

and the allotment of the rest will be completed as soon as possible.

(d) In addition to the 6,527 tenements already sanctioned, another project of 7,400 tenements is likely to be taken up during the course of the next financial year.

Shri Ganpati Ram: May I know whether any financial aid is to be given by the State Government under this scheme, and if so, how much? May I know the location of these tenements?

Sardar Swaran Singh: Fifty per cent. of the money is actually found from the State exchequer although initially the Centre comes in to help the State Government by advancing a loan. So far as location is concerned they have undertaken construction at Kanpur. During the next phase, they are constructing tenements at Agra and Ferozabad.

Shri K. P. Tripathi: May I ask the earlier question of mine, namely whether it is a fact that the employers are fighting shy in building tenements under the scheme and if so, whether the Government themselves intend to build either through a directly elected Housing Board or a nominated Board?

Sardar Swaran Singh: Actually, industrial housing tenements are put up by three agencies: (i) by State Governments or statutory Housing Boards, (ii) by the employers, and (iii) by co-operative societies of the industrial workers themselves. To the extent that tenements are not being constructed by the employers, naturally more will be spent by the State Government or the Statutory Housing Board. I have not really followed the import of the question because State Governments are already going ahead with the construction; and if employers are not coming forward, to that extent, there is that deficiency. I cannot think of diverting one to the other.

श्री हेडा : बहुत सी राज्य सरकारों ने केन्द्र की तरफ से जो सहायता मिलती
16 P.S.D.

है उसको तो खर्च किया है, लेकिन अपने पास से जो रकम लगाना चाहिये, नहीं लगाई है इसलिये ऐसी सूरत में हकूमत क्या सैफ़गार्डेंस अखित्यार कर रही है जिससे राज्य सरकारों को भी उतनी ही मात्रा में मिले जितनी कि केन्द्र से मिलती है ?

Sardar Swaran Singh: I am afraid I am not able to accept the premises upon which the entire question is based because no case has been brought to the notice of the Central Government in which the commitments undertaken by the State Governments have not been honoured. If there is any particular case in the mind of the hon. Member I am prepared to look into it.

सेठ अबल सिंह : क्या मन्त्री महोदय बतलाने की कृपा करेंगे कि आगरा और फीरोजाबाद के वास्ते अगले साल की स्कीम में कितना रुपया रक्खा गया है ?

सरदार स्वर्ण सिंह : आगरा और फीरोजाबाद के घाकड़े इन दोनों जगहों की स्कीम्स के लिये मेरे पास नहीं है ।

Shri Ganpati Ram: May I know whether the targets fixed for 1953-54 have been reached, and if not, what action has been taken by Government to fulfil them?

Sardar Swaran Singh: I have no hesitation in saying that the target has not been reached. No magic is known by which that target could be reached in one day because tomorrow is 31st March and the year is ending. All that one can think of is to increase the tempo during the next year.

SHELLAC INDUSTRY

*1415. **Th. Jugal Kishore Sinha:** Will the Minister of Commerce and Industry be pleased to state:

(a) whether shellac industry has been passing through a crisis for the last two years; and

(b) whether Government propose to take any steps to rehabilitate the industry?

The Minister of Commerce (Shri Karmarkar): (a) and (b). While the quantities of export of all kinds of lac has been well maintained, there was a severe fall in the prices of shellac during the years 1952 and 1953. The prices have since improved.

ठाकुर युगल किशोर सिंह : क्या मैं यह जान सकता हूँ कि कितनी फैक्टरीज़ चपड़े के काम में लगी हुई थीं ?

श्री करमरकर : उनकी संख्या मेरे पास अभी मौजूद नहीं है ।

ठाकुर युगल किशोर सिंह : क्या मैं जान सकता हूँ कि कितनी पूंजी और मज़दूर उसमें लगे हुए हैं ?

Shri Karmarkar: I could say, it is about ten thousand, but that is off-hand.

ठाकुर युगल किशोर सिंह : क्या मैं जान सकता हूँ कि कितने प्रान्तों में इसकी व्यवस्था चल रही है ?

Shri Karmarkar: Principally, I should think, in Bihar.

ठाकुर युगल किशोर सिंह : पूरे व्यवसाय के किस रेशियो में बिहार में यह उद्योग चलाया जा रहा है ?

श्री करमरकर : उसके लिये नोटिस चाहिये ।

Shri Muniswamy: May I know whether shellac is exported to U.S.A., and if so, whether the export is affected very much by the present prices?

Shri Karmarkar: At the moment I have not got separate figures for U.S.A. as such.

Shri Sadhan Gupta: Which are the countries which have reduced most their imports of Indian shellac?

Shri Karmarkar: I have got figures in general for exports, but I have not got the country-wise break-up with me.

Shri Sadhan Gupta: May I know whether any attempt has been made to see that exports of shellac can be made to countries to which they have not hitherto been exported, particularly countries outside the Anglo-American bloc?

Shri Karmarkar: There have been some measures suggested like the fixation of minimum and maximum prices of shellac, banning of speculation, fixation of export quota of seedlac, banning of export of sticklac, quality control etc. But these matters are under consideration.

Babu Ramnarayan Singh: Is it a fact that formerly we Indians had a monopoly in the world in the shellac industry, but now the same has been disturbed? If so, what are the causes?

Shri Karmarkar: That complaint was also made. One of the complaints was that there was monopoly and much of speculation.

Shri G. P. Sinha: May I know whether the foreigners enjoy a monopoly in the export trade of shellac, and they are responsible for the downfall of this industry in our country?

Shri Karmarkar: That complaint has also been made.

श्री गणपति राम : क्या सरकार को मालूम है कि मिरजापुर का चपड़ा व्यापार बहुत अवनत दशा में है, उसको उठाने के लिये सरकार की तरफ से क्या कदम उठाये जा रहे हैं ?

Shri Karmarkar: I knew of carpets from Mirzapur. I have not yet heard of shellac from there. But I shall find out.

COMMUNITY PROJECT IN MYSORE

*1417. **Shri Wodeyar:** Will the Minister of Planning be pleased to state whether Government have received any report regarding extent of