1631 Written Answers PHALGUNA 11, 1884 (SAKA) Written Answers 1632

Tea Export to Japan

*182. Shri P. C. Borooah: Will the Minister of Commerce and Industry be pleased to state:

(a) the available figures of total imports of tea into Japan in 1961 and 1962 and India's share therein;

(b) whether Tea Board have of late had under consideration special measures for increasing export of Indian tea to that country; and

(c) if so, what decisions have been taken in this regard?

The Minister of International Trade in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry (Shri Manubhai Shah): (a) to (c). Total exports of tea from the various countries to Japan in 1961 were of the order of 5.5 million lbs. Similar figure for 1962 is not yet available. India's share of the exports to Japan is nominal.

Japan herself is a producer and exporter of tea. While import of green tea is prohibited, some black tea is allowed to be imported under the Foreign Exchange Allocation system. In view of this restriction, promotional efforts by the Board have necessarily to be on a limited scale. Japan imports some tea from Ceylon.

Shortage of Pig Iron in Punjab

*183. Shri A. N. Vidyalankar: Will the Minister of Steel and Heavy Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether manufacturers in Punjab have complained about serious shortage of pig iron which is retarding the production;

(b) whether the **P**unjab Government have also drawn the attention of his Ministry about this shortage; and

(c) if so, the reasons for the shortage and the steps proposed to be taken to remove it?

The Minister of Steel and Heavy Industries (Shri C. Subramaniam): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir.

(c) The main reason for shortage of pig iron all over the country is that the demand has gone up due to the foundry capacity in the country having developed rapidly, while the availability of foundry iron has not increased, due to several schemes licenced for production of pig iron to meet the increased demand having not come up as originally anticipated. Government are, therefore, considering interim remedial measures such as import of pig iron, short term schemes for increased production etc., to increase the availability as quickly as practicable.

कपास कें मूल्य

१⊏४. श्री दे∘ शि॰ पाटिल : क्या वाणिज्य तथा उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कपा करेंगे कि :

(क) ग्रक्तूबर, १९६२ के ग्रन्त में देश में कपास के क्या मूल्य ये ग्रौर वर्तमान मुल्य क्या हैं ; ग्रौर

(ख) कपास के मूल्यों को गिरने से रोकने के सम्बन्ध में सरकार ने क्या कदम उठाये हैं ?

वाणिज्य तया उद्योग मंत्रालय में ग्रन्तर्राष्ट्रीय व्यापार मंत्रो (श्री मनुभाई ग्राह) : (क) ग्रौर (ख) ग्रक्टूबर, १९६२ के ग्रन्त में सभी किस्मों के भारतीय कपास के मूल्य ग्रधिकतम के ग्रास पास थे । वर्तमान मूल्यों का विवरण, ग्रधिकतम मूल्यों के निकट है, सभा पटल पर रखा गया हि । [पुस्तकालय में रखा गया, देखिये संख्या एल० टी० ८८६।६३ ।]

उत्तर प्रदेश में तेल मिलें

१८४. अरी प्रकाशवीर शास्त्रीः क्या द्याणिज्य तथा उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि उत्तर प्रदेश की कई सौ तेल मिलें, तेल का स्टाक भविक