

**Kumari Annie Mascarene:** Suppose, I give you evidence?

**Shri Abid Ali:** What I meant to say was that such of the experts who are necessary for technical or scientific purposes only are brought from outside and not such incumbents, as mentioned by the hon. Member.

**Kumari Annie Mascarene:** I can prove that people with less qualifications are brought here.

**Mr. Deputy-Speaker:** The hon. Member will please send the information to the Minister.

**Shri Sarangadhar Das:** Inasmuch as the unemployment problem is so acute and reports are coming from all over the country, do Government have any plan to determine the number of unemployed and under-employed people in the country?

**Mr. Deputy-Speaker:** There seems to be a Resolution before the House.

**Shri A. N. Vidyalankar:** The hon. Minister just now stated that employment exchanges are not meant to collect data of unemployed. Then, what other methods are adopted to gather complete and accurate data regarding unemployment of a permanent nature, as well as of intermittent nature?

**Shri Abid Ali:** A question was put whether we will open offices in other sectors to find out the position of unemployment. To that I replied that the main purpose of the employment exchange is to find out employment for those who seek employment through the exchanges.

**Shri Punnoose:** In Travancore-Cochin State the number of unemployed has increased from 2,889 to 5,580. This, I hope, is the largest percentage in India. May I know, Sir, whether there is any instruction from the Planning Commission or the Government of India or any quarter to lower the percentage of students promoted from the School Final, the B.A., and other examinations—as revealed by the recent examination results of only 18 or 20 per cent. promotions?

**Shri Abid Ali:** The letter which has been addressed by the Planning Commission will cover Travancore-Cochin State also.

**Shri Jaipal Singh:** Is there any co-ordination between the employment exchanges run by the Ministry of Labour and the Soldiers', Sailors' and Airmen's Board of the Ministry of Defence? If the answer is in the affirmative, with what results?

**Shri Abid Ali:** I would require notice of that question.

**Shri Gidwani:** May I know whether any reports of cases of suicide among the educated unemployed have been received by Government?

**Shri S. N. Das:** What was the number of employment exchanges in 1952 and what is the present number?

**Shri Abid Ali:** Over one hundred.

**Shri S. N. Das:** Has there been any increase or decrease?

**Shri Abid Ali:** There has been no increase or decrease.

#### KEY FARM CENTRES

\*889. **Shri S. C. Samanta:** Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) how many Key Farm Centres have so far been started under the auspices of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research with the purpose of improving the cattle and buffaloes through artificial insemination;

(b) how many trained personnel have been stationed in each centre; and

(c) how this artificial insemination method in India is working in comparison with the results obtained in other countries of the world especially U.S.A.?

**The Deputy Minister of Food and Agriculture (Shri M. V. Krishnappa):** (a) and (b). A statement giving the required information is laid on the Table of the House. [See Appendix IV, annexure No. 42.]

These centres are aided financially by the Central Government direct and not through the Indian Council of Agricultural Research.

(c) Artificial insemination on field scale was taken up in India only recently. So far the results obtained compare favourably with those of other countries.

**Shri S. C. Samanta:** May I know, Sir, the maximum number of centres for key villages and artificial insemination Government intend to open in the near future and whether Government propose to open those centres in community project areas?

**Shri M. V. Krishnappa:** When we started the scheme towards the end of 1951-52 our target figure was 150 artificial insemination centres and 600 key villages. Now we have reached about 96 artificial insemination centres and we like to add to the number about 31 artificial insemination centres and 292 key villages this year.

सेठ गोबिन्द बास : कृत्रिम गर्भाधान के मामले में क्या इस बात का ध्यान रक्खा जा रहा है कि जो नस्लें बनाई जायें वह इस प्रकार की बनाई जायें जिस से कि खेती के बैल भी अच्छे हों और गायों भी अच्छी हों ? कुछ नस्ल ऐसी हैं जिन में सिर्फ गाय अच्छी होती हैं और कुछ ऐसी हैं जिन में सिर्फ बैल ही अच्छे होते हैं ।

**Shri M. V. Krishnappa:** Attention has been paid to both milching and draught animals.

**Shri M. Khuda Baksh:** What percentage of these artificially impregnated animals have normal gestation and give birth to calves?

**Shri M. V. Krishnappa:** It is said that on an average under natural insemination two services are needed for consummation of an animal. Here under artificial insemination the result goes up to 60 to 75 per cent. That means it is more than the natural insemination.

**Shri S. C. Samanta:** May I know whether all the recommendations of the Cattle Preservation Committee have been accepted by Government? If not, why have the other recommendations been left out?

**Shri M. V. Krishnappa:** I want notice.

**Shri Muniswamy:** May I know, Sir, whether it is a fact that a conference was held recently to consider the question of artificial insemination by the officers of this Department?

**Shri M. V. Krishnappa:** Recently there was a conference.

**Shri M. D. Ramasami:** How many centres have been opened in Madras State?

**Shri M. V. Krishnappa:** In Madras there are about eight centres of artificial insemination and each centre is attached to four key villages. There is one centre in Hosur, one in Nidubrolu, one in Ammanabrolu, one in Kanga-yam, one in Vellakoil, one in Chin-chona, one in Valparai, District Coimbatore, and one in Idayakottai.

**Shri Punnoose:** From the statement placed on the Table I find that these centres are opened mostly in towns, at least in my part of the State. The Government of India having given aid to centres, will they see that these centres are made use of by villagers also?

**Shri M. V. Krishnappa:** 99 per cent. of these centres are opened only in the villages. For each centre we have attached four villages and in each village we have got 500 cattle. We have castrated all the stray bulls in that area and provided breeding bulls.

#### LOCUST CONTROL

\*890. **Sardar A. S. Saigal:** (a) Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state how much amount will Government spend in 1953-54 on locust control?

(b) How are State Governments helping to minimise the locust menace?