

I want to know, when Pakistan has disowned its responsibility, whether we are going to pay them some compensation.

Mr. Speaker: Can we in anticipation of their refusal pay them compensation just now when the Central Government has written to the Pakistan Government. We cannot presume that they would not pay. He might anticipate that, but the Government cannot do that.

Shri Tridib Kumar Chaudhuri: May I know if the border outposts on the riverine borders are equipped with boats so that they might occasionally patrol the Indian side of the river banks?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: I suppose they should be and must be. I cannot definitely say. I do not personally know. But I imagine they should be.

Shri Hem Barua: Another vague reply. This is how we are opening our borders, our frontiers to our enemies.

Mr. Speaker: Cannot the Minister say this much, that he has not the answer to something specific that is asked. If at that time he has not got the answer, certainly he can be asked to obtain that information and furnish the same. But this right at least he has got to say that at that particular time he has no information.

Shri Hem Barua: He said: "I think", "There might be" etc.

Shri D. C. Sharma: Sir, I suggest that the remarks of the hon. Member when he said: "This is how we are opening our borders, our frontiers to our enemies", should be expunged from the records.

Shri Hem Barua: I will say that a hundred times.

Mr. Speaker: Order, order.

Shri H. P. Chatterjee: Is it a fact that the fishermen who fish in these waters complained to the Government

on our side that they do not get any protection, and even after that no protection is being given to them?

Shri Dinesh Singh: Only the other day a question came up about some fishermen who were fishing and who were approached from the Pakistan side. On that occasion our police went, helped them and brought them back. So protection is being given.

४ रुसी अन्तरिक्ष यात्री

* ८५४. श्री भक्त दर्शन : क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) हाल ही में सोवियत रूस के दो उड़कों ने अन्तरिक्ष में पृथ्वी की जो कई बार परिक्रमा की थी, क्या भारत की अनुसन्धान-शालाओं ने उनकी गतिविधियों का अवलोकन व अध्ययन किया था ;

(ख) यदि हाँ तो क्या उस अवलोकन और अध्ययन के बारे में एक विस्तृत विवरण सभा पटल पर रखा जावेगा ; और

(ग) उन अध्ययनों से भारत में लाभ उठाने की क्या योजना बनाई गई है या बनाई जा रही है ?

बैदेशिक-कार्य मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री दिनेश सिंह) : (क) हाल ही में सोवियत रूस के मेजर निकोलाएव और कर्नल पापोविच के अन्तरिक्ष में जो जो द्वैध कक्षीय उड़ान की उसके व्यवस्थित अवलोकन और अध्ययन के लिए भारतीय अनुसन्धान-शालाओं में कोई व्यवस्था नहीं की गई थी ।

(ख) और (ग) . प्रश्न ही नहीं उठते ।

[(a) No systematic observation and study by Indian observatories of the dual orbital flight in space recently by Major Nikolaev and Colonel Popovitch of the U.S.S.R. were organised.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.]

श्री भक्त दर्शन : श्रीमान् इस बीसवीं शताब्दी के इतने वर्ष बीत जाने के बाद भी जो हमारे देश को वैशालाओं यानी प्रावचरवेट-रीज में अभी तक इसकी व्यवस्था नहीं हुई है इसका क्या कारण है और क्या इसके लिए कोई उपाय किए जा रहे हैं ?

प्रधानमंत्री तथा वैदेशिक कार्य मंत्री तथा अणुशक्ति मंत्री (श्री जवाहर लाल नेहरू) : यह इसलिए है कि हम और कामों में ज्यादा मशगूल हैं इस वजह से ।

श्री भक्त दर्शन : श्रीमान्, क्या इसका यह अर्थ है कि कर्मी भी वह समय नहीं आएगा, जब कि भारत का प्रथम उड़ाना इन दो रूसी नवयुवकों की तरह से पृथ्वी की परिक्रमा कर सकेगा ?

श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू : यह मैं नहीं कह सकता हूँ कि कर्मी नहीं आएगा । कर्मी न कर्मी जरूर आएगा । लेकिन कब आएगा मैं नहीं कह सकता हूँ ।

Shri D. C. Sharma: Formerly the Observatory at Naini Tal had been studying the movement of these persons who have been flying to the Moon. May I know what was the reason now that the Naini Tal Observatory did not record the movement of these two persons?

Shri Dinesh Singh: I did not say that it did not record it. A systematic study is something different from recording only the orbit of these space vehicles.

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: Has Government heard either officially or formally or otherwise from the United States Government or the USSR Government whether they propose to make this an international adventure; and, if so, does the Government propose to train any Indians to soar into space towards heaven—I mean nearer heaven? Is there any proposal like that from USSR or USA?

Mr. Speaker: Have they reported that they have gone to heaven?

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: I said nearer to heaven, not to heaven.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: The hon. Member must realise that our philosophy is somewhat different; heaven and hell are within us.

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: That is a different thing. A part of the question was whether the USSR or USA has made any proposal.

Mr. Speaker: He is answering that.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: There is no question of their offering to train us. We can train an individual but what about all the apparatus and the development that goes with it? It is not a question of training an individual. To get used to it, that is hard enough. We have to grow on adequate foundations. Then, as a matter of fact there is—and I think there were some questions too to that effect—an international co-operation and, maybe, we may be asked to take part in it. But that has nothing to do with the satellites. That is a different thing.

Shri Hem Barua: May I know whether it has been ascertained from the Soviet sources if these two cosmonauts saw God in cosmos?

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: They could not see him with their naked eyes.

Shri Hem Barua: May I know whether it has been ascertained if these two cosmonauts saw God in space?

Mr. Speaker: Even when the answer is not given, he persists in putting that question. The question that he has put does not require an answer.

Shri Nambiar: May I know whether our Government has set up any cell or research centre to study space research?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: There is a small centre in the National Laboratory in Ahmedabad under Dr. Vikram Sarabhai.

श्री भक्त दर्शन : श्रीमन्, माननीय उप-मंत्री जी ने बताया है कि इस चीज का बाका-यदा अध्ययन नहीं किया गया है, अर्थात् सिस्ट-मेटिक स्टडी नहीं की गई है। अतः थोड़ा बहुत जो अध्ययन किया गया है, उस से क्या पता लगा है, क्या इस पर प्रकाश डाला जाएगा ?

श्री विनेश सिंह : थोड़े बहुत अध्ययन का मतलब यह है कि कितनी मर्तबा यह पृथ्वी के चारों तरफ घूमा, कितने मील गया, कितने घंटे आसमान में रहा इत्यादि। इस के बारे में एक बात यह है कि वहाँ से जो खबरें वह भेजता है, वे कोड में आती हैं और वह बहुत ही एक तरह से खुफिया बात होती है और किसी दूसरे के लिये इसके बारे में स्टडी करना आसान नहीं होता है। जो रेडियो सिगनल आए वे हम ने भी सुने लेकिन क्या मतलब है, यह निकालना आसान नहीं होता है।

Shri K. C. Pant: Is the Government aware that the observatory at Naini Tal is equipped to study the movement of space crafts? If so, may I know why it was not utilized to make a systematic study of these cosmonauts?

Mr. Speaker: That question was already put.

5 Import of Ammunition

*855. **Shri Birendra Bahadur Singh:** Will the Minister of Commerce and Industry be pleased to state the amount of foreign exchange involved in the import of ammunition, both for sporting rifles and shot guns during 1959, 1960 and 1961-62?

The Minister of International Trade in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry (Shri Manubhai Shah): The values of imports during 1959, 1960 and 1961-62 were Rs. 8,24,000, Rs. 8,04,000 and Rs. 8,31,000 respectively.

Shri Birendra Bahadur Singh: May I know what charge or bore of cartridges were imported when this foreign exchange was allotted?

Shri Manubhai Shah: There are different sizes—22 inches rifle, 302 and various other categories which I have mentioned several times in this House.

Shri Birendra Bahadur Singh: What is the position of heavy bore cartridges for tourists and sportsmen?

Shri Manubhai Shah: With regard to some of the heavy-bore cartridges which are not yet made in India I may assure the House that if the hon. Member or the Indian Rifle Association bring it to our notice, a small quota would be permitted.

Shri Tyagi: In view of the fact that our ordnance factories are fully equipped to manufacture all types of this ammunition, why are we importing it from outside?

Shri Manubhai Shah: We are not importing it and that is precisely the question. Last time, hon. Member showed some interest and suggested that we should allow some import. I may mention here that those which we can manufacture here we are fully manufacturing, and that is why a total ban has been imposed. But, speaking of the past, there are various bores and various sizes of rifle and gun which are operating in the country that it is not possible to manufacture cartridges of every size within the country.

Shri Tyagi: 22 is being manufactured here.

Shri Bhanu Prakash Singh: What quota is allotted to the National Rifle Association out of these imported cartridges and is it allotted at some concession rate?

Shri Manubhai Shah: It is allotted at import price plus the normal expenses. Most of it goes to the recognised rifle associations including the National Rifle Association.