LOK SABHA

- Monday August 22, 1966/Sravana 31, 1888 (Saka)
 - The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock

[MR. SPEAKER in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

मई-जून 1966 में वैदेशिक-कार्य मंत्री की विदेश यात्रा

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*569. श्री विभति मिश्र : भी क० ना० तिवारी : श्री विद्वनाथ पाण्डेय : श्री किलार लाल : श्वी बागडी : डा० राम मनोहर लोहियाः वी रामसेवक याववः भी मध् लिमये : श्री किशन पटनायकः भी मौर्य : श्री प्र० चं० बरुमाः श्री दलजीत सिंह : श्रीमती साबित्री निगम : भी राम सहाय पाण्डेय : श्री दी० चं० जर्माः भी बटा सिंह : थी झोंकार ताल बेरवा : थी काजरोलकर : थी प० ह० भीलः

क्या वैवेज्ञिक-कार्य मंत्री यह बताने की कूपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि उन्होंने मई ग्रीर जून, 1966 में फांस ग्रीर ग्रन्थ देशों की याता की थी; भौर

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस यात्रा का क्या उद्देश्य था ग्रौर उन देशों में किन विषयों पर क्या वातचीत हई?

The Minister of External Affairs (Shri Swaran Singh): (a) Yes, Sir, I visited France and U.K. in May-June, 1966.

(b) The purpose of the visit to Paris was to hold talks with the French Foreign Minister in pursuance of the agreement between the two countries to have regular consultations. In Paris we had a wide range discussions on the international situation and on bilateral relations.

After Paris I visited London from 3rd to 5th June to have discussions with the British Government leaders on matters of mutual interest.

भी विभूति मिथा: राजनीति के गूढ़ सिद्धांतों को ध्यान में रखते हुए कभी भी राजा या उसका मंत्री दूसरे देशों में तब तक नहीं जाता है जब तक कि उसको भपने राज-दूत से यह पता न चले कि हमारे देश का फलां फलां हित उसके देश में जाने से होगा तो मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि मंत्री जी ने कहां तक भपने राजदूत को कंसल्ट किया था भौर जाने के बाद में भारत के हित में कौन कौन से काम किए गए ?

Shri Swaran Singh: The Indian Ambassador in Paris and the Indian High Commissioner in London were fully consulted before these visits to Paris and London were undertaken.

As I have indicated, we have agreed to have frequent consultations with leaders of France on matters bilateral and also on the international situation. On the last occasion, there was such a discussion in India and this time we were invited by the French Government to have discussions in Paris.

Having gone so near the United Kingdom, I did want to have a discussion with the British leaders. Except for the last visit at the time of the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' Conference when conference matters were generally discussed, I did not have any opportunity to discuss matters, and, therefore, I undertook a three-day visit to London also.

धी विभूति मिक्षः यह ध्यते हम् कि फ्रांस हगसे इनडिफरेंट है, चीन के नजदोक फ्रांस ज्यादा है ग्रीर पिछली लड़ाई में इंग्लैंड इमारे खिलाफ था, तो इन बातों को स्थान में रखते हुए हमारे मंत्री जी ने इन दोनों देशों के द्यधिकारियों से जो बात-चीत की, उस से कहां तक वह हमारे नजदीक ग्राये, इस में हमको कितनी सफलता मिली ?

Shri Swaran Singh: I would very strongly repel the suggestion that the French attitude towards us is indifferent. In fact, the French attitude to us is very friendly, and on various matters including the assessment of Chinese designs and Chinese policy there is a very large measure of identity between the French view and the Indian view.

It is true that our relations with the United Kingdom, particularly after the last Indo-Pakistan conflict were under considerable strain, but after the last talk that our Prime Minister had with Prime Minister Wi'son in London some months age, I did no'ice that there was a greater understanding of our position even in the British circles, and the talks that I had also gave me an opportunity to clarify our stand and to say categorically how we felt on certain matters.

Shri Shinkre: Clarify our stand?

Mr. Speaker: Yes, that is what he has said.

भी क० ना० तिवारी : मंत्री महोदय ने यह कहा है कि फांस थ्रीर यू० के० दोनों देशों में वह गए। मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं कि बहुत से श्रार्म्स प्रभी नागालेंड में मोर दूसरी जगहों में फांस के पकड़े गए हैं ग्रीर जो एग्री-मेंट यू० के० के साथ में हुग्रा था मिलिटरी सप्लाई का उस को भो ग्रभी तक वह बन्द किए हुए हैं तो इन विषयों पर भी बांतें हुई या नहीं ग्रीर हुई तो इन का क्या रिजल्ट रहा ?

Shri Swaran Singh: It is true that some arms that have been captured or recovered from the Nagas arc of foreign make, but I am unable to say more about it. Perhaps, my colleague, the Defence Minister who is here, may be able to throw some light on it.

The Minister of Defence (Shrt Y. B. Chavan): I think I had mentioned this matter on the floor of the House that one French weapon had becn found, and I had personally taken up that matter with the French Ambassador here.

श्वीक०ना०तिवारीः मेरा जबाब नहीं मिला । यू०के०वालाजो मैं नेपूछा था ।

Shri Swaran Singh: I did not have any talk about military supplies because the Defence Ministry is dealing with that matter.

डा० राम मनोहर सोहिया: पैसों की कमी मौर विशेषकर के विदेशी मुदा की कमी के कारण मैं यह सवाल पूछ रहा हूं। क्या यह सही है कि जब विदेश मंत्री जी फांस में थे उसी समय यहां के एक प्रौर माननीय मंत्री काबीना के सांस्कृतिक समझौते पर दस्तखत करने के लिए पैरिस गए ग्रौर ग्रगर यह सही है तो क्या मंत्री जी मुनासिब नहीं समझते कि ऐसा काम वहां के राजदूत ही कर डाला करें, वहां विदेश मंत्री ग्रौर शिक्षा मंत्री के जाने की जरूरत नहीं है ?

Shri Swaran Singh: I have indicated that I had gone there for a

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specific purpose, to have consultations about which there was an earlier agreement between the Government of France and India. It is true that some of the agreements can be signed by the ambassadors also, but the one signed by our Education Minister in Paris had special significance, and he during his visit not only signed the agreement but had very useful and important discussions about matters which are of great interest to us.

डा० राम मनोहर लोहिया: घ्रघ्यक्ष महोदय, विदेश मंत्री को एक सिद्धांत के सवाल पर जबाब देना चाहिए। यह वहां थे। मगर मान लीजिए राजदूत नहीं तो इन्होंने खुद क्यों नहीं दस्तखत किये ? इतना पैंसा क्यों बरबाद किया जाता है ?

ग्रध्यक्ष महोदयः ग्रार्डर । मब उन्होंने जरूरी समझा ...

डा० राम मनोहर लोहियाः तो ज<mark>बाव</mark> तो होना चाहिए ।

. श्राध्यक्ष महोदयः मैं इन में दखल नहीं देसकता । गवर्नमेंट श्रगर समझती है तो गवर्नमेंट रेस्पांसिबिल है इसके लिए ।

श्ची विद्यनाथ पांडेय : ग्रभी मंत्री महोदय ने बताया है कि फांस में ग्रीर इंग्लैंड में जब वह गए तो वहां के विदेश मंत्री से ग्रीर सरकार से ग्रन्तराष्ट्रीय स्थिति के विषय में भी परामर्प किया । तो मैं यह जानुना चाहता हूं कि जब वहां ग्रन्तराष्ट्र य स्थिति के संबंध में विचार विमर्प किया तो पाकिस्तान जो ताशकंद समझौते को ग्रवहेलना कर रहा है ग्रीर चान परमाणु बम बना रहा है ग्रीर विस्फोट कर रहा है, क्या इस के संबंध में भी विदेश मंत्री स्होदय ने परामर्प किया ग्रीर किया तो दोनों सरकारों की क्या प्रति-तिया रही ?

Shri Swaran Singh: Naturally both these matters which are of great importance and significance to us did come up for discussion both in Paris and in London. श्री विश्वनाथ पाण्डेयः उन की प्रतिक्रिया क्या रही ?

Shri Swaran Singh: It is very difficult to give details of the talks.

श्री झोंकार लाज बेरवा (कोटा) : मैं यह जानना चाहता हूं कि जो ग्राप ने बिटेन और फांस की याता की है, ब्रिटेन खुल्लमखुल्ला पाकिस्तान को हवियार दे रहा है, ग्रांर पाकिस्तान की मदद कर रहा है, तो क्या इसके बारे में भी ग्रापने बात चीत की भीर की है तो क्या सारांश निकला है, उस को सामान देने के लिए हां किया है या नां किया है ।

मध्यक्ष महोदयः यह तो मा चुका है ?

Shri Swaran Singh: This has already been answered.

Shrimati Savitri Nigam: During his talks with the French Foreign Minister, did the hon. Minister make any mention about the future of the test ban treaty and nuclear free zone? If so, what was the reaction of the French Foreign Minister and the French Government?

Shri Swaran Singh: The House is, no doubi, aware that France is not a signatory to the partial nuclear test baa treaty. They are continuing to adopt this policy and have not altered it.

Shri D. C. Sharma: I am very glad that our country has arrived at an agreement with France for bilateral discussions and I was also glad that our hon. Minister visited that country recently. During his visit to France and UK, was he able to discuss a very live and burning issue which is agitating the mind of the whole world, the issue of Vietnam, and if so, what was the reaction of the French Government to the issue of Vietnam, and also the resection of the U.K. Government to Vietnam?

Shri Swaran Singh: Vietnam was discussed both in France as well as in England, and the French assessment of the situation in Vietnam is almost identical to the assessment that we have of the Vietnam situation. The French, however, have been taking for some time the view that the present time is not an opportune time for making any worthwhile or significant peace move. The British attitude in this respect does not coincide with ours, and I took the opportunity to exchange views, but that difference of approach to the Vietnam problem the Indian stand and the between British stand remains.

Shri Indrajit Gupta: May I know in what respects the hon. Minister, during his visit to the United Kingdom found that the British Government has now got, as he said, a better appreciation of our stand during the hostilities with Pakistan? On what points did he find that the U.K. has changed its views now compared with the views it held at that time?

Shri Swaran Singh: They tried to explain the various circumstances that prevailed including the statements made by them, and we pointed out how in certain respects the attitude that they had taken was not correct, and in certain cases they admitted that they did not have before them the overall victure when they put forward certain statements.

Shri Indrajit Gupta: This is not my question. I asked on what specific matters they have changed their attitude. This is a general reply which has always been given. Why did he say this in the original statement?

Shri P. C. Borooah: May I know whether the question relating to India's relations with the European Common Market was discussed, and if so, what are the specific aspects, and with what results?

Shri Swaran Singh: This was also discussed because we had the economic expert also with us. Shri Bhagwat Jha Azad: Could the hon. Minister appreciate and assess the obvious feeling in France like other continental countries that the Indian stand could not be appreciated better because of our relation with the Commonwealth and with the British?

Shri Swaran Singh: I think there is now greater appreciation of the position that notwithstanding our membership of the Commonwealth we look to other countries to understand their viewpoint and to explain our viewpoint.

Economic Aid Programme for Afghanistan

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*570. Shri M. L. Dwivedi: Shri Subodh Hansda: Shri S. C. Samanta: Shri Madhu Limaye: Dr. Ram Manohar Lohla;

Will the Minister of External Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering a five-year economic aid programme for Afghanistan; and

(b) if so, when the agreement will be finalised and signed?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of External Affairs (Shri Dinesh Singh): (a), No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise. However an Indian Delegation led by the Secretary, Ministry of External Affairs visited Afghanistan recently with a view to increasing technical and economic cooperation between the two countries. The Delegation finalised with the Royal Afghan Government the terms and conditions of the construction of a 100-Bed Children's Hospital in Kabul.

Other avenues of cooperation between India and Afghanistan were also explored and various requests received and suggestions made are now under examination. These include supply of agricultural equipment and implements, the deputation of experts from India, the undertaking of a survey,