किंटिनाई है उसको दूर करने के लिये और दूसरे कौन से उपाय काम में लाये जा रहे है ?

ग्रष्यक्ष महोदय : बाकी उपाय तो हर बक्त सोचते हैं।

Prohibition in Delhi

*900. \int Shri Maheswar Naik:
Shri Bhakt Darshan:

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Central Government have directed the Delhi Administration not to take any further steps in its policy of progressive implementation of prohibition;
- (b) whether it is also a fact that no provision has been made in the Central Budget on account of prohibition grants to the Delhi Administration as in previous years; and
- (c) the financial benefits that will accrue to the Delhi Administration due to this "go slow" policy towards prohibition?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Home Affairs (Shri Hajarnavis):

- (a) The Delhi Administration have been advised that they need not, for the present, take steps for extending prohibition in Delhi.
- (b) It has not been considered necessary to make any specific provision in the budget since, the amount involved being small, could be found, if required, by reappropriation.
- (c) The estimated saving would be about Rs. 30 lakhs towards loss in excise revenue and Rs. 2 lakhs in cost of enforcement.

Shri Maheswar Naik: Is the step taken in respect of the Delhi Administration any indication of Government's intention as to the policy being extended to other States?

Shri Hajarnavis: Each State has its own problem and its own method of dealing with it.

Mr. Speaker: Does it indicate that Government propose to extend this policy to other States?

Shri Hajarnavis: We have no jurisdiction over other States. It is for them to decide.

Shri Maheswar Naik: Is it a fact that the Central Prohibition Committee wanted that during the period of the emergency prohibition programmes be allowed to go slow rather than be scrapped?

Shri Hajarnavis: The Central Prohibition Committee itself has not made any recommendation. We have met and discussed. What has been decided is that we adhere to whatever steps we have taken. We do not go into the next stage now.

श्री भक्त दर्शन : दिल्ली में मद्य निषेध के कार्य को चालू करने के लिये तीसरी पंच वर्षीय योजना में एक फ्रेज्ड प्रोग्राम तैयार किया गया था । मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि उसका क्या हुन्ना श्रीर जब तक दूसरी कमेटी, जिसके बारे में श्रभी विचार किया जा रहा है, नियुक्त नहीं की जाती तब तक क्या सारा कार्यकम स्थगित कर दिया गया है?

गृह-कार्य मंत्री (श्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री): इसके स्यागत करने की बात तो यह है कि श्रगर कोई प्रदेश सरकार या दिल्ली शासन श्रपने यहां किसी ऐसे कार्यंक्रम को बलाना चाहता है या बढ़ाना चाहता है तो हम उसके रास्ते में रुकावट नहीं डालेंगे। बात इतनी ही है सिर्फ़ कि चूंकि चीफ़ मिनिस्टर मिले श्रीर उन लोगों ने कहा कि इसमें कुछ दोष है, खराबियां है इसलिये यह कहा गया कि श्रगर श्राप इसको बढ़ाना नहीं चाहते तो न बढ़ायें, लेकिन घटायें नहीं। श्राम तौर पर यह राय थी। दिल्ली के बारे में भी जो फेज्ड श्रोग्राम है उसकी तरह के बहुत से काम हो सकते हैं, टेम्परेंस के, रोकने के या दूसरी

तरह की रुकावटों की तरह पर, जैसे कि कल एक प्रोहिविशन बोर्ड के सदस्य मुझ से मिले तो मेंने कहा कि इस स्कीम को चलाने में जो भी खर्च उनका पड़ेगा वह मैं भारत सरकार की भ्रोर से दंगा।

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: Is it a fact that as a result of the meeting of the Chief Ministers held recently in Delhi, at which the Chief Ministers expressed doubts about the successful working of the prohibition policy in their States, Government has decided to appoint a committee to go into the working of prohibition all over the country, and if so, what is the personnel of the committee and its terms of reference?

Shri Lal Bahadur Shastrl: A formal committee as such is not to be appointed. One or two people might be selected who will study the problem. The main problem is the shortcomings in the implementation of the prohibition scheme, its drawbacks, and it has therefore been suggested that competent people, one or two, might study this question and suggest how the evils which have crept into this scheme in the programme of implementation can be removed. It is for that purpose that the study has been suggested.

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: And if they cannot be removed?

Shrimati Savitri Nigam: May I know whether the hon. Minister is aware that the Minister of Planning, Shri Nanda, has stated in one of the meetings that ethically, economically and socially total prohibition is a very sound measure and that the country will be defeating itself if the policy of prohibition is given up?

Mr. Speaker: The Home Minister also agreed with it. Does he want to say anything?

Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri: I merely wanted to say that ethically and morally I agree with him 100 per cent;

as regrads the economics, he is the expert in that.

भी विभति मिश्र : क्या यह सही है कि जहां जहां पर पार्शेल प्रोहिबिशन किया गया वह सफलीभूत नहीं हुआ। ?

श्री लाल बहादूर शास्त्री : जी नहीं, माननीय सदस्य मद्रास के मुख्य मंत्री श्रौर होम मिनिस्टर थी भक्तवत्सलम जी से बात करने के कब्ल इसके बारे में भ्रपनी राय कायम न करें।

श्री यशपाल सिंह : जैसे कि पहले भी श्रराबबन्दी के सिलसिले में सदन में कई दफे जिक भ्राया, जब तक शराब बेचने वाले भौर पीने वाले दोनों को जेल में नहीं डाला जायेगा तब तक क्या प्रोहिबिशन सफल हो सकता **≹** ?

Mr. Speaker: It is an opinion.

पेन्डान

*६०१. भी भक्त दर्शन : क्या गृह-कार्य मंत्री १४ नवम्बर, १६६२ के अतारां-कित प्रश्न संख्या ३८६ के उत्तर के संबंध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि सेवा निवत्त सरकारी कर्मचारियों की पेंशन में बढोत्तरी करने तथा उन्हें ग्रन्य सुविधायें देने का जो प्रश्न विचाराधीन था उसके बारे में क्या निश्चय किया गया है ?

गृह-कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री हजरनवीस) : सरकार ने इस विषय पर ग्रागे विचार करना स्थिगत कर दिया है क्योंकि पनशन पाने वालो ने स्वयं भ्रा कर गृह मंत्री जी को यह कहा है कि वे संकट कालीन स्थिति को ध्यान भें रखते हये ग्रपने प्रस्तावों की पैरवी नहीं करना चाहते।

[Government have decided to postpone further consideration of the matter as the pensioners themselves have told the Home Minister that they do not want to pursue their proposals in view of the national emergency.]