श्री भक्त दर्भन : मेरे प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं दिया गया। में जानना चाहता था कि इसको लगाने के लिये तथा उसका संचालन करने के लिये कोई विदेश सं विशेषज्ञ नियुक्त किया जा रहा है या हमारे ही इंजी-नियर उसको लगा सकेंगे ?

डा० केसकर : अभी तक तो कोई विदेशो विशेवज्ञ को बुलाने का हमारे मामने कोई सवाल नहीं है । हमारे यहां के एक इंजोनियर अमरीका में इसके बारे में कुछ ट्रेनिय पा चुके हैं ग्रोर अगर हमको यह पूरी धाशा हो गई कि हमको बाकी एक्विप्सेंट मिल सकेगा तो हम अपने ही इंजीनियर को बाहर भेज कर उसके बारे में जो कुछ भी करना है उसके बारे में करने के लिये भौर लगाने के लिये इंतजाम करेंगे ।

Shri Yajnik: May I know the estimated cost of a receiving set? I believe a large number of receiving sets will be necessary in order to be able to avail ourselves of this transmission set.

Dr. Keskar: As far as receiving sets are concerned, the unit that is being set up here is meant for educational and cultural purposes. It is not going to be an ordinary television centre. We propose to have a sort of educational experiment in co-operation with the UNESCO by which we will be able to carry on school and college cultural classes and we hope that this experiment will give us a guidance in having such other units established later on.

Mr. Speaker: He only asked about the receiving sets.

Dr. Keskar: These sets will have to be got by us. My point is that it will be meant for ordinary . . .

Mr. Speaker: Even if there will be a single set, the hon. Member wants to know as to what its cost will be.

Dr. Keskar: We will be getting them from outside. We are not manufacturing them here. Shri Tangamani: May I know whether this proposal has been stayed for want of foreign exchange or whether there has been a subsequent change of policy? Last session there was an indication . . .

Mr. Speaker: The hon. Member wants to know when the foreign exchange involved is only Rs. 2 lakhs whether it is due to that or due to change of policy that this has been stayed.

Dr. Keskar: There is no change in policy.

Engineering Graduates and Diploma Holders

*1968. Shri Rameshwar Tantia: Will the Minister of Planning be pleased to state whether any proper survey is being made for the requirements of Engineering graduates and Diploma holders needed for the development of industries in private and public sectors for the Second Five Year Plan?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Labour and Employment and Planning (Shri L. N. Mishra): Yes. A Committee known as the Engineering Personnel Committee set up by the Planning Commission made an assessment of requirements in 1956 and some further studies have since been made in the Perspective Planning Division of the Planning Commission, and in various Ministries concerned.

Shri Rameshwar Tantia: Is it a fact that a lot of engineering graduates and diploma holders in India still find it difficult to get employment? If so, what special steps have been taken to provide jobs to them?

Shri L. N. Mishra: It is not a fact that engineers are unemployed. If the hon. Member's idea is based on the figures available on the live register of the employment exchanges, I would like to submit that those figures are somewhat misleading. These engineers are not unemployed, but this is somewhat a transitional stage and is of a fictional character.

Oral Answers

The engineers want to go for better jobs and they register themselves on the live register of the employment exchanges. As a matter of fact, no engineers are unemployed.

The Deputy Minister of Planning (Shri S. N. Mishra): I would like to explain here that in certain cases, as it is not a matter of graduation only, it may be that there is a graduate engineer, but he has not had the necessary experience. So, sometimes he has to wait for a few months or, maybe, for a year or so.

Shri Rameshwar Tantia: May I know whether the Government of India send some students to foreign countries for engineering diplomas and whether they take an undertaking from them that they will come back to India and serve here? I hear that some of them do live there and join engineering firms in foreign countries.

Shri L. N. Mishra: Some Students are sent on Government scholarships and I think they give an undertaking that they would come back and serve the Government of India for a certain number of years. If there is any particular case, I would like to know.

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: We are aware that the Government have got planning for the education of the engineers, but may I know if they have got any plan or machinery for the utilisation of engineers? If that is so, what is that agency and how is it done?

Shri L. N. Mishra: Various ministries need engineers and they have got their organisation to employ them. As a matter of fact, in the Second Five Year Plan we are very much in need of engineers and in the Third and Fourth Plan also we would need them. The Planning Commission's Division is responsible for it and is looking into the matter.

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: My question is whether there is any plan for their utilisation or whether there is sufficient machinery. Mr. Speaker: The hon. Parliamentary Secretary has said that each Ministry has got its own organisation to absorb them.

Shri S. N. Mishra: I may submit that there is a committee in the Ministry of Home Affairs to co-ordinate the work of different ministries and consider their requirements. Co-ordinated thinking on this subject takes place there.

Shri Thirumala Rao: May I know if Government can give any figures of the total number of people registered in the Employment Exchanges and the total number of engineers that have been absorbed and the number that still remains to be absorbed in employment?

Shri L. N. Mishra: It is difficult to give the exact number.

Shri Thirumala Rao: Figures must be available with the Government up to a period.

Shri L. N. Mishra: It is difficult to give it. But some time back I looked into these numbers. Perhaps five hundred or so were unemployed. But those are not as a matter of fact unemployed. It is something of a fictional character.

Shrimati Renuka Ray: Is Government aware that a number of well qualified engineers have taken jobs outside the country, because they could not find equivalent jobs here and, if so, may I know whether Government have made any attempt to find out how many there are and try to absorb them?

Mr. Speaker: Yesterday it was answered.

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs (Shri Jawaharlal Nehru): I said yesterday that a very accurate manpower survey of engineers, doctors and the like has been made. Copies of it are in the Library and the hon. lady Member will get all the information she desires from it. Shri Thimmaiah: May I know when an all-India Engineering Service, like the I.A.S. and the I.P.S., will be formed?

Mr. Speaker: The hon. Member wants to know whether there is any proposal to form an All India Engineering Service on the lines of the I.A.S. and the I.P.S. How does it arise out of the question? If the Prime Minister wants to answer it, he may do so.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I am prepared to say that the Central Government is all in favour of such a service, but the State Governments did not welcome the idea with enthusiasm.

All India Middle Class Family Budget Survey

•1969. { Shri A. K. Gopalan: Shri S. M. Banerjee: Shri Jagdish Awasthi:

Will the **Prime Minister** be pleased to refer to the answer given to Starred Question No. 136 on the 14th November, 1957 and state the progress so far made in regard to the All India Middle Class Family Budget Survey?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of External Affairs (Shri Sadath All Khan): The preliminary field work connected with the proposed middle class family living survey commenced in March, 1958 in continuation of the work connected with the working class survey. Work on delimitation of boundaries and preparation of block lists has been completed in 15 out of 45 selected centres. Schedules have been tried out at many places and the comments received from the The field units under examination. sample design, sample sizes and the staff requirements are being examined and are likely to be finalised as early as possible. The main surveys are expected to commence by the middle of 1958.

Shri D. C. Sharma: May I know if this survey is going to be a kind of a follow-up of the working class survey and, if so, how the two are going to be dovetailed into each other?

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs (Shri Jawahariai Nehru): Follow-up of what?

Shri D. C. Sharma: The Parliamentary Secretary stated that this survey has been taken up after the survey of the working classes. May I know what is the connection between that survey and this survey, and why this work has been delayed on account of that survey?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: Suppose I have a census of the City of Delhi and a census of the City of Agra. The hon. Member may ask, "What is the connection between the census of Agra and Delhi?" I do not understand. There is every connection, of course. They are both censulses. They both deal with human beings. I do not understand it. We want facts on the various income groups in India. We have taken some groups which we have broadly said to be the working class group. Now we are collecting them for the middle class group. It is a complicated business, but it is in very expert hands, and I am sure they will produce the information required. In every planning, when we talk about any matter, unless we have data, precise statistics for it, we tend to talk rather in the air. Now we are in the process of collecting the correct figures which will help in considering the problem.

Shri C. D. Pande: May I know whether Government have any exact idea or definition of middle class family?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: The working Group which has been set up to do that is defining it precisely and correctly, because unless they do it they cannot proceed with the work. They have met six times already to define these things, and they are meeting for the seventh time possibly today—they were to have met yesterday or would be meeting today. And having defined these categories clearly, they will proceed with the work next month.