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Br. M. M. Das: These schemes are meant only for poor and meritorious students.

विद्यापियों में अनुसासनदीनता

* ४४४. श्री विभ्**ति सिश्चः** क्या शिक्का मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा कर्रोंगे कि:

- (क) क्या सरकार विद्याधियों में से अनु-कासनदीनता को सिक्रय रूप से मिटाने के लिए कोई बोजना बना रही हैं. और
- (स) यदि हां, तो उसकी विस्तृत बातें क्या हैं और कब तक इसके क्रियान्वित होने की आशा हैं?

रिशक्ता मंत्री के सभासचिव (डा० एम० एम० क्रास): (क) हां।

(स) इसका विवरण सभा के सामने हैं। [वृंतिसए परिशिष्ट २, अनुवन्ध संख्या ४१]।

श्री विभ्रति निश्वः क्या में जान सकता हूं कि विद्याधियों के अन्दर अनुशासनशीलता बनाए रखने के लिए क्या सरकार पाठ्यक्रम और अध्या-पकों के रहन सहन में फर्क लाना चाहती हैं? हा० एम० एम० इत्ताः सरकार जिन बातों पर ज्यादा जौर दंती हैं, वे सब विदरण में हैं।

Mr. Chairman: Seth Govind Das.

Shri Bhibhuti Mishra rose-

Mr. Chairman: I have called Seth Govind Das.

मेठ गौषिन्य शास: जहां तक विद्याधियों में अनुशासनहीनता का प्रश्न हैं, क्या सरकार के पास भिन्न भिन्न राज्यों से इस प्रकार की कोई रिपोर्ट आती हैं कि विद्याधियों में विशेष रूप से अनुशासनहीनता किस किस राज्य और किस किस स्थान पर हैं?

डा० एम० एम० दास: नहीं, एंसी रिपोर्ट केन्द्रीय सरकार को नहीं मिली हैं।

श्रीमती तारकेश्वरी सिन्हा: क्या में जान सकती हूं कि क्या सरकार के पास यह जानने का कोई साधन हैं, और क्या सरकार ने इस बात की तहकीकात करने की कोशिश की हैं कि इन दो चार पांच वर्षों में अनुशासनहीनता इतनी बढ़ती क्यों जा रही हैं?

डा० एम० एम० वासः सरकार कोसिश करतीः हैं।

ECONOMIC SURVEY IN JAMMU AND KASHMIR

*545. Shri Ibrahim: Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any survey of the economic conditions in Jammu and Kashmir was undertaken by the Central Government after 1947; and
- (b) if so, what was the expenditure on this survey and what were its findings?

The Deputy Minister of Home Affairs (Shri Datar): (a) No.

(b) Does not arise.

श्री इत्याहीमः क्या आयन्दा कुळ एसा सर्वे करनेका रूयाल हैं?

श्री कतार: नहीं।

SMUGGLING

*546. Shri Sarangadhar Das: Will the Minister of Finance be pleased to state:

- (a) the total number of cases of smuggling of goods detected from the former French settlements between January, 1954 and December, 1954;
- (b) what is the estimated value of these goods; and
- (c) in what way these articles have been disposed of?

The Minister of Revenue and Defence Expenditure (Shri A. C. Guha):
(a) The total number of such cases was 4,360.

- (b) The estimated value of the goods thus seized is Rs. 14,14,000.
- (c) In some of these cases, where warranted the seized goods were confiscated absolutely, that is to say, without allowing any option to redeem the goods on payment of a fine. In

other cases the option to redeem the goods on payment of fine in lieu of confiscation was allowed. Where the goods were either confiscated absolutely or the goods were not redeemed on payment of fine, they were disposed of ordinarily by public auction.

Some of the cases are still under adjudication.

Shri Sarangadhar Das: May I know what articles were mostly smuggled out?

Shri A. C. Guha: I can give a list of the articles generally smuggled by that route. I cannot say definitely what were the articles seized in that particular period:—Precious stones, jewellery, playing cards, fountain pens, clocks, watches cigarettes, liquor etc. are on the import side and on the export side, livestock, pulses, foodgrains, edible oils, oilcake etc.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: In reply to part (c) of the question, the hon. Minister said that the cases are still under adjudication. May I know the procedure in such cases for the disposal of the goods seized, and how soon they are disposed of?

Shri A. C. Guha: I have stated that some of the cases are still under adjudication and I have also stated that generally they are disposed of by public auction.

Shri Vecraswamy: May I know the amount realised from the auction of these commodities?

Shri A. C. Guha: I am not sure; I think the figure Rs. 14,14,000 would be the price realised. Anyhow, I would like to have notice. Otherwise we could not give the definite price of the articles seized.

मुद्राका चौरी किये से जाना

ें क्रथ्यंत्र, डा० सम सुमन सिंह : क्या वैवस मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि दिसम्बर, ११५४ में बान्साक्र्ज हवाई अड्ड पर सीमा शुल्क अधि-कारियों ने एक विदंखी के सक्त से. जो दंश से माहर जा दहा था, बहुत से मोट बरामद किए थे ; ऑर

(स) उस व्यक्ति के पास से कितने मुख्य के नौट निकर्लं?

राजस्य और रक्षा ज्यम मंत्री (भी ६० सी० गुझा): (क) तथा (स). जी हां, शान्ताक्रूज हपाई अड्डां के सीमाशुस्क अधिकारियों में १२ दिसम्बर, १६४४, को एक विद्शी के पास से जो दंश से बाहर जाने को था. १,२८,४२८ रुपए के भारतीय नोट बरामद किए थे।

Sir, I should add that I am not happy with the word 'baramad'. I mean to say that these things were seized.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: May I know the name and nationality of the person who was carrying on these things and whether he is under arrest or he has been let off?

Shri A. C. Guha: The name of this person is Ferrari and he is an Italian. I think I should add that his parents must have given him the correct name because true to his name he is now a pharar from the country.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: May I know on what business that gentleman had come to India and under what name?

Shri A. C. Guha: He came under this name on the 5th December and he tried to go with all these things on the 12th December. His passport was impounded but still he somehow surreptitiously got into an Italian steamer and escaped. Now, I think, we may try to have him repatriated on some negotiations with the Italian Government. I cannot give any assurance.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: Is it true that the police or persons who are in charge of patrolling those areas, the part areas etc., usually connive and allow such persons to escape and whether the Minister or the Government as a whole is in a position to state categorically whether they are taking any adequate action to prevent such things?