

able on subsidies; at least in the limited area of school text book production, expansion of library facilities in educational institutions and protection of intellectual property rights by careful implementation of the Copyright Law.

**Amendment of Rules to implement one Rank-One pension principle**

3088. SHRIMATI SUBHASHINI ALI:  
SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR:  
SHRI A. ASOKARAJ:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to the reply given on 19 March, 1990 to starred Question No. 91 regarding One Rank-One Pension scheme and state:

(a) whether the committee appointed to go into the issue of One rank-One Pension scheme has submitted its report;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor;

(c) if so, the recommendations made by the Committee; and

(d) the time by which Government propose to implement its recommendations?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (DR. RAJA RAMANNA): (a) No, Sir., not till 28-3-1990.

(b) The committee has been given time upto 31st March, 1990 for the completion of the report.

(c) and (d). Do not rise.

**Achievements of ISRO**

3089. SHRI KALP NATH RAI:  
SHRI UTTAM RATHOD:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the achievements of the Indian Space Research Organisation during the last three years; and

(b) the plans under way, specially, in the launching of satellites, being implemented by ISRO?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT (PROF. M.G.K. MENON):

(a) The primary goal of the Indian Space Programme is to establish a self-reliant base in space science and technology and utilise space technology for practical applications, particularly in the areas of communications, meteorology remote sensing to earth resources and monitoring of the environment.

Over the years Indian Space Research Organisations (ISRO) has developed indigenous capability to design and fabricate sounding rockets for scientific and technological experiments, satellite launch vehicles to acquire the capability of launching artificial earth satellites and satellites with associated payload systems for scientific investigations, communications and earth resources survey. In addition, capabilities have also been developed for various ground systems to provide launch facilities, in-orbit control of satellites, reception, processing and utilisation of data from satellites.

During the last three years the following have been the major achievements:

I. *Space Science and Technology*

- (i) INSAT-IB Satellite has provided continuous service for the last six year in telecommunication, radio and TV transmissions, meteorological and data