

[English]

Power Generation

427. SHRI R. SURENDER REDDY: Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Planning Commission has noticed a huge shortfall in power generation in the terminal years of the Eighth Five Year Plan;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor;

(c) whether the plan targets for overall power generation are also likely to be reduced;

(d) if so, the extent thereof; and

(e) the measures taken/proposed to be taken to make up the shortfall?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO): (a) Mid-Term appraisal exercise for the Eighth Five Year Plan is in progress in the Planning Commission. The likely shortfall in power generation and Plan targets, if any, in the terminal year of the Eighth Five Year Plan will be known only after the exercise is completed.

(b) to (e). Does not arise.

Small Industries Development Organisation

428. DR. MUMTAZ ANSARI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the facilities provided by the Small Industries Development Organisation to various small scale units through its various networks;

(b) the broad details of benefits accrued to small scale units as a result thereof; State-wise;

(c) the details of the Sub-Contracting Exchanges established by SIDQ so far, State-wise; and

(d) the main functions of these SCXs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES AND AGRO AND RURAL INDUSTRIES) (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) Small Industries Development Organisation (SIDO) is an apex body concerned with formulating the policies and co-ordinating the institutional activities both at the Centre and State level for implementing programmes for development of small scale industries and infrastructure for their sustained growth.

The SIDO also provides a comprehensive range of extension services including consultancy in techno-economic managerial aspects, training including EDPs (Entrepreneurship Development Programmes), common facility services like processing testing and tooling, marketing Assistance etc., to the small scale sector through the network of 28 Small Industries Services Institutes (SISIs), 30 Branch SISIs, 4 Regional Testing Centres (RTCs), 13 Field Testing Stations (FTSs), 2 Central Footwear Training Centres (CFTCs), 3 Extension Centres, 2 Production Centres and 1 Small Entrepreneurs Promotion and Training Institute. There are also

specialised Institutions like Tool Rooms and Product and Process Development Centres (PPDCs) National Institute of Small Industries Extension and Training (NISJET), National Institute of Entrepreneurship and Small Business Development (NIESBUD), Centre for Improvement of Glass Industries (CIGI) and Institute for Design of Electrical Measuring Instruments (IDEMI) under SIDO which provide training, consultancy and technical services to small industries in specialised fields. SIDO is also coordinating and monitoring the implementation of Prime Minister's Rozgar Yojana.

(b) The broad details of direct benefits accrued to small scale units from the services of SIDO during 1993-94 are as under:—

- I. Field outlets of SIDO i.e. SISs/Branch SISs organised 70 EDPs of 4/6 weeks duration, 168 EDPs of one weeks' duration and 121 Management Development Programmes in which total of 10036 trainees were trained. These field outlets also conducted 208 skill upgradation programme for 1646 workers of small scale industrial units in various technical disciplines. State-wise details are given in *Statement-I* attached.
- II. Common facility workshop of SISs/Branch SISs executed 12083 jobs benefiting 6859 small scale units. State-wise details are given in *Statement-II* attached.
- III. Technical, economic and managerial assistance was

provided to 71070 existing as well as new entrepreneurs. The State-wise details are given in *Statement-III* attached.

(c) SIDO has established 16 Sub-Contract Exchanges so far at major SISs. These are at Kanpur (UP), Patna (Bihar), Calcutta (West Bengal), Guwahati (Assam), Srinagar (J&K), Ludhiana (Punjab), Jaipur (Rajasthan), Bombay (Maharashtra), Indore (Madhya Pradesh), Hyderabad (Andhra Pradesh), Bangalore (Karnataka), Delhi (U.T.) and Haryana, Ahmedabad (Gujarat), Trichur (Kerala), Madras (Tamil Nadu) and Cuttack (Orissa).

(d) The functions of Sub-Contract Exchanges are:

1. To register the spare capacity of SSI units on various machines.
2. Approach large scale units with a view to list out areas of sub-contracting which could be offered to SSI units.
3. To provide technical assistance to SSI units for creating new capacity for specific process of manufacture of items required by large undertakings.
4. To furnish information to small units on companies from whom orders can be procured.

In these exchanges information about existing sub-contractors is kept and communicated immediately on demand.

STATEMENT-I

Sl. No.	Location of the Small Industries Service Institute	State	Entrepreneurship Development Programmes		Management Development Programmes	No. of trainees trained in skill development programme
			No. of course	No. of persons trained	No. of courses	
1.	Hyderabad	Andhra Pradesh	14	337	10	15
2.	Guwahati	Assam	25	601	3	26
3.	Imphal	Manipur	5	110	1	14
4.	Agartala	Tripura	2	83	1	—
5.	Patna	Bihar	11	308	4	22
6.	Muzaffarpur	Bihar	8	220	6	20
7.	Ranchi	Bihar	6	190	5	49
8.	Ahmedabad	Gujarat	5	120	—	—
9.	Kamal	Haryana	12	336	1	7
10.	Solan	H.P.	7	218	—	26
11.	Srinagar	J&K	1	—	4	17
12.	Bangalore	Karnataka	7	113	6	438
13.	Hubli	Karnataka	5	160	1	23
14.	Trichur	Kerala	14	316	6	47
15.	Indore	M.P.	4	147	2	47
16.	Bombay	Maharashtra	7	183	7	60
17.	Nagpur	Maharashtra	3	91	—	12
18.	Cuttack	Orissa	7	208	7	77

Sl. No.	Location of the Small Industries Service Institute	State	Entrepreneurship Development Programmes		Management Development Programmes	No. of trainees trained in skill development programme
			No. of course	No. of persons trained	No. of courses	
19.	Ludhiana	Punjab	14	404	2	18
20.	Jaipur	Rajasthan	18	582	7	14
21.	Gangtok	Sikkim	1	10	1	—
22.	Madras	Tamil Nadu	22	815	20	463
23.	Agra	U.P.	6	281	—	52
24.	Allahabad	U.P.	6	275	4	43
25.	Kanpur	U.P.	8	287	10	30
26.	Calcutta	West Bengal	8	175	11	31
27.	Goa	Goa	3	60	—	10
28.	New Delhi	Delhi	4	213	9	85
29.	RTC New Delhi	Delhi	2	20		
30.	RTC Calcutta	West Bengal	2	24		
31.	RTC Madras	Tamil Nadu	1	12		
32.	PC Ettamanur	Kerala	3	71		

STATEMENT—II

Sl. No.	Name of State	No. of jobs undertaken	No. of units benefited
1.	Andhra Pradesh	110	98
2.	Assam	1539	360

Sl. No.	Name of State	No. of jobs undertaken	No. of units benefited
3.	Bihar	600	322
4.	Delhi	3768	275
5.	Goa, Daman and Diu	244	74
6.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	40	51
7.	Haryana	214	50
8.	Jammu & Kashmir	211	173
9.	Karnataka	990	1030
10.	Kerala	265	180
11.	Madhya Pradesh	890	742
12.	Maharashtra	2269	643
13.	Manipur	59	45
14.	Nagaland	165	42
15.	Orissa	505	386
16.	Punjab	429	290
17.	Rajasthan	308	250
18.	Tamil Nadu	937	642
19.	Uttar Pradesh	899	528
20.	West Bengal	1031	678

STATEMENT—III

Sl. No.	Name of the SISI	State	Technical assistance rendered to small scale units
1.	Agartala	Tripura	782

Sl. No.	Name of the SISI	State	Technical assistance rendered to small scale units
2.	Agra	Uttar Pradesh	3585
3.	Ahmedabad	Gujarat	3789
4.	Allahabad	Uttar Pradesh	1327
5.	Bangalore	Karnataka	1916
6.	Bombay	Maharashtra	3532
7.	Calcutta	West Bengal	2760
8.	Cuttack	Orissa	2581
9.	Delhi	Delhi	1209
10.	Gangtok	Sikkim	155
11.	Goa	Goa	140
12.	Guwahati	Assam	2586
13.	Hubli	Karnataka	3050
14.	Hyderabad	Andhra Pradesh	3003
15.	Imphal	Manipur	40
16.	Indore	Madhya Pradesh	4290
17.	Jaipur	Rajasthan	4682
18.	Kanpur	Uttar Pradesh	8540
19.	Karnal	Haryana	2800
20.	Ludhiana	Punjab	6479
21.	Madras	Tamil Nadu	9167
22.	Muzaffarpur	Bihar	2439
23.	Nagpur	Maharashtra	438

Sl. No.	Name of the SISI	State	Technical assistance rendered to small scale units
24.	Patna	Bihar	1064
25.	Ranchi	Bihar	54
26.	Solan	Himachal Pradesh	478
27.	Trichur	Kerala	143
28.	Srinagar	Jammu & Kashmir	43

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[Translation]

Fertiliser Industry

429. SHRI KASHIRAM RANA: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether investment in fertilizer industry has declined;

(b) if so, the investment made in fertilizer industry during each of the last three years;

(c) whether the Government are contemplating a new long term strategy in this regard; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI RAM LAKHAN SINGH YADAV): (a) No, Sir.

(b) As per available information, the investment in the major fertilizer units commissioned during each of the last 3 years was about Rs. 280 crores,

Rs. 1522 crores and Rs. 1027 crores, respectively.

Currently, six major projects are under implementation with an estimated investment of about Rs. 5500 crores.

(c) and (d). Government is pursuing a long term strategy to augment fertilizer production capacity through setting up of new plants, expansion/modernisation of the existing units and through setting up joint venture projects in other countries having abundant and cheaper raw materials.

[English]

Research and Development

430. SHRI BRAJA KISHORE TRIPATHY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are providing any incentives for in-house Research and Development in the private sector;