

(कहा) कि सरकार को यह पता है कि अर्थशास्त्र और अर्थशास्त्रियों के कामों को बहुत तेजी से आगे बढ़ाने की आवश्यकता है - हमें यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि उन को फायदा पहुंचाने के लिए सरकार क्या कर रही है -)

श्री स० का० वाटिल : मैं नहीं मानता कि यह सवाल इस सवाल से उठता है। यह सवाल जो नया सिस्टम इंट्रोड्यूस किया गया है, उस से ताल्लुक रखता है। काम के साथ इस का कोई सम्बन्ध नहीं है।

श्री स० सु० तारिक : मैं यह पूछ रहा हूँ कि आठिनरी टुक काल करने में, चूक प्रजेंट और इमिडियेट काल्स की तादाद बहुत ज्यादा होती है, मौका नहीं मिलता है, लोगों को बहुत तकलीफ होती है। मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि उन को सहूलियत देने के लिये मिनिस्ट्री क्या कर रही है।

(मैं यह पूछ रहा हूँ कि अर्थशास्त्रियों को अर्थशास्त्रियों के कामों को बहुत तेजी से आगे बढ़ाने की आवश्यकता है - हमें यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि उन को फायदा पहुंचाने के लिए सरकार क्या कर रही है -)

श्री स० का० वाटिल : आप का सवाल तो ठीक है लेकिन वह इस सवाल से उठना नहीं है कि आठिनरी काल्स क टाइम मुकर्रर किया जाये।

Shri Dasappa: In view of the fact that the efficiency of the personnel operating the exchanges is as important as the devices, has it come to the notice of Government that very often considerable delay occurs in the operators giving us the information?

Shri S. K. Patil: We know it and we are making every effort to see that the delay is as much eliminated as possible and the efficiency of the workmen improved.

Rice Producing Methods in China

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*571. { Shri Bhakt Darshan:
Shri Ajit Singh Sarhadi:
Shri Nagi Reddy:
Shri D. V. Rao:
Shri Osman Ali Khan:
Shri Vajpayee:
Shri Bibhuti Mishra:

Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that it is proposed to send a delegation to China to study rice producing methods;

(b) if so, whether such delegations would contain only farmers who actually do farming in rice, and

(c) if so, the number of delegates and the States to be represented thereon?

The Minister of Agriculture (Dr P. S. Deshmukh): (a) Yes, Sir

(b) and (c) No final decision has yet been taken regarding the composition of the delegation

श्री भक्त दर्शन : कुछ वर्षों पहले से केन्द्रीय सरकार और राज्य सरकारें खान उगाने की जापानी प्रणाली का प्रचार करती आ रही हैं, और अब चीनी प्रणाली के बारे में यह अध्ययन मंडल भेजा जा रहा है। मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि इसमें कौन सी विशेषता है जिसके लिये इतना रुक किया जायेगा ?

Dr. P. S. Deshmukh: It will take some time if I were to describe the difference between the two systems

श्री भक्त दर्शन : मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि इस अध्ययन मंडल को भेजने के बारे में कब तक निर्णय हो जायेगा और कब तक वह जाने वाला है ?

श्री ४० श्री १० वैशम्पक : हमारा इरादा इस को मार्च में भेजने का था। मगर बाइलीज बोर्डी का कहना है कि वह जुलाई में भेजा जाये तो ठीक रहेगा। शायद हाउस को विदित है कि एक तो शिष्ट मंडल जिस में एक्सपर्ट्स हैं भेजा गया है साइन्स इरिगेशन के अध्ययन के लिये।

Shri Tyagi: The Japanese system was propagated in our country only recently. May I know if it has failed and why we are now trying to switch on to another system?

The Minister of Food and Agriculture (Shri A. P. Jain): It has not failed; it has yielded excellent results. But we want to learn good things from anywhere in the world; we do not want to confine ourselves to any one system.

Shri Tridib Kumar Chaudhuri: The hon. Minister recently went to China and praised the Chinese system. What is the difference between the Japanese system and the Chinese system?

Dr. P. S. Deshmukh: The main difference is that the Chinese resort to deep ploughing and they fill up the space layer after layer with compost and soil. The other difference, which is a contradiction, is that whereas the Japanese method requires very few seedlings, the Chinese use seeds profusely going up to 600 lbs. per acre as against 6 to 8 lbs. in the Japanese method. They say they use so much seeds on experimental plots where they want to get a big yield.

Shri C. D. Fande: Has the Government's attention been drawn to a statement in the Chinese papers that the yield is about 350 tons per acre? Does Government believe in such fantastic figures?

Shri A. P. Jain: We have seen that news item referred to by the hon. Member. We do not want to express any opinion on it.

Shri C. D. Fande: I want to know whether that was the temptation for

Government proposing to send this delegation or is there any other factor?

Shri A. P. Jain: It is not only for that reason, but we have good information that the Chinese have made progress. We wanted to know how they have progressed, so that we may benefit by it.

Shri Tyagi: Have we any Ambassador in China?

Shri C. D. Fande: Even in this country, there is a wide range of difference in the production per acre, from 10 maunds to 100 maunds. May I know whether Government have exhausted the possibilities within our own country to get at least to the 100 maunds level?

Shri A. P. Jain: We are trying our best to increase the production. Of course, there is a wide margin between the production of the poor farmer and the rich farmer. We are trying to make the best use of such information as we can gather inside the country, but nonetheless, we also want to gather information from outside.

श्री बाबूषेयी : क्या प्रतिनिधि मंडल भेजने का निर्णय करने से पूर्व सरकार ने अपने किसी अधिकारी को चीन भेजा था जिन्होंने जाबब बाने की पद्धति का स्वयं निरीक्षण किया है और यदि भेजा है तो उन की रिपोर्ट क्या है ?

श्री ४० प्र० जैन : इसीलिये तो भेज रहे हैं।

श्री बाबूषेयी : मेरा सवाल यह है कि प्रतिनिधि मंडल भेजने से पहले किसी अधिकारी को भेजा गया था देखने के लिये या पूरा प्रतिनिधि मंडल ही अध्ययन करने के लिये भेजा जायेगा ?

श्री ४० प्र० जैन : जुना जायेगा कि कौन कौन भेजे जायें और चूँकि निरीक्षण करना है, इसीलिये तो हम भेज रहे हैं।

Shri Kodiyar: I understand that Government are going to try this Chinese method of cultivation at some selected places. May I know if these places have been selected finally?

Dr. P. S. Deshmukh: No, Sir; they have not been selected: This matter was referred to the Rice Committee which met at Cuttack.

Shri Tyagi: What about the Korean method? (Interruption).

Mr. Speaker: I cannot go on allowing questions, but evidently it seems to be in the back of the mind of hon. Members that for rice and for every small thing, we are only drawing from other countries and this country is always put up so as to follow the example of some other country and it never gives anything of its own to other countries. I would like to allow as much discussion as possible. That seems to be the motive behind all these questions.

Shri A. P. Jain: The primary field from which we can benefit is inside the country, but, some other countries have also made progress in certain directions and we want to benefit from that. We do not want to copy blindly either from Japan, China or any country in the world.

Mr. Speaker: Some time ago in the crop planning, about 8000 lbs. were produced by some Salem rice agriculturist

Shri Tyagi: I suggest we have a Japanese Minister in the Cabinet. (Interruptions)

Mr. Speaker: Next question.

Transport Co-operative Societies for the Educated Unemployed

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 *572. { **Pandit D. N. Tiwary:**
Shri Ram Krishan:
Shri Osman Ali Khan:
Shri Rami Reddy:
Shri Kodiyar:
Shri Madhusudan Rao:
Shri Anrobbade Ghosal:
Shri Bimal Ghose:

Will the Minister of Transport and Communications be pleased to refer

to the reply given to Starred Question No. 590 on the 4th December, 1958, and state:

(a) whether the reactions of the State Governments to set up Transport Co-operative Societies for the educated unemployed have since been received;

(b) whether any concrete shape has been given to the scheme; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Transport and Communications (Shri Raj Bahadur): (a) The Governments of West Bengal and Kerala and the Delhi Administration have agreed to set up the societies subject to certain modifications. Details of financial assistance required by them from the Central Government are still awaited. The Governments of Bombay and Madras have not so far communicated their reactions to the scheme.

(b) and (c) The selection and training of the personnel required to run the Co-operative Societies in the three States mentioned above, which is the first phase of the scheme, is expected to start within the next two or three months. Pending their training, other details will be finalised with the State Governments concerned. If no replies are received from the remaining two States by the end of March, the Co-operative Units will be allotted to other States.

Pandit D. N. Tiwary: May I know at what place the training centre will be located, how many persons are going to be trained there and of what category?

Shri Raj Bahadur: It is for the State Governments to choose the locality for setting up this particular society. The machinery for training, of course, will be evolved in consultation with them.

Shri Osman Ali Khan: May I know whether the Government is aware of the existence of the ex-servicemen transport co-operative society and