श्री राज बहादूर : जहां तक इंजीनियरिंग क्षमता का सम्बन्ध है, राज्य सरकार ने जो भधिकारी नियक्त किया था. वह पूर्णतः क्षम था ग्रीर उसने काम किया। मैं यह भी निवेदन कर दुंकि जहांतक मकैनिकल भीर लोडिंग प्लांट का सम्बन्ध है, जहां हमने भीर बन्दरगाहों में उसको लगाने के लिए विदेशी फर्मों की सहायता लो है, वहां इस चीफ़ इंजी-नियर ने उस मकैनिकल ग्रीर लोडिंग प्लाट -को ग्रार० पी० टी० के प्राजेक्ट रिपोर्ट पर **अबुद** लगाया है।

Unemployment Insurance Scheme

Shri R. S. Pandey: Shri D. C. Sharma: Shri Yashpal Singh: Shri P. R. Chakraverti: Shri Rameshwar Tantia: *34. ∠ Shri Onkar Lal Berwa: Shri P. C. Boroosh:

Shri M. S. Murti: Maharajkumar Vijaya Anandas Shrimati Ramdulari Sinha:

Will the Minister of Social Security be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government taken any decision with regard to the introduction of the Unemployment Insurance Scheme:
- (b) if so, the decision taken in the matter: and
- (c) the salient features of the scheme?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Law (Shri Jaganatha Rao); (a) Not yet; the scheme is still under consideration.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.

भी राम सहाय पाण्डेय : धनएम्प्लाय-मेंट इनइयोरेंस या कम्पेंसेशन के सिद्धान्त पर जब सरकार विचार कर रही है तो क्या मैं यह जान सकता हूं कि किन किन श्रेणियों के लोगों की उससे लाभ र्ंबिगा ?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: The scheme as formulated by this department would cover about 4 million workers.

भी तलक्षीबास आधव : देश में कितने भनएम्प्लायड हैं, इसकी क्या कोई फिगर्ज भापके पास हैं?

बन्यक्ष महोदय : यह दूसरा सवाल है ।

Shrì D. C. Sharma: May I know what proportion this unemployment insurance scheme will bear to the per capita income of India and average wages of the employees?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: This scheme would apply to persons who are involuntarily thrown out of employment.

Mr. Speaker: Can he answer hon. member's question?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: No, Sir; it does not relate to this.

श्री यशपाल सिंह: क्या राज्य सरकारी से इस मामले में कुछ मुझाव गांगे गए हैं ? ग्रगर मांगे गये है तो क्या सरकार यह बना सकती है कि जहां ज्यादा पापुलेशन बढ़ी है वहां पर यह स्कीम लागुकी जाएगी या जहां कम बढ़ी है वहांपर लागुकी जाएगी?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: The scheme was circulated to the various ministries and State Governments. comments have been received and this scheme will be discussed in the Indian Labour Conference which is likely to be held in October.

Shri P. R. Chakraverti: May I know whether Government has considered the possibility of utilising the fund that is now lying with the Trustees of the Provident Fund Scheme. both industrial and mining?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: The idea is not to take away the provident fund accumulation which entirely belongs to the workers. We want to evolve a scheme by additional contributions by employers and employees and the government would meet the cost of administration.

भी भोकार लाल बेरबा: इस योजना में कितना रुपया रखा गया है इसके लिए और किस श्रेणी को दिया जाएगा ? इसमें क्या बेकार स्टुडर्स भी था जायेंगे या बेकार लोग ही शार्थेगे ? कितना रुपया रखा है ?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: Initially the scheme would apply to members of the Employees Provident Fund and members of the Coal Mines Provident Fund.

ग्रध्यक्ष महोदयः कितना रूपया रखा रखागयाहै?

विधि तथा सामाजिक सुरक्षा मंत्री (भी घ० कु० सेन): अभी नक रुपये के बारे में निश्चय नहीं किया गया है।

Shri P. C. Borooah: May I know whether Government has taken consideration the provisions of the insurance scheme evolved for the Assam Tea Plantation workers which is considered to be unique and best in the country because it requires no medical examination and no fresh contribution by the employers and employees? May I know how this scheme compares with the scheme?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: This is not a medical insurance scheme as such. Employees who are thrown out of employment for temporary spells involuntarily would be covered.

Shri A. N. Vidyalankar: The Minister stated that the scheme is still under consideration. May I know since when it is under consideration? Is it not a fact that since the second Plan was being formulated, it is under consideration of the government?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: It is true a committee was set up and a scheme was evolved. But that scheme was given up as being impracticable. The Department of Social Security recently evolved a new scheme and it was discussed in the joint meeting of the trustees of the Employees Provident

Fund and the Coal Mines Provident Fund. It will be further discussed in the Indian Labour Conference to beheld in October.

The Minister of Law (Shri A. K. Sen): May 1 add that the working group appointed in 1964 reported only in 1965?

श्री दिश्वाम प्रसाद : जय से इस देश को स्वतन्त्रता मिली है तब से झाज तक कितनी फीसदी बेकारी बढ़ी है और यह जो बेकारी की संख्या है इसमें कितने रिजस्टर्ड हैं और कितने अनरजिस्टर्ड ? इस बेकारी को दूर करने के लिए क्या सरकार झगली पंच-वर्षीय योजना में कोई कदम उठाने जा रही है ?

श्री ग्र० कु० सेन : ये ग्रांकड़ेतो मेरे पास नहीं हैं।

Shri A. P. Sharma: May I know how long it will take for the Government to finalise this scheme?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: As I said, the Indian Labour Conference is meeting in October. This scheme will be discussed there. If the employers and employees agree, government would go ahead with it.

Shri S. M. Banerjee: May I know whether the attention of the Minister has been drawn to a press statement issued by the Secretary of the Department in Nav Bharat Times? After reading that statement, it appears that everything was finalised and the employers have agreed. May I know what action has been taken against the officer issuing such statements?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: The scheme is finalised so far as the department is concerned. We formulate the scheme and it is open to the employers and employees to come forward with objections.

Shrimati Ramdulari Sinha: May I know what proportion of the unemployed persons are likely to be benefited by this scheme and what will be the basis of giving priority to the unemployed persons in the first instalment?

Shri Jaganatha Rae: As I said, about four million workers will be covered by this scheme. The scheme is that six months' pay will be paid in instalments, basing on the contributions made by the employers and employees.

श्री गुलकान : क्या यह सच है कि देश में बेरोजगारी दिन-ब-दिन बढ़ रही हैं भीर इस बेरोजगारी का शिकार होते हुए मजदूर कई जगहों पर धात्म-हत्या कर रहे हैं। यह जो बीमा योजना है मजदूरों के बारे में. इसमें जो देहानी खेत मजदूर हैं उनको भी शामिल कर लिया जाएगा या नहीं?

ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय : पहले जो उन्होंने बताया है उसमें तो नहीं ग्राते हैं ।

भ्रो हुत्म चः द्र कछ श्रायः वया सरकार ने कभी इस बात का प्रयस्त किया है कि यह जाना जाए कि देश में कितने बेरोजगार लोग है भीर सभी बेरोजगारों पर यह चीज लागू होनी चाहिये ? क्या इस पर कभी विचार किया है ?

अध्यक्ष महोदयः उन्होंने कहा है जिन पर लागू होंगो । स्राप तो एक जनरल क्वेश्चन कर रहे हैं।

श्री **हुरुम चन्द्र कछ तय**ः कितनः अन्दात्र सरकार ने इसका लगाया है ? क्या सरकार इसका अन्दात्र लगाने का प्रवस्त करेगी ?

Shrimati Savitri Nigam: May I know why the previous scheme was abandoned, who were the persons who drafted this scheme, and whether any experts have also been taken on this Committee which has finalised this scheme or only departmental heads have done it?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: The scheme was found to be un-workable and therefore it was given up. A meeting of the State Labour Ministers also considered this scheme on 19th November 1963 and they said that the scheme is not workable.

Mr. Speaker: She wants to know whether experts are there or only departmental heads.

Shri A. K. Sen: There are experts.

Shrimati Renu Chakravartty: The Unemployment Insurance Scheme seems to apply only to those workers where there is provident fund. In view of the fact that the greatest amount of hardship is caused to contract labour, why is it that this Unemployment Insurance Scheme is not also made to cover that section of the workers?

Shri Jaganatha Rao: Initially the idea is to cover those who are members of the Employees' Provident Fund and Coalmines' Provident Fund. Gradually it will be applied to all other workers also.

Shrimati Renuka Ray: This scheme by its very nature applies to the highly organised sector of labour and the contributory aspect comes in. I want to know what is the specific amount that the Government is going to spend on administrative costs etc., and how far this will be drawn out of the total fund which is enough for social welfare of the under-privileged sections of society?

Shri A. K. Sen: The contemplation is that the Government would bear the entire cos's of administration.

Shrimati Renuka Ray: My question has not been answered.

Shri A. K. Sen: Naturally, that will come from the budget of the Ministry of Social Security.

Shrimati Tarkeshwari Sinha: Just now the hon. Deputy Minister informed the House that this scheme will primarily cover those workers who become unemployed and who are covered by the Provident Fund and Coalmines' Insurance Scheme. I want to know why only those two categories of workers were chosen, in view

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of the fact that they have something to fall back, and not other categories of workers like contract labour who are also more or less permanently employed but have no benefits of social security?

Mr. Speaker: She is entering into arguments now.

श्री रामेश्वरानःव : वेरोजगारी बढ़नी जाती है । इसको दूर करने के लिए सरकार को योजनायें बनानी पड़ती हैं श्रीर कई बार वे फेन हो जातो हैं । फिर उसको योजनायें बनानी पड़ती हैं । मैं जानना चाहना हूं कि वेरोजगारी बढ़ने का कारण क्या है ?क्या कारण है कि वेरोजगारी इस ते नहीं उत्पन्न होती है ? उन कारण को जान कर कारण को मिटाने के जिए केन्द्रीय सरकार क्या कर रही

श्रम्यक्ष महोदय : कारण हम प्रोर श्राप दोनों ही जानते हैं।

श्री रामेश्वरामण्य में तानही जानता हूँ। मैं सुन केना घाटना हूँ।

श्री वृजराज सिहः नंत्री भण्डल में हैं कोर्ड हैंचाजा इनका उत्तर दें?

Shri Kapur Singh: He wants to know the cause of the causes of unemployment. That he should explain.

Mr. Speaker: The cause or causes of unemployment cannot be discussed in a supplementary question. It is too wide a thing to be answered in a supplementary question. Next Question.

भी रामेण्यरामध्यः प्रध्यक्ष महोद्यतः,
मैं नम्प्रता से प्रापसे निरेदन करना
चाहता हूं कि यदि इन्का उत्तर
हमें यहां भी नहीं भिन लग्नता तां प्राखिर
हम घीर कहां जाएं। यह देण की सबसे बड़ी
संस्था है घीर इनके हाथ में देण का शासन
है। यदि, बेकारी क्यों होती है, इसका उत्तर
यहां नहीं भिल सबना तो हम किस को
शरण मैं जाएं?

ध्यस्यक्ष महोबय: इती सदन की शरण में आएं। ध्रगर मप्लीमेंटरी सवाल की शक्ल में नहीं। जब चांबी प्लान पर बहम हो या ध्रीर कोई बहम हो उस वक्त आप इस सवाल को पुर्छे।

Sugar Production

Shri P. R. Chakraverti:
Shri P. C. Borooah;
Shri Naval Prabhakar:
Shri Hem Raj:
*35.
Shri Bishwanath Roy:
Dr. Mahadeva Prasad:
Shri Tridib Kumar
Chaudhuri:

Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the increased production of sugar is expected to reach a figure with prospects of India's exports to foreign countries enhanced to five lakh tonnes per year during the Fourth Five Year Plan;
- (b) whether countries, other than the United States and U.K. have come forward to buy Indian raw sugar of high quality;
- (c) whether it is a fact that the Industry is continuously handicapped by the high production costs because of the use of worn-out and out-modeed machinery; and
- (d) if so, the steps taken to introduce rationalisation in the Industry?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Shri D. R. Chavan): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) Yes Sir. Indian raw sugar is being exported to other countries also.
- (c) and (d). Worn-out and out-moded machinery is a factor responsible for high production costs in factories which have not taken steps to modernise their plants. The matter has recently been examined by a Committee whose report is under consideration of the Government.

Shri P. R. Chakraverti: May I know the amount of subsidy so far-