कर पाई है जो कि हिन्दुस्तान की जनता की सेवा करें ?

श्री मोरारजी देसाई : सरकार वालन्टियर तैयार नहीं कर सकती है, वालन्टियर खुद तैयार होते हैं तब उनको वालन्टियर कहा जाता है । उनको सरकार खुद नहीं बना सकती है ।

श्री कंवर लाल गुप्त : क्या मिनिस्टर साहब...

श्री विभूति मिश्र : अध्यक्ष जी मेरा प्वाइन्ट आफ आर्डर है । गांधी सेवा संघ एक ऐसी संस्था है जो कुष्ठ रोगियों की बहुत अच्छी तरह सेवा कर रही है सरकार ने उन से आग्रह क्यों नही किया जो इन को बुला कर रखा है ?

श्री कंवर लाल गुप्त : क्या मिनिस्टर साहब बतलायेंगे कि इन वालन्टियर्स की संख्या अब क्या है, पिछले दो साल मे इनकी संख्या क्या थी और क्या मिनिस्टर साहब यह ठीक समझते हैं कि इन की एक्टीविटीज़ के ऊपर वाच रखने के लिये कोई प्रबन्ध किया जायगा ?

श्री मोरारजी देसाई : वे लोग जो काम करते हैं सब लोग देखते हैं और जानते हैं उसके वाच करने की जरूरत नही है । लेकिन जहां जरूरत होती है वहा जरूर वाच करेंगे । आज उनकी संख्या 1271 है, अगले साल शायद 101 से बढ़ जायगी ।

श्री कंवर लाल गुप्त : पिछले दो सालों में उनकी संख्या क्या थी ?

श्री मोरारजी देसाई : 1600 आये थे, आज उनकी संख्या 1271 है ।

श्री तुलशीदास जाधव : अध्यक्ष महोदय ये जो अमरीकी वालन्टियर्स हैं, ये लोग देहात में जाकर पोल्ट्री और दूसरे कामों में लोगों की सेवा का काम करते हैं, उनके बारे में बहुत अच्छी रिपोर्ट है, और गांव के लोगों ने उनकी सिफारिश की है, क्या सरकार ने यह सब देखा है ?

श्री मोरारजी देसाई : मैंने कहा है कि वे अच्छा काम कर रहे हैं ऐसी रिपोर्ट राज्य सरकारों और दूसरे लोगों को भी है ।

Fertilizers Production in the Fourth Plan

***141. Shri C. C. Desai:** Will the Minister of **Petroleum and Chemicals** be pleased to state·

(a) whether it is a fact that the fertilizers manufacture target for the Fourth Five Year Plan has been considerably scaled down recently; and

(b) if so, the reasons which necessitated such a decision?

The Minister of Planning, Petroleum and Chemicals and Social Welfare (Shri Asoka Mehta): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise

Shri C. C. Desai: May I know whether the reduction in the target is caused by the failure to utilise the fertiliser industrial licences and because of the wrong policy or wrong ideology followed by the previous Minister of Petroleum and Chemicals? Secondly, how many industrial licences for fertiliser production have been given, what has happened to them and why they have not been utilised?

Shri Asoka Mehta: I have pointed out that there has been no reduction in the target We have issued licences to public sector projects and private sector projects which when completed will give us a fertiliser production of 2.8 or 2.9 million tonnes of nitrogenous fertilisers.

Shri C. C. Desai: What is the attitude of Government towards the importation of ammonia from the Persian Gulf installations or countries about which the World Bank President was so insistent or anxious?

Shri Asoka Mehta: Government's policy has been clearly enunciated that nitrogenous fertilisers will have to be produced in this country from the naptha available in our country.

Shri C. C. Desai: What about importation of ammonia?

Shri Asoka Mehta: The question was: what is the policy? Will we allow import of ammonia? My reply is, it will be based upon indigenous naptha. My reply is quite complete.

Shri C. C. Desai: There was no mention of ammonia in his reply.

Shri Asoka Mehta: Ammonia is made out of naptha. I have said that we will use indigenous raw materials for the purpose.

Shri C. C. Desai: Will you allow the import of ammonia?

Shri Asoka Mehta: I have said already that the policy is to use indigenous raw material.

श्री ओंकार लाल बेरवा अभी मन्त्री महोदय ने बतलाया कि हमने बहुत से लाइसेन्स दिये हैं तो क्या मन्त्री महोदय ने यह भी मालूम किया है कि लाइसेन्स देने के बाद वे कारखाने लगे भी हैं या नहीं लगे हैं ? ऐसे उदाहरण राजस्थान में मौजूद हैं कि लाइसेन्स दे दिये हैं लेकिन कारखानों का पता नहीं है । तो क्या ऐसी भी खबरें श्रीमान को मिली हैं, क्या आपने कोई जांच की है कि लाइसेन्स वालों ने काम करना शुरू किया है या नहीं किया है ?

श्री अशोक मेहता : हम लोग पूरी खबर रखते हैं । जहां तक आप ज़िक्र कर रहे हैं वह शायद कोटा के बारे में है । वहां डी० सी० एम० का कारखाना शुरू हो रहा है, उनका काम चल रहा है, जहां तक जालान के लाइसेन्स का सम्बन्ध है वह कैन्सिल कर दिया गया है ।

श्री ओंकार लाल बेरवा : कितनी दफ़ा उनके लाइसेन्स को रिन्यू किया गया, उन के लाइसेन्स को रिन्यू करने का क्या कारण था और उन के काम न करने का क्या कारण था ?

श्रीमती तारकेश्वरी सिन्हा : कोई जवाब नहीं है ।

Shri P. Venkatasubbaiah: In view of the fact that the Third Plan reappraisal shows that the private sector has completely failed us in the matter of production of chemical fertilisers, are the Government introducing more fertiliser factories in the public sector or entrusting more fertiliser production to the private sector with all its consequences?

Shri Asoka Mehta: Government's policy, as has been stated very often, is clear. We are pushing ahead with our public-sector programme. The projects licensed in the public sector when completed will give us about 1.6 million tons of nitrogen. The private sector's performance has also improved considerably in the past few months.

Shrimati Tarkeshwari Sinha: According to the papers, there is a reassessment of the Fourth Plan and an ex-member of the Planning Commission, Dr. Rao, said that they were preparing a hard-core plan. Is there a possibility of reducing the target and if so what is the position at the present moment?

Shri Asoka Mehta: The target for building up capacity has been 2.4 million tons. Not only is that target kept but if the capacities that we have licensed are completed, they will give us a capacity of 2.9 million tons by the end of the Plan. The question is whether the necessary amount of foreign exchange will be available for the public sector plants and whether the private sector plants that have been licensed will go ahead according to schedule. These things are being reviewed constantly, and if at any time the House wants, I can give the position as it exists on that particular day.

Shri Swell: Is it a fact that last year the Government offered certain concessions to foreign companies for investment in fertiliser production and that these foreign companies had not responded favourably to these con-

cessions? If so, in view of the Government's declared policy of self-sufficiency in food by 1971, how do the Government propose to go about it?

Shri Asoka Mehta: I have just replied to that question that we are pushing ahead with our public-sector programme. The public-sector projects that have been licensed in the last one year when completed will give us an additional production of about 9-10 lakh tons. The private sector has also responded well. There are a number of schemes which are on the ground now and there are others which are being considered very seriously. We expect that if all the people or at least a majority of them ultimately come forward and take up the work seriously, we will have a licensed capacity of about 4 million tons before long.

Shri Inder J. Malhotra: Last year the Government said that a fertiliser team would visit the United States and some other countries. What has been the outcome of that visit?

A fertiliser team was sent last year to the USA and some other countries also.

Shri Asoka Mehta: An officers' delegation had gone to some of the countries and since then, a number of serious enquiries are being made. Some of the investors have already taken out their licences and others are carrying on discussions and negotiations with us.

श्री हुकम चन्द कछवाय : जिन देशों को निमन्त्रण दिया गया था कि यहां पर कारखाने स्थापित करें उन सब ने अगर पूरी तरह पर कार्य नहीं किया, जिन लोगों को आपने लाइसेंस दिये कारखाने लगाने के लिये वह किसी कारण से नहीं लगा पाये, तो उन के बारे में क्या कोई कार्रवाई की गई है ?

श्री अशोक मेहता : इस बारे में सरकार की यह स्थिति है कि पहले लेटर आफ इंटेंट दिया जाता है। लेटर आफ़ इंटेंट के बाद आवश्यक कार्रवाई होती है और इण्डस्ट्रियल लाइसेंस दिया जाता है ।

श्री कंवर लाल गुप्त : सवाल यह नहीं है । सवाल कुछ है और जवाब कुछ है ।

श्री अशोक मेहता : जवाब यह है कि शर्तों के मुताबिक उन को काम करना चाहिये । नहीं करेंगे तो लाइसेंस कैंसेल कर दिये जायेंगे । अगर आप मालूमात चाहें तो मालूमात दिये जा सकते हैं ।

श्री कंवर लाल गुप्त : मालूमात देने के लिये तो आप बैठे ही हैं । आप को देना होगा ।

Shri G. Viswanathan: In the allocation of fertilisers for the various States, would the Government take into consideration the performance of the various States and probably and possibly the yield per acre of the States?

Shri Asoka Mehta: The question of allocation of fertilisers is with the Ministry of Food and Agriculture. It is not with me.

Barauni and Namrup Fertilizer Plants

+

*142. **Shri Yamuna Prasad Mandal:**
Shri Ramachandra Ulaka:
Shri Dhuleshwar Meena:
Shri Khagapathi Pradhani:
Shri Heerji Bhai:

Will the Minister of **Petroleum and Chemicals** be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Fertilizers Corporation of India propose to commence two new projects at Barauni and Namrup by 1970-71;

(b) if so, the production expected from each of them annually; and

(c) the estimated cost of these two projects?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals and of Planning and Social Welfare (Shri Raghu Ramaiah): (a) Two Projects, one at Barauni and another at Namrup (Expansion) will be put up by