Scientific and Industrial Research, instrebeen brought to the notice of Government Departments and other Research Organisations.

Dr Rama Rao: May I know. Sir. what steps Government are taking to manufacture known antibiotics?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: This question is with regard to research to be carried out under the auspices of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.

Dr. Rama Rao: Apart from research. there are things which are already known and their manufacture is neces sary for the country. What steps are Government taking to manufacture the known anti biotics?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: That question may better be put to the Production Ministry

Shri Sarangadhar Das: May I know. Sir, how many anti-biotics researches have been completed in the Central Drug Research Institute?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: Various works are undertaken in various institutes. So far as the Contral Drug Research Institute, Lucknow, is concerned, it is working on several aspects of antibiotics, e.g. screening of several medicinal plants in search for antibiotic activities and also evaluation of certain other bio-chemical substances and drugs on laboratory animals.

## BASIC EDUCATION

\*326 Shri S. N. Mishra: Will the Minister of Education be pleased to state the extent to which the scheme for the development of a compact programme of Basic Education at all levels in some selected areas in each State. as a part of the Five Year Plan of Educational Development. was implemented in 1952-53?

The Deputy Minister of Natural Resources and Scientific Research (Shri K. D. Malaviya): A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [See Appendix II. annexure No. 37.]

Shri S. N. Mishra: May I know, Sir. how many States were able to utilise the Central grant-inaid for the pur pose?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: The number is very large: almost all have received aid from the Government, but we have not received progress reports from them.

Shri N. M. Lingam: May I know. Sir. what is the difficulty in the way of implementing this basic education scheme in the country?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: The main cause is financial stringency

डा॰ राम सुनग सिंह: क्या यह
सही है कि बेसिक स्कूलों से निकल हे
वाले <del>लड़कों को</del> कौर आ <b>ये प</b> ढ़ने के
लिए इस वक्त कोई अहायता नही मिल
रही है ?
منعثر إف ايجوكهشن ايلة نهجرل
ريسيورسة ايلة سائلةهفك وسرج (٠،ولانا
أزاد): نهیں - هدارے علم میں کرئی
ایسی بات نہیں آئی ہے -

[The Minister of Education and Natural Resources and Scientific Research (Maulana Azad): No. no such thing has come to our notice.]

Shri N. M. Lingam: May I know. Sir. if conflicts between the Centre and the States is the main cause for the slow progress of basic education?

Sbri K. D. Malaviya: That is not the main cause.

Shri Muniswamy: May I know. Sir, how the new basic education scheme differs from the basic education scheme that is already in practice?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: From State to State there have been slight differences in the existing system of basic education. The Government of India have proposed to standardise and advise them on a uniform pattern of basic education, which has been done.

VISIT OF THE BRITISH FIRST SUA LORD

\*327. Shri Amiad Ali: Will the Minister of Defence be pleased to state the reason which prompted the Government of India to invite the First Sea