

Shri S. C. Samanta: May I know whether any attempts have been made before in our country to assemble the parts here?

Shri Kanungo: No, Sir. Only imported parts have been assembled sometimes.

अख्तबारी कागज का कारखाना

*१८२२. श्री भक्त वर्मान : क्या बाणिज्य तथा उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि उत्तर प्रदेश की सरकार ने दूसरी पंचवर्षीय योजना में सीम्मीलित करने के लिये अपने यहां अख्तबारी कागज का एक कारखाना खोलने की सिफारिश की है, और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ध्यारा क्या है ?

बाणिज्य तथा उद्योग ज्वंमंची (श्री कानूनगो):

(क) जी, नहीं ।

(ख) प्रश्न उठता ही नहीं ।

श्री भक्त वर्मान : क्या इसका यह अर्थ है कि इस सम्बन्ध में अभी तक ५० पी० सरकार और केंद्रीय सरकार के बीच कोई पत्र व्यवहार ही नहीं हुआ है और इस सम्बन्ध में कोई छानबीन नहीं की गई है ?

श्री कानूनगो : ५० पी० सरकार ने कोई प्रस्ताव नहीं भेजा है ।

श्री भक्त वर्मान : क्या इसका यह मतलब है कि यदि ५० पी० सरकार इस तरह की किसी स्कीम पर विचार कर रही है तो उसको उपयुक्त अवसर आने पर केंद्रीय सरकार पूरी सहायता प्रदान करेगी ?

श्री कानूनगो : जरूर गौर किया जायेगा ।

COAL

*1823. **Shri Nageshwar Prasad Sinha:** Will the Minister of Production be pleased to lay a statement on the Table of the House showing:

(a) the total quantity of metallurgical coal produced in Government collieries, colliery-wise during the

years 1951, 1952 and 1953 separately; and

(b) the total quantity of metallurgical coal produced in market collieries during the same years?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Production (Shri R. G. Dubey): (a) and (b). A statement giving the information is laid on the Table of the House. [See Appendix VIII, annexure No. 67].

Shri Nageshwar Prasad Sinha: The production figures shown in the year 1953 as compared to the previous years, are short of the "pegged" limit, may I know the reasons therefor?

Shri R. G. Dubey: Some of these mines—Serampore and Bokaro—have been worked for long and so the capacity to work more is reduced.

Shri Nageshwar Prasad Sinha: I could not follow whether the shortage of production is due to the incapacity of the mines to produce or whether it is due to shortage of labour and other things?

Shri R. G. Dubey: There is no dearth of labour. These particular mines have been working for a long time and so certain difficulties have arisen.

Shri Nageshwar Prasad Sinha: Is it the intention of the Government to bring the production of these deficit collieries up to the "pegged" limit and to do away with the losses as far as possible?

Shri R. G. Dubey: Surely.

DISPLACED PERSONS OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATE

*1824. **Chaudhri Muhammad Shafiq:** Will the Minister of Rehabilitation be pleased to lay a statement on the Table showing:

(a) the number of displaced persons of Jammu and Kashmir State, who have been rehabilitated in various States of India upto the 28th March 1955;

(b) how many of them have been given employment by the Government of India upto the 28th March, 1955; and

(c) how many have been given stipends upto the 28th March, 1955 and the amount so granted?

The Minister of Rehabilitation (Shri Mehr Chand Khanna): (a) 8,064 excluding those re-settled in Jammu and Kashmir State.

(b) and (c). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Lok Sabha in due course.

SAMPLE SURVEYS

*1826. **Shri Morarka:** Will the Minister of Information and Broadcasting be pleased to state whether Government propose to have periodical sample surveys to have a correct idea as to what extent the newspapers utilise the services of the Press Information Bureau?

The Minister of Information and Broadcasting (Dr. Keskar): Sample surveys extending over 127 to 246 newspapers have given satisfactory results regarding the use made by newspapers of services of the Press Information Bureau. Such use was also independently acknowledged in the Press Commission Report. The question of extending the scope of the sample surveys to all newspapers with its attendant expenditure is under consideration.

Shri Morarka: May I know when the sample survey was last conducted and at what intervals it is being conducted?

Dr. Keskar: The sample surveys are periodically conducted; It may not be possible for me to give all the dates here. For example, in January each year, a survey was undertaken to find out the response from the papers. There is a periodical sample survey in August. There are two more periodical surveys and if the hon. Member would table a question, I would certainly give him the dates.

Shri Morarka: May I know what the sample survey reveals: whether the number of newspapers making use of this Bureau is increasing or decreasing?

Dr. Keskar: The survey is meant to find out not only the number of newspapers which are using this Bureau but also to find out how much material supplied is used and what they think of the material supplied.

Shri Morarka: May I know what is the opinion of the newspapers according to the sample survey. What do the newspapers think of the news supplied by this Bureau?

Dr. Keskar: They think that the information is very factual and useful.

पूर्वी जर्मनी से व्यापार

*१९२७. **श्री रघुनाथ सिंह :** क्या वाणिज्य तथा उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि भारत सरकार तथा पूर्वी जर्मनी के बीच अक्टूबर, १९५४ में हुए व्यापार करार के परिणामस्वरूप पूर्वी जर्मनी से कितने मूल्य का सामान आयात किया गया ?

वाणिज्य तथा उद्योग उपमंत्री (श्री कानूनगो): अक्टूबर से दिसम्बर तक पूर्वी जर्मनी से भारत में हुए आयात का योग ५.९ लाख रुपया है।

श्री रघुनाथ सिंह : इसी समय में हमने कितना एक्सपोर्ट किया ?

श्री कानूनगो : इसकी इन्कारमेशन हमारे पास इस वक्त नहीं है।

श्री रघुनाथ सिंह : क्या मैं उन चीजों के नाम जान सकता हूँ जो कि इम्पोर्ट की गई थीं ?

श्री कानूनगो : न्यूजपैपर्स, दूसरी किस्म का कागज, कार्ड बोर्ड, इन्स्ट्रुमेंट्स, कॉमिकल्स, सिर्घेटिक रीजन, मॉल्डिंग पाउडर, फायर आर्मस वर्गों में।

श्री डी० सी० शर्मा : क्या मैं मंत्री महोदय से पूछ सकता हूँ कि वह दूसरी किस्म का कागज क्या है ?

श्री कानूनगो : छपाई का कागज, लिखने का कागज, पैकिंग का कागज वर्गों में।