

facilities from the State Bank of India. In addition, on the basis of joint investigations conducted by the State Bank and the Team, units engaged in the following industries in Andhra Pradesh have been given loans by the State Bank:—

Manufacture of agricultural implements and tools, tobacco curing furnaces, machinery parts, street light fixtures, pulleys, steel trunks, sewing machines, cabinets, dolls, fountain pens, glass scientific apparatus, domestic utensils and tyre retreading.

Shri B. S. Murthy: May I know what special help is being considered to be given to the fountain-pen industry now existing in Rajahmundry?

Shri Manubhai Shah: Rajahmundry is not included in the State Bank scheme. Only Vijayavada, Adoni, Hyderabad and Visakhapatnam are the four places in Andhra selected by the State Bank.

Shri Harish Chandra Mathur: May I know if there is a scheme with the Government of India for such surveys in other parts of the country and, if so, what is the programme?

Shri Manubhai Shah: At about 34 centres all over India, we have had the surveys conducted for the State Bank of India scheme.

Shri B. S. Murthy: There is a fountain-pen industry in Rajahmundry which has been carried on for so many years. I do not know why the Central scheme as well as the Andhra State and other organisations have not selected this industry there.

Shri Manubhai Shah: If I can explain, the main objective of this Team was to select places not from the point of view of particular industries but to give the maximum benefit of the pilot scheme to a large number of small-scale industries in any urban area, and that is why each State has been allocated some centres. In all there are 34 centres. Andhra was allocated four out of the 34 in the whole of

India, and Rajahmundry is not included. However, I can assure the hon. Member that if the fountain-pen industry in Rajahmundry requires any assistance, the State Industries Act in Andhra and the central assistance for the small-scale industries can certainly provide the credit facilities for that industry.

Shri R. Ramanathan Chettiar: What is the amount that has been paid by the State Bank of India to the small-scale industries in Madras under the pilot scheme—Vijayawada, Coimbatore and Madras?

Shri Manubhai Shah: Vijayawada is in Andhra and Coimbatore is in Madras.

Shri R. Ramanathan Chettiar: I mean the Madras circle of the State Bank.

Shri Manubhai Shah: As far as this is concerned, there is nothing like a circle. The Andhra State has been allocated Rs. 5,67,000 under the pilot scheme so far.

Anti-Indian Demonstrations in Dacca

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*150. {	Shri Radha Raman:
	Shri Shree Narayan Das:
	Shri Raghunath Singh:
	Shri Shivananjappa:
	Shri D. C. Sharma:
	Shri Assar:

Will the Prime Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Khakar processionists held demonstrations in front of the office of the Indian Deputy High Commissioner in Dacca on the 11th October, 1957 and used abusive language against India and made threatening speeches;

(b) if so, whether any protest has been lodged with the Pakistan Government; and

(c) the reaction of the Pakistan Government to this protest?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of External Affairs (Shri Sadath Ali Khan): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Their reply is awaited.

Shri Radha Raman: May I know whether these demonstrators were the same or had anything to do with the earlier notice which was given to Pakistan Government that they should be allowed to march into India?

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs (Shri Jawaharlal Nehru): Does the hon. Member ask what are the relations between a citizen of Pakistan and his Government?

Shri Radha Raman: I wanted to know whether these demonstrators had anything to do with an earlier notice which was given to Pakistan Government that they want to march into India.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: The hon. Member is referring to the gentleman known as Allama Mashriqui. We cannot give any answer about contacts between various people. I believe the Allama is still in prison, but he did go there and land himself there. As I once stated in this House, in spite of his high-sounding title, I believe he is mentally not quite sound.

Shri Shree Narayan Das: May I know whether the Government of Pakistan has taken any steps against these demonstrators who participated in the demonstration there?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: They have sent them to prison.

Shri Shree Narayan Das: I wanted to know whether the Government of Pakistan has taken any steps against them.

Shri Sadath Ali Khan: The Allama has been rearrested and put into prison. Besides the District Magistrates of Lahore and Sialkot have issued orders prohibiting arranging of camps, processions and drill in the

military formations in the border areas of West Pakistan and mass movements towards Indo-Pakistan border. It has also been reported that the police have wound up the camps in the border districts.

Dr. Ram Subhag Singh: He is referring to the demonstrators in Dacca and not the Allama.

Shri Sadath Ali Khan: I am coming to that. In other districts like Montgomery, Hyderabad and Sheikhpura, the Razakars are reported to have closed down their camps voluntarily. These measures should have repercussions on the organisation's activities in East Pakistan also.

Raw Films

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*152. { Shri Biren Roy:
Shri A. S. Saigal:

Will the Minister of Commerce and Industry be pleased to state:

(a) how much footage of raw films has been permitted to be imported during the period from July to December, 1957;

(b) the total amount of foreign exchange involved; and

(c) the present position with regard to the establishment of a raw film production factory in the country?

The Deputy Minister of Commerce and Industry (Shri Satish Chandra): (a) and (b). Import licences for raw films are not issued for footage but for value. Licences for the value of Rs. 76 lakhs have been issued from 1st July, 1957 to 2nd November, 1957.

(c) Certain tentative proposals received for the manufacture of cinematographic films, X-Ray films and photographic paper are under examination.

Shri Biren Roy: Is it not a fact that nearly 300 feature films are produced on an average every year in India since 1948 and this country has lost