

है। आप को शायद मालूम होगा कि सन् १९२१ में महात्मा गांधी ने इस का उद्धारन किया था, और तब से यह कालेज चलता रहा। बीच में जो इस की जो कमेटी थी उस ने बहुत मिसमाल किया इस लिये यह रिजीवर के पास चला गया। तब दिल्ली सरकार ने सन् १९५२ में कानून पास कर के उसे नये बोर्ड के मुपुर्दे किया। अब यह निष्कारण आई है कि उस को भारत सरकार ले ले और उस मुझाव पर विचार किया जा रहा है।

Shri Sham Lal Saraf: In case the College is taken over by the Government, may I know whether the subjects of pathology and surgery will be included in the Ayurvedic college for the reason that till now it has been thought that the Ayurvedic system of medicine is lacking in these branches?

Dr. D. S. Raju: All these subjects, surgery, midwifery, are taught even now.

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: What is the Government's policy towards Ayurveda? Does not the Government regard it as as good a scientific system of medicine as allopatny and if so, what measures are being taken by the Government to foster and promote research and teaching in Ayurveda?

Mr. Speaker: I am sorry this question cannot be answered under this.

श्री प्रकाशवीर शास्त्री : क्या मैं जान सकता हूँ कि चूंकि तृतीय पंच वर्षीय योजना में आयुर्वेद की उन्नति करने के लिये धनराशि नियत की गई है इस लिये इस दिल्ली आयुर्वेदिक कालेज को अपने हाथों में लेने के पश्चात् सरकार उस को इतने ऊँचे स्तर पर ले जायेगी जिस से कि उस को आयुर्वेद विश्व-विद्यालय का रूप दे दिया जा सके

अध्यक्ष महोदय : यह भी एक सन्देश है

Shri P. K. Deo: May I know whether the Delhi College has been

compiling the Ayurvedic pharmacopoeia and if so, what steps are being taken?

Dr. Sushila Nayar: It is not the Delhi College that is compiling the pharmacopoeia but the Indian Council for Ayurvedic research has set up a special committee which has taken up the work of compiling the Ayurvedic and Unani pharmacopoeia.

Places connected with Automatic Trunk Call Facilities

***1496. Shri Maheswar Naik:** Will the Minister of Transport and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) what are the places which are now connected with automatic trunk call facilities; and

(b) which other places are proposed to be brought under this system during the Third Five Year Plan period?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Transport and Communications (Shri Bhagavati): (a) Lucknow-Kanpur.

(b) Schemes have been sanctioned for introduction of automatic trunk facilities between—

- (i) New Delhi—Agra.
- (ii) New Delhi—Kanpur.
- (iii) New Delhi—Lucknow.
- (iv) Agra—Kanpur.
- (v) Agra—Lucknow.
- (vi) Kanpur—Varanasi.

Extension of this facility to other stations is under consideration.

Shri Maheswar Naik: May I know to what extent, if any, the long wait before a trunk call materialises has been obviated by this automatic system of trunk calls?

Shri Bhagavati: These calls will be from subscriber to subscriber. So, there will not be much delay.

Shri Maheswar Naik: In view of the fact that one has to wait for long before a trunk call materialises now

because of the overcrowded lines, may I know whether Government propose to have new lines for these new trunk call systems?

Shri Bhagavati: The introduction of direct automatic trunk dialling requires a large number of reliable trunk circuits, and that has been done. So, these difficulties would not occur.

Shri D. C. Sharma: May I know why these automatic trunk call facilities have been given in such abundance only in Uttar Pradesh?

Shri Bhagavati: No, these will be extended to other parts of the country also. As a matter of fact, projects for laying coaxial cables between Delhi-Agra-Calcutta and Agra-Bombay have already been sanctioned. As for the Delhi-Agra-Calcutta section, this project is nearing completion.

श्री विभूति मिश्र: क्या मैं जान सकता हूँ कि दिल्ली से पटना की जो ट्रंक लाइन है वह बराबर खराब रहती है ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : बात तो उस के फैसले की है ।

Shri Nath Pai: Is the hon. Minister aware that with a quantitative expansion of these services, there is a progressive qualitative deterioration in the available or in the existing services?

Shri Bhagavati: That is because there are more demands and there is increased traffic. So, this system has been introduced. I think gradually when we can have coaxial cables throughout the country, these difficulties will be minimised to a great extent.

Shri Nath Pai: The answer has hardly anything to do with the question that I asked. I asked whether there was a qualitative deterioration with the expansion of the services.

Mr. Speaker: The hon. Deputy Minister has said that with the laying of coaxial cables, these difficulties will be minimised, and there will be improvement.

Shri S. M. Banerjee: Before this particular system is introduced in the other cities, may I know whether Government contemplate to change in certain cities the present system of telephone through exchanges and convert them into automatic exchanges, because in many cities, these automatic telephone exchanges are not there?

Shri Bhagavati: I could not catch the question.

Shri S. M. Banerjee: The main question relates to direct trunk lines. I want to know whether....

Mr. Speaker: The supplementary question should be confined to the main question that is before us. What the hon. Member has asked is quite a different thing altogether. He should realise that.

Shri Vidya Charan Shukla: Have complaints been received that these direct lines are often out of order all over the country, and if so, whether Government have made any enquiries in this regard to find out whether these complaints are true?

Shri Bhagavati: The hon. Member is referring to overhead lines. The main question before us refers to automatic trunk calls.

श्री अचल सिंह : क्या ग्राटोमैटिक और ग्राडिनरी ट्रंक कालम के चार्ज एक से हैं या उन में कोई फर्क है ?

Shri Bhagavati: The charges are the same

Rationalisation of Water Charges

*1498. **Shri Harish Chandra Mathur:** Will the Minister of Health be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have made any efforts to rationalise the rates for water charges before they give assistance for water supply schemes;

(b) the rate charged in different towns with population of more than one lakh; and