

an expenditure of about Rs. 7.5 lakhs on its transportation.

2. Between 1950—1955, Government of India examined various proposals for the utilization of this plant, but no final decisions were taken. In 1955 a Committee appointed by the Government inspected the equipment and recommended that the main pieces of the plant were in good condition and that, with proper repairs and rehabilitation and by procuring some new equipment, a plant could be set up for producing methanol and/or ammonia. Arrangements have been made to obtain a project report for setting up the plant from M/s B.A.S.F. and further action will be taken on receipt of the report.

**Shri Anrobindo Ghosal:** What is the loss that the Government has incurred due to the delay?

**Shri Satish Chandra:** This plant was obtained free of cost. The only expenditure incurred was on transportation, that is, about Rs. 7.5 lakhs, and about Rs. 5 lakhs to Rs. 6 lakhs have been spent on its maintenance.

**Shri Vajpayee:** May I know if Messrs. B.A.S.F. have been asked to submit their report within a certain period?

**Shri Satish Chandra:** It would not take much time. The engineers of the B.A.S.F. are already on the spot examining the plant. They will be able to produce a report shortly.

**Shri Tridib Kumar Chaudhuri:** Has there been any opposition on the part of Sindri Fertiliser factory in whose charge this plant is for its maintenance and has there been any proposal from any private party to hand it over to them for utilisation?

**Shri Satish Chandra:** There has never been a question of handing it over to a private party. Sindri has not been opposed as far as maintenance is concerned. Sindri has spent some amount over its maintenance and there is every possibility of the plant being utilised by Sindri itself.

**Shri Tangamani:** This plant was received from Germany as early as 1950-51. May I know as to why so much time has been taken for inviting Messrs. B.A.S.F. to send their project report?

**Shri Satish Chandra:** This plant was received as part of the reparations from Germany round about 1951-52. In 1950-51 it was offered to us and then its transportation took some time. This is a plant for the production of methanol, a chemical for which we did not have much demand and therefore it could not be utilised. As the demand is expected to rise now and it is estimated that in 1960-61, half the capacity of this plant can be utilised, we are thinking of putting it up.

#### प्रकाशक वित्तीय निगम

\*१९६८. श्री भक्त दर्शन : क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) हिन्दी प्रकाशक संघ का जो अधिवेशन कुछ समय पहले आगरा में हुआ था क्या उस के द्वारा पारित इस आशय के प्रस्ताव की प्रतिलिपि सरकार को मिल गई है कि सरकार प्रकाशकों को सहायता देने के लिये एक प्रकाशक वित्तीय निगम की स्थापना करे; और

(ख) यदि हाँ, तो सरकार ने इस मांग पर क्या कार्यवाही की है?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री के सभा-सचिव (जी ए० ए० जोशी) : (क) और (ख) इस प्रश्न का उत्तर मंत्री महोदय शिक्षा मंत्रालय फिर किसी दिन देंगे ।

An Hon. Member: Also in English.

Mr. Speaker: Yes.

**Shri A. C. Joshi:** The question will be answered by the Minister of Education on a subsequent date.

श्री भक्त वर्मा : श्रीमान् इस सम्बन्ध में मैं केवल यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि क्या यह प्रश्न इस मंत्रालय के सम्बन्धित नहीं था तो पहले ही क्यों नहीं इसे शिक्षा मंत्रालय को परिचित कर दिया गया ताकि आज इस का उत्तर दे दिया जाता ?

Mr. Speaker: It was to be answered by the hon. Parliamentary Secretary.

Shri A. C. Joshi: The hon. Minister of Education has agreed to answer this question and you, Sir, have also agreed to the transfer.

An Hon. Member: Today?

Shri A. C. Joshi: No, not today but on some other day.

Shri Surendranath Dwivedy: Why then was it put on the Order Paper today?

Dr. M. S. Aney: Is fresh notice required?

Mr. Speaker: I will examine the matter. But hon. Members must thank the hon. Parliamentary Secretary for saying that he has transferred it to the Education Ministry instead of saying, "I have nothing to do with it".

#### भारत सेवक समाज

\*१९६६. श्री विभूति मिश्र : क्या योजना मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) भारत सेवक समाज ने प्रथम पंचवर्षीय योजना और द्वितीय पंच वर्षीय योजना काल में फरवरी, १९५६ तक गावों के पुनर्निर्माण के लिए विभिन्न राज्यों में कितने नेता पैदा किये ; और

(ख) उक्त कालावधि में भारत सेवक समाज पर कितना धन व्यय किया गया ?

अब और रोजगार तथा योजना मंत्री के सभा-सचिव (श्री ल० ना० मिश्र) : (क) और (ख) सदन की मेज पर एक विवरण प्रस्तुत है। [वेकिले परिसिस्ट ७, अनुबन्ध संख्या १]

An Hon. Member: In English also.

Mr. Speaker: Yes.

Shri L. N. Mishra: (a) and (b). A statement is placed on the Table of the Sabha. [See Appendix III, annexure No. 1.]

श्री विभूति मिश्र : मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि भारत सेवक समाज के द्वारा सरकार की नवी बाटी योजनाओं—कोसी, रामोहर बैली, भाखरा-नायल—में किस हद तक सहायता मिली है और सरकार को इस से कितनी बचत हुई है।

श्री ल० ना० मिश्र : भारत सेवक समाज से सभी नवी बाटी योजनाओं में सहायता नहीं ली गई है। कोसी सम्बन्ध और नागार्जुन में ली गई है। भारत सेवक समाज का दावा है कि उस के जरिये से सरकारी कोष में काफ़ी बचत हुई है।

श्री विभूति मिश्र : मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि जिला स्तर पर भारत सेवक समाज एम० एन० एच० और एम० पी० से कितना धन में सहयोग लेता है।

श्री ल० ना० मिश्र . माननीय सदस्यों को खबर है कि भारत सेवक समाज के सम्बन्ध में प्रान्तीय और जिला स्तर पर एडवाइजरी कमेटी बना दी गई है, जिस में एम० एन० एच० और एम० पी० भी जाते हैं।

Shri Shree Narayan Das: May I know whether the accounts of Bharat Sevak Samaj have been audited with a view to find out whether some grants to that body have been properly utilised or not?

Shri L. N. Mishra: In the first place, I would like to say that Bharat Sevak Samaj does not get any grant for organisational purposes. For specific programmes it gets money on specific conditions and it has to submit the accounts which are audited.