(b) The Reserve Bank make loans and advances to the Apex Co-operative Banks and not to District or Primary institutions. It is, therefore, not possible to indicate the number of villages that have been benefited by the credit facilities afforded by the Reserve Bank.

Shri M. R. Krishna: Are there any Banks besides in Bombay and Madras for which the Reserve Bank has advanced finances?

Shri M. C. Shah: Yes, in Madras, Bombay, U.P., Vindhya Pradesh, Orissa, West Bengal, Ajmer-Merwara. Certain other Central Co-operative Banks are being re-organised in other States too.

ELECTION PETITIONS

*375. Shri N. P. Sinha: Will the Minister of Law be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Election petitions so far disposed of by Election Tribunals after the last Election; and

(b) the number of Election petitions pending at present in respect of Parliamentary and State Legislature constituencies?

The Minister of Law and Minority Affairs (Shri Biswas): (a) Upto the 10th November 1952, 21 election petitions have been disposed of by Election Tribunals.

(b) The number pending is 295, of which 31 are in respect of Parliamentary constituencies and 264 are in respect of State Legislature constituencies.

Shri N. P. Sinha: May I inquire the name_S of such persons who have been unseated already?

Shri Biswas: That was a part of the question. That part was disallowed. Am I required to answer that?

Mr. Speaker: No. The information is, easily available from the Government Gazette. The names are published.

Shri K. K. Basu: May I know the number of tribunals that are working in India?

Shri Biswas: I cannot give the number offhand. I believe that question was answered here.

Shri Velayudhan: May I know whether any time limit is set for the disposal of these cases in a particular tribunal? Shri Biswas: No, Sir. As a matter of fact, one single tribunal may be in charge of a number of cases. They have got to adopt a time table according to the requirements of those cases.

Oral Answers

Shri S. V. L. Narasimham: How many election petitions have been allowed?

Shri Biswas: Having regard to the information I have regarding Members unseated. I would only hazard a guess: seven.

FLOODS IN MANIPUR

*376. Shri L. J. Singh: Will the Minister of States be pleased to state:

 (a) the area and extent of the ravage caused by the recent floods in Manipur;

(b) the damage caused to the standing crops;

(c) how many houses were washed away or destroyed;

(d) the number of people who were rendered homeless;

(e) the relief so far given by Government; and

(f) whether Government propose to render monetary help in the form of relief to the flood-stricken people?

The Minister of Home Affairs and States (Dr. Katju): (a) to (f). About 40,000 acres of land with standing crops were inundated by the recent floods. Eightyfive huts are reported to have been destroyed. Exact figures of those rendered homeless are being compiled; but most of them have been able to obtain shelter with their relatives. Steps for immediate relief were taken promptly. Foodstuffs have been distributed to those affected and the Government have incurred an expenditure of about Rs. 7000/- for relief so far. A full report on the subject is expected shortly from the Chief Commissioner.

Shri L. J. Singh: The hon. Minister for Food and Agriculture told the House the other day that 4,000 maunds of rice had been sent to Manipur for relief to the distressed people. May I know why, instead of rice, maize was distributed to the flood-stricken poeple in these areas?

Dr. Katju: I want notice of this question. May I add that I propose to visit Manipur towards the end of this month. and would try to look into the whole of this question and the question of relief to the people who have suffered on the spot and do what I can?

Shri L. J. Singh: May I know whether the Government of Manipur requested the Government of India for an agricultural loan of Rs. 50,000/- for relief to the flood-stricken people?

Dr. Katju: I want notice of that question.

Shri L. J. Singh: What are the measures that Government propose to take in order to prevent recurrence of floods in this State?

Dr. Katju: I really don't know.

Shri Sarangadhar Das: May I point out that in a matter of this sort where there has been so much damage done to crops and relief is necessary, it is surprising that the Minister should say that he wants notice to every question?

Mr. Speaker: The hon. Member will please see that relief measures ar_e being taken. An interim report has possibly been received, and he is awaiting the other report. So, what eise can be said. I really don't know, unless one should take a view which is full of prejudice.

SENTRY OUTPOSTS ON NEPAL-DARJEE-LING BORDER

*377. Shri S. C. Samanta: Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) how many sentry outposts have been set up on the Nepal-Darjeeling border to stop "undesirable elements" entering the district of Darjeeling;

(b) the number of chief offenders who entered without passports from January to September 1952; and

(c) the corresponding figure in 1951?

The Deputy Minister of Home Affairs (Shri Datar): (a) Five.

(b) and (c). Traffic between the two countries is not regulated by a passport system. The question of any offenders entering without passports does not, therefore, arise. Offenders under the ordinary law were:

January to September, '52 ... 18 1951 ... 23

Shri S. C. Samanta: May I know, Sir. to which countries these undesirable persons belong. and through which route they come? Shri Datar: They come from Nepal, Bhutan and Tibet.

Oral Answers

Shri S. C. Samanta: May I know, Sir, whether it is true that seven outposts have been opened as has been notified in the newspapers?

Shri Datar: There are five outposts opened in all-three by the West Bengal Government. and two by the Government of India.

Shri S. C. Samanta: May I know, Sir. how many were caught with prohibited articles, and how they have been dealt with?

Shri Datar: I should like to have notice.

Shri S. C. Samanta: May I know, Sir, how Government deal with these undesirable persons when they are arrested?

Mr. Speaker: Order, order.

Shri Nambiar: Who are these undesirable elements? What is their definition or qualification?

Mr. Speaker: We will proceed tothe next question.

REHABILITATION FINANCE ADMINISTRA-

*379. Shri Gidwani: Will the Minister of Finance be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that nearly 50 per cent. of the displaced persons, who have been granted loans by the Rehabilitation Finance Administration for business or industrial purpose have failed to pay the instalments of their loans;

(b) if so, whether the Rehabilitation Finance Administration and the Advisory Board of the Rehabilitation Finance Administration, having considered the situation, having concertain recommendations to Government, suggesting extension of the period of recovery of loans and reduction of the rate of interest charged on such loans; and

(c) whether Government have considered these recommendations and if so, what action they propose to take and when?

The Deputy Minister of Finance (Shri M. C. Shah): (a) It is a fact that comparatively few of the loances of the Rehabilitation Finance Administration pay back the instalments on the due dates.

(b) Yes, Sir.