

complaint has been that it has been booked to Madras first and then from Madras to Kerala, because the price is not being maintained in Kerala. Therefore, the traders have all the inducement to move the rice to Kerala rather than to keep it in Madras.

**Shri Koya:** Is the hon. Minister aware of the fact that rice from Calicut and other places was taken to Mangalore in Mysore State?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** I do not think that the Kerala rice moves to Mangalore. As a matter of fact, from the Central stocks we allotted some quantity to Mangalore, and that is moved. But that has nothing to do with Kerala rice.

**Shri P. Kunhan:** May I know whether Government are aware of the fact that despite the price control, rice is sold at Rs. 125 to 130 per bag, and if so, what steps are being taken in this regard?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** I do not think that this figure is correct. But I do know that the reports are that the rice is selling at more than the controlled price, at about Rs. 10 more per quintal, but not to the extent to which the hon. Member has mentioned.

**Shri S. M. Banerjee:** May I know whether it is a fact that every year in the State of Kerala especially in some of the districts such scarcity conditions are experienced by the people, and if so, whether there is any scheme with the Government, long-term as well as short-term, to overcome this difficulty, and if so, the salient features thereof?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** Taking into account the continuing difficult position in Kerala every year, we supply to almost every family a minimum quantity. That quantity has been doubled now, and during the more

critical period of June-July-August, four times the usual quantity was being supplied to each family.

Therefore, we have taken that into account. That is why an informal rationing exists there throughout the year.

**Shri S. M. Banerjee:** This is about the short-term. What about long-term measures, land reforms and other things to be done? Let him say something about that.

**Mr. Speaker:** For long-term measures, he wants time.

**Shri Warrior:** Is Government intending to send any wheat to make up the shortage there?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** Unfortunately, there is resistance to wheat in Kerala. As a matter of fact, we tried it. But somehow in Kerala they prefer only rice.

**Shrimati Renu Chakravarty:** They cannot take wheat because of high prices.

दिल्ली बुध योजना

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श्री हुकन चन्द्र कडुनाय :

श्री यशपाल सिंह :

श्री बालमोकी :

श्री प० ल० बाबुपाल :

श्री माते :

श्री स० मो० बनर्जी :

श्री ऊटेया :

श्री श्रीकार लाल बेरवा :

श्री विश्वाम प्रसाद :

S.N.Q. 10.

श्री बागड़ी :

श्री काशीराम गुप्त :

श्री प्रफुल्लचौर शास्त्री :

श्री खेरप्पा :

श्री दी० चं० शर्मा :

डा० चं० भा० सिंह :

श्री हरि विष्णु कामत :

श्री सू० ला० वर्मा :

श्री प्र० के० देव :

श्री कपूर सिंह :

श्री बूटा सिंह :

श्री इन्द्रजीत गुप्त :

क्या खाद्य तथा कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि दिल्ली दुग्ध योजना के अंतर्गत टोन्ड दूध के स्थान पर दूध का पाउडर बोल कर दिया जा रहा है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या दूध लेने वालों को यह बात बता दी गई है;

(ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि कुछ दिन पहले टोन्ड दूध की बोतल में एक कीड़ा (टिट्टी) पाया गया और दिल्ली नगर निगम के एक सदस्य ने संबंधित अधिकारियों का ध्यान इस ओर दिलाया; और

(घ) क्या सरकार ने इस मामले की जांच की है, और यदि हां, तो उसके क्या परिणाम निकले ?

**The Minister of Food and Agriculture (Shri C. Subramaniam):** (a) No. Toned milk is prepared from fresh milk and reconstituted milk powder to ensure a pre-determined standard of fat and solids-not-fat content. This is the accepted practice for preparation of this type of milk not only in India but all over the world.

(b) Toned milk bottles carry seals which differ from seals on buffalo or cow milk. No other action for informing the customers is considered necessary.

(c) Unfortunately, yes.

(d) This has happened inspite of precautions taken by the Dairy. The D.M.S. authorities have looked into this. To reduce chances of anything like this happening, the D.M.S. has got a reputed firm to carry out anti-insect measures. As an additional precaution a stainless steel hood is

being provided to protect the bottles as they travel on the conveyer in the short distance between the bottle washing machine and bottling machine. This is expected to be fixed in within a few days. Government consider that these precautions ought to be sufficient. Everything possible is being done to prevent recurrence of this.

**श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय :** क्या यह सही है कि कुछ दिनों से भैंस, गाय और टोंड दूध काफी मात्रा में कम लोगों को दिया जा रहा है, यदि हां तो इसका मूल कारण क्या है ?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** The main cause is that there is less of production of milk throughout the country. I was having a meeting day before yesterday with the various users of milk in the Delhi area. In every dairy and every factory using milk, the availability has been reduced to about half. It is because of the floods and various other things which have affected the availability of fodder which has affected the health of cattle also. But the position is now improving everyday and I hope ere long it will be possible for us to supply cow and buffalo milk also.

**श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय :** पिछली बार जब इस सदन में दिल्ली दूध योजना के सम्बन्ध में प्रश्न उठा था तो उस समय यह कहा गया था कि जो इसको चलाने वाले जो चेयरमैन हैं, डा० सिक्का, वह पहले कलकत्ता में काम करते थे और वहाँ से जब उन को हटाया गया तो वहाँ की सारी मशीनरी को वह खराब करके आये। मैं जानना चाहता हूँ कि क्या अब भी यही कारण तो नहीं है कि हटने पर ये सारी मशीनरी को खराब कर गये हैं, इसलिए दूध कम मिल रहा है ?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** He has been now replaced and some other officer has taken charge of it. In addition to that, a team of experts reviewed the whole working of the DMS. They have submitted their report and day before yesterday the recommenda-

tions were reviewed, and action on the basis of the recommendations has also been initiated.

**श्री यशपाल सिंह :** जैसा कि इस सदन में पहले भी कई बार जिक्र हुआ है, जो दूध देहातों से, राजस्थान से और उत्तर प्रदेश से निलकता है वह 72 घंटे बाद हमारे घरों में पहुंचता है, और उस दूध में खटास और बदबू पैदा हो जाती है, उसके विटामिन ज मारे जाते हैं और दूध की लाश बाकी रह जाती है, क्या यह सही है ? यदि हां, तो क्या इंतजाम किया जा रहा है कि लोगों को ताजा दूध मिल सके ?

**Shri C. Subramaniam :** Nowadays, under modern conditions, milk properly processed can be kept even for a week or 15 days. Therefore, it is a question of adopting the proper processes, and it is only by adopting these things we are able to transfer milk from a long distance like Bikaner.

**Shri S. M. Banerjee :** I want to know whether there is improvement in the total supply of the Delhi Milk Scheme. Is it a fact that the supply has been reduced to half, half for the M.Ps. and quarter for the rest of the Delhi people? What steps have been taken to see that the supply is restored?

**Shri C. Subramaniam :** As I have already stated the question is of production of milk. Unfortunately, it has gone down everywhere, particularly due to the weather conditions and the flood conditions, but the situation is improving. Therefore, I am hoping it will be possible to restore it.

**श्री रामेश्वरानन्द :** अध्यक्ष महोदय, मेरा एक व्यवस्था का प्रश्न है ।

**अध्यक्ष महोदय :** बोलिये, आप का व्यवस्था का प्रश्न क्या है ।

**श्री रामेश्वरानन्द :** मेरा व्यवस्था का प्रश्न यह है कि इस देश के अन्दर दूध की कमी का मुख्य कारण कसाईखानों में गाय,

भैंस आदि का मरवाया जाना है । सरकार को इसके लिये यत्न करना चाहिये कि वध-शालाओं को बन्द करवाये । वधशालायें बन्द की जायेंगी तभी दूध मिल सकता है । लोक सभा में एक बूँध दूध नहीं मिलता है । जब ऐसी स्थिति है तब जनता को दूध कहां से मिल सकता है । इस के लिये मैं आप की व्यवस्था चाहता हूं ।

**अध्यक्ष महोदय :** अब इस व्यवस्था के प्रश्न का मैं क्या जवाब दूं । इस के लिये कौन सा रूल है, कौन सा कांस्टिट्यूशन है, जो मैं कुछ कह सकूं ।

**श्री श्रीकार लाल बेरवा :** कुछ दिन पहले मैंने अखबारों में यह पढ़ा था कि इस दूध की कमी को पूरा करने के लिये पांच हजार बकरियां मंगाई जायेंगी । मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि क्या वे बकरियां आ चुकी हैं ।

**Shri C. Subramaniam :** There is a goat programme also to meet the milk supply position.

**Shrimati Renu Chakravartty :** The hon. Minister has stated that the fall in the production of milk is due to the flood conditions and weather conditions. I would like to know whether it has been brought to the notice of the Minister that the situation in Bengal, where there is no flood, has been the same, and that there has been a marked fall in fresh milk, i.e., cow's milk and buffaloe's milk, and we are being forced to take toned milk? Is it because of over-dependence on P.L. 480 of this Government?

**Mr. Speaker :** She took us to Bengal, from there to supply and then returned to P.L. 480.

**Shri C. Subramaniam :** I was discussing this matter also with the milk experts. I do not know how far the information is correct, but they say that there is a cycle of production in milk also, and there has been decrease in the production of milk throughout the world. That is why there is a shortfall of milk powder also.

**Shri Kapur Singh:** I am curious to know how certain species of insects such as large grasshoppers manage to induct themselves into sealed Government milk bottles without proper authorisation.

**Shri K. D. Malaviya:** Does the Government really believe that there is any possibility of improvement in the situation in the next few weeks, months or years?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** Certainly.

**Shri Kapur Singh:** There was no answer to my question.

**Mr. Speaker:** That was difficult to answer as to how, without authorisation, they could induct themselves into the bottles.

**Shri Shivaji Rao S. Deshmukh:** 'What is the experts' opinion given to the Minister, whether the cycle of deficiency of milk is only for the quadrupeds or bipeds also?

**Mr. Speaker:** Hon. Members should be more serious.

**Shri Iqbal Singh:** The real cause of shortage of milk supply is the high price of gram and fodder because they could not afford to give the full quantity of gram and fodder to the buffaloes. If so, what is the government doing about this?

**Shri C. Subramaniam:** That is a general question with regard to price of foodgrains.

**Mr. Speaker:** We shall take up next business now.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

**U.S. Businessmen's Conference in New York**

{ **Shri Indrajit Gupta:**  
**Shri Yashraj Singh:**  
**Shri Nambiar:**

\*512. { **Shri Laxmi Dass:**  
**Shri M. N. Swamy:**  
**Dr. Saradish Roy:**  
**Shri P. Kunhan:**  
**Shri Kapur Singh:**  
**Shri A. K. Gopalan:**  
**Shri Imbichibava:**

Will the Minister of Finance be pleased to state:

(a) whether Indian diplomats and officials were authorised by Government to attend a U.S. business men's conference held in New York from 8th to 10th June, 1964 on the subject of "Investing and operating in India";

(b) the assurances, if any, given at this conference on behalf of India; and

(c) whether such assurances have been consistent with Government's declared aims of combating monopolistic growth of private enterprise?

**The Minister of Planning (Shri B. R. Bhagat):** (a) The Minister (Economic) in the Embassy of India, Washington participated in a conference in New York on the 8th June, 1964 on "Investing and Operating in India" sponsored by the American Management Association.

(b) and (c). The speech of the Minister (Economic) was intended to explain the policies of the Government of India in regard to private foreign investment and did not relate to any specific assurances.

**Road-Rail Co-ordination**

\*513. { **Shri Ramachandra Ulaka:**  
**Shri Dhuleshwar Meena:**

Will the Minister of Planning be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 555 on the 12th March, 1964 and state:

(a) whether the memorandum submitted by Mr. M. R. Bonavia, British Transport Expert on road-rail coordination in India has since been considered by the Committee on Transport Policy and Coordination; and