

the States and the Union Territories, deaths due to laparoscopic sterilisation operations during the last three years were as follows:-

<i>Year</i>	<i>No. of deaths</i>
1989-90	36
1990-91	42
1991-92 (upto December 1991)	15

Twenty Central Laparoscopic Training Centres have been opened at 'A' type (teaching) post partum centres in different parts of the country. Besides four regional centres of excellence at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Delhi have also been established for imparting training to improve the quality of sterilisation. Twelve more centres of excellence are being established in different parts of the country for this purpose.

In order to improve the quality of laparoscopic sterilisations, avoid complications and eliminate chances of deaths, detailed guidelines have been issued to the State Governments/Union Territories Administration. These guidelines, inter-alia, include (i) performance of operation by fully trained doctors (ii) proper selection of patients (iii) performance of operations under local anaesthesia in the presence of a trained anaesthetist (iv) provision of proper follow-up services (v) limiting the number of cases per team in a camp, per day, to only 30 at the primary health centre level and 100 at the taluk/district level hospital (vi) proper sterilisation of the laparoscopic equipment.

Nuclear Fuel Complex

*787. SHRI K.V. THANGKABALU: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT & FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the proposed expansion of

the Nuclear Fuel Complex at Hyderabad is likely to cause environment; problems in the city;

(b) whether there is any agitation from environmentalists against expansion of the said Complex, and

(c) if so, the reaction of the Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS: (SHRIRANGARAJAN KUMARAMANGALAM): (a) The proposed expansion activities at Nuclear Fuel Complex, Hyderabad have been examined in detail and environmental safe-guards stipulated while according clearance, so as to obviate any environmental problems.

(b) There is no agitation reported.

(c) Does not arise.

Repair of Railway Bridges

*788. SHRI G.M.C. BALAYOGI: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of old Railway bridges identified for repair/renovation, zone-wise; and

(b) the funds allocated for this purpose?

THE MINISTER OF RAILWAYS (SHRI C.K. JAFFER SHARIEF): (a) Zone wise number of railway bridges identified and programmed for rehabilitation and rebuilding is as follows:-

Central	72
Eastern	96

Northern	16
North Eastern	13
Northeast Frontier	46
Southern	48
South Central	95
South Eastern	27
Western	36

(b) Funds allocated for 1992-93 are Rs. 73.2 crores.

Brain Drain

*789. SHRI MOHAMMAD ALI
ASHARAF FATMI:
SHRI NITISH KUMAR:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the percentage of fund allocated to IITs out of the total allocated budget for education during 1992-93;

(b) the percentage of students from IITs who migrated to other countries during the last three years;

(c) the average expenditure incurred on each student of IITs during that period;

(d) whether the Government propose to lay down certain conditions to compel IIT graduates to serve the country for some minimum period to avoid brain; and

(e) the other steps taken by the Government to discourage/check the exodus of technical experts from the country?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN

RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) The percentage of funds allocated to IITs out of the total allocated budget for education during 1992-93 is about 7.

(b) As per the report of the IIT Review Committee of 1986, about 20% IIT graduates go abroad.

(c) The average expenditure per student per year as estimated by IIT Directors for the year 1989-90 for the undergraduate level is about Rs. 52,000/-, for postgraduate level about Rs. 77,000/- and for Ph.D about Rs. 98,000/-

(d) No such proposal is under Government's consideration at present.

(e) A number of steps have been taken by the Government to attract the Indian scientists and technologists who are settled abroad. These steps include temporary placement of scientists and technologists under the scheme of Scientists' Pool, certain of supernumerary posts, facilities to import equipment by scientists and technologists returning from abroad, delegation of enhanced administrative and financial powers to scientific institutions, the scheme of transfer of know-how through expatriate nationals, etc.

Return Reservation Facility

*790. SHRI DHARMANNA MONDAYYA SADUL: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) the names of stations/cities where the facility for securing return reservations is available at present; and

(b) the programmes drawn up for providing such facility in more cities during 1992-93?