Shri Satish Chandra: In 1960 we exported goods worth Rs. 10·12 crores, and imported goods worth Rs. 15·18 crores from Pakistan.

Shri Tyagi: Adverse balance.

Tibetan Refugees

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Shri Shree Narayan Das:
Shri Radha Raman:
Shri D. C. Sharma:
Shri Ram Krishan Gupta:
Shri Chuni Lal:
Shri Bhakt Darshan:
Shri Bibhuti Mishra:
*287.
Sardar Iqbal Singh:
Shri Muhammed Elias:
Shri Raghunath Singh:
Dr. Ram Subhag Singh:
Shri Daljit Singh:
Shri P. G. Deb:
Shri Arjun Singh Bhadauria:

Will the Prime Minister be pleased to state:

- (a) whether tightening of checks in Tibetan border has resulted in decreasing influx of Tibetan refugees into India;
- (b) number of Tibetan refugees who came to India during each of the months from March to July 1961 and through each of the passes and how do their number compare with the Tibetan refugees who came during the corresponding period last year;
- (c) the details of the steps taken to rehabilitate them in various parts of the country:
- (d) whether any instances have come to the notice of Government where Chinese spies also entered India in the garb of refugees; and
- (e) if so, the steps taken in this regard?

The Deputy Minister of External Affairs (Shrimati Lakshmi Menon):
(a) to (c). A statement is placed on the Table of the House. [See Appendix I, annexure No. 63].

(d) and (e). We have come across a few Tibetans whose bona fides as refugees could not be established. Adequate measures have been taken and continue to be taken to deal with such cases.

Shri Shree Narayan Das: May I know the extent to which the Government of India has accepted the responsibility of rehabilitating these refugees? What is the total expenditure that is expected to be incurred on this matter?

Shrimati Lakshmi Menon: The whole thing is given in the statement—the extent to which refugees have been settled.

Shri Shree Narayan Das: I wanted to know whether the Government of India have accepted all the responsibility, or whether any international aid is being sought by the Dalai Lama or the Government of India for this purpose.

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs (Shri Jawaharlal Nehru): The responsibility is entirely taken by the Government of India, but, as a matter of fact, the Dalai Lama has, to some extent, shared it occasionally. We have also received contributions from abroad for this purpose, rather from some Governments abroad. They are being used for specific purposes like the establishment of a school or something like that.

Shri D. C. Sharma: From the statement I find that the influx of Tibetan refugees is a continuing process. Even during this year we have received 2,880 persons. I find that arrangements have been made for them in some States of India. May I know if it has been taken into account that the places in which they are going to be settled will be able to accommodate the ever-increasing or the ever-continuing influx of refugees because this does not seem to be coming to an end in any way?

Shrimati Lakshmi Menon: We are exploring the possibilities of settling them in different States, and from the

statement it is obvious that the States have come forward with allotment of land etc. Since the influx is getting less and less, we think we will be able to find ways and means of settling them.

Shri Ram Krishan Gupta: The hon. Prime Minister stated that contributions have been received from some foreign countries. May I know the names of those countries?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: The Government of Australia and the Government of New Zealand. As far as I can remember, these two have given some sums of money. Switzerland has actually taken away some of the young boys and girls for training them there.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: From the statement it apepars that the influx of refugees in Jammu and Kashmir area has increased. May I know the causes for this?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I cannot give any precise answer to that. I do not know if they are included in this figure, but a number of Ladakhi Muslims and others were held up there. They would not allow them to come because of the dispute as to whether they were nationals of India.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: I am not referring to them They are only about 120 or so. In the statement I find 412 refugees came in 1930 to the State of Jammu and Kashmir, whereas in 1960 their number is 1,590. That is why I want to know whether the pressure of the Chinese on western Tibet side has increased, or it is due to some other reason that they are coming.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I cannot give any precise reason for this. It may be because of local pressures.

श्री रघुनाय सिंह : ग्रभी तीन, चार रोज पहले ग्रस्तबारों में यह सबर छपी थी कि लेह में तिब्बत के रेफ्यूजीज की बहुत बड़ी तादाद ग्राई है ? क्या यह बात ठीक है ?

श्री जबाहरलाल नेहरू : मुझे तो मालूम

नहीं है वैसे तिब्बत से लेह श्राना श्रासान नहीं है ।

Shri Nath Pai: Has the interrogation of these refugees revealed what makes them leave their homeland whether it is the continuance of disturbed conditions in Tibet or persecution or some other reason?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: Oviously they leave Tibet because they find it difficult to live there their ordinary lives because of pressures on them and circumstances, and they think they can better themselves elsewhere. Interrogation does take place, but the broad facts are fairly well known.

श्री प्र० म० तारिक : मैं वजीर श्राजम से यह जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या उन को इस किस्म की इतिलात मिलीं हैं कि इस मुल्क की कुछ सियासी जमातें इन रेफ्यूजीज में जा कर उन के हौसले पस्त करने की और हिन्दुस्तान ग्रौर दूसरे हमसाया मुल्कों के दरमियान मुनाफरत बढ़ाने की कोशिश करती हैं, ग्रगर यह दुरुस्त है तो इस किस्म की सियासी जमातों को इन रेफ्यूजीज में जाने से रोकने के लिये क्या तदाबीर श्रस्तियार की गई हैं ?

[میں وزیر اعظم سے یہ جاننا چاھتا ھوں کہ کیا ان کو اس قسم کی اطلاعات ملی ھیں کہ اس ملک کی اطلاعات ملی جیامتیں ان رفیوجیز میں جا کر ان کے حوصلے پست کرنے کی اور ھلدوستان اور دوسرے همسایہ ملکوں کے درمیان مثافرت بوھانے کی کوشھی کرتی ھتی – اگر جیامتوں کو ان رفیوجیز میں جانے سے روکانے کے اگے کیا تدابییر اختیار کی ھیں –]

श्री जबाहश्लाल नेहरू : कोई खास इत्तिला मेरे पास इस वक्त नहीं है कि किसी जमाग्रत ने बड़े पैमाने पर किया हो । हां, ममिकन है कि शस्सी तौर पर लोगों ने किया हो। ऐसा करना नामनासिब है भौर उन को रोकना चाहिये।

Shri Muhammed Elias: What is the total amount that is spent for the rehabilitation of the Tibetan refugees till now and what is the programme of Government spending for future rehabilitation of these refugees in our country?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I am sorry I cannot give the financial figures. Naturally it is a fairly large sum. It is indeterminate if I may say so, as we take additional liabilities as more people come.

Our first object is to lay stress on children's education and their proper upbringing. I may mention that there are some foreign agencies who are helping in this work of educating them. A school or some establishment is run in Simla by some children's society in England. There is some other help given by CARE So, the first thing is organisation. children's schools, etc. The other thing is to find work for those who can work. One of the difficulties that comes in is the very large proportion of Lamas, people who are called incarnate Lamas, who normally do not work in this normal way. There are some monasteries, etc. which have been expanded for them.

When we send these people to the States, we want to send them in adequate numbers so that they can form among themselves, community usually for agricultural purposes. The minimum number, we think is about 500 families or 400 or something like that. In Mysore we have sent 3,000; we may add to it and give them land. In Orissa, I think we are sending 3,000, I think

Shri Chintamoni Panigrahi: 3.000 acres.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I am not talking of acres; I am talking of human beings. In Madhya Pradesh also, we are trying to find out. We do not want to send them in small numbers. They get lost.

भी भक्त दर्शन : श्रीमन्, क्या शासन के ध्यान में यह बात आई है कि परिचमी तिब्बत से जो शरणार्थी एक साल पहले भारत में. स्नास कर गढवाल भ्रौर भल्मोडा जिले में. मा गये थे. मभी तक उन की किस्मत का फ़ैसला नहीं किया गया है भीर वे एक तरह से टाजिट कैम्प में लटके पड़े हुए हैं ? उन की हालत अञ्छी नहीं है और वहां का इन्त-जाम ठीक नहीं है। क्या उन के बारे में जल्दी निर्णय किया जायेगा कि वे बस सकें ग्रीर उन के लिये रोजनार की व्यवस्था की जा सके ?

श्री जबाहरलाल नेहरू: किसी खास कैम्प की निस्बत मैं नहीं कह सकता, लेकिन यह ठीक है कि स्रभी श्रक्सर ऐसे लोग हैं. जिन का कोई खास इन्तजाम नहीं हम्रा है। उन के खाने-पीने का इन्तजाम तो किया गया है, लेकिन मुस्तकिल तौर पर उन को बसाने का इन्तजाम नहीं हम्रा है । कोशिश की जारही है।

राजा महेन्द्र जताय : मेरी समझ में नहीं माता कि हमारे भाई इस बात से क्यों नाराज है कि हमारे यहां बाहर से लोग ब्राते हैं। तिब्बत या पाकिस्तान या लंका से जो लोग म्राते हैं, वे म्रायें । हम उन का खैर-मकदम करेंगे । लेकिन मैं यह सवाल करना चाहता हं कि क्या कोई इन्तजाम हो रहा है कि उन के दिमाग़ों को घो दिया जाये भौर ग्रच्छे विचार उन के मस्तिष्क में भर दिये जायें. ताकि वे हमारे साथ मिल कर काम करें। क्या कोई इस प्रकार का प्रवन्ध है ?

श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू : यह सवाल जरा पेचीदा है। मभी इतने रोज से माननीय सदस्य कोशिश कर रहे हैं हमारे दिमाग को घोने की, लेकिन ग्रसर तो कभी हम्रानहीं।

भी विभूति मिला: क्या प्रधान मंत्री जी ने दुनिया के ग्रीर देशों से इस बारे में बातचीत की है कि तिब्बत के रेफ्यूजीज उन देशों में बसाये जा सकें?

धी जवाहरलाल नेहरू : जी नहीं। जैसाकि मैं ने कहा है, कुछ लोग स्विटजरलैंड नये हैं। वे बहुत कम हैं। मुझे याद नहीं है--शायद दस. बीस. तीस. चालीस. पचास नौजवान गये हैं। उन के मां-बाप भी गये हैं। ग्रसल में उन के बच्चों को स्विटजरलैंड वाले ले गये हैं यह समझ कर कि करीब करीब पहाडों की भाबो-हवा उन को वहां दी जा सकती है। उन के सिवाये श्रौर मुल्कों में हम ने न कोशिश की ग्रौर न मैं बहुत मुनासिब समझता हं। इक्के-दुक्के जाते हैं। शायद दो चार लड़के ग्रमरीका पढ़ने के लिये गये हैं। उन के इन्तजाम हो गया। ज्यादा तादाद में हम भेज नहीं सबते, क्योंकि ग्रलावा बोली के हालात में इतना फ़र्क है कि वे खप नहीं सकते ।

Shri Kalika Singh: May I know if a world refugee fund has been created by U.K. and certain other western countries and from that fund a substantial amount has been received for rehabilitating these Tibetan refugees and that has been one of the causes of the influx of poor Tibetan families?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: No, Sir; we have not brought this matter up before the World refugee organisation.

Shri Tangamani Rose

Mr. Speaker: Nobody has been sent to Madras; why should Shri Tangamani put a question now?

Shri Tangamani: There is a proposal to that effect, Sir.

Shri Chintamoni Panigrahi: May I know whether the Dalai Lama has spent any amount from his treasures which he brought and if so what is that amount? Has he expressed his desire to settle permanently in India and if so, I want to know whether land has been allotted to him?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I have not got the figures as to how much he

spent but he has met some educational expenses for the monks and others. As to how much money he realised from what he brought with him, I do not remember at the moment.

Shri Yadav Narayan Jadhav: May I know whether the help received from abroad or given from internal sources is being properly utilised and distributed properly? My information is that there is dissatisfaction among the refugees.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: The hon. Member's information is completely wrong.

Mr. Speaker: Next question.

Shri Hem Barua: Sir, you were pleased to say that nobody was sent to Madras and therefore, Shri Tangamani should not put a supplementary question. But so many people have been sent to Assam and so many people arrive through Assam...

Mr. Speaker: Whether people are sent to Madras or not, any hon. Member here is equally interested in all the questions that arise in this House but the time at our disposal is limited and I am, therefore, to find some excuse to keep off calling hon. Members from time to time. always bear in mind the names those hon. Members who rise. never forget any hon. Member who gets up and I try to give them one or two chances during the course of the Question Hour. That is why I am trying to adjust it this way. Next question.

Suicide by a Govt. Employee in Delhi

Maharajkumar Vijaya
Ananda:
Shri P. G. Deb:
Shri Arjun Singh Bhadauria:
Shri S. A. Mehdi:
Shri Khunhwaqt Rai:

Will the Minister of Commerce and Industry be pleased to state:

(a) whether an Assistant in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry