## Shortage of Wheat and Bice $+$

Shri Hitmatsingka:
Shri Rameshwar Tantia:
Shri B. P. Yadava:
Shrl Dhaon:
Shri Naval Prabhakar:
Shri Balmilki:
Shri Harish Chandra
Mathur:
Shri Krishnapal Singh:
Shri Vishwa Nath Pandey: Shrimati Savitri Nigam:
Shri N. P. Yadab:
Shri M. L. Dwivedi:
Shri S. C. Samanta:
Shri Solankd:
Shri Narasimha Reddy:
*32.
Shri Balgovind Verma:
Shri Bibhuti Mishra:
Shri K. N. Tiwary:
Shri Mohan Swarup:
Shrl Bishwanath Roy:
Shri S. M. Banerjee:
Shrimati Jyotsna
Chanda:
Shri Achal Singh:
Shri E. Madhusudan Rao:
Shri Ram Harkh Yadav:
Dr. Mahadeva Prasad:
Shrimati Ramdulari Sinha:
Shri Dharmalingam:
Shri K. C. Pant:
Will the Minister of Food and Asricultare be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that almost all the States are facing a critical shortage of wheat and rice;
(b) if so, the reasons therefor;
(c) what action Government have taken in view of the grave situation arising out of the shortage; and
(d) the total demand made by States and how the Centre is likely to meet that demand?
The Depaty Minister in the Ministry of Food and Agrioulture (Shri D. R. Chavan): (a) and (b). There is a shortage of rice and wheat but the extent of shortage varies from State to State. The shortage of wheat is mainly due to two successive years of bad production while shortage of rice is due to low market arrivals.
(c) The import of rice and wheat has been stepped un and larger
quantities are now being distributed through fair price shops. The licensing control on trade has been tightened up with a view to bringing out hoarded stocks and preventing undue rise in prices in the open market.
(d) The requirements of each deflcit State are examined in consultation with the State Government and supplies are arranged keeping in view the needs of the other States and the overall availability of foodgrains with the Central Government.

Shri Himatsingka: What is the total quantity of imported wheat and rice in 1963-64?

The Minister of Food and Agriture (Shri C. Subramaniam): In 1963, the import was round about 4.5 million tons, and during 1964, it is expected that it may reach nearabout six million tons.

Shri Himatsingka: What is the amount that is being supplied to the States per month, roughly?

Shri D. R. Chavan: During the last five to six months, about five lakh tons per month is the average offtake.
Shri Rameshwar Tantia: May I know whether it is a fact that in some zones, the price of wheat is double that of other zones and if it is so, may I know whether the Government will reconsider the allocation to the different zones according to their requirements?

Mr. Speaker: It is a suggestion for action.

Shrt Vidya Charan Shukla: Is it a fact that the Government are considering to abolish the food zones in the country to facilitate proper and equitable distribution of foodgrains in the country and, if so, at what stage is it lying now?
Shri C. Subramaniam: That is one of the matters under consideration. The zonal system cannot be disturbed in the midst of a trade season. During the next harvest season we shall review the situation and take a decision.
Shrt R. 8. Pandey: May I know whether the Madhya Pradesh Govern-
mant has made any representation to et the imported wheat?

Eri C. Subramaniam: Almost -uny State Government has made meresentations.

थी राम सेबक याषष : में जानना चाहता न्रें कि क्या खाब्य मंत्रालय को राज्य सरकारों हो इस प्रकार की शिकायतें मिली हैं या इं प्रकार के निवेदन मिले हैं कि सस्ते चस्ते की दूकानों पर पर्याप्त माना में म्राबश्ययक्ता के भ्रनुसार भनाज नहीं पहुंच पा रहा है ।

घी कामी राम गुप्त : क्या सरकार घो इस बात की जानकारी है कि राजस्थान 3. देहातों में धनाज न मिलने के कारण बोग मारे मारे फिरते हैं श्रोर जो बिलक्यी दें पहुंचाने की व्यवस्था है उसके भनुसार चह बहां नहीं पहुंचता है ।

घी बा० शा० चब्हाण : जैसा घानरेबल अभ्बर कह्ह रहे हैं वह सब हमारी जानकारी त्त नहीं है, लेकिन प्रगर उन के पास कोई Zती कम्पलेन्ट हो पौर वह उसे हमारे पास चेन्य वें तो हम उस की एन्षवायरी करेंगे ।

Sthri Bade: Is it a fact that in so many States wheat is not given by the Fovernment and 50 per cent quota is cut out and therefore the chief grainshops were lying empty without any rain?

Ehri D. R. Chavan: I have already cated that the demands of the States mise met looking to the overall availality of foodgrains in the country.

Shri Krishnapal Singh: Is the Cevernment aware that the measures adopted by them have totally failed to control the price with regard to rice, and that wheat is selling between Re 30 to Rs. 40 a maund in different Jerts of Uttar Pradesh, and, if so, what measures have the Government adopted to control the price?

Tr. Speaker: We have got a food - Tebate and this question can be put steen, and not here.

Shri D. R. Chavala: We are moeting the demands of the State withim the overall availability of foodgrains.

Shri Basappa: In answer to part (c), may I know whether the State Governments are cooperating with the Centre in the matter of enforcing control orders against hoarding, etc., and if the Government are thinking of a central squad to see that hoarding stops completely?

Shri C. Subramaniam: Ultimately action will have to be taken by the various State Governments. I do not think I have much to complain against the State Governments that they are non-cooperating. But whether they are doing it effectively and efficiently is a matter of opinion.

Shri P. R. Chakraverti: In the context of the functioning of the food zones in the country, may 1 know whether the Government has taken steps to set up a central pool of foodgrains dismantling the food zones?

Shit C. Sabramaniam: The import is done by the Central Government. They store the grains and distribute to the various States. In that sense, there is a central pool of wheat and also rice.

घी मबल प्रभाषर : माननीय मंब्री जी ने मूल प्रफ्न के उत्तर में यह कहा था कि लाइर्सेसिम क्रादेश को कड़ा कर विया गया है। में जानना घाहता हूं कि क्या दिल्ली में इसकी कोई प्रतिक्रिया हुई है, प्रोर कितने ध्यापारियों ने लाइसोसग पादेश का उस्लंबन किया ।

Shri C. Subramaniam: I do not think 1 can give the numbers immediately.

Shri Ramanathan Chettiar: In view of the unreasonable attitude of the surplus States and in view of the difficulties experienced by the deficit States, may I know whether the Central Government is seriously considering the question of issuing a directive to these surplus States to have the zonal restrictions removed?

Mr. Speaker: There ought not to be such reflections and insinuations. Why should he presume that their attitude was unreasonable?

Shri Man Sinh P. Patel; In view of the different habits of consumption of rice and wheat in different States, may I know whether the Government have issued strict instructions to the different States about the quantum of wheat and rice to be distributed in different States?

Shri C. Subramaniam: As a mattor of fact, wheat is distributed only in the wheat-consuming areas generally. But we are also trying to popularise wheat in the non-wheat areas also. Therefore, to that extent we distribute wheat to the non-wheat areas also and try to popularise wheat.

Shrimati Jjotana Chanda: May I know from the Government what long-term measures Government propose to take to stop the shortage of foodstuffs?

Shri C. Subramanam: I think I will be dealing with this matter in my reply to the debate.

की जोषार लाल बेखा : में जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या सरकार ने कोई ऐसा सर्बे कर लिया है कि साल में कितने गेंू पौर चावल की ध्रावस्यकता होगी, घ्रोर इसकी कमी के लिये किन किन देशों से बताचीत की है

Mr. Speaker: He wants to know what would be the deficiency and to make up that deficiency whether they have had talks with any countries arce if so, what are those countries.

Shri C. Subramaniam: As far as wheat is concerned, the main import is from U.S.A. under PL 480. In addition to that, we import on corrmercial account from Australia and some other countries. We are also trying to get rice under PL 880 from U.S.A. In addition, we make purchases in the South-east Asian countrjes also.

शी घोंकार लाल बंरवा : क्या सर्षे किया ग्मा है कि साल में कितने गेहूं घौर बावल की जहलतत है ?

मर्यक्ष महोषय : वह सब का ऊनाष डिकेट में बेंगे ।
Shri P. K. Ghosh: May I know if the shortage in wheat is due to shortage in production or due to the wrong policy of the Government in giving. wheat to the big chakkis instead of supplying wheat to the consumer directly through the fair price shopst

Mr. Speaker: Is this the information he wants from the Government that their policies are wrong? That comment he might have to make, but what is the information he wants? Would the Government say that their information is that their policies are wrong?

Shri Himmatsinhji: Just now the hon. Minister stated that the Government were trying to popularise consumption of wheat. May I know what steps Government have taken so far to popularise consumption of wheat?

Shri C. Subramaniam: By preparing various wheat products like maida, suji and atta, and distributing $\mathrm{ti}_{\mathrm{i}}$ to the people, they are becoming more and more aecustomed to that

Shri D. N. Tiwary: May I know whether the Government has sent any instructions to the State Governments or the State Governments motu have issued instructions to the District Magistrates not to supply foodgrains from ration shops to thowe owning more than one acre or more than two or three acres of land; if so, how the Government thinks that those people will get their foodstufliat

Shri C. Subramaniam: We make foodgrains available to the various States taking into consideration the total availability of toodgrains. Then the State Governments have got to take the decision as to how they wrould distribute it and to whom they would distribute it. No doubt, we have dibs-
cussions with them, but ultimateiy it is the State Government which has to take the responsibility.

घी म० ला० दिखेंी : प्वाइंट धाफ घार्डर ।

इस प्रश्न के बंटे में जो लोग प्रफ्न करते हैं घ्रोर जिनके नाम उन प्रश्नों के सामने दिये रहते हैं, उनके बड़े होने पर भी प्राप उसकी तरफ से घपनी मांख छघर उघर हुटा लंते हैं ध्रीर जिन लोगों का नाम उस प्रश्न के सामने नहीं लिखा है उनको पुकारा घाता है। यदि हमारे सबाल करने पर कोई ऐतराज हो तो हम सवाल ही न किया करें क्योंकि खड़े होने पर भी हमारा नाम नहीं पुकारा जता ।

चध्यक महोपय : श्राप बैठ आयें ।
जब किसी सबाल के सामने छतने ज्यादा नाम होते हैं कि सब को नहीं बुलाया जा सकता, तो वह् सवाल सारे हाउस के सामने घ्रा जाता है । फिर भी मैं कोशिश करता हूं कि जिनके नाम में वह्ह सवाल है उनको बुलाऊं । लेकिन जबं सब को नहीं बुलाया जा सकता तो घ्रोर मेम्बरों को एक्सक्स्यूड नहीं किया जाता । ऐसी हालत में श्रापकी यह्ह शिकायत ठीक है कि मैं सिर्फ सवाल करने वालों की तरफ नज़ नहीं करता बल्कि सारे हाउस की तरफ वेखता हूं ।

थो म० ला० fिलेयी : ऐसा है तो अर्लबिग बन्द कर विया जाये ।

चर्पंध महोवय : इस पर भी सोवा जा संकता है ।

श्राप बंठ जाएं ।
Mr. Speaker: Next Question-Shri Rameshwar Tantia.

Shri Rameshwar Tantia: Question No. 33.

Shri Kapar Singh: Sir, Question No. 56 is an allied question and it may also be taken up along with this.

Mr. Speaker: If it is convenient for the Minister, that too might be answered \&llong with this. If he feels that it is not convenient he might not answer it.

The Minister of Food and Agriculture (Shri C. Subramaniam): I think it will be slightly different.

Mr. Speaker: Then only Question. No. 33 need be answered.

## Prices of Foodgrains $+$

Shri Rameshwar Tantia:
Shri Bishanchander Seth:
Shri B. P. Yadava:
Shri Dhacn:
Bhri Dinen Bhattacharya:
Dr. Saradish Roy:
Dr. Ranen Sen:
Shri Surendra Pal Singh:
Shri M. L. Dwivedi:
Shrimati Savitri Nigam:
Shri S. C. Samanta:
Shri Subodh Fiansia:
Shri S. M. Banerjee:
Shri Yashpal Singh:
Shri Indrajlt Gapta:
Shri Kapur Singh:
Shri Vishram Prasad:
Shri R. G. Dubey:
Shri P. C. Boreoah:
*38. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Shri Bagri: }\end{array}\right.$
Shri Hem Raj:
Shri Kashi Ram Gapta:
Shri Jashvant Mehta:
Shri Solanki:
Shri Narasimha Reddy:
Shri P. R. Chakraverti:
Shri Balmiki:
Shri Dafi:
Shri Basappa:
Shri Balgovind Verma:
Shri A. S. Saigal:
Shri Eolla Ventraiah:
Shri J. P. Jyotishi:
Shri P. L. Barupal:
Shrl Onkar Lal Berwa:
Bhyi P. K. Deo:
Shri Gulthan:
Shri Daljit 8ingh:
Shri M. L. Jadhav:
Shri Eajrolkar:
Bhri Mahannada:
Shrimati Remula Ray:

