totally avoided

I went to the spot almost at about 3 O'clock. I was in a village when I got this information and immediately I went to the spot. I had occasion to see the spot almost immediately after the occurrence. I tried to understand the situation to the best of my ability. Standing from the chokie of the Jama Masud I saw that up to Chitli Qabar chowki was littered with stones and pieces of glass. Even though curfew was imposed. I saw some people moving in the streets, some social workers. mostly Muslims. 1 made enquiries and I was told that there was a serious confrontation, which had gone on for quite some time Some put the duration of it at two hours, some one and a half hours and some more than two hours. So, let us recognise that a serious confrontation took place over a distance of about a furlong and a half, which I saw littered with stones and pieces of glass.

It is perhaps easy to be wiser after the event It is perhaps easy to ask: why did the government not take action carlier. No doubt, Government will explain their position But I would say that the situation has to be considered in the proper perspective. Tt was not an easy decision for the authorities to take to arrest the Imam; it was not a small matter. Some of our friends were sying "look, you knew in advance that the Imam was going to act in this way: why did you to catch hold of him earlier?" If we had detained the Imam earlier, the same people would have said "the Imam was going to make a peaceful demonstration; this Government had taken action against a spiritual leader. So, it was not an easy matter to take a decision. I would say that whatever had happened was most unfortunate, was most shocking, and it was a matter of great shame for every citizen of Delhi.

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Now I would like to say a word or two about the fire which had taken place in the shops close to the Jama Masjid. I have visited that place. I did not see any sign of confrontation there. It is a matter of deep regret that hy that fire in those shops some people were burnt alive. I visited the place immediately after the occurrence and talked to the people there. I was told that a crow came and set fire to the shops as a result of which some people lost their lives This is a matter which certainly needs to be looked into

Again, when the trouble recurred, a hotel was burnt Of course, I did not go there immediately after the occurrence. I went next day. Why and how the fire took place on these two occasion, how some people were burnt to death is a matter which needs to be looked into. This matter deserves some introspection also. A demand has been made for a commission of inquiry. It is for the Government to decide how it should be found out, but it is a matter which needs to be looked into

My hon. friend, Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu, is not here but he said that the curfew was imposed on the area as a measure of economic blockade for this suppression of the people and to compel them to surrender. It is a matter of great shame that a responsible person should stand on the floor of this House and put up this argument I know, the poor people of Jama Masjid and the area round about have suffered tremendously: they have suffered economically and psychologically by the imposition of this curfew and nobody is happy with the curfew It means a tremendous strain and burden on the authorities and the administration. Yet, it is precisely because of this curfew and more because of the cooperation of the people that this trouble The was contained in a smaller area losses are tremendous. The tragedy is too grave, but if the administration had not taken preventive measures and had not acted, the tragedy could have

[Shri H. K. L. Bhagat]

been much bigger, much graver and much worse.

The various newspaper correspondents, who went to the spot, including those of the newspapers which most of my hon. friends praise, have also confirmed this fact. To blame the administration and the Government for this and to say that they imposed curfew to suppress the Muslim minority, is a severe travesty of truth and, if I may be excused to say, is cheap political dishonesty.

My hon friend, Shri Vaipavee, I was very curious to hear him. he said that the Government wanted to suppress the Muslim community. Who wants to suppress the Muslim community? Do we wish to annoy them? What is our motive in suppressing the Muslim community? Do we gain anything by that? The Muslim community in India has a glorious tradition of patriotism. They have stood by the secular forces represented by the Congress in this country and not by you That is a fact They have stood by us; even in Jama Masjid they have stood by us. They have never supported you. If any one has a motive or a grievance, it is you who have a grievance. I do not want to say anything bitter and I do no want to enlarge the scope of the debate unnecessarily, but who has forgotten what you have tried to do on various occasions when riots have taken place in Delhi? Who has forgotten your past: who has forgotten things when you have tried to add fuel to the fire? This also is one instance of your duplicity in regard to this matter. It is your paper which wrote against the Imam some time ago and it is your paper today which is trying to glorify him. I have no quarrel with the Imam. As I said, I like the healing, touch which is being given by the Government. But the Jan Sangh tried to add fuel to the fire, incite and provoke the people. I may be excused to say that some of the speeches that have been made today are also aimed at provoking the Muslim minorities. The minorities know what the Jan Sangh 18, what their intentions are and what they wish to do and, I am sure, they will not be deceived.

Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu said, what happened to Sadar Bazar, Everybody said, the whole thing was going on for the last one year and we are becoming wise after the event. There was a session of Parliament three months ago but none of you raised this matter nere. None of the MPs and leaders, who talked about it, ever wrote to any minister and brought this to the notice of Government.

One could have perhaps legitimately argued that the situation could have been handled better, it should have been handled better. I also feel that in the case of Delhi sometimes problems arise because so many cooks try to cook and spoil the dish But for you to say that we are going to be wiser after the event and to put all the blame on Government, I do not understand.

I can understand Shri Vanpayee's charging and anger with the Lieutenant Governor, Shri Kishen Chand, because when they gave a call for bandh and went and intimated and threatened people, he took action and arrested some Jan Sangh people. I can understand his motive for making absolutely false and fabricated allegations against the Lieutenant-Governor. The Lieutenant-Governor is a very seasoned and impartial administrator and we have absolute confidence in him. The people of Delhi have absolute confidence in him. I want to make that clear.

Now, it was very curious for Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu to say that it has international repercussions Do you want to prevent international repercussion or do you want to create international repercussions? By talking in that manner, by saying that this is what is happening in this country, exaggerating it out of all proportions, by giving that dimension, you are trying to create repercussions. You are neither doing it

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in the interest of the Muslim community ner for their welfare and betterment. You are only trying to use it politically for your purpose.

It is a matter of great credit, as I have already said, to the people of Jama Masjid area, to the people of Delhi, though the tragedy is too deep, that the trouble was confined to two specified areas and that it did not go beyond that. I would very much want that the people who have been arrested should be released and a better healing touch should be given.

My hon, friend, Shri Vajpayee, just now quoted and said that the paper Al Jamayat is writing the same thing as Pakistan Times. Yesterday, he said on the floor of the House that Mother Land is not a Jana Sangh paper. I do not know. I do not want to enter into any argument. But if you see the writings of Motherland during the last few months and the writings in the Pakistan press, you find an identity of views, not on one issue but on various issues. Mr. Bhutto speaks the same thing: Mr. Vaipayee's party speaks the same thing, Mr. Bhutto's papers write the same thing; Mr. Vajpayee's paper writes the same thing. Because the communal forces are two chips of the same block, the two sides of the same coin.

It is very unfortunate that out of this human tragedy, they are trying to exploit the situation. I feel, the people who have suffered, including policemen who have also suffered, the people who have been killed, and their families deserve greater sympathy and greater understanding.

It is wrong to say that no relief was provided during the curfew hours. I think, Mr. Sait said it. He was also present on that day. Perhaps, he knows it that the Administration made arrangements. I was there. I have seen it myself. The supply of atta was made in large quantities; the supply of bread was made. I am saying things which I have seen myself. The arrangements were made through the local workers to provide selief to the people in the matter of necessities of life. Certainly, the curfew imposescertain hardships on the people

When the incident happened in Balimaran, what I found was that one constable and somebody quarrelas and one or two bricks, one or two stones. were thrown from the house-top. After that 25, persons were arrested. I am not satisfied about the justification of the arrest of those 25 persons from the Balimaran area. That is my honest feeling. I do wish to tell the hon. Home Minister about it. I do feel that but for the aftitude and cooperation of the people of Jama Masiid area and the steps which were taken by the Administration, this tragedy could have been a bigger one. These fires and arrests in the Balimaran area is a matter which I would request the hon. Home Minister to look into, to find out the truth and take necessary action about it.

Let us not indulge in political jugglery. Let us assist the people of Jama-Masjid area and the people of Delhi in restoration of peace and normalcy.

भी इसहाक सम्भली (मगरोहा) : यह बहस लगभग ढाई घटे मे चल रही है मौर मैं इसको बडे गौर से सुन रहा था। लेकिन मुझे दुख के साथ कहना पड़ता है कि बाके के साथ पूरी तरह से इसाफ़ नही किया जा रहा है। मैंने सुभद्रा जी मौर श्री भगत की स्पीर्चे बडे गौर से सुनी हैं। मैं उनकी बड़ी इज्बत करता हूं। एक बात जरूर है कि जिसका जो कसूर है उसको हाउस के सामने लाया जाए तभी हम लोग मही नतीजे पर पहुंच सकेंगे। मैं पहले बता देना चाहता हूं कि झयड़ा क्यों शुरू हुमा ताकि दिमाय हम सभी के साफ़ हो जाएं। इमाम साहब और वक्फ बोर्ड का पहले से कोई झगढा नहीं था। यह सही है कि इस्लामिक

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Incidente in Jama 312 Masjid Ares (Dis)

यी इस्फ्लक सम्मली'

तरीका यह नहीं है कि कोई इमाम किसी दूसरे शब्स को भ्रपनी जिन्दगी में नामिनेट करे। इस्लामिक तरीका यह है कि जब इमाम न रहे तो नायब इमाम जो वहा पर हो वह इस बीच मे जा नमाज पढने वाले लोग है, जो उस मस्जिद से मुताल्लिक लोग हैं वह नमाज झदा कराए झौर वहा पर वे लोग इमाम को चुनें। यह सही है कि इन इमाम साहब ने अपने बुढे बाप को डरा धमका कर मपने को पयुचर डमाम नामिनेट कराया । वक्फ बोर्ड को मैं नहीं समझता ह कि किसी फैसले की घाड लेकर इमामत के बारे में दखल देना चाहिये। मैं भी उत्तर प्रदेश में छ साल तक वक्क बोर्ड का मैम्बर रहा ह । वहा हमारा तरीका यह रहा है कि हमने किसी मस्जिद की इमामत या किसी दरगाह की सज्जादा नशीनी को बक्फ चोई मे नही झाने दिया । वक्फ वोई का काम नही है कि किसी को इमाम मुकर्रर करे, किसी दरगाह मे सज्जादा नमीन मुकर्रर करे। मैं नही समझना ह कि दिल्ली वक्फ बोर्ड ने भौर दिल्ली के वक्फ मिनिस्टर ने किम तरह मे इम चीज की इजाजत दी। मही हो या गलत उनका तरीका ग्रपने को नामिनेट कराने का अपना था । अभी भी वह झगडा नही है । ग्रसल झगडा यह है कि आप जानने हैं कि दिल्ली की जामा मस्जिद की जितनी प्रापर्टी है उसको दिल्ली वक्फ बोर्ड मैनेज करता है, वही उस ग्रामदनी को लेता है जो लगभग 32-35 हजार रुपया मालाना है। वही उसका आर्था बरदाश्त करता है जो लगभग 1 जाख 20 हजार सालाना है। इमाम माहब ने एक नई कारिस्तानी यह की कि मस्जिद मे जो

विजिठर जाते हैं, जो मीनार पर बढ़ते हैं उन पर कुछ रुपया टैक्स लगाया, जो फोटो ले उस पर भौर भी ज्यादा टैक्स । इससे इमाम को एक साल मे 27 हजार की झामदनी हुई । यह है झगडा । दुनिया जानती है कि यहा से वक्फ बोर्ड और उनका झगडा शुरू होता है। वक्फ बोर्ड ने उनसे कहा कि कैसा टैक्स ? कहा जाता है यह बात है। मैं नही जानता कि सही है या गलत । उन्होंने कहा कि मुझे इमाम रिकगनाइज करने के लिए जितनी ग्रामदनी होती है उसका माधा बाधा हो जाए । यहा से झगडा शुरू होता है । मैं नही समझता ह कि वक्क बोर्ड को चाहिये कि ग्राइन्दा वह इन चीको मे टाग ग्रडाए । यह काम मरकार या वक्फ बोर्ड का नही है कि मुसलमान किम के पीछे नमाज पढे भीर किन के पीछे न पढे। कौन सज्जादा नशीन हो झौर कौन न हा । नमाज पढने वालो पर यह काम छोडना चाहिये। इन दरगाहो से ताल्लुक रखने वालो पर छोडना चाहिये। वक्फ बोर्ड ने इसमे कदम डाल कर बडी नादानी का सब्त दिया है, गलती की है।

बेसक मैं कह सकता हू कि इमाम साहब का यह रवैया किसी तरह भी ठीक नहीं था कि उन्होने ऐलान किया कि वक्क बोर्ड की मीटिंग को मैं तोडगा, मैं वहा जाऊगा और वह गए और जाकर उन्होने बच्चो के घर, यतीम बच्चों के घर के दरवाजे को तोडा । दरवाजा बन्द कर लिया गया था । वहा के मैनेजर्ड हकीम अबदुखकूर साहब ने, मौलाना मुहम्मद फ़ारूख साहब ने बहा पर जो पुलिस खरी वी उसते कहा कि यह क्या हो रहा है

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हमारे बच्चों के घर के दरवाजे ये तोड रहे हैं। इस पर पूलिस ने कहा कि हम इसमे दखल नहीं देंगे। इस रवैये को मैं समझता हू कि हर किसी को मजमत करनी चाहिये । कोई डैमस्ट्रेगन करे इसमे कोई गलत बात नही है कोई हरज नही है, यह डैमोकेटिक तरीका है अपनी नाराजगी का इजहार करने का । लेकिन इस तरह से यतीम बच्चो के घर को तहस नहस करना झौर जिसमे दो लाख रुपये का नुकसान हुन्ना है मौर उसके साथ साथ पुलिस का जो रवैया है, धगर मैं बहुत हल्के इलफाब का इस्नेमान करू तो मैं कह सकता हू कि दीरदगी भरा हुन्ना था, बहलियाना रवैया पुलिस ने ग्रपनाया भौर इसकी जितनी भी मजमन की जाए कम है, जितना भी इसको कडेम किया जाए कम है। हमे कहा जाता है कि पुलिस ने बहुत बरदाश्त किया । उस पर पत्थर फेके गए । लेकिन एक बात का मुझे जबाब दिया जाए । इमाम माहब न फायडे को ही ऐलान कर दिया था कि मैं मीटिंग को जाकर तोडगा । तब पुलिस न कोई कार्रवाई क्यो नही को । इमाम साहब न इतवार के दिन मुबह माठ बजे जामा मस्जिद म माइक पर एनाउन किया कि चलो मुमलमानो मेरे माथ, मैं वहा पर जा कर प्रोटेस्ट करूगा मोटिंग तोडूगा । तब क्या जामा मस्जिद के इलाके मे या जहा पर दरिशागज में वक्क बार्ड का नोटिंग हो रही थी धारा 144 लगाई गई ? हम लोगो को जलसा करना होता है तो बडी जल्दी 144 समा दी जाती है लेकिन क्या बहां लगाई गई ? नहीं सवाई गई । इमाम साहब जब जामा मस्जिद से बने तो उनके साथ सो डेढ़ सौ से ज्वादा लीच नहीं वे। जब वे लोग जामा मस्जिद से उतर कर दरियागंज की तरफ चले

तो बहा से चौराहा मेरे क्याल से 25-30 गज से ज्यादा के फासले पर नही है । वहा हजूम को रोका जा सकता था । लेकिन नही रोका गया । नतीजा यह हुग्रा कि बच्चो के घर पर ये लोग गए भौर वहा पर दरवाजा तोडा गया । सेट्रल गवर्नमेट के मिनिस्टर प्रिजाइड कर रहे ये लेकिन उन्होने भी इसकी कोई परवाह नही की । बच्चो के घर पर इन लोगो को नही रोका गया । माद के सामने इमाम को गिरफ्तार किया जाता है । जामा मस्जिद मे माकर उनका लडका मौर दूमरे लोग ऐलान करने हैं के इमाम माहब को गिरफ्तार कर लिया गया है, न जाने वे किस हालन मे हैं । मजमे मे गुस्मा माना कुदरती है ।

वसु जीने कहा, भगत जीने कहा कि वहा पत्यर फेके गए । मैं नहीं जानता हू । मुम्किन है फेके गए हो । लेकिन एक बात का मैं चाहता हू कि जवाब दिया जाए । ग्रगर यह सही है कि पुलिस चौकी पर माब ने हमला किया , अगर यह सही है कि जामा मस्जिद की सीढियो पर से पुलिम पर पथराव हुमा मौर फायरिंग वहा हुमा तो मैं मालूम करना चाहता ह कि कोई वहा पर मौके पर मरा, कोई लाश गिरी ? पुलिस बौकी के सामने कोई लाश नही गिरी। जामा मस्जिद की सीडियो के नीचे किसी को गोली नही लगी । होता क्या हे ? इसके बाद कर्फ्यू लगाया जाता है । बारह बजे से कर्फ्यू लगा दिया गया । मैं समझ बूझ कर लफ्ज इस्तेमाल कर रहा हूं कि उसके बाद साढ़े बारह बजे के करीब पुलिस, सी॰ मार॰ पी॰ की कुमक लेकर दरिन्दों की तरह से मुहल्लो पर झपट पड़ी, जामा मस्जिद से एक

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म इनहाक सम्पती] फ्ररलाय दूर, दो फरलाय दूर, डेढ़ फ़रलांग दूर जाकर मुहल्लो के काम करते हुए इसानो पर हमला किया । एक लडका मटिया महल मे बह शहीद हुआ जो छोटी सी दूध की दूकान करता था, जो दूध गर्म कर रहा था। एक खोमचे वाले को शहीद किया गया। जैसे बताया गया है कि एक लडकी फरीदा जो मकान की तीसरी मजिल पर थी जामा मस्जिद से डेढ़ फ़रलाग दूर चितली कब्र मुहल्ले मे, शीरी महल के ऊपर वहा उसका गोली मारी गई। मुझे बताया जाए कि धगर पुलिस चौकी पर हमला हुमा था तो जामा मस्जिद की सीढियो पर या उसके नीचे कोई झादमी मरा है ? मुझे मालूम हुमा है कि वहा हमला नही हुमा। हमने भी पुलिस चौकी को जाकर देखा है। हमारे माथी विजयपाल सिंह मेरे थे। हम लोग बराबर दो घटे उस एरिया मे भूमे है। हमने लोगो से पूछा है। हन वहा कोई भी इस तरह के निशान नही दिखाई दिए । हमने पुलिस बालो से भी सवाल किया, ग्रफसरो से भी सवाल किया । अयर वाकई पुलिस ने मपने डिक्रेंस के लिए गोली चलाई, जो कि हमेशा पुलिस की विसी-पिटी स्टोरी रहती है, तो गोलिया उस जगह मयो नहीं मिली, जहा उस पर इमला हुन्न। बताया जाता है? चे मोलिया मुहल्लों में क्यों मिलती है ? इस से साफ बाहिर होता है कि उस जयह कोई हमना नहीं हुआ, बल्कि मुहल्लों में भुस कर बेकुसूर इल्लानो को महीद किया गया। सब तक 10 मादमी पुलिस की गोलियों से मौर मादमी माग मे जलने से शहीव

ही बने हैं ?

17 hrs.

[SHRI VASANT SATHE in the Choir],

इतना ही नही, उस इलाके मे कर्फ बु लगा कर लोगो पर तरह तरह के जुल्म किये गये भौर दुकानो को जलाया गया । धाप ने वहां रुई मौर रुई के कपडे की दुकानें देखी होंगी ? मैं श्रीमनोमुमदा जोगो धौर श्री भाग को यह बात मानता हू कि वहा एक म्यूनिसिपल कौसिलर माये, जो जनसध के मेम्बर बताये जाते हैं, भौर चौवाडी बाखार से घार० एस० एस० के वर्कर कुछ लडके भी वहा माये, लेकिन मैं पूछना चाहता हू कि पुलिस वहा क्या कर रही थी - क्या पुलिस खी ' खा रही थी क्यो नहीं भाग लगाने वाना को रोका गया ?

वाकया तो यह है कि वहा के एम० एव० झो० मामन सिंह, धौर दूसरे एम० एव० झो०, जो करण्झन धौर बदतमीजियो के लिए मझहूर है, ने खडे होकर इशारा कर के, धाग लगवाई हमारा प्राविशल धाफिस जामा मस्जिद के बिल्कुल सामने हं । हमारे साथी, कामरेड मोहनलाल, कामरेड प्रसाद धौर दूसरे साथियो ने जो बार्ते बताई हैं, धगर मैं उन को यहा दोहराऊं और पुलिस के मजालिम का हाल स्नाऊ तो लोगों के रोगटे खडे हो जायेंये ।

झगढा बताया जाता है जामा मस्तिव के सामने, मीर कर्फ्यु कहा लगता है ?---बल्सी मारान, कस्सावपुरा घौर बाढ़ा हिन्दूराव में, जो बहां से तीन तीन मील दूर के शरिवाज है। उन दलाको का यही कुनूर है कि बहा मुससमानों की घण्छी मावादी है और इग्रैक हिन्दू वर्क्ष्य की बाबादी है।

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कफ्रेंगु लया कर बेकुसूर इन्सानो को पकडा गया है ! 2 तारीख के पहले झगडे मे जिन लोगों को पकड़ा गया, मैं उन क मिलने के लिए गया । उन मे 10, 12 भौर 14 साल के बच्चे हैं । उस में दो काश्मीरी बच्चे भी है, जो दिस्ली किसी काम से घाये थे और जो हिन्दी बोलना भी नहीं जानते हैं, लेकिन उन को भी पकड लिया गया । कर्फयु के दौरान माग लगा कर घौर गोलिया चला कर इस इलाके को तबाह किया गया है । एकदम 96 घटे का कर्फयु लगा दिया गया । ऐसा कर्फयु दिल्ली मे माजादी के बाद माज तक नहो लगा है ।

मुहल्ला तुर्कमान गेट मे बहुत गरीब आबादी है। बहा के लोग गघे घोडे पालते हैं और उन पर सामान होकर ग्रपनी रोटी चलाने हैं। मेरे पास टेलीफोन ग्राया कि लोग ग्रपने जानवरो को पानी नही पिला पा रहे हैं। 48 घटो मे चार जानवर मर चुके हैं। एक बेवा का जानवर भी मरा है, जिस प वोझा ढोकर उस का लडका ग्रपना गुबर बसर विया करना था। इस नरह उम इलाके को नबाह धौर बर्बाद किया गया है।

बेशक जत्मध और ट्मरी कम्युनल पार्टीज इस हालत मे फायदा उठा सकनी है, लेकिन मैं फिर पूछना चाहता हू कि दिल्ली एडमिनिस्ट्रेशन क्या कर रहा था । जरूरत इस बात की है कि पुलिस से जवाब माग। जाये, उस का प्रासीक्यूशन किया जाये ? ये दस इन्सान पुलिस की गोली से नही मरे हैं--पुलिस ने उन की हत्या और कत्ल किया है । मार्मन सिंह और दूसरे पुलिस बालो पर दफा 302 मे मुकदमे चलने चाहिएँ ।

वहा रुई की दुकानो को ग्राग लगी । एक सरदार साहब वहा के फायर त्रिगेड के इनचार्ज हैं । शरीफ़ ग्रादमी हैं । लपटें देख कर वह 'तड़प उठे और फायर त्रिगेड ला कर ग्राग को कुमाना चाहा, लेकिन वाहरी मामन सिंह बाली दिल्ली पुलिस । उस ने फायर त्रिगेड को नहीं भाने दिया । फायर त्रिगेड को एक 3454 LS-12 घंटे के बाद माने दिया गया, जब कि रुई म्रौर रूई के कपडे की दुकाने जल कर खाक हो चुकी थी। लगभग बीस दुकानो मे तीस लाख रुपये से कम का नुक्सान नही द्वमा है।

जामिया होटल नुक्कड पर है । पुलिस वाले मौजद हैं, पुलिस चौकी मौजद है, सेकिन जामिया होटल को ग्राग लग रही है। उस मे दस झादमी घिरे हुए हैं, जिन में बच्चे भी हैं झौर बढे भी है। वे नडप रहे है कि िस नरह बाहर निकले । लेकिन किमी की मजाल नही ह. फायर बिगेड की मजाल नही है कि वहा जा सके झौर उन मजलमो को वहा में निकाल सके। टस के दस इन्सान बेहोशी के ग्रालम मे हास्पिटल में दाखिल किये गये. जिन में में चार ग्रादमी दम नोड चने हैं। उसी लडकी फरीदा को, दिल्ली कालेज मे बी० ए० की स्टडेट है. तीमरी मन्जिल पर गोली लगी। उस का बाग ग्रपनी बेटी के मदमे में हार्ट फेल्युर मे खत्म हो गया । लेकिन वाहरी 🕌 दिल्ली पुलिम नी इन्सानियत । वे लोग उम के घर में धमने हैं ग्रीर उस की कूल पूजी 317 रुपय बक्स से निकाल लेते हैं। एक पुलिस काल्स्टेबल एक टारम पीम को अपनी जेब में डाल लेता है। ये है दिल्ली पुलिम और दिल्ली एडमिनि-स्टेशन के कारनाम ?

हद तो यह हे कि , फेंन् पास बडी फैंयाची के साथ कम्युनल पार्टियों के लोगों को दिये गये। लेकिन दिल्ली जिला कम्युनिस्ट पार्टी के सेकेटरी कामरेड मोहन लाल, को पास नही दिया गया, भीर दिया गया, तो केवल जामा मस्जिद एरिया के लिए । मैं तारीफ करूगा कामरेड मोहन लाल. कामरेड प्रसाद झौर कामरेड मिसेज गलाम हैदर वगैरह की, जिन्होने अपनी जानो को खतरे मे डाल कर रिलीफ का सामान तक्सीम किया और लोगो को तसल्ली दी। पुलिस की ज्यादतियो की बिना पर उस का प्रासीक्यगन किया जाये। श्री भगत में दिल्ली एडमिनिस्ट्रेसन की तारीफ की है। लेकिन में चाहता हूं कि उस के ख़िलाफ भी कार्यवाही की जाये ।

वि इसहाक सम्भ.सा

नैशनल इनटेग्रेशन काफरेस ने यह फैसला किया था कि जिस जगह पर हगामा होगा, वहा के जिला ग्राफिसर्ज को उस के लिए रेसपासिबल करार दिया जायेगा । यहा पर श्री राधा रमण हो. या कोई भौर हो, क्या नैशनल इनटेग्रेशन काफरेस का फैसला उन के लिए नही है ? मै तारीफ करूगा श्री हेमबती नन्दन बहुगणा की कि जब पीलीभीत मे हगामा हुम्रा, तो वहा के कलेक्टर एस० ी० भौर शहर कोतवाल को एकदम नाक पकड कर बाहर निकाल दिया गया । क्या यह यहा नही किया जा सकना है ? होना चाहिए ।

मै यहा के अवा को तारीफ करता हू, और उन को मुवारकबाद देता हू । यह कोशिश की गई कि इम झगडे वो कम्मुलल रग दिया जाये । कैमे ? जामा मस्जिद के सामने रुई और रुई के कपडे की मुमलमानो की जितनी दुकाने है. वे सब भम्म हो गई । हमे खुशी है कि हमारे एक हिन्दू भाई की दुकान बच गई । दम को लेकर यह कोणिंग की गई कि इम मामले को कम्पुनल टर्न दिया जाये । लेकिन यहा के हिन्दुओ और मुसलमानो ने ऐमा नहीं होने दिया ।

श्री भगत ने 14 नारीख के वाग्हदरी के वाक्ये पर घफमोम जाहिर किया लेकिन उन्होने पूरी बात नही कही । बारहदरी मे बच्चे भूख मे तडप रहे है । 94 घटे का कान्टीन्युग्रम कर्फ्यू लगा दिया गया । बच्चो को दूध मयस्मर नही था । किमी नरह एक दूध वाला ग्रा गया । बच्चा वाले झपट पडे कि लाग्रो भाई दूध दा । पुलिस वाले झपनी घान के माथ ग्रा गए, क्या करते हो, हटो । डडा बरसाना गुरू कर दिया। लोगों ने कहा कि इस तरह क्यो मरा जाय ? डम का नतीजा क्या हुझा कि 25 बेक मूर इसानो को गिरफ्तार कर लिया गया जिन मे एक बच्चा जो टी वी मे मूर्वतिला है वह भी शामिल है ।

Incidents in Jama 320 Masjid Area (Dis.)

इसलिए हमारी यह दरख्वास्त है आपसे भीर में होम मिनिस्टी से मांग करूंगा कि जामा मस्जिद एरिया में झौर बारहदरी में जहां कही पलिस की जो ज्यादतिया हई हैं उन की फ़ौरन जडिशियल एन्कवायरी कराई जाय । जामा मस्जिद झौर दूसरे इलाके के पुलिस ग्रफसरो को प्रौसीक्यट किया जाय । यहा के ऐडमिनिस्टेशन में जो कलेक्टर ग्रीर एम पी हैं इन के हौसले बडे बढे हए है, इन्होने सदर बाजार मे इतने माइनारिटी कम्यनिटी के लोगो को भन दिया और किमी का टामफर भी नहीं हुआ। हा. प्रोमोशन जरूर हुआ। कौल साहब एस पी, ए झाइ जी बना दिए गए । यही इन के मह को खन लगा हुन्ना है । इसलिए हमारी माग है कि जिनने लौसेज हए है चाहे दकानों के चाहे होटलों के पूरे लीमेज सरकार ब**र्दा**श्न करे**, ग्रदा क**रे, इमलिए कि यह सरकार की जिम्मेदारी है थी कि लोगो की हिफाजत करें। ग्राज भी कफय लगा तथा है। वह कफ्य फौरन खन्म किया जप्य। लागो की जिन्दगियों से न खेला जाय । 🖞 फैंय में जिनों लोग पकडे गए है वे सब बेकमूर हैं उन को रिहा किया जाय । यह मैं दोबारा फिर कहता ह। मैं उम्मोद करता ह कि होम मिनिम्टी इनरीएंक्शनरी झफसरान की उस चाल को कामयाब नहीं होन देगी जो उन की काणिश है कि लोगो को डेमोकेटिक ब्रीर मेकूलर पार्टियों में काटकर के फासिस्टों धौर कम्यनल पार्टीज की गोद में डाल दिया जाथ यह उन की साजिश कामया। नहीं होने दी जायगी ।

[شری متحدد امتداق سائهای (امرونه) - یه بتحث لگ بهگ اردبامی گهنگے سے چل رنڈی کے اور میں اسکو بڑے فرر سے سن ردبا تھا -نهکن متجمے دکام کے ساتھ کہلا پڑتا کے کہ واقعے کے س^اتھ پرری طرح سے انصاف نہیں کہا جا رتھا ہے - میں انصاف نہیں اور شری بیکٹ کی سہیتریں 321 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 322 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

ہوے غور سے سلبی ھیں - میں انکی يور عزت كرتا هو. - أيك بأت ضرور ہے کہ جسکا جو تمہر ہے اسکو ہارس کے ساملے لایا جائے - تبھور ہم لوگ محمد ہا ہوہے پر پہلیے سکیو گے -میں پہلے بتا دینا جامد میں - کم جهكرا كيون شروع هوا تاكه دماغ هم سبور نے صاف هو جانهن -امام ماهب اور وقف بررڈ کا پہلے سے کوئی جھکڑا نهیں تھا -یہ صحیم ہے ، اسلامک طريقة يه نهين هے كة كوئي أمام كسي درسرے شعص کو اپنی زندگی میں نامیایت کرے - اسلامک طریقه یه ہے کہ جب امام نہ رہے تو بالب امام جو وتال پر هو وتا اس بيچ مهن جو تماز يوهني والي لوك ههي، جو اس مسجد ہے متعلق لوگ ههی » را نماز ادا کرائے اور ومان پر وة لوگ أمام كو چلين - يه مصحم ہے کا ان امام صاحب نے اپنے بہڑھے یاب کو ڈرا دھمکا کر آئے کو فیوجر إمام تامهنيت كرايا - وقف بورد كو میں نہیں سنجہتا ھوں کھ کسی فرصلے کو آز لے لے کر امامت کے بارے میں دخل دینا چاہئے ۔ میں بھی اتر پردیکی میں چھ سال تک رتف يورد كا منهر رها هون – ارهان اهداراً طریقہ یہ رہا ہے کہ هم نے کسی مستجد کی امامت یا کسی درگاہ کی ستهادہ نشینی کو ولف ہورہ میں نہیں آنے دیا - وقف ہورڈ کا کام

نہیں ہے کہ کسی کو امام مقرر کرے کسی درگاه مهن سجادانشهن مقرر درے۔ میں نہیں سنجیتا ہوں کہ دلی وقف ہورڈ نے اور دلی کے وقف منسٹر نےکسی طرح *سے اس* چیز کی اجازت دی - محمد هو یا غلط انکا طریقه إنه كو ناميليت كراني كا إيغا تما -ابھی بھی وہ جھکوا نہیں ہے - اصل جهگرا يه هے - که آپ جانتے هيں که دلی کی جامع مستجد کی جتلی پراپرٹی کے اس کو دلے وقف بورڈ ملهم کرتا ہے ۔ وہی اس آمدنی کو لمتا ہے - جو لگ بہگ 32-33 مزار روبيه سالانه هر المام صاحب نے ايک نئی کارسدانی یہ کی کہ مستجد میں جر ویزیگر جاتے ہیں - جو مینار پر چرمتے هيں ان پر کچه ربيه ٿيکس لکایا جو فوتو لے اس پر اور بھی زیادہ تھکس - اس سے امام کو ایک لاکه 27 هزار کی آمدنی هوئی - یه جوگوا دنیا جانتے ہے کہ پمان سے وقف دورة اور انكا جهكرا شروع هوتا هے- وقف ہورڈ نے أس سے کہا که کیسا ٹیکس م کہا جاتا ہے یہ بات ہے - میں نہیں جانتا که صحیم مے یا غلط - أنہوں نے کہا کہ متجے امام رکاگلائز کرنے کے لگے جنلی آمدنی ہوتی ہے اسکا ادعا آدها هو جائے - يہاں سے جهکزا فروع هرتا ہے ۔ میں نہیں مستجهتا هرس -که وقف بورد کو چاهلے که آلهاده ما لن چهزوں میں تانک ارائے -

[شرم محمد اسحاق سلههام] یه کام سرکار کا یا وقف بورد کا نویوں ہے - گه مسلمان کس کے پیچھے تباز يوم ارد كسكم يبجهم له يوم -كون سجاد إنشون هو أور كون ته هر -نماز پره<u>ن</u>ے والوں اپر ایم کام چهرونا **جاهئے - ان درگادوں سے تعلق رکھنے** والم ير جهرونا جاهئي- وقف بورة ني اس مهن قدم دالکر بوی نادانی کا ثبوت ديا هر - فلطى كم ه -

یے شک میں یہ کیتا ہوں کہ أملم صاحب کا یہ رویہ کسی طوم ہم ٹھیک نہیں تھا کہ انہوں نے اعلن کیا که وقف ہورڈ کی میٹلک کو میں ترزوں کا میں وہاں جاونکا اور وہ کئے اور جاکر انہوں نے بچوں کے گھرہ یتھم ہمچوں کے گھر کے دووازے کو تورا-دروازد بند كر لها كيا ترا- وهان کے مہایجر حکوم عبدالشکور صاحب نے مولانا مصد فاروق ماحب نے وہاں ہو جو پولس کیتے تھے اس سے ایھا که به کیا در رها هے و هنارے بحوین کے گہر کے دروازے یہ توز وقے مہں -اس پر پولیس نے کہا کہ ہم اس میں دیکل نہیں دیں گے ۔ اس رولھے کی میں سنچیٹا میں کہ امر کسی کو مزمت کرنی چاهئے - کوئی قماستویشن کرے اس میں کوئی فلط بات نہیں ہے یہ ریبوکریٹک طریقہ ہے - ایتی تارافکی کا اظہار کرنے کا

لیکن اس طربے سے بتیم بنچوں کے گهر کو [تیس نیس کرنا اور جس میں دو لکو رویئے کا تقصان ہوا ہے الور اسکے ساتھ ساتھ پولیسی کا جو رویہ هر، أكر مير بيت علك الناظ كا استعبال کرون تو میں یہ کہه سکتا هور که درندگی بهرا هرا تها ، معدياته روية يولس غايدايا أور أس ی جنگی بھی مزمت کی جائے کم ہے، جتنا بھی اس کو کنڈیم کیا جائے - کم ہے - ہمیں کیا جاتا ہے که پولس نے بہت برداشت کیا -أس يو يتور وبهذكم كثم - لهكن ايك بات کا متجه جواب دیا جائے - امام صاحب نے فرائے دے کو می اعلان کر دیا تها که میں میٹنگ کو جاکر توروں کا - تب ہولیس نے کوئی کارروائی کھوں تبھی کی - امام صاحب نے اتولو کے دن عدم اللہ بھے جامع مسجد مهن مائهک يو اناونس کها که دلم مسلماتون، مهرے ساتھ مھی وہاں پر جا کر پررتهست کرونتاه مهتلک تورنتام تب کیا جامع مستجد نے عاقے میں يا جهانهر دريا گلم مس وقف بورة کی میٹلک هو هی تهی دهارا 144 المائی گئی - هم لولوں کو چلسه کرنا هوتا ہے تو بوی جلامی 144 لکا دی بھاتی ہے۔ لیکن کیا وہ ں لگانی گئی ج نهين لكاني كاني - إمام مناهب بهامع مستجد سے چلے تو انکے ساتھ س

Incidents in Jama

Masjid Area (Dis.)

325 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 80, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 326 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

قیوعد سو سے زیادہ لوگ نہیں تھے - جب وہ لوگ جامع مستحد ہے آتو کو دریا گلیم کی طرف چلے تو وہاں ہے چرراها میرے خیال سے 25-30 گو سے زیادہ کے قاصلے یو تھیوں ہے - وہاں هجوم کو روکا جا سکتا تھا - لھکوں بهون رزکا گیا – تنیجه به هرا که ہنچوں کے گہر بہ نوگ گئے اور وهان پر دروازه تورا کها - سهنگرل گېړنمنۍ نے مدستو پرېدائيد کو رو تھے - لیکن انہوں ہے بھی اسکی کوئے پرواہ تو ہی کی – بچوں کے گھر ایو ان ٹوگوں کو تہیں روکا گیا مات کے مساملے امار کو گردیار کہا جاتا ہے ۔ جامع مستجد مهن آكر انكالهال دوسرے لوگ اعلان کرتے دیتی کہ امام صاحب کو گرقدار کو لے گھا ہے ۔ نه جاہے وہ کس حالت میں عین -مجمعے مدن فصه أنا قدرتی ہے ۔

سو جی ہے کہا - بہکت حی ہے کہاکہ رہاں پتہر پہیلکے گئے- مہں ،ہیں جاد ا ہوں - ممکن ہے پہیلکے گئے ھوں - لمکن ایک بات مہن چانا ھوں کہ جواب دیا جائے - اگو یہ منتیم ہے کہ پولس چوکی پر مان منتیم ہے کہ پولس چوکی پر مان ہے حملہ کیا اگو یہ صفیم ہے کہ ہمام مستجد کی سہودہوں پر سے پولیس پر پٹھراو ہوا اور قائرنگ وہا ہوا تو میں معلوم کونا جلعتا ہوں - الم کرے ج پولیس چوکی کے ساملےکوئی ٹھی نہیں گیے - جامع مستجد کی س<mark>یر</mark>ھیوں کے ٹیتھے کسی كو كوئي تهمو لكي - موتا كما هے ؟ اس کے بعر کوفھو نگایا جاتا ہے -بارہ بھے ہے کرفیو لکا دیا گھا - میں سمجه بجه كر الذظ استعمال كر رها ھوں کہ اس کے بھد سا<mark>رہے</mark> ہارہ بتھے د قریب یولیس سی آر پی کی کیک لے کر دربیوں کی طرح ہے مصلور یا جهدت یوی، جامع مسجد ی ایک فرانگ دور، دو فرانگ دور، تیتھ فرلانگ دور جا کر منطق میں کم کرنے ہوئے انسانوں پر حملہ کہا ایک لوا مثیا منتل میں شہید هوا - جو چو ٿي سي دودهه کي دوکارے کرتا تھاہ جو دودھ گرم کر شا تها - ایک کهومتے والے کو شہید کہا تها - حيسي بتايا كها هي أيك الوكي فریدا جو مکان کی تهسری ملزل پر تھی جامع مسجد کے تیزہد فرانگ ەرر چىلى قەر مىتلى سەن، - شەرىن متعل ہے اوپر وفان الکو گولی ماری كتى - مجه بتايا جائے كه اگر يوليس چوکی پر صله هوا تیا بو جامع مستجد کی سیوہیوں پر یا اسکے بیتھے ہوئی آدمی مرابع ! معهد معلود هوا ه که بعان حبله تهین هوا هے - هم نے ېږې پواس چوکې کو بوا کرديکها ہے - ہمارے سالھی وجے پال سلکھ مہرے ساتھ تھے - بھم لوگ ہواہر دو

پوچھنا جامتا ہوں کہ پولیس رہاں کہا کر رہیتھی۔ کیا پولیس نہیر کہا رہی تھی۔ کیوں نہیں آگ لٹانے والوں کو روکا گیا ج

واقعات تو یه همی که ایس -ایچ - او مامن سلکه اور دوسرے ایس-ایچ - او جو کرپشن اور بدتمیزیوں کے لئے مشہور همی ۽ نے کمرے هرکر اشارہ کرکے آگ لگوائی - همارا پراونشیل آفس جامع مستجد کے بالکل ساملے قس جامع مستجد کے بالکل ساملے بچو باتیں متابی کامریڈ موهن لال ہ کلمریڈ پرشاد اور دوسرے ساتھموں نے جو باتیں بتائی همی اکر ممی اُن کو عہاں دوهراؤں اور پولیس ، کے مطالم کا حال مداوں تو لوگوں کے رونگتے کمرے هو جائھلکے -

جهگزا بتایا جاتا ہے جامع مستجد کے ساملے اور کوفیو کہاں لگایا جاتا ہے ج بلی ماراں ، قصاب ورہ اور بازا علدو راو مہں جو وہلی سے تبن تین مہل دور کے ایریاز ہیں - اُن علاقوں کا یہی قصور ہے کہ وہاں مسلمانوں کی اچھی اہادی ہے اور غریب ھندو روکوز کی آبادی ہے -

کوفیو لگا کر پے قصور انسانیں کو پکڑا گھا ہے - 2 قاریعے کے پہلے جھگڑے میں بھن لیگوں کو پکڑا گیا ہ میں اُن کو مللے کے لگے گیا - اُن م ی دس بارہ اور بودہ سال کے نتچے بھی بھی اُن میں دو کشمیری بتچے بھی بھی

[شرم محصد استداق سلبهام] کهنته اس ایریا میں گهرمے هیں۔ هم نے لوگوں سے پوچھا ہے۔ شنیں وہاں کوئی بین اس طرح کے تشان دکھائی نبھن دیگے - ام نے پولیس والوں سے بهم، سوال کهاه افسرون سے بهی سوال کیا - اگر واقعی پولیس نے اپنے تغینس کے لئے گولی چلائی ، جو کہ هىيشە پرلس كى گەسى يەي سارى رهتی هے، تو گولهاں اس جگه کهوں نهیں ملیں جہاں اس پر حلله هرا بتایا جاتا ہے ؟ وہ کولیاں مصلوں میں نەرن ملى ھەن ۽ اس ہے صاف ظاهر هوتا ہے کہ اس جکه کوئی حمله نهون هوا بلکه متحلون میں گیس کر ہےتصور انسانوں کو شبید کیا گیا - آپ تک دس آدمی پولس کی گولیوں ہے اور آتو آدمی آگ میں جانے سے شبید هو چکے بھی ۔

اندا هی نہیں، اس علاقے میں کرفیو لکا کر لوگوں پر طرح طرح کے طلم کیے گئے اور دوکانوں کو جلایا گیا - آپ نے وهاں پر روٹی اور روٹی کے کھڑے کی دوکانین دیکھی عوٹکی مین شریعتی سبھدرا جوشی اور شری ایک میونسفار کونسلر آئے جوچن ایک میونسفار کونسلر آئے جوچن ملکھ کے ممبو یتائے جاتے ھیں اوو چاوڑی بازار سے آر ایس ایس کے ورکر کچھ نوکے بھی وہاں ائے لھکن میں 329 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 330 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

> پر دفعة 302 ميں مقدمے چلئے چاهلیں -

> وہلی روٹی کی درکانوں کو آگ لگی - ایک سردار صاحب وہاں کے قائر بریکیڈ کے انتیارے ھیں - شریف آدمی ھیں - لیڈین دیکھ کر رہ تو پ آتھے اور قائر بریکیڈ لاکر آگ کو پیچھانا چاھاء لیکن راہ رھی مامن سفکھ والی دلی پردس ! آس ے قائر بریکیڈ کو نہیں آنے دیا - قائر بریکیڈ کو ایک گھڈتے کے بعد آنے دیا گیا ہ جب کہ روٹی اور روٹی کے کھڑے کی دوکانیں جل کر خات ھو چکی تھیں -قلک بیگ بیس دوکانوں میں تیس ھوا ہے -

حامعید عوقل نکو پر مے - پرلیس والے موجود ھیں ، پولیس چوکی موبچود ھے ، لیکن جامعید ھوقل کو آگ لگ رھی مے - اُس میں دس ادمی گھرے نوٹے عین ، جن میں چے بھی ^میں نرزھ بھی عین – وقا توپ رہے ھیں کہ کس طوح باھر نکلیں لیکی کسی کی محال نہیں ھے کہ وہاں لیکی کسی کی محال نہیں ھے کہ وہاں جا سے اور اُنکو وہاں سے نکل سکے -جن میں میں داخل کئے گئے ، میں میں ہے جار آدمی کم توز چکے ھیں-

جو دلی کسی کام سے آئے تھے اور جو هلدی بوللا بہی نہیں جاہتے ہیں * لیکن اُن کو بہی یکو لیا گیا - کرفیو کے درران آگ لٹا کر اور گولیاں جلا کر اِس علاقے کو تہاہ کیا گیا ہے - ایک ایسا کرفیو دلی میں آزادی کے بعد آے تک نہیں لٹا ہے -

متعلم نوکنان گیت میں بہت فریب آبادی ہے - وہاں کے لیگ گدھے گتورے پالتے ہیں اور آن پر سامان تھو کر اپنی روتی چلاتے ہیں - مہرے پاس تیلیدون آیا کہ لوگ اپنے جانوروں کو پانی نہیں پلا پا رہے ہیں - 48 گھلتے میں چار جانور مر چکے ہیں - ایک میں چار جانور ہی موا ہے جس پر برجھا تھو کر اُس کا لوکا اپنا گذر بسر کہا کونا تیا - اس طرح اس لوکے کو تہاہ اور برباد کیا گیا ہے -

نیشل (نگگریش کاندریلس نے یہ فیصلہ کیا تھا کہ جس جکہ پر هلکامہ هوگا وهاں کے قلع آفیسرز کو اُس کے لیئے ریسپونسیبل قرار دیا جائیکا - یہاں پر شری رادھا رمن ہوں یا کوئی آر ہو ہ کیا نیشلل الٹگریشن کاندریدس کا قیصلہ اُن کے لئے نہیں ہے ج میں قیصلہ اُن کے لئے نہیں ہے ج میں تعویف کرونکا شری ہیںوںی بندن ہیو گنا کی کہ جب پیلی بیبت میں ہیو گنا کی کہ جب پیلی بیبت میں یہو گنا کی کہ جب پیلی بیبت میں تعویف رونداں نے کنکیٹرہ ایس ہی اور شہر کونوال کو ایک دم ناک پکو کر باہر تکال دیا گیا - کیا یہاں نہیں کہا جا سکتا ہے ج عرنا چاھیے-

میں یہاں نے عوام کی تعریف کرنا ھوں اور ممارنباد دینا ھوں - یہ کوشش کی گئی کہ اِس جھکڑے کو فدیونل رے دیا جائے- کیسے ؟ جامع مسجد نے ساملے روئی ا ر روئی نے کوڑے کی مسلمانوں کی جنفی دوکانوں تین وک سب بیسم ھو گئیں - ھیپن خوشی تین وک کہ ھمارہے ایک غذب بہائی کی دوکان بچ گئی - اِس کو لے کو یہ کوشص کی گئی کہ اس معاملے کو کمیونل ترن دیا جائے - لیکن یہاں نے عقدوں اور مسلماتوں نے ایسا نہیں عوبے دیا -

شری بیکت نے I4 ناریخ کے یاوتادری نے واقعے پر افسوس طاغر کیا لیکان انہوں نے بوری بات بہیں کہی-پارتادری میں بنچے بیوک سے توجہ وہے عین میں 40 کیلئے کا مساسل کوفیو لکا دیا گیا – بنچوں کو دودہ مہسر نہیں

Incidents in Jama Masjid Area (**Dis**.)

[شرق متحد استعاق سلبهلی] بی اے کی سلوتیلا ت ہے ، تیسری ملزل پر گولی لگی - اس کا باپ ایلی یبٹی کے صدمے سے هارت فبلیور سے ختم هو گھ - لیکن والا ری دنی پولیس کی اسانیت ! ولا لوگ اُسکے گھر میں گوسلے میں اور اُس کی کل پولیجی 317 روپگے نکس سے نکال لیتے ھیں -ایک پولیس کا سٹیل ایک تائم پیس لو اپنی ج ، میں تال لیتا ہے - یک مے دلو پول سی اور دلی ایت ملسٹریشن کے کار اسے -

حد تو يد هے که گرفيو پاس بچ فیاضی دے ساتھ کمیوس پارٹیوں کے لوگوں کو دیئے ڈئیے - لیکن دلے ضلع کم ونسمی یا تی کے سیکریڈی کامریک مونعن الل کو پاس بہیں۔ یا گیا ۽ اور دیا گها تو ضوال حامع مستجد **ایریا** کے لئے - مدن تعایف کرونکا کامریک موهن الل کی ۲۰ ۲۰ رید پرشاد اور کامرید مسز غلام حیدر وغیرہ کی حقہوں ہے ابنی جانوں کو حطرے میں ڈال کر ويليف كا ساسان تتسهم كيا أور لوكون کو تسلی در - پولیس کی ریاتھوں کی بنا یہ اس کا سراسیکیوشن کیا جائے۔ شربی بہکت ہے دلی ایڈسلسٹریشن کی نعر ف کی ہے۔ لیکن میں چاھٹا نعی کہ اُس نے خلاب بھی کاروائے کی جائے - **333** Incidents in Jama MAGHA 80, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 334 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

تھا - کسی طرح ایک دودھ والا آ گھا -بیچوں والے جھمت پڑے که للؤ بھتی دود دو - پولیسی والے ایلی شان کے ساتھ آ کثے کیا کرتے ہو ، عقو - ڈنڈا برسانا شروع کر دیا - لوگوں نے کہا که اس طرح کیوں مارا جائے ج اِس کا زنینچه دیا ہوا نہ 25 یہ قصور انسانوں کو گرفتار کر لیا کیا جن میں ایک بیچه جو تی ہی میں مہتلا ہے وہ بھی شامل ہے -

ارس لگے فماری یہ درخواست ہے آپ سے اور مربی عوم مذسکر سے مانگ كروتكا كه جامع مستجد أيريا مهن أور باولادى مايان ښار كېيې پولايس كې جو زيادنيان هوئي همن أن كي فورآ جودَمِشهل الكواتري كرائي جائے -جامعه مستحد اور دوسرے علاقے نے پولیس آفیسروں کو پراسیکیوٹ کی **جائے - یہاں کے ایڈماسٹریشن م**یں جو کليکٿر اور ايس - پي هين آن ۾ حوصلے بچے بچھے عوتے میں ، انہوں نے 🗧 صدر بازار میں اندے ماد-وریشی کمہونیٹی کے لوگوں کو یہون دیا۔ اور کسے کا ترانسدر بهی نهین هرا – هان يروموشق ضرور هوا - كول صلحب أيس-پی ، اے - أنی - حتی بلا دیئے کئے -یہی اس کے مہلہ کو جہن لکا عوا ہے۔ اس لئے عماری مانک ہے کہ جائے نتصالت عولي همن چاھ دولانوں کے ا حام موثاول کے و پورے تقصانات سرکار يرداشت كربي والدا كربي والسلكم الأاية سرکار کی ذمعداری ہے کم لوگوں کی حفاظت کرے - آج بہی کرفیو لکا عوا ہے - رہ کرفیو ہو آ ختم کیا جائے -لوگوں کی زندگیوں ہے نم کییلا جائے -وہ سب بے قصور عیس اُن کو رہا کیا چائے - یم میں دوبارہ بیو کینا عوں-میں اُمید کرا میں کم عوم مذستری افسران کی اُس چال کو کامیاب نہیں عونے دے گی جو اُن کی کوشش نہیں عونے دے گی جو اُن کی کوشش پارتیوں ہے کات کر کے فاسیستوں ارر جائے یے اُن کی سازش کا بیاب نہیں عونے دی جائیکی -]

भी टी० सोहन साल (करोल बाग) : जामा मस्जिद के कारे में जितना सम्भनी साहब ने बनाया उस में बहन सचाई है। यह चीज दिल्ली के झन्दर अगर आप पूछे तो मैं तो दो साल में देख रहा ह झौर इस मामले में में होम मिनिस्ट्री में खास तौर में नाराज ह कि दिल्ली के अन्दर कुछ ऐसा नवका है जो कि चाहता है कि कुछ ऐसे झगडे हो झौर उस मे वह बीच में फ़म बर के अपनी कारस्तानी दिखाते है, उस को दुमग रूप देना चाहते है। मैं मिमाल के तौर पर झाप को बतलाना बाहता हू । हाला कि मै बोलना नही जाहता या इस मसले पर मगर मुझे पता है कि इसी तरीके का झगड़ा एक मेरे घर पर भी हुआ जिम मे बडा जबरदस्त हमला हमा। उस के मन्दर माजिश यी कि मोहन लाल को खत्म किया जाय । उस साजिश का मैं भण्डा खोलगा, वे श्वी टी॰ संहन लाम]

झगडा करा देने है झापसी बिरादरी का भौर उस के बीच में कुछ ऐमें लोग मिल जाते है जो उस झगडे को दूमरा रूप दे देते है। उस के बाद सदर बाजार का जो झगडा हमा उस के म्रन्दर भी वही बात हई । जिन दो म्रादमियों को उस में गोली लगी उन में एक मोतीनगर का था और एक मोतियाखान का था सौर ये मेरे क्षेत्र है। जब मैंने मूना कि फला फला नौजवान के गोली लगी, मै उन के घर पर गया, जब उन के घर वालो ने मुझे बताया तो ग्राज मै कह सकता हू कि एक सिह-सेना यहा पर बनी हुई है जिस का कारण यह है कि होम मिनिम्दी की, पता नहीं कैसे आख बन्द है। जहा पिस्तांल तक चलाने की ट्रेनिग दी जानी हो जहा रायफल चलाने की टेनिगदी जानी हा उस का माज नक हाम मिनिस्टी को पता न हो ? यह क्या चीज है ? खले बाजार के ग्रन्दर परंड के तौर पर वे निकलते है झौर उन लांगा का यह काम है।

जिस राज जामा मस्जिद म यह झगडा हुआ उस के एक घटा पहले मैं भी उसी सडक से निकल कर गया इनवार का दिन था, काई चीज नहीं थी। मगर जब मैं घर पहुंचा और मुझे बतलाया कि हिन्दू मुस्लिम झगडा हो गया, मैंने कहा कि प्रभी थोडी देर पहले नो मैं बहा था तो मैंने देखा कि उसी के झादमी ये और ग्रगर होम मिनिस्टर चाहेगे तो मैं उन के नाम लेकर बनलाऊगा वे यह चिल्ला रहे थे कि हिन्दू मुस्लिम झगडा हो गया। मैं नो कहना हू कि यह क्र प्यूं जालगाया गया बडा आण्छा हुआ। ... (ब्यथवान) ... एक माननीय सबस्थः गरीवों का पेट मार दिया।

भी टी॰ सोहन साल : आप बडे गरीबों के भाई है। गरीबों के नाम पर लूट कर खाते हैं। मैं जानता ह गरीबी क्या होती है।

तो सच मानिए, मैं भाषको सही बता रहा ह कि यह झगडा कैसे बढा । मैं तो पूरे चैलेज के माथ कहता ह, इसमें ग्रगर कोई शक हो तो इसकी एन्क्वायरी की जाय । जिस तरीके में हर एक पार्टी का नेता कह रहा ह कि एन्क्वायरी कमेटी बैठाई जाय मैं भी कहता ह कि जमर बैठाई जाय। इसके अन्दर जो सच्चाई ह वह पूरी की पूरी बानी चाहिए ग्रीर में ग्रागे ने लिए ग्रापना बतलाना चाहना ह कि ब्रगर हाम मिनिस्ट। ने ऐसी ही लापर-वाही की तो इसमें भी वडी कोई चीज हो सकती है क्यांकि बहत वडी साजिझ है कभी म्मलमानों का लडा कर वह उनके बीच मे कार्यकरणी कभी बछनीको लडा कर उनके बीच में कार्य करेगी कभी जैन धर्म का लडा कर के सपना काम करेगी कभी किसी मार को लडा कर करेगी। उनका मकमद 🐔 हिन्द्स्तान के ग्रन्दर गटबड पैदा करना ताकि उन लोगा का अपना उन् सीधा होता रहे भौर भ्रफमोम तो यह है कि पुलिम को नाम दिया जाता है तो पुलिम ऐमे भादमियों को गिरफ्तार नहीं करती है । यब तक पुलिस ने उनको गिरफ्तार नहीं किया। मैं नहीं समझता कि यह होम मिनिस्ट्री एंसे किम तरह इस मूल्क को बचा सकेगी ? (*244 7) . काग्रेम के मादमी नही वह तो तुम्हारे भाई बन्ध है, मुझे पता है । मैं तो हाउस से कह रहा ह कि धगर इस बारे में एलवाधरी

337 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 338 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

कमेटी बैठाई जागे तो मैं नाम ले लेकर एन्कवा-यरी कमेटी को बताऊंगा. यहां तक कि जो दिल्ली के किसी पार्टी के नेता बनते ह उन तक को बतला दगा कि वह शराब की बोतलें और कटड ले जाकर ऐसे काम कराते हैं। बिल्कुल में चाहंगा कि यह एन्क्रवायरी होनी चाहिए। में तो कहता हं कि यह बहत अच्छा हम्रा कि झगडा ज्यादा नहीं फैला नहीं तो दिल्ली के ग्रन्दर जिम तरीके में हानि होनी इस झगडे से उसका ग्रन्दाजा नही लगाया जा सकता । इन्ही शब्दों के साथ मैं खाम तौर में इस बात पर बहत नाराज ह कि दिल्ली के ग्रन्दर, दुर को छोड दीजिए. यहा की मी० ग्राई० डी० क्या करती है. यहा के मुधिकारी क्या करते हें जो मानमान नहीं कर पाने कि ऐसे तत्व पैदा हो रहे हैं जो म्राज बरें में बुरा काम करते वे लिए, इस मन्क को बरबाद करने के लिए बिल्कूल इस तरीके में खुले हुए है कि जैसे कोई इनको देखने वाला नहीं है। मैं चाहगा कि इसकी परी एन्क्वायरी हो झौर ऐसे तत्वों को निकाला जाये. उनका कौन कौन मी पार्टियो में ताल्तक हूँ वह अपने आप पता पड जायगा. दूध का दूध मौर पानी का पानी साफ जाहिर हो जायेगा भीर इनको पब्लिश किया जारे तो ग्रपने भाग भेद खुल जायेगा।

SHRI SEZHIYAN (Kumbakonam): Before I go into the tragedy in the Jama Masjid area, I want to express my indignation at the attitude of Government towards the whole affair, the way this House and MPs have been treated, the way a discussion has been allowed to take place here. This is not an ordinary affair. Horrid things have taken place, People have been shot at, teen-age boys and girls have been mercilessly shot on the road, persons have been burnt alive show have been looted, property has been destroyed. All these are things for which no civilised government can take pride.

Parliament met on the 17th. This has happened two weeks earlier. Still the curfew is on. Was it not the duty of Government to come forward suo motu with a statement at the earliest? Why should they wait for the Opposition to shout to plead beg and take all available opportunity to table a call attention motion and then convent it into a discussion? I would have expected the Prime Minister berself to make a statement giving the facts

We speak from what has appeared in the papers, we speak from hearsay and we speak after visiting the area. Why did not Government take pity on the MPs and come forward with the facts of the case? They should have said what has happened and what is their version So far we have not heard anything in that regard.

One relieving feature of the whole episode is that unlike many other disturbances and firings, here there is no indication of a communal origin. This is not a communal clash. At the worst, it has been a clash between officialdom and the mosque management It has been a clash resulting from the high-handed nature in which the officialdom and the police have behaved This tragedy is one of the worst that has happened in the capital city

Some hon. members have been saying that we should not make political capital out of this, that we should let the wounds heal. Shri Bhagat who spoke before me said that tonnes of words would not bring relief to those families whose members have lost their lives. I agree. But the approach is different. If there is a murder. any kind of punishment is not going to bring back the life of the murdered and will not bring any relief to the bereaved family. Still we take deter-

[Shri Sezhiyan]

rent action. What is this Government doing to see that such kind of mischief, such kmd of tragedy is not allowed to recur? That is why mention was made of Sadar Bazar here. That is why mention was made of other incidents Whenever there is such a horrid state of affairs 1170 insist on an inquiry not because we want to kindle dying embers, but we want steps taken to create confidence in the minds of the community that has suffered, to take precautions and deterrent action to prevent their recurrence That is why we ask for it.

Shii Shahnawaz Khan, who is not present here, has according to press reports, which he has not denied. levelled certain charges against the Shahi Imam But the Shahi Imam was at one time thought to be fit to represent us in the Middle East and Moscow as a spiritual leader But he has been arrested under MISA and was let off only vesterday Some members were glad that he had been released I also feel the same way. but the basic question is not whether he is inside jail our outside, I am not here to comdemn Government for the arrest made-why was he enceted under MISA and why was he let out of MISA yesterday? I think there are still some charges against him Technically, he has been let out on ball

What are the charges against the Shahi Imam who was installed as the new Imam in July 1973 with all fanfare, with the full knowledge of Government? What happened all this time? Government had not taken any steps either to nullify or approve the They have been appointment iust sleeping over the entire issue. Not all of a sudden they are hurling charges against Imam Bukhari. The charges are that the new Imam had been speaking against the Prime Minister and the Muslim Ministers: secondly, on the 15th of August, it seems when the Prime Minister was

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addressing a gathering in Red Fort. the Imam conducted a parallel meeting in which his pronouncements were anti-Governmental. Thirdly, whenever the police entered the Jama Masiid area to arrest undesirable elements the followers of the new Imam obstructed the police in their work. Lastly, when the Wakf meeting was being conducted under the presidentship of Shahnawaz Khan, the Imam and his followers went there to disturb the meeting and in the process man-handlled the police officials. These are specific charges. I do not know whether they are true or false In these matters why was law not allowed to take its course? Why not cite the sections of the IPC and airest the persons then and there? Why was MISA used? This is one more instance of gross abuse and misuse of On 2nd February the Imam MISA was found to be a fit subject to be dealt the under MISA and he was He was let out yesterday detained What is the change in the situation m respect of MISA? What 270 the cucumstances and what is the changed situation so that MISA is not applicable to him today but it was applicable to him on 2nd Febjuary? Parliament and the country should be told

The Imam is alleged to have incited people to behave in a certain way If he had broken the law of the country, you should allow the law to take its course What has come about suddenly in regard to the practice and tradition of the conferment of imamship? It needs to be explained. The Imam who was found to be fit to be your emissary to the Middle-East and Moscow sometime ago is now found to be a misfit and is to be arrested under MISA. These things should be explained.

The hon. Member Mr. Sethi who initiated the discussion on behalf of the ruling party quoted Hindustan Times and read out one or two sentences which alleged that fire-arms were used against the police. He did not read

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it fully and for the benefit of the House I will read the other part:

"There is need for continued vigilance Trouble makers must be dealt with firmly and a quick enquiry into the incident is called for in view of the number of lives lost and the damage to private property"

It says a quick enquiry is called for, It is our sad experience that after much discussion and persistent demand here and outside sometimes judicial enquiry is ordered but the enquiry reports never see the light of the day

They have never been implemented, they have never been shown to the people who have been asking for them

The same Hindustan Times at the end of the editorial says -

"It would not also be inappropriate to look into the working of the Delhi Waqf Board and to see now effectively it has discharged its responsibilities and whether its charter is in keeping with the prevailing needs and opportunities '

Therefore, these two things should immediately be done. If at all we are discussing this matter here, it is not last to make use of the situation. We demand a judicial enquiry into the whole happening, we want an enquiry into the working of the Waqf Board. Also I want that adequate compensation should be paid to those people who have been affected by the firing, by loss of property and by loss of lives

This is a very sad day for democracy and secularism of this country. Unless we create confidence in the minds of the minority, democracy will not be worth having Democracy is not for the benefit of the majority, it is for the protection of the minority. Unless you protect the minority democracy will not thrive in this country भी एस॰ ए॰ झमीम (श्रीनगर) : चेयरमैन साहब, मैं सबसे पहले दो बाने साफ करना चाहना हू । एक यह है कि जामा मस्जिद का मामला कोई साम्प्रदायिक मामला लही है भौर जामा मस्जिद का मामला इस लिहाज से जामा मस्जिद के मुसलमानों का मामला नही है कि उस एरिया में बहुत से मुसनमान रहने है या इमाम साहब ने मस्जिद के नाम पर सगडा करा दिया । यह जामा मस्जिद के एरिया मे रहने बाले इन्माना की दुखभरी कठानी है भ्रीर इसे इस नौर पर दखा जाना चाहिए ।

ट्रमरी बान यह ई कि इसका मुमलमाना के श्रोर मसाइल मे, उनकी समस्प्राग्नों में कोई ताल्जुक नहीं है । इस मरक में मुसलमानों को माइनोरिटी की हैसियन से प्रहुत स ममायल श्रीर बहुत सी समस्याग्नों का सामना करना पडना हूँ लेक्ति इस ममले का उसमें कोई ताल्जक नहीं है ।

ये दो बाते कहन % बाद मैं यह चाहगा कि इम इमामन के ममले में मस्जिद के ममले में पुलिस ने जो ज्यादनी की है. उसके साथ मिला कर इस हाउस को ग्रीर पब्लिक ग्रोपी-नियन को गुमराह करने की कोशिश की जा रही है । इमामन के मसले के सिलसिले में ग्राम मुमलमाना का ख्याल क्या है बक्फ बोर्ड वा ख्याल क्या है, यह ग्रलग बहस है लेकिन इस मसले का इमामन के मसने से कोई ताल्लुक नही है, । इस ममले का ताल्जुक, जैसा कि मेरे बहुन में दोम्तो ने कहा है, बुनियादी तौर पर इमाम साहब की जान से है, बक्ष्फ बोर्ड ग्रीर सरकार के मस्त्री श्री शाहनवाज खा के एटीट्यूट से है ।

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FEBRUARY 19 1975

Incidents in Jama 344 Massid Area (Dis.)

थी एस॰ ए॰ शमीम]

इमाम साहब के मतालिक ग्राम लोगों ने यह राय जाहिर की है कि वह मस्जिद को सियासी प्रोपेगेण्डा के लिए इस्तेमाल करते रहे हैं और जब वे कांग्रेम के हक़ में उसको इस्तेमाल करते थे तब भी वहां जो मसलमान माज पढते थे. वे नाराज थे और जब उन्होंने काग्रम के खिलाफ बोलना शरू किया तब भी वहां पर मुसलमानों का जो संजीदा तबका था, सोबने समझने बाता तबका था. वह उनमे नाराज सा । व नहीं चाहते थे कि मौलाना साहब मस्जिद को ग़लत तरीके से इस्तेमाल करें जेकिन हकमत की मौलाना साहब का शाबासो मिलती रही । इसलिए मौलाना साहब का होसला बढता रहा और मौलाना मसलमानों के लोडर होना चाहते थे प्रौर जैसा कि इसहाक स-भली साहब ने इशारा किया वे मप्रती ग्रामदती में इजाका करना चाहते थे और मस्जिद को अपना घर बनाकर इस्तेमाल करना चाहते थे लेकिन मसलमान यह नहीं चाइने थे। इस बीच में सरकार का यह रोल रहा झौर सरकार ने बीच में टांग घडा कर. सरकारी वजीर ने बंगलिंग करके मौलाना को यह मौका फरहाम किया कि वे मुमल-मानों के हीरो हो जाएं उन इन के में।

एक काबिले-गौर वात यह है कि मौलाना के मुतालिक मुसलमानों ने यह जिकायत की कि वे मस्जिद को सियासी प्रोपेगेण्डा के लिए इस्तेमाल करने रहेतें। श्री शाहनवाज बां ने प्रपनी प्रेस कान्फ्रेन्स में यह वात नहीं कही जो बात इसहाक सम्भली साहब ने कही कि वे मस्जिद की मामदनी खाना चाहते थे।

उन्होंने यह इल्जाम लगाया कि वे वजीरे-माजम के खिलाफ तकरीर करते थे भौर कांग्रेस के खिलाफ झौर मसलमान वजीरों के खिलाफ तकरीर करते थे भौर जैसा कि श्री सेझियान ने कहा उस के खिलाफ, कार्यवाही होनी चाहिए थी । इस पर किसी को एतराज नहीं है। इस के बाद एक धौर वजीर. मिनिस्टर ग्राफ स्टेट फंटर रेलवेज, जब कि इमाम साहब को रिलीज नहीं किया गया था---एक प्रेस कान्फ्रेन्स करने हैं कि इस शरोक क्रादमी को. इस बेल-मीनिंग क्रादमी को फौरन रिहा किया जाना चाहिए । यह बहत ग्राच्छा ग्रादमी है । ये दो व्यान हए हैं । 15 ग्रगस्त को जबकि प्राइम मिनिस्टर के जवाब में तकरीर की ग्रीर दमरे 26 दिसम्बर को, जबकि ईद थी। मैं भी साल में एक दो मर्तवा नमाज पढ लेता हु। उस ईद के मौके पर इमाम साहब ने फतवा दिया। वहां पर बोहसिन साहब भी नगरीफ-फर्मा थे । उस बक्त इमाम साहब ने तकरीर की झौर मोहसिन साहब की बहत तारीफ की भौर फिर मोहसिन साहब को कहा कि झाप मेरी तारीफ कीजिए । मोहसिन साहब ने बहां 15 मिनट तक ट्टी-फुटी उर्द में तकरीर की ग्रीर उस 15 मिनट की तकरीर में 13 मिनट उन्होंने मौलाना साहब की तारीफ की, उन की कबुलियत की नारीफ की और 2 मिनट अपनी तारीफ की । यह यह मझको बताइए कि श्री TIN-नवाज ৰা सही कहते ₹ 48 एन्टी-नेशनल मोलाना इसलिए उसको मीजा के तहत गिरफ्तार किया जाना चाहिए या मि० मोहसिन ঠান্য

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कहते हैं जिन्होने उनकी सारीफ दो हजार मुसलमानो की मौजूदगी में की या फिर श्री शफी कुरेशी ठीक कहते हैं जो कि यह कहते हैं कि वह वेल-मीनिंग पर्सन हैं ग्रीर उसे फौरन जेलखाने में मीघे कुरेशी माहब के घर में ग्रेज देना चाहिए । इस मौलाना ने मुमलमानो को गुमराह करके यह कहा कि मस्जिद पर हमला हो रहा है । उधर मौ लाना के साहबजादे ने लाउडम्पीकर पर एनाउन्समेट किया कि मौलाना का खून हो गया है ग्रीर मौलाना पर गोली चला दी गई है । जायज तौर पर लोग मुश्नग्रल हुए ग्रीर डिमान्सट्रेशन हुग्रा । डिमान्सट्रेशन में बहुत मी ऐसी बाते भी होती हैं ।

मब आप बह दखित कि वे लोग जेल में है जिनको गुमराह करने वाले मिनिस्टर माहव के घर पर हैं। यह झाप किसको कायल करना चाहते हैं । पहले मौलाना एन्टी नेगनल ये भौर भव प्रो-नेशनल हो गये हैं। एक वान तय है कि यह मामला मौलाना का जाती मामला है और अपने घर का मामला है। पहले मौलाना खराब थे झौर झब वे ठीक हो गये हैं। यहा पर मीलाना की बहुत मी लोगो ने बकालत की झौर बाद मे भी बकालन करने बाले मिलेंगे लेकिन मैं बकालत करना चाहता हु उन 17 भाइयों की जो कि पुलिस की गोली से मरे मिर्फ इसलिए कि कुछ नाम्रहल बजीरो ने, हकूमत के नालायक कारिन्दो ने एक मामूली से जाती झगडे को इम तरीके मे पनपने विया कि बह मुसलमानो ब सेन हकूमत का झगडा बन गया भौर उस झगडे में उन 17 झादमियों की जानें जाया कर दी

गई । मौलाना से भापका समझौता हो जाएगा भौर मुहायदे पर दस्तखन हो जाएगे श्रौर ग्रखबारो मे वह णाया हा जाएगा, लेकिन उन 17 नौजवानों के साथ श्रौर उन दुकानो के साथ जो कि उन गरीब लोगो के लिए बाहिद रोजी का जरिया थी, उन के लिए श्रापका इन्साफ क्या करेगा ।

इमलिए हम कहने हैं कि माकूलियन की हद यह है झौर हम क्या मतालवा कर सकते है। हम तो हकमत में यह मतालबा नही कर सकते हैं कि 17 नीजवानो की तरह 17 सरकारी कर्मचारियां, जिन में कुछ वजीर भी हो. को गोली मार कर 17 प्रादमियों की जाने वापस कर दी जाए । यह तो मझ्किल मामला है और शायद यह मुमकिन नहीं हो मकेगा। हम बहने है कि यह जो गोली चली ग्रीर ये जो मामूम जाने जिनको यह मालूम नी-नहीं था कि इष्यु जो इन्वोल्व्ड था वह क्या था, जिनको इमाम साहब ने गुमराह किया मौर जो भव भाषके सरकारी महमान हैं उस की मदालनी तहकीकात हो । सगर पालीटीकल लीडग्रिंग फेल हो गई या पालीटीकल लीडरशिप ने बर्गालग की, तो सजा उन 17 नीजवानों को क्यो मिली झौर हम चाहते हैं कि तहकीकात हो । भगत इसकी जी ने. मुभद्रा जी ने कहा कि जन सच मुमलमानो का बडा हमदर्द बना फिरता है । उन्होंने कहा है कि ग्रनबर देहलबी ने क्या कहा है, मदरलैंड मुसलमानो का हमदद बन गया है। मुझे बहुत दुख होना है जब मैं देखता ह कि जन संघ के दिल मे भी मुसलमानों के लिए दर्द पैदा हो गया है।

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[श्री ए र० ए । गमीन |

मुझे दुख होता है धौर शक भी पैदा होता है जब जन मध को माना मिलता है ममनमानो का हमदर्द बनने का ग्रांग् इस रूप में दूनिया के सामन आने का । लेगिन उस वक्न पूछा यह जाना चाहिए कि यह मोरा वित्तन दिया. यह शर्मनान वारदान किमने नी ? में समझना ह कि भगन जी म्रीर सभदा जी का मिर शर्म में झा जाना चाहिए कि यह मौका उन्हाने उनना फराइम किया, शाह नवाज खा ने फराहम किया दिल्ली एडमिनिस्ट्रेशन ने किया सैमन सिंह ने किया। जन सघ नो इस बाम्ने दांघ देन के बजाय में दाप देना ह उस सरकार का जिसन एक जाती झगडे को लेकर उनका मौका फराइम किया ग्रार अनवर देहलवी श्री र टल चिहारी वाजपेयी मन्द्रोवा जी ने दिन म दद पेदा निया और वे मुमलमाना कहरा म वाने । में समझता ह कि यही होगा ग्रन्ग ग्राप ग्राकल में काम नहीं लेगे ग्रगर हरमत के हर बदम की मराहना रग्गे । नव एस ऐस ही नहनी गमखार पैदा हागे नवानी उक्टर पैदा होगे झौर वे मरीज का बचान की काणिण नही करेगे आग वहेंगे कि मर्गज चला जाग तो बक्ता है। लेकिन इसकी जिम्मेदारी भी ग्राप पर हागी। 1

वक्फ. बार्ड का क्या ग्रावत्यारात है ? मुसलमानो की उमामन कोन करे यह फैमजा मैमन सिंह करे दिल्ली पुनिस करे, मल्होत्रा करे, कौन करेगा ? सै समझता ह कि विसी का भी उससे कुछ ताल्लुक नही है। मुसल-मानो को ही नय करना है कि वे किस के पीछे

नमाज पढे । मेरे खयाल मे शाह नवाज खां साहब इमलिए नही कर सकते हैं कि वे मुमलमान मिनिस्टर है । इससे उनको यह हक नही पहचता है। वह एक फौजी आदमी है। फौजी आदमी सोचना कम है और अगर सोचना भी है तो नाम के बाद मोचना है। ग्रव उनका इम बान ना एहगास हम्रा है कि उन्होन गलनी को है। मैं पूछना चाहना ह वि क्या दूनिया भर म मुमलमाना के मारे मनारल हल हा गए है ग्रौर जामा मस्जिद की उमामत का ही अप सिर्फ एक ममला वाकी रह गता था कि णाह नवाज ग्वाजी न ग्रपनी टाग ग्रापनी जभर्ग समझा [?] इस एक इर्घटना म दा बात मामने मा जाती है। पहली यह ट कि जामा मस्जिद का रलाका एक गो शिम हाना चार्टर था । यह हमारी मिली जुली तहजीव की एक बहत बडी निजानी ह । यहा हजारा लाग जान है विदेणी जात हे वहीं बनी हस्तिया जाती है। जाम। मस्जिद की हालन का ग्राप देखा। दुनिया के सम्बमगे दूनि जा की गण्यत दुनिया का उफनास बटा रे। करा थे बस्क बोई वाने कहा थी त्रमन कहा थ मसलमानो व वे गमखार ग्रनवर ग्रानी देहलवी ग्रटल विहारी वाजपयी जिल्लान माज तक टम बात की तरफ तवज्जर नहीं दी और क्यों नहीं उन्होन उम उत्राक का मिली जुली तहजीब की एव ताबिन्दा निणानी बनाया, क्यो इसको गलाजन वुडा करकट ग्रीर टफलास की निशानी बनाए रखा । इस एक मो पीम बनना चाहिए या लेकिन वह नही हुमा। इमाम माहब के साथ द्कानदारी हुई । कहा गया कि तूम हमारी मदद करो, हम तुम्हारी

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करेंगे । एक दिन ऐसा झाया कि इमाम में हौसला पैदा हो गया झौर उसने कहा कि यह खुदा का घर नहीं है, मेरा घर है। इन्होंने कहा कि हम भी मानते हैं कि खुदा का घर नहीं है लेकिन हम समझने हैं कि कुछ नेरा घर हैं, कुछ हमारा घर है। लेकिन तू कहता है कि सारा मेरा घर है । इमलिए झगड़ा शुरू हो गया ।

दूसरे इस एरिया में कुछ मैम्बर्ज पालियामेंट को जाने का मौका मिला होगा। सारे इलाके में आपने देखा होगा कि वहां किम कद्र ग्रबत भौर इफ़लास है। इस बात से ही यह साफ बाहिर हो जाता है कि दिल्ली में रहने वाले म सलमानों की क्या हालत है। इस बास्ते यह एक सोशिया इकोनोमिक सवाल भी है। इस दूर्घटना से हम ऐसे घहम मवाल की तरफ़ भी तवज्जह देना चाहिए कि जब तक इस कम्यनिटी का अपलिपटमेंट नहीं होता, इनके समाजी सुधार की तरफ़ तवज्जह नहीं ही जाती है तब तक लाठियों झौर गोलियों से यह ममला हल नहीं हो मकेगा। इन की हालत मुघारने की नरफ खास तौर मे हमें तवज्जह देनी होगी । मौलाना जिन तीन मौ ग्रादमियों को लेकर हल्ला करने गए थे उन में से एक भी मैटिकपान नहीं था, कांई रिक्णा वाले थे. छावडी बाने थे। इस नरह क लोग झापको झामानी में मिल जाएंगे जिन को मजहब के नाम पर गमराह किया जा सके । मौलाना साहब ने भ्रपना कारनामा ग्रंजाम दिया । उसकी जिम्मेदारी कुछ कुछ मोलाना पर ले केन ज्यादातर ग्रापके ऊपर है। सब इस मनले का फ़ौरी तौर पर यह हल निकालना गहिये कि एक ज्युडिशियल इनक्वायरी ग्राप होल्ड करे और इसमें सापको कोई एतराज नहीं होना चाहिए । भगर वाकई में इमाम माहब ने ज्यादती की है—हकूमत का दावा है कि भौर हालात काबू से बाहर हो गए थे तो मैं समझता हूं कि इस इनक्वायरी से यह वात माफ़ हो जाएगी और हमारे सामने भ्रा जाएगी ।

दूसरे जो बेंगुनाह लोग मारे गये हैं उन्हे भरपूर मुग्नावजा मिलना चाहिए । जामा मस्जिद के इलाके को वाकई में एक शो पीस बनाने के लिए ग्रापको कदम उठाने चाहियें । कम ग्रज कम इस दुर्घटना मे ग्रापको यह मबक तो सीखना ही चाहिये, इंस्पिरेशन लेना ही चाहिये ताकि बेहतर तरीके से इस मानुमेंट को दुनिया के सामने पेश किया जा सके ।

قری ایس - اے - شبهم (سریلگر) : چهگرمهن ماهب ۽ میں سب ے پہلے دو باتیں ماف کرنا چاپتا ہیں-ایک یہ ہے کہ جامع مسجد کا معامله کوئی سبھرد ایک معاملہ نیس لحاظ ہے جامع مسجد کا معاملہ اِس لحی طر جامع مسجد کے مسلمانیں کا معامله نیشن ہے کہ اُس ایرے میں بہت سے مسلمان رہتے عیں یا امام صاحب نے مسلمان رہتے عیں یا امام صاحب نے مسلمان رہتے عیں یا امام صاحب نے انسانوں کی دکو بھری کہانی ہے اور اِس اُس طور پر دیکھا جانا چاھئے -

درسری بات یہ ہے کہ اس کا مسلمانوں نے اور مسائل ہے اُن کی سمسیاؤں ہے کوئی تعلق نہیں ہے ۔

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Masjid Area (Dis.) [شری ایس - اے - شبھم] اس ملک میں مسلمانوں کو ماکھلوریکی کی حفیثیت ہے بہت ہے مسائل اور بہت سی سمیاؤں کا سامقا کرنا پرتا ہے لیکن اس مسللے کا اُس ہے کوئی تعلق نہیں ہے -

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یہ دو باتھی کہلے کے بعد میں یہ چاہوں کا کہ اِس اماست کے مسئلے میں ، مسجد کے مسئلے میں پولیس نے جو زیادتیاں کی ھیں آس کے ساتھ ملا کر اِس هاوس کو اور پیلک اًوپهذوري کو گمراه کرنے کی کوشھی کی جا رہے ہے - امامت کے مسلے کے ملسلے میں عام مسلمانیں کا خیال کیا ہے ، وقف ہورڈ کا خیال کیا ہے ، یه الگ بهت کے لهکن إس مسئلے کا امامت کے مسالے سے کوا بی تعلق نہیں ہے۔ آس مسئلے کا تعلق جیسا که میرے بہت سے فرمتوں نے کیا ہے ہ بلیادی طرر پر امام صاحب کی ذات سے بھے و قف ہمرت اور سرکار کے ملتون شربی شاہ نواز خان کے الیجیوڈ سے ہے -

امام صاحب کے متعاق عام لوگوں ہے یہ والے ظاھر کی ھے کہ یہ مستجد کو سیاسی پراپیکلڈا کے لئے استعمال کرتے رھے ھیں اور جب وہ کانگریس کے حق میں اُس کو استعمال کرتے تھے تب بھی وہاں جو مسلمان نماز پرتھتے تھے وہ ناراض تھے اور جب انہوں لے کانگریس کے خلاف بولفا شروع کیا تب بھی

Masjid Area (Dis.) وهار بر مسلباتین کا جو سلجهده طبقه تها و سوجلي سنجولي والا طبقة تهام ولا أور سے تاراض تھا - وہ نبین چاہتے تھے که مولانا صاحب مستجد کو فلط طريقة ہے۔استعبال کرہن لھکن حکومت کی مولانا صاحب کو شاہائی ملتی ردم - إس لكم مولانا صاحب كا حوصله بوهتا رما اور مولانا مسلمانوں کے لیڈر هوبا جاهتے تھے اور جوسا که سلیولی صاحب نے اشارہ کہا وہ ایلی آمدنی مهن إضافه كرنا جاهتي تهراور مستجد کو ایدا کهر بدا کر استعمال کردا جاهتے تھے لیکن مسلمان یہ نبھن چاہتے تھے۔ اس بیج میں سرکار کا رول یہ رہا اور سرکار نے بیچے میں ٹائک ازا کر سرکاری وزير نے بلکلنگ کرکے مولانا کو یہ موقع قراھم کھا کہ وہ مسلمانوں کے ھیرو ھو **جائیں اُس علاتے میں -**

ایک قابل فرر بات یه هے که مولانا کے متعلق مسلمانوں نے یہ شکھت کی که وہ مسجد کو سہاسی پولیہگنڈا کے لئے استعمال کرتے رہے ھی۔ - شری شاهلواز خان لے آیدی پریس کاندریلس میں یه بات نہیں پریس کاندریلس میں یه بات نہیں پریس کاندریلس میں یه بات نہیں کہی جو بات استجاق سمبھلی صاحب لی کہی که وہ مستجد کی آمدنی قیانا نے وزیر اعظم کے خلاف تقریر کرتے تھے اور کانکریس کے خلاف تقریر کرتے تھے۔ ارز 553 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 80, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 354 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid 'Area (Dis.)

> کیا جانا چاهئے تھا یا مسلو مصبن ٹھیک کہتے ھیں جلیوں نے آن کی تعریف دو هزار مسلماتوں کی موجودگی میں کے یا پہر شرق شدیم کویشی ٹھیک کیتے میں جو یہ کیتے میں کہ ویل میلنگ برسوں کے امر آسے قررآ جهل حالے سے سودھے قریشی ماحب کے گھر بھیمے دینا جامئے - اِس مولانا نے مسلمانوں کو گنراہ کرکے **یہ کہا ک**ہ • سجد پر حمله هو رما هے - ادهر مولانا کے صاحبزادے نے لاؤڈ سیکر ير أيداونسميلت كيا كه مولانا كا خون هو گيا هے اور مولانا پر کولی اچلا دیں کئی ہے - جائز طور پر لوگ مشتعل هرے اور دیمونسٹریشن هوا-دیمونسٹریشن میں بہت سی ایسی ہاتیں ہیں ھوٹی ھیں -

> > اب آپ دیکھئے که وہ لوک جیل میں ھیں جن کنراہ کرنے والے منسٹر صاحب کے گھر پر ھن – یہ آپ کس کو قائل کرنا جاھتے ھیں – پہلے مولانا ایلٹی نیشنل تیے اور آب پررنیشدل ھو گئے ھیں – ایک بات طے ھے کہ یہ معاملہ مولانا کا ذاتی معاملہ ، اپ گھر کا معاملہ ھے – پہلے مولانا خراب تھے ارر اب رہ تھ ک ھو گئے ھیں ہ یہاں پر مولانا کی بہت سے لوگوں نے وکالت کی اور بعد میں بھی وکالت وکالت کی اور بعد میں بھی وکالت کرنے والے ملیں گے لیکن میں وکالت کرنے چاھتا ھوں اُن 17 بھائیوں کی

جهسا که شرق سیجههان نے کہا آس کے خلاف کارروائی ہوتی چاہئے تھی -اس پر کسی کو امعراقی انبین <u>ہے</u> -اس کے بعد ایک اور وزیر و منسلو آف سالهما، قور ويلويز ، رجهسا كه إمام ماجب کو ریلیز نیپر کیا تھا ۽ ایک یریس کانفریڈس کرتے **میں کہ اِس** شريف آدمي كوه إس ريل مهلنگ أدمى كو فوراً رها كها جانا چاهت -يه بهت اجها أدمى هي - يه دو بها. هوئے هدر - 15 اکست کو جبکه پرائم منسٹر کے جواب میں تقریر کی ارو درسرے 26 دستیر کو ، جبکہ عید تھے-مهن بهی سال مهن ایک در مرتبه نباز یوہ لیکا ہوں - اُس عید کے موقعے ير إمام صاحب نے فتوا ديا - وهاں هر مصبين ماحب يهي تشريف قرمان تھے - اُس وقت امام صاحب نے تقویر کی اور متحسن ماهب کی بعث تعریف کی ارز پهر متعسن ماحب او کہا کہ آپ مہری تعریف کیچگے -متعسن ماهب نے وہاں 15 منت تک ٿوٽي يهوڻي اودو مين تقرير کي اور اُس 15 ملت کی تقریر میں 13 ملت انہیں نے مولانا ماهب کی تعریف کی ؛ اُن کی قبولیت کی تعریف کی اور 2 ملت ایلی نعریف کے ۔ اِبِ مَصِهْکو یہ بِتَائیں که شری شاهلواز خان منصهم کهتے هوں که را ایدای دیشلل مولانا ہے اس لگے اس کو میزا MISA کے تحصت گرفتار

355 Incidents in Jama B Masjid Area (Drs.)

FEBRUARY 19, 1975

[شری ایس - اے - شبہم] اس لئے کہ کچھ نا اہل وزیروں نے ہ حکرمت کے نالائق کارندوں نے ایک معبولی سے ذاتی جھکڑے کو اس طریقہ سے پلیلے دیا کہ وہ مسلمانوں ورسیز حکومت کا جیکڑا بن گیا اور اُس چھکڑے میں اُن 17 آدمیوں کی چھکڑے میں اُن 17 آدمیوں کی جانیں ضائع کو دی گئیں - مولانا سے آپ کا سنجھرتا ھو جائیکا متحالدے پر آپ کا سنجھرتا ھو جائیکا متحالدے پر وہ شائع ھو جائیکا ور اخباروں میں نوجوانوں کے ساتھ اور اُن درکانوں کے نوجوانوں کے ساتھ اور اُن درکانوں کے ایے ساتھ جو کہ اُن غریب لوگوں کے لئے واحد روزی کا ذریعہ تھیں - اُن کے لئے آپ کا انصاف کیا کرے کا -

اس لئے هم کپتے هیں که معتولیت کی حد یہ مے اور هم کیا مطالبہ کر سکتے ہیں - هم تو حکومت سے یہ مطالبہ نہیں کر سکتے هیں کہ 17 نوجوانوں کی طرح میں کہ 17 نوجوانوں کی طرح 17 سرکاری کرمتھاریوں ۽ جن میں کچھ رزیر بھی هوں کو گولی مار کو کچھ رزیر بھی هوں کو گولی مار کو 17 آدمیوں کی جانیں وارس کر 17 آدمیوں کی جانیں وارس کر 20 مار شاید یہ ممکن بہن ہو سکے جلی اور یہ جو معصوم جانیں جلکو یہ معلوم بھی ٹیس نیا کہ اشہو جو انوالوۃ تھا وہ کہا تواء جن کر امام صاحب نے گہراہ کیا اور

Incidents in Jama 356 Masjid Area (Dis.) جو آپ کے سرکاری مہدان ھھی اس کے مدالتی تصنیقات ہو - اگر يوليڌيمل ليدر شڀ فيل هو کئي يا پولیڈیکل لوڈر شب نے ھنگلللگ کې تو سزا ان 17 نوجوانړں کو کھوں ملی اور ھم چاھتے ھیں کہ اس کی تصنینات ہو۔ بیکت جی نے سبهدرا جی نے گیا کہ جن سلکو مسلمانوں کا ہور ھندرد بلا پہرتا ہے - انہوں نے کہا کہ انور دیعلوہی نے کہا گہا ہے ہ مدر لیغڈ مسلمانوں کا همدرد بن کیا ہے -مجه بہت دکر ہوتا ہے جب میں دیکھتا ہوں کہ جن سلکھ کے دل میں بھی مسلماتوں کے لگے فرقا ييدا هو كيا هـ - مجمع دكو هرتا ہے اور شک ہور پیدا ہرتا ہے جب جن ملکه کو موقع ملتا هے مسلمانوں کا همدرد بلالے کا اور اس روپ میں دنیا کے ساملے آئے کا - لیکن السرقت يوجها يه جاذا جاهئم كه يه موقع کس نے دیا ، یہ شرماک واردات کس نے کی ? میں سنجھتا هون که بهکت جی اور سههدرا جی کا سر شوم سے دوک جانا چانگے کہ یہ موقع انہوں نے اسکو فراہم کہا ، مامن سلکو نے کہا ۔ جن سلکھ کو اس راسطے درش دیلے کے بمجائے میں دوھی دیتا ھوں اس سوکار کو جس نے ڈانی جہتوے کو لے کر أنكو موقع فراهم كها اور انور دهلوي و

357 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 358 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

شہی اتّل بہاری بلجھٹی، ملہوترا جی <u>کے</u> دل میں درد پیدا کیا اور وہ مسلبانوں کے حق میں بولے - میں سنجھتا ہوں کہ یہی ہوگا اگر اُپ عتّل سے کام تبییں لیس گے، اُکر حکومت کے ہر تدم کی سراهلا کریلگے - تب ایسے ایسے دیکر پیدا فونگے اور وہ مریض کو بچانے کی فونگے اور وہ مریض کے اور کہیں گے کوشص نہیں کویں کے اور کہیں گے لیکن اسکی ذمعداوی بھی آپ پو ہوگی -

رقف بورڈ کو کہا اختمارات ھیں ? مسلمانوں کی امامت کون کوے یہ فیصلہ مامن سلکھ گرےہ دلی پولیس کرے ملہوترہ کوے کون کویکا ؟

میں سمجھٹا ہوں کہ کسی کا بھی اس سے کچو تعلق نہیں ہے - مسلمانوں کو بھی طے کرنا ہے کہ رہ کس کے پینچھ نمار ہوتھیں-میرے شیال میں شاہلواز شاں صاحب اس لئے نہیں کر سکتے ھیں صاحب اس لئے نہیں کر سکتے ھیں صاحب اس لئے نہیں کر سکتے ہیں کہ رہ مسلمان منسٹر ھیں - اس رہ ایک قوجی آدمی ھیں - فرجی آدمی سوجتا کم ہے اور اگر شوچتا ہے -اب انکو اس بات کا احساس ہوا ہے کہ انہیں نے فلطی کی بھے – مہی ی جهدا چاهدا هون که کیا دنیا بهر میں مسلمانوں کے سارے مسائل حل هو کئے ههن اور جامع مستجد کی امامت كاهى إب إيك مسلقه باقى رہ گہا تہا کہ شاہلواز خان جی نے لهتی ثانگ آزائی ضروری سمتهها? اس ایک درکهتنا ہے در باتھر ساملے آ جاتی ہیں - پہلی یہ ہے که جامع مسجد کا علاقه ایک شو پیس هونا چاهگے تھا - یہ همارمی ملی جلی تهذیب کی ایک بہت ہونی نشانی ہے - پہاں ہزاروں لوگ جاتے هيں ، بديشي جاتے هير، ۽ بچي ايون مستيان ڄاتي هين جامع مسجد کی حالت کو آپ دیکھیں - دنہا کے بیکسیلگے دنیا کی غربت - دنیا کا افلس وهان هے -کہاں تھے وقف یورڈ والے کہاں تھی حکومت و کیان تھے۔ مسلمانوں کے فمطوار الورعلى دهلوي الآل بهاري باجیلی جلیس نے آج تک اس یات کی طرف توجه نہیں دی اور کیوں نہیں انہوں نے اس ملاتے کو ملی جلی تہذیب کی ایک تهاتي بذايا و كهون أسكو فلاطت ورا کرکت ابر اقلس کی ایک نشانی بذائے رکہا - اسے ایک شوپیس بقانا چاهیًے تھا - لھکن وہ نہیں ہوا -امام ماهب کے ساتھ دوکانداوی ہوئی کیا گیا که تم هناری مدد کرو 359 Incidents in Jama FEBRUA Masjid Area (Dis.)

FEBRUARY 19, 1975

[شری ایس - اے - شبہم] اور اس نے کہا کہ یہ خدا کا گہر نہیں اے ہ میرا گہر ہے ۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ ھم بھی مانتے ھیں کہ خدا کا گہر نہیں ہے، لیکن ھم سمجھتے ھیں کہ کھتہ تیرا گہر ہے ، کتھہ ھمارا کہر ہے - لیکن تو کہتا ہے کہ مارا میرا گہر ہے - اسائے جھکڑا شروع ھر گیا -

درسرے اس ایریا میں منبرز یارلیمدی کو جانے کا مرقع ملا ہرگا۔ سارے علاقے میں آپ نے دیکھا ھوکا که وهان کسی قدر غربت اور افلاس ہے۔ اس بات ہے تھے یہ ماف ظاهر هوچانا ہے کہ دلی میں ارطلے والے مسلمانوں کی کیا حالت ہے۔ اس واسطے به ایک سوشهو اکانومک سوال ہون ہے - اس درکھتنا سے عدون ایسے اعم موال کی طرف ہوں نودہ دیتی چاہئے کہ جب تک اس کمیونیٹی کا اینڈےملے نهين هوتا ۽ انکے سناجی مدھار کی طرف توجه نهیں دی جانی **ہے تب تک ال**میوں اور گرلیوں سے یہ مسلئہ حل نہیں عو سکے ¥ - أتكى حالت مدفاري كي طوف شاص طور سے اهمیں توجه **دیلی** هو گی - مولانا جن تهن سو آدمهون کو لے کر علم کرنے گئے تھے اس میں سے ایک بھی میٹرٹ پلس

Massid Area (Dis.) تيهن اتيا وكوثي وكغا وإلم تفرو كوثي جہابتی رالے تھے - اس طرح کے قوگ آپ کو آسانی ہے مل جائیلگے جلکو مذھب کے تام پر گموالا کہا جا سکے - مولانہ صاحب نے اینا كارنامة انجام ديا - إس كي ذمه دان کچه کچه مولانا پر اور ریاده نر آب کے اوپر ہے - اب اس مسلئے كا فون طور ير حل تكاللا جاعتم كم أيك جوديشهل انكرائري أب عولة فرين اور اس مهن أيكو ذوئي اعتراض نهد هونا چاهئے - اگر واقعی مهن امام مادب نے زبادتی کی ہے، حکومت کا وعدہ ہے کہ کی ہے أور حالات قابو ہے باعر هو گئے تھے تو مهن سنجهتا هن که اس انکرائری سے یہ بات صاف عو جائیگی اور همارے ساملے آ جائیگی -

Incidente in Jama

درسرے حو لوگ یے ڈنالا مارے گلے عین انہیں بہرپور معارف ملڈا چانلے - جامع مستحد کے علاقے کو واقعی میں ایک شو یہس بلائے کے لئے آیکو قدم اقبانے چاعین -کم از کم اس درگیٹلا سے آیکو یے میٹق تو سیکیڈا ھی چاھلے تاک انسپایرشن لیڈا عی چاھلے تاک بہتر طریقے سے اس مانو میڈت کو دنیا کے ساملے پیھی کیا جا سکے -]

361 Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 362 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI K RAGHU RAMA-IAH): About the Half-An-Hour Discussion, I understood that Mr Limaye was prepared to postpone it. We have no objection to that.

MR. CHAIRMAN. It will be postponed,

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: His point of order was only that

MR CHAIRMAN Shri Janeshwar Misra,

भी जनेक्वर मिश्व (इलाहाबाद) : शमीम साहब ने यह कहा है कि इमाम के साथ दुकानदारी इस सरकार ने की है। मैं यही से शुरू करता हु। मैं समझता हु कि इमाम के साथ ही नहीं की है बल्कि ग्राजादी मिलने के बाद से आज तक हिन्दुस्तान की गद्दी पर जो लांग बैठे है उन्होन तमाम मुमलमानो के माथ दूकानदारी को है, करने रहंहै । स्राजादी मिलने के बाद में हैं। उनका सकमरियन का खोफ दिखाया गया भोर कहा गया कि अगर वोलोगे तो खत्म हो जाग्रो ग्रार कभी जन सघ का नाम इसमे लिया गया और कभी किमी ग्रीर का। उनको कहा गया कि हिम्मत करके मांग मत बढना, बोलना मत, शेर बन कर मत रहना और भगर मेर बनने की कोशिश करोगे तो जिस तरह म शेरे काश्मीर को जेल में डाल दिया गया था उसी तरह में तुम को भी डाल दिया जाएगा। इस बाग्ले बिल्ली बन वर रहा भीर ऐसा अगर तुमने किया तो गद्दी पर बिठा दिये जाझोंगे । यह हिन्दम्तान के म्सलमानों की तकवीर है ।

भक्षुल्ला बुखारी जब तक ग्रापकी मर्जी के मुताबिक बोलते रहे, फीमली प्लानिग के हक मे फ़तवा देते रहेतब तक नो उनका पूरे का पूरा भाषण भापका रेडियो पढता रहा, उसका एलान करता रहा ग्रौर कटता रहा कि जामा मस्जिद के शाही इमाम है. तब किसी ने नही कहा कि ये शाही इमाम नही है। वही झब्दुल्ला बुखारी जब मसलमानो मे गम्सा भाया कि क्यो क्रैमिली प्लानिग के हक में फ़तवा दिया तो दिल्ली सरकार के लोग वक्फ बोर्ड के लोगवहा पर गए बखारी साहब की मदद करने के लिए भीर कहने लगे कि यह कौम का सवाल है, मुसलमानो का सवाल है, इसलिए म्रब्दुल्ला बुखारी के खिलाफ कुछ मत बोलो, इनका फतवा मही है । ईद झौर रमजान के मौके पर जब ग्रब्दूल्ला बुखारी लाउडस्पीकर पर जामा मस्जिद से इम तरह के ऐलान करने थे तब तो वह सही म्रादमी थे, शाही इमाम थे लेकिन जब वह उसी जामा मस्जिद मे वक्फ चाई के खिलाफ, मौजुदा सरकार के खिलाफ झौर प्रधान मत्री के खिलाफ काग्रेस पार्टी के खिलाफ बोलने लगे तो कहा गया कि मौलाना झब्दुल्ला बुखारी पालिटिक्स कर रहे है, यह गुनाह है । पता नही कितनी मस्जिदो में भाज भी कितने इमाम झौर मौलवी चुनाव के समय काग्रस पार्टी को बोट देने के लिए फतवा दिया करते है। लेकिन तब वे पालिटिक्स नही करते । लेकिन जब काग्रेम के खिलाफ़ बेले जाने है तो गुनहगार हो जाते है। यह मुमलमानो की हिन्दुस्तान मे तकदीर है। पिछले 27 साल से इनको कांग्रेस पार्टी ने ग्रपना बोटर बना कर रखा है वे न मुसलमान है मौर न ही उनका कोई मजहब रहने दिया गया है । उनको केवल काग्रेस पार्टी का वोटर बना कर रखा

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गया है । यहा पर झगडा यह पैदा होना है, चार्ज यह लगाया जाता है कि यह कोई पैतिक जगह नही है, विरासत मे इमामत नही चला करती। हिन्दुस्तान मे, इस जम्हरियत मे जो बडे बडे पद है वजीरेग्राजम वगैरह के वे तो पैलिक बन जाने है लेकिन कहा जाता है कि इमामत पैविक नही बनेगी, हकुमत की मर्जी पर चला करेगी बना करेगी। शाह जहान के बाद से आज तक झब्दुल्ला बुखारी के परिवार के भ्रलावा कोई जामा मस्जिद का शाही इमाम हुन्ना है क्या ग्राप रिकार्ड दिखा कर मुझे यह बताण्गे ? अगर नही हआ है तब यह आरोप क्यों और क्यों यह कहा जाना है कि कोई यह विरामन की जगह नही है ? ग्रसल मे जो लोग सरकार चला रहे हैं उन म से कुछ कुर्सी विरासत म पाते जा रहे हैं। मजहब की विरामन नही चलेगी, झब जम्हरियन झौर सियामत की विरामन चलेगी, यह कैमे हो मकता है ?

दूसरा आरोप यह है कि अन्दुल्ना बुखारी ने चन्दा इकट्ठा किया । उन्होने बक्फ बोर्ड को लिखा कि जामा मस्जिद की दरिया फट गई है, जामा मल्जिद की दीवारो को मरम्मत नही हापा रही है। वक्फ बोर्ड ने कोई बयाल नही किया । तब ग्रम्युल्ना बुखारी ने, जिन को झाप शाही इमाम कहा करते थे, बहां धाने वाले दर्णनार्थी लोगा, पूजा करने बाले मुगलमानो, ने कहा कि हमारी कुछ मदद कर दो। जामा मस्जिद के नोटिस बोर्ड पर लिया हुआ है, कि वहा की दरियाँ फट

कई मौलवियों ने फतवा दिया है कि जामा मनजिद की इमामन को किरा रे पर नही उठाना चाहिए। उत्तर भारत मे बक्फ बोर्ड की प्रापर्टी का जितना झगडा चलता है, उस का कारण यह है कि उत्तर भारत की माइनारिटी में ग्रपना दखन रखने के लिए भारत सरकार वक्फ बोर्ड के जरिए माजिश चलाती रहती है। न केवल दिल्ली में, बल्कि पजाब मौर हरियाणा में ऐसा हा रहा है। पजाब की एक मस्जिद के बारे म मुझे बनाया गया है कि उस मस्जिद से लगी हई जा दुकान किराये पर उठाई गई है उस दुकान मे हाटल और शराब का ब्रहा खोला गया है। कौन है उस का चैयरमैन ? काग्रेम पार्टी के एक एम० पी० है।

30 जुलाई के क्वेस्चन नम्बर 1023 का श्री फखरदीन भनी भहमद का जवाब भी मेरे पास है, जिस में उन्होने माना है कि पजाब वक्फ बोई ने एक मस्जिद को किराये पर दिया है। उन के बाद भी वह हजरत चेयरमैन बन गए हैं। उन पर 307 के मुकदमे भी चले हैं। उन पर मोटर चुराने का का मुकदमा दर्ज हुआ है। उस के बाद भी बह चेयरमैन बन गए हैं। स्थिति यह है कि मुसलमान जब तक म्राप की मर्जी से रहे, वाहे उस पर मुकदमा चलता रहे चाहे वह शरियत के खिलाफ काम करना रहे तब तक वह **365** Incidents in Jama MAGHA 30, 1896 (SAKA) Incidents in Jama 366 Masjid Area (Dis.) Masjid Area (Dis.)

अवफादार, धार्मिक झौर मजहबी मुसलमान है। अगर जैसे ही वह झाप के खिलाफ उंगली उठाने लगेगा, उस की उंगली तोड दी जायेगी । ग्रगर शेरे-काश्मीर बनोगे, तो जेल मे डाल दिए जाझोंगे झौर झगर बिल्ली अन जाझोंगे, तो गद्दी दे दी जायेगी । यही झब्दल्ला की सकदीर भी है।

डा० कैलास (बम्बई दक्षिण) : पंजाब -से कोई मुसलमान एम० पी० नही है । -कौन हे वह⁹

भी जनेक्षर सिक्षः तैयव साहव कहां से है?

डा • कैलास : हरियाणा में ।

भी जनेक्वर मिश्व : वह किस वक्फ - बोर्ड के चेयरमैन हैं ? पजाब हरियाणा वक्फ बोर्ड के चेयरमैन हैं । ग्राप मुझमे जबदंस्ती नाम लिवाना चाहते है । मै चाहता था कि नाम न लिया जाये ।

जामा मम्जिद के पास जो हुआ है, अब मै उस की चर्चा करूंगा । जामा मजिस्द के भीतर गोली चलाने का क्या तुक था ? गानी चलाने के दाग भभी पडे हुए हैं ? क्फ्रंयु लगा था। एक सोलह महीने का बच्चा छन से गिर गया। उस के घर वालो ने नुलिस वालो से कहा कि हाम्पिटल जाने दो, लेकिन पुलिस वालो ने उन्हे हास्पिटल तक नही जाने दिया और तीन घंटे के बाद वह बच्चा तडप तडप कर मर गया।

ग्राप ने श्री इसहाक सम्भली का भाषण सुना है कि बहां पर जानवर बिना पानी के तडप नडप कर मर रहे हैं। क्या हिन्दुस्तान को सरकार जामा मस्प्रिद के इलाके को कबंता का मैदान बनाना चाहती है. जहां नाग पानी बिना तड़प तडप कर मर रहे हैं। इसका क्या मतलब है? ये लोग हिन्दुस्तान के मुसलमानों को क्यो टेरराइज ग्रोर ग्रातकित करना चाहते हैं। क्या मकसद है उन का?

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आनवर पानी बिना तड़प तड़प कर मर आये, बच्चे को चोट लगेगा लेकिन कर्फयू की वजह से उस को दवाई न मिल पाये झौर वह तड़प तडप कर मर जाये, यह पुलिस की वहशियत झौर जगलीपन है। वह श्री ब्रह्मानन्द रेड्री झौर इम मरकार की पूलिस है।

यह झगडा जनसंघ धौर मुसलमानों का नही है, हिन्दुओं धौर मुसलमानों का नही है। यह झमड़ा सरकार धौर मुसलमानों का है। इसाम अकेस्ना नही है। शेख अब्दुल्ला कभी अकेला नही थे। मैं ने पहले कह दिया है कि झगर मुमलमान सरकार के खिलाफ उगली उठायेगा, तो वह उंगली तोड दी आयेगी। (व्यवधान)

भीमती सहोदराबाई राय (सागर) : मुमलमानो को सब प्रधिकार प्राप्त हैं। मुसलमान ऊंचे मे ऊचे पदो पर, राष्ट्रपति के पद पर , बैठे हुए हैं। (ध्यवधान)

भी जनेववर मिभा: मैं ने यही तो कहा है कि सहकार कहती है कि अगर मुसलमान हमारी मर्जी से रहेंगे, तो उन्हें बड़ी से बड़ी बखशीज दे दी जायेंगी-काश्मीर की गद्दी, हिन्तुस्नान की गद्दी या पटना की गद्दी, लेकिन अगर हमारे खिलाफ चलोगे, तो उगली तोड़ दी जायेगी। इन्होंने अच्छा किया कि राष्ट्रपति की याद दिला दी।

आमा मस्जिद के इलाके में लगातार 48 घंटे तक कान्टीन्युग्रस कर्फ यु लगा रहा----जम्मा के दिन 4 बजे से इतवार के 4 बजे तक लगातार कर्फुंयू इतना बढा कर्फुंयू ग्रादमी चाय कहां से पीये, पानी कहां से पीये, लकड़ी कहा से लाये ? लोग ग्रपने घरों में भूखों तड़फ़ते रहे । क्यों ? कौन सा इतना बडा नूफान खड़ा हो गया था कि ऐसे लम्बे कर्फयु की जहरन पढ गई ।

[श्री जनेंडवर भिषा]

इमाम ने गलती की थी. मसलमानों ने लगती की थी. कि उन्होंने ग्राप के खिलाफ जलस निकाला । लेकिन जामा मस्जिद ने झाप का क्या गनाह कर दिया था ? जामा मस्जिट की बिजली झौर पानी का बम्बा हो हिनो के लिए काट कर रख दिया गया। (काखस.न) यह रिपोर्ट है। 2 फरवरी से क्रिस्टरी तक जामा मस्जिद की पाक जगह की बिजली झौर पानी क अभ्वा काट कर रख दिया गया ।

एक माननीय सदस्य : किसी ओर ने काटा होगा ?

श्री जनेइवर मिश्र : क्या जयप्रकाश नारायण से ? ग्राटल विहारी वाजपेयी ? 301 ते ? या ज्यामनन्दन मिश्र ने ब्रह्मानन्द रेइडी ने ? ग्रपने गनाहा से इम मरह न भागिए ।

एक माननीय सदस्य किमी ने मरकार को बदनाम करने न लिए ऐसा किया होगा ।

श्री जनेत्वर मिश्र इस वात को नोट करना चाहिए । और मारे मन्क का जानना बाहिए कि ये लाग अपनी गलती का छिपाने के लिए हमेशा दूसरे पर उ गली उठाया करते हैं। इतनी खुली हई गलती क्यो नही मानते?

यह बाग्दान हुई है। केवल अन्दुल्ला बखारी की रिहाई में मामना खत्म नहीं हो जायेगा। लोगा की जाने गई है। किम की गलती से गई है. इस की जाच होनी चाहिए । में यह भी चाहगा कि यहां में वक्फ बांड को खत्म कर दिया जाये । जामा मस्जिद या मसलमानो के लिए ही वक्फ बोर्ड क्या ? सिखो के गुरुदारों के लिए तो कोई मिनिस्टर बहा नहीं है। आर्य ममाज की बहुत बडी अयदाद हिन्दुम्तान में है। उसके लिए कोई मंत्री नही रहना है, कोई बोई नही बनना है।

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लोग खद ग्रपना काम चलाया करते हैं। ये मजहबी मामले हैं। इन में सरकार क्यों दखल देती है ?--इस लिए कि मसलमानों के बीच में कहीं न कही बंगलिंग करता है। (काववान) सन्दिरों के लिए क्या कोई सती है ? क्या पडित कलमलापति विचाठी हैं ? जहा तक देवस्थान का प्रण्न है. क्या सरकार की तरफ से उस में कोई सीधा दखल है? मार्य समाज की जायदाद को देखने के लिग सरकार क्या दखल देती है । सिखों के गरुदारो को देखने के लिए सरकार क्या बखल देती है। अगर नहीं देती है, तो ममलमानो के बक्फ वे लिए सरकार इतनी दिलचम्पी क्यों ने रही है। इसी में झाप पर शक पैदा होता है । इसलिए बक्फ बोर्ड को खन्म कर दीजिए, मसलमानो पर छोड दीजिए कि वे कैसे ग्रंपनी जायदादों को चलात है. कैमे उन का इल्तजाम करत है।

में चाहगा कि न तवल दिल्ली के पुलिस ग्रधिकारियों भौर दिल्ली क लेपिटनट गवर्नर ने खिलाफ कार्यवाही हो, बल्कि होम मिनिस्टर के खिलाफ भा कार्यवाही हानी चाहिए । अगर प्रधान मंधी जा यहा रहती, तो मै उन के सामने कहना कि आज आप का होम मिनिस्टर इस तरह ती हरकत कर रहा है कि हिन्दुस्तान का मसलमान अपने को भारत सरकार के इन्हें ने नीचे ममूरकित महसस कर रहा है ।

18 brs.

SHRI SAMAR GUHA (Contai): Mr Chairman, Sil, it is a matter of worst shame, regret and tragedy that such barbarous atrocities could have been perpetated by the police in and around, what has been rightly described by my friend Mr Shamim, 'a historical monument of our national pride,'-I mean, the Jama Masjid.

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Sir, I do not want to recall what has been said already about the tragedies of the killings of 17 young men, one college girl, the looting of so many shops, the arrest of 700 persons etc.

Sir, I only want to draw your attention with regard to a recent survey about the walled city of Shajahanabad. According to that survey 3.7 families live in each house and 5.9 persons are there in each families and of which 72 per cent live very much below the poverty line. In that area the curfew is still continuing.

I do not know by what name can call it, whether it is less than humanitarian; I do not know whether I would be inapt or so if I call it barbarous; I do not know what term I should use because they have adopted a means of political vendatta; that is to say they want to teach those people who live below the poverty line a lesson by starving them and driving them to a miserable condition

Out of this tragic happening, out of this bloodshed of those 17 young men. I should say, there is one silver lining, there is a lesson to be taken for the nation as a whole, that is to say, that despite the conspiracy that was hatched by the police cum certain politicians etc to give a twist to this religious dispute into a communal trouble, that attempt was resisted by the people living in and around Jama Masjid. I do not know in what way I should convey my heartful congratulations to them about the way they have shown how communal harmony can be maintained despite all these various provocations by certain elements.

There is yet another lesson we have to take and it is this.

The attitude which the Government has taken so far has been quite dictatorial. They want to create a feeling in the minds of the minorities, the Muslim brothers, that if they are with the Establishment, with the ruling party, the Imam is an angel today; but the moment he rebels against the Establishment, the moment he rebels against the ruling party, he is a devil tomorrow. If he says anything against the Establishment or ruling party he will not only be dubbed as a devil but he will be crossed, so that this will be a lesson for the future for the others too

Sir. I do not want to go into the question of legitimacy; I do not want to go into the question of whether convention should be the way 01 heriditary procedure should be the way of having the Imam installed and all that I do not want to talk about that just now. I do not feel competent to speak about that. Hazrat Mohammad selected four Kalifas not on the basis of heridity, but otherwise I now recall that even Mrs. Subhadra Joshi in an article described the Imam of Jama Masiid as a Venerable Shahi Imam'. I wonder how such a man who was eulogised so much in this manner could be arrested under MISA.

This angel of a few days before is now termed to be a devil because it dared to challenge the dictatorial attitude of the present Government because of their attitude Shri Shahnawaz Khan is not here. I do not want to call him a General any more Even the Patriot has written an editorial and it came in all the papers On the morning of that day the Wakf Board meeting was convened The rumours were there that there might be some trouble It was no secret and it was known to everybody It was such a delicate and sensitive issue whether the hierarchy should be adopted or a new principle of election should be introduced not by Government and not by the nominated body. The Wakf Board has not got the right to nominate the Imam. Appointment of the Imam of the historical Jama Masjid was such a delicate issue Shri Shahnawaz Khan should have known it earlier. It was his duty to settle the matter amicably through negotiations and with an understanding. But

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he did nothing. I know what Shri Shahnawaz Khan has become today. Since 1956 when he signed the document about Netaii he has mortgaged his conscience and, as a result of that, he got this reward; within three months after signing of this document. he became a Minister Before the Khosla Commission report was out. Khosla Commission showed its report to him and he did not have the guts to say at that time what he felt about that report. Shahnawaz Khan whom 1 know personally and whom Netaji made a General tolerated the disparaging remarks about Netaji made by the Khosla Commission Report. This report, prior to its publication, was shown to him. He had no guts to say what he felt about it. He has mortgaged his conscience. If he was sensible enough, he would not have allowed the policemen to shoot indiscriminately on the heads and on the doors of the Jama Masjid killing the people like flies or animals. I do not knew what dominated him or prevailed upon him to permit such an indiscriminate shooting. That is the reason why I would not like to call him a General I do not appreciate the way in which the curfew has been clamped and the way in which it was allowed to be continued. Young men The way were beaten mercilessly the poor people were starved shows that this would submit to the establishment The way it WAS done shows that there was a political conspiracy or there was a political objective And there was a political tragedy collusion behind the whole that was enacted I should say. It did not happen suddenly or spontaneously. It was enacted to teach a lesson to these devils who were angels a few days before. I want to say a few things about this and I shall conclude.

The whole House has heard the speeches from this side and that side also. Atrocities have been committed. The way in which they have been committed, the way in which shooting has been done and the way in which

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the curfew was imposed and was allowed to continue and the way in which people had been killed or indiscriminately arrested shows that these things happened under the very nose of the citadel of Indian politics. I should say this. If this was not a case for a judicial enquiry. I do not know what else can be fit enough for a judicial inquiry. A judicial enquiry is necessary to find out who gave the order for shooting and who provoked them to shoot at and why they should shoot at the doors of Jama Masiid? The way in which they shot at the doors of Jama Masind and the way in which the curfew was clamped and was continued and to find out all these things, an impartial judicial enquiry is necessary. That is our demand and that has to be accepted. Secondly, if Shahnawaz Khan has an iota of respect left in him he should resign forthwith. Thirdly, the police officer who is responsible for issuing the order of shooting indiscriminately should be immediately suspended Curfew should be withdrawn and all the persons arrested should be released forthwith.

Lastly at the other speaker ລໄຮດ emphasised Government should not have an over-riding control in dealing with the religious matters. It has not been done in the case of any other community, therefore, why only have dominating bodies like Wakf Board to control over the Muslim minority and use this mechanism as means of this political lever. I join with all other speakers in demanding that this Waqf Board should no longer be a nominated board but a Board elected by the people of the community.

श्री क्यास नवन निभा (बैगूसराय): वेयरमैन साहब, मुझे इम बात का सबन प्रफसोस है कि मैं कुछ देर के लिये सदन से गैर हाजिर था। मालूम नहीं कि दिल्ली की किस्मत में हर साल कितने हादसे लिखें हुए हैं। प्रभी पिछली यींगी का जब्म अर्ज नहीं पाया था कि एक दुरा जबन उमर

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झाया झौर घभी तक इस जख्म से खून निकलना जारी है । मैंने झाज प्रपने साथियो के साथ जा कर उस स्थान को देखा, झौर मेगे झाखों ने जिन वानो को देखा मेरी जवान उस को पूरी तरह से बयान नही कर सकती और मभी तक जब कि मामला सगीन है, उसमें सभी नी कशमकग है, टेन्शन है उनमें मभी भी किसी को पूरी तरह झपनी जुबान खोलनी भी नही चाहिये ।

अभी माननीय सदस्य मुलेमान सेठ साहब ने हमारे सामन जिन बातो का जिक किया, उन बातो को मुन कर, मेरा ख्याल है कि जायद ही इस सदन के कोई सदम्य हा, जिन की झाखों में झासू भर न झाये हो । हम लोग जो उन बडी परम्पराझो में पले हैं और जिन लोगों ने फिरकापरस्ती के जमाने में बडी कठिन परिस्थितियों का मुकाबला किया है. झाज जब माइनोरिटीब को ऐसी हलान में देखने है तो हमारी परेजानी बढ जाती है । और जब हम इस के बारे में कुछ जुबान खालना चाहने हैं तो दूसरी तरफ में हम को कहा जाना है कि झाप इस में मियामी तौर पर कुछ नाजायज फायदा उठाना चाहने है ।

मै ग्राप माहबान में पुछना चाहना ह इम सारी मजलिम में पूछना चाहता ह---जब दिल्ली की छाती पर यानी हिन्दुस्नान की छानी पर ऐसी बारदाने हा तो इस मदन का म्याफर्ज हो जाना है ? इस सदन के सभी सदम्य बतलाये कि ग्रगर हम उन दुखदर्द की बहानियां का यहां कहे तो क्या हमारे लिये ऐसा करना जर्म है ? मैं यह भी में चर्चा कर झार काई उस पर उ गली उठाये तो वह उगली गल कर गिर जायगी कोई कैमे कह मकना है नि इस का मैं सियामी तौर पर बुछ मजहबी कायद के लिये उठाना चाहता हू । मेरे जैमा मादमी इम बात को सोच भी नही सकता ।

हकमन-हिन्द का तख्त है. ग्रीर लाल किला भीर जामा मस्जिद दोनों को मिला कर देखिये कितना झाल्दार मन्त्रर दिखाई दना <u>ਨ</u>ੀ है। ऐसी जगह पर आप र रहने हुए 17 जाने गई हो. इस हकमन क रहने हए. ग्राप की फौज के रहते हुए. ग्राप की मारी पुलिस के रहते हए--- तो यह कितनी शर्म की बात है। पिछली गर्मियों में जब यहा पर कछ म्रफमोमनाक घटना हई तो माननीय मदम्य मलमान में र माहब ने कहा था--- उस समय फौज को क्यों नहीं बलाया गया । मैं आप मे पूछना चाहता ह----2 तारीख को जो वार्दान हई, उस के बाद क्या भाप इम तगह मे बन्दिण वहा नही कर स्कते थे कि जिस मे फिर मे उम घटना की पूनराबलि न होती, जो बाद में मागे चल कर हुई? साप की फौज किन दिनो के लिये है. माप चारो तरफ ऐसी नाकाबन्दी कर सकते थे कि दोबारा वह घटना न हो। लेकिन साप ने ऐसा नही किया सौर दोबारा वह घटना हई भीर उस में 6-7 जाने गई। तो इस तरह से 17 जाने जाये---दिल्मी की छानी पर--- मौर मैकडो आदमी जरूमी हा-दिल्ली की छानी पर---जामा मस्जिद की दीवारों पर गोलियों के निज्ञान हो---नो क्या ग्राप इम को लोक सभा वहेंगे. जिस लाक सभा में उस की चर्चा तक न हो धौर चर्चा करने वालो को झाप बदनाम क कि वे उस में सियासी फायदा उठाना चाहन है--- इस को कैसे सहन किया जा सकना 2 ÷

जहा पर यह मदन बैठ रहा है जहा पर

हम चाहन है कि इस का पता लगे कि समी बाग्दाने इननी बर्वरना इतनी वहणियन कैंसे हर्ट। खब ग्राप के उपर हमारा सेनमाद नहां हैं माइनोरिटीज का भी ग्राप पर एनमाद नहीं है क्यांकि ग्राप के रहने हए वह दोवारा घटना हुई 8-10 दिना के ग्रान्दर ही घटना हुई 1 मै चाहना ह कि ग्राप इस को किसी जज के हाथ में दीजिये जज साहब इस को देखेंगे किसी, सियासी ग्रादमी **FEBRUARY 19, 1975**

श्रिः इयामनन्दन मि.श्र]

गृह मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री एक॰ एच॰मोहसिन) : कान्मिल के चेयरमैन हैं। मैन्टल वक्फ कान्मिल के चेयरमैन है।

श्वी श्यामनस्वन मिश्व : मेरा सवाल है कि बे क्यो सेम्बर या चेयरमैन बनना चाहने हैं क्या ग्राप की टन शाही महलो से नशपकी नही होनी. मोटर-गाडियो से नशफकी नहीं होनी? इसी लिये ि आप चाहने है कि ये जो मन्दिर, मस्जिद हैं उन से जो सियासी नौर पर फायदे हो सकने है, उन फायदों को भाष उठाये । वत्रीर को रहने की वहा कोई इआजन नहीं हा सकनी है ग्रोर न होनी चाहिए क्यांकि अगर कोई बजीर होना है, तो क्यां बक्फ कौमिल मरकजी बक्फ कोमिल को आप सिथामी जामा पहनाना बाहने हैं ।

SHRI F H MOHSIN For your information, it is in accordance with the Act passed by this House

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA is it in accordance with the Act that there must be a Minister? SHRI S. A. SHAMIM: But the ' Waqf Act does not give powers to the Waqf Board to appoint the Imam.

SHRI F. H. MOHSIN: That is different,

भी एम • रामगोपाल रेड्डी (निजाम बाद): जब हिन्दू कोड बिल प स किया गय था, उस बक्त क्यों भाषाण नही दिय ।

भी इयामनवन मिभः इसमें चैयरमेन माहब बात यह है कभी इस एक्ट को ले कर कोई परेग नी पैदा नही हुई। न घहल, निकम्मे हाथों में ऐस एक्ट किस तरह से कुर फात कर सकता है, यह माप देख रहे हैं। सारा सवाल व्यक्तियों क हुन्ना करना है झौर मन्दिरो को भी बेच्यालय बन ने वाला व्यक्ति ही होन है। इस एक्ट को जिस नरह से झाप से इम्नेस ल किय है. स फ ब न है कि झाप उस क सियामी इस्नेस ल कर रहे है।

चैयरमेन मात्रव में ग्राय से ग्राव ਸੀ कर रहा था कि नये इस.म जो जामा मस्जिह में चमना बाहते थे, इन नये उमाम का परमान हे कि हरुमन क खिलाफ जा बालगा वह काफिर है। यह नये इमाम का फरमान है (अववधान) हम से लोगा ने कहा कि यह इमाम माहब. जो पराने इमाम ये भीर जा भभी भी है. धीर कत तक रहरी खदा जाने । मगर वे इमाम माहब जरंत करने थे मरकार के खिलाफ बोलने की धीर एक पैगाम वे देने थे जामा मस्जिह से भीर दसरा पैगाम बजीरे-आजम हती थी लाल किले में । लाल किले में वैशाय देने वाली जो इमाम हमारी प्रधान मती जी है उन का पैगाम टकरा रहा था इमाम साहब के पैगाम में । ल ग म । ल करने है कि मस्जिद से, मन्दिर से या गुरुद्वारे से बया सियामी बाने होनी चाहिए ? प्रयर प्राप मझे में पुछे तो बिल्कूल नहीं होनी चाहिए और यह बात जायद न गव.र गुजरे जमीम साहब को, लेकिन जेख अवदुल्ला साहब क्या करते है ? वे वहा मस्जिद में बैठ कर के ...

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| | Maspd Area (Dis.) | | | |

भी एस॰ ए॰ शमीम : वे इमाम नही है ?

भी स्थालनन्दन विश्व । वे उस में बैठ कर पैगाम देते है और जब आप उन मे हाय मिला रहे हैं .. (ग्रयथान) । जाहिर बात है कि नये इमाम का फरमान है कि नई नुमात्र पढ़ी जाए । वे नई नुमाज पढाना चाहते थे। नई नुमाज के माइने है सरकार के गीत गाझो झौर बहत दिनो तक गीत गाये भी गये. बुखारी साहब ने बहुत दिन तक गीत गए और क्या-क्या उन का इस्तकबाल हमा, दुनिया की बडी बडी राजधानियों की सैर कराई गई स्रौर बडी बडी दानने दी गई झौर क्या क्या नही किया गया । इमलिए जब तक झाप इम को नहीं महमूम करेंचे कि साप की दखनविहानी की वजह से मस्जिद में, जो शाही मस्जिद है जो मरकजी मरिजद है और दुनिया में जिस का नाम है. यह सब बाने हई है भीर मरकजी हक्मत को उस में दखल नही देना चाहिए या ? तब तक वाते दरम्त नहीं होगी । इम नजरिया वी वजह में ही यह सब बाने रई हैं। प्रगर रम का फैमला करना था कि इस में इमाम खानदानी होना चाहिए या नहीं होना चाहिए अह झलग बात है मगर यह शाहजहा के बक्त स चला आता है और अगर उस में ऐसे निव मे आदमी निकल आए मैं इमाम साहब रु बारे मे कोई बात नहीं कहना, मेरी उन में थाई। हो बात हई है-ना माप मसलमाना क जा बडे बडे लोग हैं उन को बुलाये मौर इम बारे मे फैमला कर मगर इस का फैसला माननीय मत्री भी ब्रह्मानन्द रेही के द्वारा और माननीय श्वी शाहनवाज खा भ द्वारा नही हा सकता है और न होना चाहिए। यह असल बात है । हो में माप में यह मर्ज करूगा कि सरकार इसके बारे में सांचे . (খ,ৰখান) .हमें मानूम होता है कि शमीम साहब बहत अकरार है ।

आ गाणगीय सवस्य . वे झेरे-ए-कझ्मीर हैं।

Incidents in Jama 378 Masjid Area (Dis.)

भी क्यामनन्वन निभाः झेर-ए-कक्सीर जिस तरह से पिजरे के प्रन्दर बन्द है, उसी नरह से वे किसी सीट पर वहा गिरिफ्त होने के लिए बेकरार हैं।

भी एस॰ ए॰ झमीम : श्राप को यह तकनीफ है कि कही ग्राप के चहेने को पिंजरे मे न निकाल दे।

भी झ्यामनम्बन मिश्र : ग्राप जाइए, शौक से जाइए ।

यह बनाया गरा कि इमाम साहब बक्फ कॉमिन को माटिंग में कुछ फिपाद करने के लिये गये थे तटा म्ब्राहिरा करने गये थे। जहा तक मुत्राहिरे का मवाल है यह एक जम्हरी हक है। किमी ने हमें बनाया कि इमाय माहव वड़ा वडे खनरनाक इथियारा से लेंग हो कर गये थे। इसका मतलब यह भी हो मकता है कि इताम माहव के खतरनाक द्रधियारों में लैंग होने की ग्राप को पहले में चेतावती थी । तो बहुत लोगों के माय इमाम माहब को चतरनाव हवियारा में लेंस हो कर जाने को इजाजन क्यों दी गई। मगर यह तिनों न नहीं बताया कि बडे खतरनाव हबिशरा में लेग हा कर गये थे। हा यह मुनने कां मिना कि कुउ हॉनेग टडो कुउ मीने ट्डे मगर इ को बाद का पह बान हो जानी चाहिये ची कि दा घरे के प्रन्तर हो 10 जाने जाये. ग्रीर इत्ता ही नहा 100 ग्रादमी जबमी हवे मीर 40 दकाने जल गई। दो घटे के मन्दर इतना मारो वाग्वाने कैंरे हो गई। नगा इसके पीछे कोई रनानिग नहीं यो मौर रलानिंग ग्रागर यो तो कि के प्रतिग की ? क्या ममनमान धाने हाथा में झानो दुकाने को जलाना चाहते थे ? क्या ममलमान भपने हाथों में गोलि हा दागना चाहने ये दीवारों पर, जामा मस्जित को दोतारों पर । इस पर किसी को एतमाद होगा । दो घटे के मन्दर वें सारो वारदाने हा वई झौर इसी से मालुम होता है कि इपके रोठे बहुत कुछ प्लानिंग थी।

श्री इयामनन्दन मिश्री

में माप से यह भी पछ कि उर्द मखबागे के ऊपर खास तौर से बल्दिश क्यो लगाई गई ? यह समझ मे नही ग्राया कि इन्ही ने माथ ऐसा बर्ताव बना हम्रा ? कम्यनल हारमनी के खिलाफ कोई बात न हो. यह ठीक बान हे लेकिन मैं भ्राप से पूछना चाहता ह कि यह किस जहनियत की निशानी है कि ग्राप ने उर्द अखबारो पर खास तौर पर बन्दिश लगा दी। मैं समझता ह कि यह फिरकादाराना जहनियत की निशानी है कि भाप ने खास तौर पर उर्द के ग्रखबारो को इस का शिकार बनाया जो माप का उर्द झखबार है "झल-जमियत". उस प्रखबार ने उसी तरह से माग उगली, मगर झाप ने उस ग्रखबार के ऊपर कोई बन्दिश नही लगाई यह सगढा कोई हिन्द-मसलमान का झगडा नही है और सारा सदन मबारकबाद दे रहा है दिल्ली के शहरियों को कि उन्होंने शान्ति बनाए रखी और झगड़ा नही हमा, मगर आप ने उर्द झखबार पर सेसरशिप लगा दी और उन को करफ्य पास तक देना मनासिब नही समझा । मैं समझता ह कि इस मे बढ कर गैर-इन्साफी की बात नहीं हो सकती है।

ग्रब मैं कुछ मागो के बारे में कहना चाहता ह एक दो मिनट के ग्रन्दर । यह सभी लोगो की राय है और मैं पहला ही सदस्य नही ह जो इस राय को इस माग को सदन के सामने रख रहा ह कि जितने परिवारों के लोग मरे है उन को मन-सित्र मुझ विजा जन्द मे जल्द मिलना बाहिए और पुरा मग्राविज्ञा मिलना चाहिए । जानों ना तो नाई अग्राविजा नहीं हो सकता, मगर फिर भी जा हिन्द्रस्तान की हकमत दे मबनी है वह उन का पूरा मधाविजा दे झौर जो दुवान जल गई है उन दूवाना के लिए भी पुण मग्राविता मिलना चालिए । इस के स्रलाता उद संख्यारों के ऊपर में प्रतिबन्ध, बन्दिणे जन्द में जन्द उठानी चाहिए झोर मै तो कहगा कि उर्द क अखवारों को प्रेम कौमिल के मामने जाना चाहिए कि उन के माथ इस

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तरह का डिल्कीमिनेटरी टीटमेंट हमा है ग्रीर बतलाना चाहिए कि क्यों हम्रा है। ग्रीर इस सदनकी साफ राय है कि उद के ग्रखवागों के साथ ऐसा डिस्कीफिनेटरी टीटमेंट न हो सौर इस वरफ कोसिल ----ग्रीर यह बक्फ बोई क्या कहते है. ये क्या बला है, यह पूरी तरह से मेरी समझ मे नही झाया-को पनगठन करना चाहिए ग्रीर सरकार को इम बान का एलान करना चाहिए झौर उस पर झब कोई सियासी रग डालने की कोशिश न करेगा। ज्युडिशल इनक्वायरी तो सारी बानो की जरूर होनी. ही चाहिये।

भाखिरी बान कहना चाहना ह । जामा मस्जिद के ऊपर जो गोलियो के निशान हैं ग्रगर उनका कुछ भी मधाबजा देना है----मतलब यह कि उसके लिए कुछ पण्चाताप करना है---तो में कहगा और इस सदन की भी यह राय होनी चाहिये कि हिन्दम्तान के प्रेजीडेट ग्रीर प्रधान मती को जा कर उसके दरवाजे का सिर लगाना चाहिये ग्रीर इसके लिए माफी मागनी चाहिए, परचाताप प्रकट करना चाहिय । यहा दिल्ली में जामा मस्जिद रे ऊपर गोलियों के निशान है। यह कडे द ख की बात है।

भी एस॰ एम॰ बनर्जी: मै आपका बडा मशकर हरि ग्रापने मझे इस पुरदर्द वाके पर अपने जजवात ना तथा अपने गस्मे और रोग का उजहार करने का मौका दिया है ।

मै दो ताराख को जब कानपूर के बापिस माया ना कुछ नागा न मझे फान किया कि माहब यह बहन ही ददनाक वाका हा गया है झार पुलिस ने गोली चलाई है। मुझे माल्म यह हका कि शाह नवाज खा साहब वक्फ बोई की मीटिंग में गये हये थे। मैंने खद उन्ह क़ोन किया भीर पूछा कि वह महीसलामन तो है। उन्होने कहा कि बह

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भामली सी चीज थी. कछ नही हवा श्रीर सब मामला ठीक हो गया है। मैं उनसे उम्मीद करता था कि वह कम ग्रज कम मझे बतायेगे कि मत्मला उतना छोटा नही है। उसको वह जितना छोटा बताते थे बैसा छोटा यह मामला नही था। तीन तारीख को मझे पता चला कि बडी बेदर्दी के साथ. छोटे छोटे बच्चो पर. बहनो पर गोलिया चलाई गई हैं. उनको गोली का शिकार बनाया गया है। इसमे हमारा मिर शर्म में झक जाना चाहिये था। ग्राज ग्रगर पडित नेहरू जिन्दा होने तो क्या वे वहन कउने कि माई हैड हैग्ज डाउन इन जेम ? लेकिन ग्राप यह भी नही कहते है। मैं ग्रापको याद दिलाना चाहता ह कि 1958 में जब भगी कालोनी में बेतहाशा गोलिया चलाई गई थी घीर दो चार लोग मारे गये थे घौर इस लोग काले जिल्ले लगा कर धारे हे धौर वाक ग्राउट करने वाले थे न, उस शख्श न आकर खद हाउस में कहा था कि माई हेड हैग्ज डाउन इन गेम । उसके बाद हम लोगा में यह तावन नहीं रह गई थी कि वाक धाउट करते । इस लोगों ने बाव ग्राउट करने वा अपना डगदा तर्क कर दिया। उनमे इसा-नियन थी। माज भी इसानियत का यह तकाजा था भीर भाषते हम भाषा करने थे कि पहले ही दिन कमग्रज कम इस सेशन के खलने के बाद कोई स्टेटमेट इसके बारे मे आप करेगे. कम श्रज कम कहेगे कि हम दुख है उस पर जिस तरह में पुलिस ने वहा पर गोलिया चलायी ।

मुझावजा देने की बात की गयी है। मैं भी चाहता हू कि जो मरे हैं या जख्मी हुये है उनको भरपूर मुझावजा मिले। लेकिन जिस मा का लडा मर गया है क्या उसका बेटा उसको वापिस मिल जायेगा, जिसकी बेटी चली गयी है क्या उसको झपनी बेटी वापिन मिल जायेगी, जिसका झोहर चला गया है क्या

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उसको ग्रपना शोहर वापिस मिल जाएगा ? ग्रभी भी उम इलाके मे दहणत फैली हुई है। उसको दूर करने के लिये ग्रापको फोरन कदम उठाने चाहियें।

बुखारी माहब ने कुछ ऐसी हरकते की आपका यह इलजाम है कि जिनकी वजह से उनको गिरफ्नार करना पडा। लेकिन आपने किम दफा के मानहन उनको गिरफ्नार किया स्था यह मीमा का नाजायज और गलन इस्नेमाल नही है । ताजीराते हिन्द मे पचामो दफाये हैं जिनक नहन ग्राप उनको पकड मकते थे। क्यो आपने मीमा क उनके खिलाफ इस्नेमाल किया । या भी और वजूहान मे से एक वजह थी ि हम आपको से उ करना चाहने थे। औ यह एक जबर्दम्न वजह थी।

पुनिस के बारे म दिल्ली की मेर मग्रजित हन मभदा जोगी जी ने कहा है ग्रीर में उनकी बडी उज्जत करना ह ग्री करना रहगा कि पुलिस ने लोगों के खिला कुछ नहीं किया बडे सब में काम लिया है मझे मालम है कि पुलिस ने सब से का लिया था। लेकित बाद में दिन्दा की तर मे उनमे पेश ग्राई. मकानो से खीच खीच व नोगों को उसने मारा पीता। दा केमिम मे पास है। एक मादमी कानपुर से माया था बह मदर बाजार स मामान खरीदने के लि ग्राया था । गरीव संसलमान था । इ नई दिल्ली में तो बह रह नही सकता था एक मुमलमान के लिये शायद कोई धर्मशा या मुमाफिरखाना भी नही है जहा अह सके। ता गलियों में ही बें रह सकने है तारीक मकानों में ही रह सकते है बिल्ली मारान मेे ठहरा। उसको ब में गिरफ्ताग कर लिया गया। उसने क कि मैं लिजारत करने की गजं से झाया था उसने कबके दिखाये । उसने जितने । रुक्के दिखाये उतने ही उसको मबके म

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[श्री ए र० एम० बनजी]

गये। बहु आर बार रोने लगा। फिर भी जसको फोडा नहीं गया बाद में जाकर फोड़ा गया। दिल्ली मे होम मिनिस्टर रहते हैं हमारी मग्नजित बहन प्रधान मवी श्रीमती इन्दिरा गांधी रहती है। उस जगह गेमी घटना हो जाये ग्रीर उसका कोई उपाय न किया जाये कोई इलाज न किया जाये. तो यह कि 1ने शर्म की बान है। फिरका परश्त ताकनो को इसके लिये दोषी ठहराया जाता है। कहा जाता है कि उन्होंने ग्राग में घी डाला। वे ऐसी कोशिण कर सकती है झौर करेंगी। लेकिन आप फिरका-परश्त ताकनों के हाथ मजबत क्यो कर रहे है। होम मिनिस्टर साहब को चाहिये था कि खराले ही दिन वहां जाने । सगर वह ऐसा करते तो म मला खन्म हो जाता । माजिश किसने की है, किम का इसके पीछे हाथ है, टमकी ग्रदालनी जाच होनी चाहिये...

डा० कैलास : ग्रोन मेहता माहब दो बार इन इलाको में गये।

भी एस॰ एम॰ बनर्जी : माप चले जाते तो कन से कम लोग समझने पर मजबर हो जाते कि डाक्टर नहीं कम में कम कम्पाउन्हर तो झाया है, लोग जार जार रो रहे थे। ग्राप उनकी हिम्मन बदा सकने थे। मै दग रह गया इस तरह के नजारे देख भौर सून कर । कानपुर म इसी तरह से एक उन्नीम मान का बच्चा मर रहा था। मुझे मालूम हथा । मै भ्रापनी जान को हयेली में रख कर बहा गया भीर उसको बचाने की काणिश की । मैं उस कानपुर का रहने वाला ह जह पर गणेश सकर विद्यार्थी ने ग्रपने प्राणों की घाटनि इसी काम में दी है। होम मिनिग्टर को चरहिये या कि बहु जा कर उन लोगों की झाखों में ज। नमी थी उसकों दूर करते, उनके घ वो पर मरहम पड़ी करते, वहा जा कर देखते, लोगों की तकलाको को दुर करते।

मैं कहंगा कि इस सारे मामले की झदा-लती जाच होनी चाहिये झौर उच्च स्तर पर होनी चाहिये। पता लगाया जाना चाहिये धागजनी कैमे हई, गोली क्यो चलाई गई, किसकी यह साजिश थी. किन का इसमे डायरेक्टली या इनडायरेक्टली हाथ था । पलिस ग्रफसर जो दोषी हैं उनको मग्रलिल किया आये । ऐसा नही होना चाहिये कि मैमन सिंह ने जो कह दिया वही सही है। हमने बहुत से कमिशज को देखा है कि उनमे उन लोगो को नियक्त कर दिया जाता है जो रिटायर्ड होते हैं या टायर्ड होते हैं और तीन तीन साल बने रहने का उनको मौका वे दिया जाता है । ऐसा नही होना चाहिये । में यह सब उस मा बाप के दष्टिकोण से कह रहा ह जिसका इकलौता बेटा मार गया है इकलौनी बेटी मारी गई है। इस तरह की जो वारदाने हा रही हैं ये क्यो हो रही हैं? इनको ग्राप रोवने की काणिण करें। हमारी माशा यह थी कि ग.रे जम्हरिया इमके बारे मे कुछ कहेंगे लेकिन उन्होने कुछ कहना ठीक नहीं समझा भौर न वह समझेगे । भगर यही हालत अर्कालयतों की रही तो मल्क कमजोर पहेगा। हमे एक दिन क हना पडेंगा ग्रीर मसलमान एक दिन कहेगे

> गुजर गये सब वे दौर साकी कि छिप कर पीने ये पीने वाले।

बनेगा मारा त्रहा मयखाना झौर क्या वदाखार होगा ।

इनको मत्ता तानकर खडा होता पडेंगा। ग्राप मेहत्वानी करके उनकी हिफाजत की गारटी दीजिये, उनको यकीन दिलाइये कि उनकी जिल्दगिया महफूत हैं ग्राप उनके रहबर बनेंगे, मार्हागन बनेंगे ।

THE MINISTER OF HOME AF-FAIRS (SHRI K BRAHMANANDA RLDDY) Sir, I express my deep grief at the loss of 12 lives on February 2, 1975, and also on February 14, 1975 I also wish to send through you my heartfelt condolences to the mem-

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bers of the bereaved families. I also express my sorrow for all those who were injured, including the several policemen who were also seriously injured

It is unfortunate that any opportunity that is afforded to the House for a discussion takes a political turn Only politics is imported into the discussion rather than an objective assessment of the situation It is very unfortunate.

Before I make further remarks I would like to place facts before the House, so that you may appreciate the great restraint that was observed by the police and the great provocation that was given by the rioters

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA We have seen the restraint that the police of Delhi exercised when there was a raid on 7 Jantar Mantar Road

भी इसहाक सम्भली : प्रगर मिनिस्टर साहब इम तरह पुलिस की तार्राफ करंग ता वह हमारी धार इस हाउस की बइउजनी बरंग। सिर्फ दा पुलिस मैन जख्मी हुय थ।

भो जनेइवर शिक्ष : मती महादय ने जिस तरह म कहा है, उसम मालूम हाता है कि जैस इम सदन ने उनका हाम मिनिस्टर नहां बनाया है, बल्कि पुलिम न बनाया है।

SHRI NOORUL HUDA (Cachar) You should be ashamed that they were shooting at people who had no weapons in their hands (Interruptions)

MR CHAIRMAN Let him have his complete say. If after that you have anything to ask further by way of an explanation, I will give you an opportunity. If you let him have a complete say, you may find that he explains all the objections that you have during his speech. Therefore, do not get excited and please do not interrupt him

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भा इसहाक सम्भत्ती : मै मापका बहुत बुक गुजार हू । भापने बढी म्रच्छी बात कही है । लेकिन जिन इन्सानो ने दस दस कल्ल किये हो, क्या यहा पर उनकी तारीफ करना इस डाउस की इन्सल्ट नही है ?

सभापति महोवयः उनका पूरा बयान होने दीजियः

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSO Did Shri Reddy go and visit the area himself? Did he go and visit the houses where people had been shot dead? He did not go Let it go on record

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY On the 2nd when the Zonal Advisory Committee of the Delhi Wakf Board was holding a meeting presided over by Shri Shahnawaz Khan, the Minister for Wakfs, it was disturbed around 10.30 A M by Shri Abdullah Bokhari and a large number of his supporters. They broke into the building broke up the furniture and tried to set tire to the shamiana

A determined attempt was made to rush towards Shri Shahnawaz Khan who went into an adjoining room it was in the circumstances that Shri Bukhari along with 87 others were arrested Some memoers of the group managed to escape rushed towards Jama Masjid and set aflost rumours that Shri Bukhari had been shot by the police Public exhortations were made that the people chould take revenge against the police

Soon a large nob collected around Jama Masjid, currounded the police post set fire to a police van and smashed the doors of the police post Attempts were also made to set fire to the building

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSI That is a he (Interruptions)

MR CHAIRMAN Please dent interupt

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[Mr. Chairman.]

You may not agree with a word of what he says. That is your right. But please do not have a running commentary. Please don't interrupt. That is not parliamentary system. Please cooperate. If there is any further running commentary I will expunge the remarks.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Soda water bottles, brick-bats and acid bulbs were thrown into the police post....

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU; On a point of order, Sir.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Under what rule? SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Rule 376.

The point is that we are not expressing an opinion. We are relating facts as we have seen with our own eyes. In that context, what the Minister is saying is an unmixed untruth. If I call him a liar, that will be unparliamentary.

MR. CHAIRMAN What is your point of order?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU; That is the point of order.

MR. CHAIRMAN: There is no point of order at all. It is a misuse of point of order.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: The situation further deteriorated at the junction of Chowri Bazar and Jama Masjid where the mob set fire to a DTC bus and to some shops on the western side of the mosque. Large scale rioting occurred in the area on the western, southern and northern side of the mosque. The police were subjected to heavy brick-batting and gun fire from house-tops. The teargas and lathi-charge proved ineffective. Police opened fire and brought the situation under control by 1 P.M.

It is a matter of grief that nine lives were lost out of whom two were the victims of arson and the remain-

29, 1978 Incidente in Jama 388 Marfid Area (Dis.)

ing six died of bullet injuries, including one from a 12-bare gun. 91 persons including 66 policemen, besides the S.P. (Central), the A.D.M. (Central). Additional S.I. (Central), and the S.D.M., Darya Ganj had received injuries. Three police constables, three police vehicles, one D.T.C. bus, four private cars and a large number of cycles and 23 shops are reported to have been damaged in the roots. Five cases of rioting, attempt to murder, arson, etc. were registered.

Curfew was clamped in the entire affected area from 12.15 p.m. on 2-2-1975 to 7.00 p.m. on 4-2-1975. Night curiew was imposed in Sadar Bazar and cerain other sensitive areas as a precautionery measure. Curfew in the affected areas was relaxed from 9.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. and 4.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. on 5th and 6th February. Because you were saying that it was a complete economic blockade and all that, I am giving the facts. On Friday, the 7th, it was relaxed from 800 a.m. to 10.00 a.m., 12.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. and 4.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. to enable attendance at Friday prayers in Jama Masjid

I may also, incidentally, say here that an allegation was made that water supply was stopped that day. But 1 have the information....

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT: I know, water supply was cut, the electricity was cut and the telephones were also cut.

बी अलेशवर लिख : जामा मस्जिद ने क्या गनाह किया था ?

भी इसहाक सम्प्रली : बड़ां पर लाइट भीर वाटर कनेक्शन कटा रहा है मिस्टर रेडी ।

एक मानन व सबस्य : घरे सुनो ।

भी इसहाक सम्भनी : क्या सुनी ?

बी सनेस्वर निथा : फ़ोर्च तक साइट् नहीं गई यहां ।

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SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Electricity in Jama Masjid area was cut off on 7th February since the lines were disrupted in riots and disturbances. The lines were restored the same evening. There is no report of any disruption in water supply.

On 7th February, some sections of the crowd, while returning from prayers at Jama Masjid iemonstrated before the police force, went round in procession and indulge in stonethrowing at a few places. Attempts were also made to snatch rifles from a couple of constables. Two policemen were injured.

On 8th February, curfew was continued with relaxation from 8.00 A.M. to 10.00 A.M. and from 4.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. On 9th and 10th February, it was relaxed between 8.00 A.M. and 12.00 NOON and between 3.00 P.M. and 6.00 P.M. in areas around Jama Masjid, and in the rest of the affected areas curfew was continued only from 10.00 P.M. to 6.00 A.M. From 11th February onwards, curfew was imposed only from 6.00 P.M. to 8.00 A.M.

At about 1.30 P.M. on the 14th February, about 800 persons returning from the prayers started brickbatting at the police post at Jama Masjid and also....

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: Sir, on a point of order.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Not now. You can ask your question later. Let him finish.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY:and also hurled crackers at the police. Despite repeated appeals from the police to disperse, the mob continued to be violent and brickbatting was intensified. A section of the mob also indulged in arson. Police had to fire teargas shells at different places to disperse the mob. Seven persons who got trapped in a restaurant set on fire by miscreants had received burn injuries. They were rescued by the police and Fire Brigade had them

Incidents in Jama 390 Masjid Area (Dis.)

removed to a nearby hospital. Three persons have succumbed to their injuries. The fire was brought under control immediately, but in the meanwhile three shops had suffered damage. 28 policemen including one DSP were injured owing to brick-batting. The condition of six is reported to be serious. Round-the-clock curtew was reimposed from 2.30 P.M. on the 14th to be in force till 12.00 NOON on the 18th February. It was relaxed from 3.00 P.M. to 5 P.M. on 16th and 8.00 A.M. to 10.00 A.M. and 4.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. on 17th and 18th February, 68 persons have been arrested in connection with the day's incidents. Police patrolling in the area continues. 081 persons have so far been arrested.

An amount of Rs. 88,000 has been sanctioned towards relief of the families of the deceased and seriously injured persons (at the rate of Rr. 5000 per family of deceased and Rs. 1000 per injured). Rs. 59,000 have so far been disbursed....

SHRI ISHAQUE SAMBHALI: How many police officers were arrested?

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: The remaining persons who have been sanctioned relief have yet to come to receive the amount.

Several eminent leaders of Delhi including Shri Khurshid Ahmed Khan, Member of Parliament, Shri Mir Mustaq Ahmed, Chairman, Delhi Metropolitan Council, Pir Zamin Nizami, Sahebzada Mustahsin Farooqui, Prof. Mohammed Hussain, Vice-Chanceilor of Jamia Millia and the Chairman of the Delhi Wakf Board have persuaded the Delhi Wakf Board and Shri Abdullah Bukhari to refer their dispute to arbitration by Shri Mohammed Shafi Qureshi. Minister of State for Railways and Shri Qureshi has atso agreed to arbitrate.....

SHRI SHYAMNANDA MISHRA: Again a political person, a Minister arbitrating!

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: It has come out in the Press that Shri Shafi

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[Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu]

Qureshi has been instructed by the Prime Minister. That speaks for itself.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Shri Abdullah Bukhari has expressed his anguish at the serious and unpleasant incidents which took place on 2nd February and thereafter and has given an assurance that he would cooperate with the authorities in restoring normalcy and maintaining peace in the area. Shri Bukhari has been released from detention.

I appeal to the hon. Members of the House and leaders of public opinion to co-operate in promoting an atmosphere of cordiality, understanding and peace.

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT. What about releasing the arrested people? No reply has been given.

SHRI ISHAQUE SAMBHALI: What about the Baradari incidents?

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: As I said at the outset, I am pained at the distortion of the facts and twisting the circumstances to suit their political ends.

Now, a point has been raised by Shri Shyamnandan Mishraji, Prof. Samar Guhaji and also I think, some others as to why Union Minister should be in the Wakf Council. Now, this is an Act passed by Parliament and it says....

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: It was passed when there was no quorum.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: This Act was passed in the year 1954 when the Parliament conducted its business under the able leadership of Pandit Jawharlal Nehru....

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT: The Act has been misused just as MISA has been misused.

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SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Now, let me read for your information so that you may not unnecessarily raise certain points. It says:

"The Central Wakf Council under the Delhi Wakf Act of 1954.....

...shall consist of a Chairman who shall be the Union Minister in charge of Wakf and such other"

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM: I want to move an amendment.....

19 hrs.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY:and such other Members....

की जनेवगर मिन्नुः यह यूनियन मिनिस्टर हैं या स्टेट मिनिस्टर हैं या डिप्टी मिनिस्टर है ?

भी के॰ सह्यानम्ब रेड्डी : यूनियन मिनिस्टर से सेट्रल मिनिस्टर ने मतलब होता है ।

Please wait; your comment is outside; let us know the facts first. It says:

"...,shall consist of a Chairman who shall be the Union Minister in charge of Wakf and such other Members not exceeding 20 in number as may be appointed by the Central Government."

And therefore, Sir.--

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: In the light of experience it should be amended.

MR. CHAIRMAN: That is a different issue.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: The way you have been administering this Act has caused us great disappointment.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Mr. Shahnawaz Khan is not entitled to be Chairman of the Board.

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MR. CHAIRMAN: Please resume your seat. This is not a point of order. This is a question of interpretation of that Act How is that going to assist us? Please do not side track the issue now.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY EOSU: The hon. Minister in his wisdom has chosen to mislead the House. It says 'Union Minister'. Mr. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed was a Cabinet Minister at the Centre; it does not mean that it could be Minister of State. What is the necessity for Mr. Shahnawaz Khan to be kept there?

MR. CHAIRMAN: Where do you get this meaning, that it should be Cabinet Minister? Where do you get it?

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Please see the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Lok Sabha. This is Fifth Edition, 1971. Minister means 'A Member of the Council of Ministers, a Minister of State, a Deputy Minister or a Parliamentary Secretary'.

MR. CHAIRMAN: He knows that; be only wants to re-educate himself; I cannot help it. Please show where your meaning hes, either in the Constitution or rules Where do you rely on this meaning?

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY: You cannot educate him and he refused to be educated That is the whole trouble. In any case, I was listening to the speeches of Sbri Jyotirmoy Bosu-Ji, Shri Vajpayeeji. How political they were! Anybody who has heard would have noticed this. I am glad that Shri H. K. L. Bhagat who comes from Delhi has effectively answered the political nature of the speeches of these learned opposition leaders.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM Don't say so; they will make him Home Minister in place of you!

SHRIK. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Secondly, as it has been stated by very responsible persons like this I am not going into the political nature in a deep way.

But, it has been said by Shri Bhagat Ji that B.J.S. which has been criticised time and again has suddenly developed an affection for this gentleman. This is a matter which he has raised.

भी जिमेश्वर मिथा : किसने कहा है, पूरा कहिये । नाम लेने से डर क्यों रहे हो ?

भी हुकम चन्द कछ्वाय : (मुरैना) : जरा उदाहरण दीजिये ।

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: A very responsible Member of Parliament belonging to Rajya Sabha told me that on the day he went to the Jama Masjid mosque, on the succeeding day, he saw Shri Kanwar Lal Gupta and Shri Anwar Dehlvi inside the mosque conferring with the son of Mr. Bukhari.

SHRI SHYMNANDAN MISHRA: What is wrong with that?

SHRIK, BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Whether it is right or not that is a matter to be judged.

SHRI SHASHI BHUSHAN (South Delhi). This is a conspiracy.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: You know we went round and we talked to the people. We have been doing our duty. I am asking you-did you or your Prime Minister go there?

भी हकम बन्द कल्लवाय : ग्रापको पहले बहा जाना चाहिये था । ग्रगर वह वहां चले में गये तो क्या ग्रगराध किया ।

भी इसीइस अप्रथम : सारी कांग्रेस वहां मौजद मी, सन लोग वहा मौजुद ये।

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU. Did you go there? You did not go there; not even the Prime Minister. You are a vote-catching gadget! SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: It is true....(Interruptions)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY EOSU: You did not go there.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Please wait for a minute. On the 2nd night, only at about 10 p.m. I returned from Madras tour and in the early morning of 3rd I went to preside over an Eastern Zonal Council Meeting at Ranchi and I returned only the next day and therefore I could not go immediately. I am very glad that my colleague, Shri Om Mehta had gone.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: You congratulate him. You were afraid of the bomb everywhere.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Mr. Banerjee, you should know that even today and for all times to come Shri Reddy is not a man to be afraid of!

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Did your Prime Minister go?

MR. CHAIRMAN: I beg your pardon. How is it relevant? I want to understand it. I am asking you how it is very relevant whether the Prime Minister has gone there or not. The facts are known. How is it relevant in repeating this. I am asking you to understand it. This is absolutely irrelevant. (Interruptions). This is completely a difficult guess. This is not dignified to say all such things.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I want to ask why did your Prime Minister not go?

MR. CHAIRMAN: Why are yo_u repeating it again and again. You are interrupting. You had your say.

Now, under Rule 349 it is very clearly laid down:

"Whilst the House is sitting, a member shall not interrupt any member while speaking by disorderly expression or noises or in any other disorderly manner;"

The words used 'shall not interrupt any member'. So, avoid making running commentary when speeches are being made in this House. Please, cooperate. Don't do this? I can understand one or two interruptions but if you make a constant running commentary no speech will be possible. So, please, do not do it.

(Interruptions)

SHRI P. M. MEHTA (Bhavnagar): Sir, I rise on a point of order. I want to know whether the time of the House has been extended with these of the House.

MR. CHAIRMAN: No, anyone else have asked at 6 O'Clock. You did not object. So, we are continuing.

SHRI P. M. MEHTA: It was the duty of the Minister for Parliamentary Affairs to come forward with a motion.

MR. CHAIRMAN: No, anyone else could have done it. What do you want to do now?

SHRI K. RAGHU RAMAIAH: Sir, very often, by consent and by understanding of the House, we continue till the debate is over. We are perfectly in order.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Is it agreed that we continue till this debate is costcluded?

SOME HON. MEMBER'S: Yes.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Sir, if hon. Members bear with me, I will complete my reply in a few minutes. Now, Sir, Shri Sait, Shri Vajpayee and others have said that it is very good that an understanding has been reached between Shri Bukhari and the Waqf Board; that it is good that he has been released. They have said that. I am glad that the dispute which was pending between the Waqf Board and Shri Bukhari has been left to the arbitration of my colleague Shri Qureshi and in due course, he will give his award which shall be binding. Now, Sir, this very thing is irking my friend Mr. Janeshwar Misra.

SHRI JANESHWAR MISRA: I have demanded your resignation. You are responsible for all this.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: When you demand resignations, at least give one or two months interval. Don't do it everyday.

Sir, the rapprochement between Shri Bukhari and the Delhi Waqf Board, through the good offices of my friend, is itself an objectionable point according to Shri Janeshwar Misra. I feel very sorry. If you are really interested in restoring peace and tranquality in that area, if you are also interested in seeing to it that the Muslim opinion or the emotions in? volved are not disturbed, should you feel sorry about this? You should feel glad.

SHRI S. A. SHAMIM: What about the rest of the 700 people who have been arrested?

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: I will reply to it. Therefore, Sir, I would wish to submit this. Sir, it seems to me, from the speeches that have been made, that they want to dis-'urb the relationship, the understanding and the cordiality which has been existing between the Muslim community in the entire country and the Congress right from-not now-the leadership of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and subsequently also. I can understand if you have some points to raise about the law and order situation in a discussion like this. I can understand that. You cannot make speeches and go away without a reply. This is my main point. These discussions should have been used by you to highlight anything that has been done and how relief could be

Incidents in Jama Masjid Area (Dis.)

afforded to the victims etc., etc. Certainly, it is a matter to be considered. But, you should not give it a political twist and go into other matters. I have heard Shri Shyamnandan Mishra-Has h_e spoken a word about law and order? He has spoken about the Waqf Board, the Minister being the Chairman and what not. Has it any relevance?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: What is it that you want me to say? (Interruptions)

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: It is unfortunate that I had been attributed motives. It is unfortunate that some incidents which took place have been mis-interpreted. Take, for instance, the case of Farida. Hon. Shri Sait mentioned about it. It is that very girl who has said that an injury was caused to her on the street. Now, Sir, ...

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT: I have heard that girl.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY: Please bear with me for a little while. She has already been discharged from the hospital. Not that she is completely all right, but she has been discharged from the hospital. We all feel very sorry. If it is true, as alleged, that she was shot from point blank range, she could not have been in the hospital for two days.

Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu mentioned that a man was found with 7 bullet injuries. He did not mention the name.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: He was a teen-ager, a school-going boy. Kindly read the debates and then reply tomorrow.

SHRI NOORUL HUDA: His father's name is Fateh Mohammed Sujauddin.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA RED-DY: I only said that when Shri Bosu spoke, he did not mention the name.

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SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Kindly go to the residence of Mr. Sujauddin and see what misery they are confronted with. I said a teen_aged, schoolgoing boy had 7 bullet injuries on him That is all.

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY. There is nobody either dead or alive who has received 7 injuries of even 5 or 4

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU May be 8

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY Therefore, there is no use trying to exaggerate things

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU You are misleading the House.

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY .. and giving the impression that 0 a police were cruel.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Let there on a judicial probe

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY You have heard what Shri Bhagat said Shri Om Mehta also had gone there and toured the entire area going mto the localities Shri Bhagat also said that the entire street was littered with stones, bulbs, glass pieces and what not (Interruptions)

One point was made--it was rightly answered by my friend and I need not repeat it-that when Shri Bukhari followed by some others was coming, why was he not intercepted when there was sufficient police strength? Supposing he was arrested, you would have said that the great Imam of Jama Masjid was arrested before he said anything. before he did anything

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU · Placed under C class detention.

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY This kind of stories do not cut much ice

Inciddents in Jama Masjid Area (Dis.)

Therefore, in matters of this type, there is no use friends sitting in cosy chairs in air-conditioned houses trving to assess the situation and saying what they please. I am speaking from experience. In a tensioned situation like that, where hundreds and hundreds of people have been throwing brickbats stones, bulbs and so cn--, here were also some shots fired from above-it is for Government to assess it and take necessary action.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Mr. Reddy, you close down the air-conditioning here How many air-conditioned 100ms have you got? You stay in air-conditioned rooms. I do not Do not tell lies here

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY. As regards the firing that was resorted to at four places, in the case of three orders were given by the Magistrate Either the SDM or the ADM Only one fliing took place under the orders of the Inspector of police, Mr. Fasul Ahmad It is not as if the police acted by themselves There were magistrates and it was under their orders that three firings took place, out of four. It is unfortunate ... (Interruptions)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Do you think that we are all liars here? Inspector Moman Singh with his own hand set fire and he was looting houses and shops during the curfew hours. I am taking the responsibility of producing witnesses

SHRI K. BRAHMANANDA REDDY He has said that in the morning; repeti. tion does not make it stronger. There was no special reason why this Moman Singh should be very angry with anybody It is alleged that sometime some posters were printed against him in the name of so and so and so and so. It is a matter to be gone into. None of the persons who seem to have signed these posters had been injured in these riots. Therefore, there is no use making such complaints ... (Interruptions) It is unfortunate that Shri Vajpayee had made some remarks against

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the Lieutenant Governor. I should not allow it to go uncontradicted. He has come a few months ago and he has been trymg to be active in the service or the people Just because he had some suspicion not founded on facts (Interruptions) Congress is strong enough to take care of itself.

The hon Members on this side and on the Opposition side have been saying that surfew should be relaxed to the maximum extent possible and the pegnie should be allowed to transact. Ineir normal business and pursue their avocation As hon. Members have some suspicion not founded on facts pieaded with vehemence both on this side and that side, it is a matter which the Government can look into, namely, the release of those prisoners who violated the curfew orders

A point was made that Bukhari was arrested under MISA He was arreste, under the normal law for noting unlawful assembly etc. It was only later that MISA was used against him (An Hon. Member Why') A suggestion was made from both sides of the House that the shopkeepers whose shops were burnt should be assisted in some way. We are also looking into the matter to see how far we can help the n by giving loans so that they could rehabilitate themselves You are all aware that I have said in my statement that every deceased family was given Rs 5,000 and every injured person was also given Rs 1 000

A point was made by Shri Shyamnandan Mishra that the District Magisucate had issued an order about printing, publishing, etc., of so many papers, Naya Dunua, etc. I may inform the House that those orders had been withdrawn

AN HON MEMBER Why were those orders issued?

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY: If you withdraw, you say: why had it been withdrawn? If you do not withdraw, you are asked why it had not been withdrawn (Interruptions)

Incidents in Jama Masjid Area (Dis)

I have come to the end of my short speech It is a matter for satisfaction that conditions are returning to normal, and it is my request that we should help this process of normality and peaceful life in this locality. We, the Government or some of us can discuss with you at some time later and see how the conditions are persisting in that area, and also looking

SHRI S M BANERJEE What about a judicial enquiry?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Do not make Mohsin a Judge and then order a judicial enquiry

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY I an only saying this that the conditions are returning to normal. It should be our effort to promote peace and cordiality in that area. It should be our effort to see that the people living there are enabled quickly to pursue their avocations and lead their noimal life. And in that process, of course withere can talk to you all of you we can discuss and we can look into it and see what would be necessary in the currumstances of the matter

SHRI LBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT Why no judicial enquiry against police excesses?

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA REDDY Excuse me, this is a matter which is raised whenever any enquiry is asked for. At this particular point of time it should be our effort as I said just now, to restore peace

SHRI EBRAHIM SULAIMAN SAIT We will all co-operate

SHRI K BRAHMANANDA RFDDY I am very happy and I am very glad that vou have offered your best cooperation for restoring peace and normality I am thankful to you and thankful to others also to contribute their mite in this matter Now, therefore, I am saying we are all here let us discuss later and see what best can be done to further ease the situation

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[Shri K. Brahamananda]

if it becomes necessary. Therefore, I close my speech by requesting the entire House and all others concerned to contribute their best to the restoration of normality and peace and cordulity in that area.

SOME HON. MEMBERS rose-

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA. Some clarifications for five minutes.

MR. CHAIRMAN: I will allow one person from each political party and one Independent, Shri Shamim.

SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: I want to make a submission. Only half a minute.

MR. CHAIRMAN: If you make a submission, others will also want to do so. If I allow you, I will have to allow others.

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SHRI S. M. BANERJEE: The hon. Home Minister has not decided to make up his mind whether he is going to have a judicial probe into this incident which has resulted in the death of 17 persons and into the police excesses. They do not want tp. So, as a protest against that we are walking out. We are no more interested in it.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: As a protest we walk out

Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu and some other members then left the House.

19.35 hrs.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the Clock on Thursday, February 20, 1975/Phalguna 1, 1896 (Sika)